agriculture thoroughly. Did not our blessed Lord found many of his discourses on texts culled from the field, the garden and the vineyard? This recalls the first discourse we heard from Mr. Beecher, some dozen years ago. He had just come East from his gardenings and prairie-preachings in Indiana. He was rough and ready in diction, and looked like a farmer fresh from the plough. It was a week-night lecture which he gave from the words "grow in grace." It was Biblic spiritual, experimental, horticultural and beau ful. He introduced his herbarium—he took ful. He introduced his herbarium—he took us into his garden, he taught us all about vegetable and floral growths, and thence about heart-growth in godliness. He told us why Christians became stunted—why they whied in graces—why the rootless ones withered away. His illustrations were exquisite, and beyond the reach of any but a practical student ofn ature.

THE CHRISTIAN VISITOR

SAINT JOHN, N. B., SEPT. 28, 1859

ASSOCIATION AT FREDERICTON. THE PREPARATORY CONFERENCE opened Fredericton on Saturday, at 2 o'clock, P. M .-Rev. A. D. Thomson presided. A spirit of fervent prayer, of brotherly love, and Christian fellowship pervaded the service, and rendered it ne, of no ordinary interest.

At the close of the Conference, Rev. T. Todd Moderator of last year, called the meeting to order, when the following Officers were chosen: Rev. S. Robinson Moderator

Rev. T. Todd, Clerk; Rev. S. March, Assistant Clerk; Deacon W. Estey, Treasurer; Deacon J. Guiou, Asst. Treasurer.

The usual Committees were appointed, and the Association adjourned until Monday morn-On Saturday evening, Rev. A. D. Thomson

preached to an attentive audience, from the impressive words of St. Paul, "Woe is me, if ! preach not the Gospel."

SABBATH SERVICES The following brethren were engaged in preaching the Word:

Fr'ton Baptist Chapel, morning, Elder D. Freeman and reliede a letal afterroon, C. Porter. Wesleyan Chapel, evening, E. Bill T. Todd. Free Baptist, morning, J.B.Harvey Tozer. evening, morning, A.D. Thomson W. Harris. Tabor and Lockey Gornish,

So far as we were informed the preaching gave very general satisfaction to those who listened in the respective places, and impressions deep and lasting we doubt not were made upon many

sent ad tarrer MONDAY SERVICES.

The introductory sermon was preached by Rev. E. B. Demill. It was founded upon James 1v. 12, "There is one Lawgiver, who is able to another?" The design of the preacher was to exhibit Jesus Christ as the only Lawgiver in Zion, to unfold his ability to exercise supreme authority over the hearts and lives of all, and to urge the solemn duty devolving upon all his disciples to submit themselves unreservedly to the precepts of his will. It was a lucid exhibition of the teachings of the New Testament, upon this most important subject, and adapted to do much good. The author was requested to furnish copy for publication in the Visitor, and we hope he will consent to do so.

The sermon was followed by the reading o the letters from the Churches, many of which were fraught with pleasing intelligence of large accessions to Zion, under the regenerating pow er of the Eternal Spirit. The afternoon of Monday was principally occupied with routine busi-

The report on Temperance was read, recom mending application to the Legislature for stringent " Prohibitory Liquor Law." This occasioned a warm discussion, and some difference of opinion was expressed as to the expediency of asking for such a law in the present state of the public mind regarding this question; but the delegates were a unit as to the importance and desirableness of such a law, so soon as there is any good reason to hope that it can be carried out. The debate resulted in the appointment of a Committee to prepare a petition to be submitted to the Legislature at the next Session in fayour of Prohibition.

1000 JOHN HOME MISSIONARY MEETING

This came off on Monday evening, commend ing at half past 7 o'clock, and continuing until 10. A number of brethren addressed the meet ing, in words of telling power, making us all feel that the time had fully come for prompt and united action in the work of Home Missious. Bro. Wallace gave us a bird's eye view of the pressing claims of the Northern Counties of the Province, and brethren Harris, Todd, and Rigby, opened before us the wide fields of destitution calling for religious culture in the Western district, especially up the River Saint John and its numerous tributaries. Our esteemed brother Porter, of Bangor, delegate from Maine, made ar interesting speech, and suggested that a dollar subscription be opened on the spot, to increase the Mission Fund. This was warmly seconded and a respectable collection was taken up. Bro G. F. Miles dwelt upon the urgent claims of Richibueto, and proposed to furnish a Missionary who should be appointed to that place, with the use of a horse and waggon, and to give Five Pounds towards his support. Brethren A. J. Smith and Spurden responded to the proposition by giving subscriptions of five pounds each to ject. Who will make up the balance, and let the Missionary go to Richibucto at once in the name of the Lord of Hosts? MEN OF ISRA-

TUESDAY MORNING. After a deeply impressive discourse from Elder Harris on the Ascension of Christ, the Assotion gave place to a Meeting of the Baptist tion Society, the President in the Chair. Rev. D. Freeman, Financial Agent of Acadia College, gave us an admirable speech on Educa on generally, and urging its claims on the Bapby Rev. S. Robinson, who sketched in his hap-pinst style the healthful influence of the educa-tional tabours of the Baptists of this Province upon the social and political liberties of the peo-

ple, as well as upon their religious interests. He argued that if the Baptists would take the posi-tion in the government of the country to which their numbers and their wealth entitle them, sev must be untiring in their educational efforts, keep pace with the progressive spirit of the

Mr. D. O. Parker, of Hamilton University, New York, gave us a deeply interesting account of the rise and progress of that far famed instiand its victories as a ground of encouragement for those who are engaged in ouilding up our own Institutions. That University originated in the prayers and contributions of thirteen men, who out of their penary subsbribed towards its commencement one pollar each, in all THIR-TEEN DOLLARS. Small as was this beginning during the forty years of its existence it has sent out upwards of a thousand ministers to preach the Gospel of the Lord Jesus. Several of these have laboured with great success in the foreign field, and amongst the number are Kincaid, Comstock, and Vinton, whose praise is in all the churches. Dark clouds from time to time have overshadowed the University of Hamilton, threatening its complete prostration, but in answer to believing prayer, these clouds have been dispersed, and it is now enjoying the sunlight of a glorious prosperity. May we not hope that it will be so with our own Seminaries and Col-

We were pleased to hear from the report made by Mr. Spurden, that the Seminary at Fredericton, in the two departments, numbers nearly 50 pupils, and a further increase is expected. The Female School is prospering under the instruction of Miss Magee; and the Boarding department is in a healthy state. All this is enthe Academy building needs some repairs, and the worthy Principal will be sure to have all this literary is in reserve. done in proper style.

FINANCIAL ORGANIZATION.

A principal part of Tuesday afternoon was occupied in discussing the subject of financial arrangements to sustain our denominational objects. The report of the Committee, appointed by the recent Convention at Cornwallis, and published in the Christian Visitor of the 14th inst., was read, and after free discussion was unanimously adopted. It will be seen that this report recommends the adoption of the Union plan by all the churches as a collecting agency. and that an effort be made to raise a sum equal to one dollar each per annum, from every member of the denomination in the Province, said amount to be divided between six objects, viz :

Home Missions, Foreign Missions General Education, Ministerial Education. Sabbath Schools, firm Ministers F

If donors direct that the sums contributed by them shall be otherwise appropriated, their wishes will be adhered to.

The assembled delegates, Ministers and Laymen, all seemed to feel that the time had come for a united effort in this direction, and with one heart they resolved to make it. It would be desirable on many accounts to accomplish this object without incurring the expense of a general agency if it could be done; but judging from the past all were convinced that any attempt to do the work thoroughly in the absence of such agency would prove abortive. Hence the Association with one voice solicated our esteemed brother Todd to embark in this enterprise. We are fully aware of the difficulty of removing him from his present important sphere of usefulness even for a limited period; but the case is a most urgent one, and it is not every good Brother that has all the elements necessary to ensure success in this peculiar sort of labour. In the judgmen: of the Association, Brother Todd is well qualified for it, and therefore they have made choice of him in the hope that his people will consent to the arrangement, and that in the mean time God will send them a supply.

Before closing the session a vote of thanks was most cordially given to the Fredericton friends for the hospitality extended to their guests, and then the Association adjourned to meet with the Church in Brussels Street, Saint John, the third Saturday in September next. Thus closed one of the most interesting Convocations of the churches which we have ever witnessed. The style and spirit of the preaching, the warmth of the exhortations, the fervor of the prayers, and the unity that pervaded the most important portions of the business proceedings, all tended to inspire us with hope that God has great things

in store for the Baptist churches of this Province. The visit of the Rev. Mr. Porter, delegate of the Penobscot Baptist Association of Maine, gladdened many hearts. His sermon, on Sabbath afternoon, was listened to with deep interest by a crowded assembly, and the impression made by his addresses on the several questions up for consideration, made us all feel desirous to have a more frequent interchange with our brethren of the States. Brother Todd was accordingly appointed to represent us at the Penobscot Asso- Falkirk, Glasgow, &c. The candidates were arciation, and Brother Bill was chosen to attend the next session of the Maine Baptist Convention.

The session having ended the evening was devoted to a religious service. Elder Robinson delivered an excellent gospel sermon, which was followed by a parting address from one of the brethren, who directed our thoughts to that blessed world where-

"Congregations ne'er break up, And Sal-baths never end."

And then there was the cordial shake of the hand. and the hearty " good bye," with the feeling :-"If such the sweetness of the streams What must the fountain be?"

was a tried and faithful friend, and in Zion he and another, embracing the hand with a grip was a bright and shining light. We rejoice to that only a pit-man could give, would say, "Bless learn by a friend who was with him a few days the Lord, Robert; thank the Lord!" Thus the before his death, that in the prospect of the future his fasth was unwavering, and his hope like an anchor cast within the veil. To his bereaved widow and family we tender our deepest sympature widow and family we tender our deepest sympature thies, and pray God to be their support.

Business yet continues dull in many of its for which they receive about 14s. per cwt., from branchess, and doubtless, will remain so for some in it, the houses are clean and comfortable, a prayer meeting goes from house to house every the for which they receive about 14s. per cwt., from branchess, and doubtless, will remain so for some time. Notwithstanding our amount of foreign the first crop is growing, and so they continue with a strong tide against her, she ran a distanct to clear up their lands. I have seen what is

The Bazaar at Fredericton came off, according to announcement, on Wednesday last, and was more successful than its most sangume friends had dared to hope. The grounds adjoining the Baptist Chapel were tastefully and conveniently fitted up for the occasion, and on ontering the gate a pleasing scene met the eye. Opposite the entrance were tables for the display of various articles, useful and ornamental, which were soon disposed of at fair prices. On one side, under tution of learning, and presented its struggles an awning, was a long table, covered with refreshments, which was, of course, largely patronized during the day; and well it might be, for no luxury was wanting that could tempt the palate of the most fastidious. Substantials in abundance; fruits of the choicest description. generously presented for the occasion by Mr. C. Sparrow of this city-and to crown the whole, a superb centre-piece in the shape of au immense cake, elegantly and tastefully ornamented, and manufactured at the establishment of Mr. Beckett. Prince Wm. street. A pleasing and profitable novelty at this Baz-

aar was a collection of plants and flowers, which were disposed of during the day, and at suction in the evening, "at prices to suit purchasers."

In the evening tea was served to a large number of guests, a band discoursed sweet music, and at a late hour the crowd dispersed, evidently well pleased with the day's entertainment.

The proceeds amounted to over £100, a result which cannot fail to be most gratifying to those ladies who were so indefatigable in their exertions, as well as to all who telt interested in the object of the Bazaar, and who, by their donations previously, or their presence on the occasion, kindly aided in the undertaking.

We call the attention of our city readers to the advertisement of the Tea Soiree which couraging; but as one brother justly remarked, comes off to-morrow evening, on behalf of the Brussells street Sabbath School. We trust there a good coat of paint would greatly improve its will be a large attendance, as in addition to the appearance. Hand over the neecful funds, and Tea and Fancy Table, a treat both musical and

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE VISITOR.

CARLETON, St. John, Sept. 24th, 1859. DEAR VISITOR,-Knowing that many of your readers, are anxious to hear of the progress of the Redeemer's kingdom; and particularly so when they know the parties whose labour's God has seen fit to bless. I felt assured that the following account of a work of grace under the preaching of our old friend Bro. Abercombie, would be read with interest by all who love the Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ but especially by those who were personally acquainted with our brother. The account is taken from a Scotch paper-the Morning Journal, of August 17th, which was put into my hands by the kindness of a young lady who has corresponded with brother and sister Aborcrombie since they left St. John, I transcribe it verbatim, just as I find it in the Journal. Yours, &c.,

THE REVIVAL IN SCOTLAND. WHOLE VILLAGE CONVERTED. (From a Correspondent.)

Fifteen months since some friends, belonging to a coal pit at Prumclare, a village near Slam anan, eighteen miles east of Glasgow, wrote to Mr. Abercrombie to come over from America to his native Country and become the teacher of the children belonging to the pit-men. He came but soon had reason to regret the step; and hartily did he wish and pray that God in his allwise Providence would open to him the way of escape: He had been useful as a teacher, and also as a certified preacher in the States; and here he found no congenial spirits, but was imprisoned in a small hamlet of about three hundred souls, who seemed to be sunk far below the moral level of his countrymen. The filth of the houses; the degradation of the entire people the cursing, obscenity, drunkenness, open Sabbath desecration, and the incidental poverty and misery, were too much for him: He opened a meeting for prayer and preaching, almost no one

At length resolved while he was there that he would work, he began to preach outside, and near enough to the houses to be heard by the inmates. Thus he continued preaching, exhorting and praying; and when he was well nigh weary-about six months ago-hd found two or three evincing much concern, who were ultimate ly led to trust in the Saviour and rejoice in Him -these with great heartiness helped on the work Mr. Abercrombie is a Baptist, and as soon as few, six or seven, gave evidence of a change of heart, he invited Rev. Mr. Du nn. Baptist Minister of Airdrie, to go over, and they were baptized in the Black Lock. At this ordinance, at which there were many witnesses, gre at solemnity prevailed-many were pricked in their hearts, and very shortly afterwards a goodly number desired to confess Christ, and were also baptized into His name.

Last Saturday, August 13th, twenty-three were added to the number-in all about sixty souls. out of an adult population of about 100. The afternoon was stormy with wind and rain; but the great interest felt on the occasion brought about 300 people together at the loch, which is miles away from any town; some from Slamanan, ranged in order, eleven femules and 12 males (ali the previous baptisms had been males,) and the whole assembly joined in singing—"We're going, going on our journey home, "We're tra-

Prayer was then offered, and a short address embracing the Gospel and Primitive Christian

As the converts came "up out of the water was sung, such as :-"I love Jesus, He's my Saviour,

I love Jesus, yes I do.' or, "Oh! how He loves." or, "Oh! come let us sing To the God of Salvation

And the good pastor, with an affection which

they sing and pray with a fervour a solemnity, and loud and long continued cry of "hard times" a delight that is truly wonderful to behold, and the has had upon them, and many others from real good pastor now recognizes God's providence, necessity. The merchants, and all the men of and is very thankful for being led to this sphere business complain of the "tightness of the money of usefulness, and that his labours have been so market," but hope for a relaxation as soon as the eminently and signally blessed. I cannot con- abundant harvest is forwarded to the seaboard clude this brief sketch without acknowledging the cities; but this will be delayed as long as po zeal and even willing services of the Rev. Mr. ble, as prices for all kinds of grain are low, and Dunn, of Airdrie, who has always been most those who hold it refuse to sell to the usual willing to assist in the good work at whatever extent, hoping a more favorable change will sacrifice of comfort and convenience to himself. ensue. For fully half an hour did he stand with a Christian Vrother of the village in the water on Saturday, but they were amply repaid-for the scene cut of by it in June and again replanted, looks was most elevating, as the melodious ring of the fair for more than half a crop, where the frost voices ascended upwards, and the glorious sun that accompanied the magnificent Aurora, did not shone from the clear, blue sky-for Heaven again sear its leaves. In m.ny places millet was seemed visibly to smile upon the happy scene." sown where the corn was killed in June, which

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

DEAR VISITOR, -As I have not sent you s communication for a year, perhaps I can fill my sheet with home incidents that will interest, at to know that we have potatoes in abundance, and least, a few of your many readers.

The churches of our place are in a state

peace, sustaining the preaching of the word, interesting Sabbath Schools, and most of them have one or more meetings during the week to promote their own personal piety, and secure the returned, and although the leaves of our forests outpouring of the Spirit upon the world. Oue of them, however, has recently dismissed its minister under circumstances, not perhaps unusual, but which ought seldom to exist. He is a man of extensive travel, fine culture, and devoted piety, has a genial spirit, a frank manner, and a benevolent heart; is a good sermonizer, a faithful pastor, and is consistent in his department in all of his relations in life. If his delivery is not the best, it is far superior to that of many whom the same people have loved, retained, and honored for life; yet with all of his excellencies he has only been here a little over two years. A short time since a D. D. from abroad called upon a memper of the Church who is past four score years. but retains still the keenness of a well balanced. mird, and asked her, " What were their troubles with their minister ?" She replied, "We have none." "Then," said he, "why do you wish him to leave ?" " Dr.," said she, "if you were single, you would not wish me for a wife, and yet you have nothing against me either." Dr. looked upon the venerable rich widow in silence, with a pleasant smile, for a short time, and then took his departure. The fact is, some of the members of the charch were opposed to his settlement, and were not prepared to like him, whatever were his excellencies, and as they believe in the perseverance of the saints, they have endured to the end steadfast in this opposition, and the result they desired is now quietly accompastor profit by this example! being assured that " in due time they shall REAP if they FAINT They should be careful at the same time to copy the conduct of these, who have been so prudent that they have not essentially disturbed the harmony of the church, nor really injured the reputation of the pastor. He leaves with the respect of the community, the high commendation of his church, and the blessings of a good conscience, and each are richly merited.

Two new houses for worship are now in the course of erection here, one by the Catholics. and the other by the Episcopalians. The former built of wood, in the Norman style, with a steeple in the centre of the front, a hundred feet in height, the foundations of which rests in part on a vein of quick sands, that has been pierced with an iron rod to the depth of 20 feet, though the main body of the Church is said to have a good foundation, and will seat when finished about 400 persons. The Episcopalian is built of brick. in the Gothic style, with two towers in front, one an octagon, the other square, with buttresses at the corners, which will extend nearly to the coping, like those of the walls, and finished on arrested. the top with an iron cap of Gothic form. A vestry is planned beneath this house, which is so was killed by Mr. Allan A. Gooden, week far below the surface of the earth, that some one suggested to one of the principal members of the Church that it would be damp. He humorously replied. " That two prayer meetings would be held on each Sabbath in the house itself, and ship on Sunday next. therefore the vestry would not be much needed. Do all churches have as good reasons for having damp, dark, and cheerless vestries? Usually very little pains is taken to make them cheerful and attractive, and yet are they not used more often than any other portion of the Sanctuary, and that for purposes of vital importance to the sanctification of the church, and the salvation of the world? Can that place be deemed secondary, where the tellowship of God and the com munion of saints is so frequently enjoyed,

"While heaven comes down the soul to gree And glory crowns the mercy seat."

There has not been in our place any general religious interest during the past year. The Union Prayer Meeting, that was called into existence by the great revival of 1858, has been discontinued for some time, not for the want of fraternal feeling among the churches, or a real essential unity of heart among its originators and supporters, but from the impression, whether in Canada, where the means of production are no better. The only answer that we could ever right or wrong, it should be made a special means of grace in times of refreshing from the presence of the Lord, rather than one of constant occurrence. It closed, however, soon after an interesting revival had been enjoyed by the Baptist Church, which added 26 to our number by baptism. This added to the interest of the meeting, and, doubtless, for a season prolonged its exist-ence. It is indeed difficult to sustain, in an in-teresting manner, a daily prayer meeting, wider ordinary circumstances. It needs the under ordinary circumstances. It needs the special manifestations of the Spirit to impart that zeal, spirituality, and activity to christians, which the place of prayer demands, to give a perpetual interest to its exercises. The form of worship is often, doubtless, beneficial, but when the power is absent which gives life, and

is always present the saints spend night and day unwearied in celebrating his praise.

a convert. Seven are still asking for baptism-| economizing, some from the influence that the We have had a frost, it is said, thus far every

month during the present year. Corn, that was now promises an abundant yield. The wheat crop in this vicinity, for the most part, is fine, having escaped the ravages of that numerous army of insects which in past years destroyed it. It may not be good news for the Nova Scottans that at a low price, but it is their imperious duty to rejoice with those that rejoice, and it will add to their happiness to do so. The cold for the past three weeks has been extreme for September, but now the mildness of Summer has again show the purple and Orange mingled with green yet autumn may present its rich variety of bless.

ITHACA, Sept. 20.

[For the Christian Visitor.] Sept. 20th, 1859.

On Sept. 8th, at the Station House, Sussex Vale, the the Rev. Dr. Clay addressed an attentive and numerous audience, the subject was Matrimony," which the Rev. lectururer treated in his usual popular style. The object of the meeting was to provide funds for the repairing of the Church in that place. The ladies had provided a refreshment table, the proceeds of which was devoted to the same object. The refreshment both for mind and body was excellent.

ONE PRESENT.

For the Christian Visitor.

NEWCASTLE, Grand Lake, Sept. 16, 1859. The Quarterly Meeting as announced in the lisitor, commenced on the 2nd inst., and was protracted through the next week. Elder Rees, I. Lockey, J. Currie, and John Williams, were the ministers in attendance, with several brethren from other churches, who rendered valuable service in God's cause. This Quarthrly meeting is one that will be long remembered. The union that existed in all the meetings and in the selection of the subjects preached from, is an evi dence that the Spirit of God was present to guide plished. Why not others who do not like their into truth, and the truth proved effectual in removing difficulties and bringing sinners to repentance. Ham tovou

Eighteen have been baptised and added to the Church, and no doubt the word has fallen on good ground, and will spring up in days to come, and bring fruit to the glory of God. A Missionary meeting was held on Monday evening in which a collection of three pounds was taken for domestic missions, which will be handed over to the association.

Notice is hereby given that the next Queens and Sunbory Quarterly Meeting will be held with the Church at New Jerusalem, commencing Friday, 23rd of December, at 6 o'clock, p. m. BENJAMIN JEWETT.

Mems of the Week.

JUVENILE DEPRAVITY .- We learn from the Western Recorder that a series of petty thefts have been committed in Carleton lately by a number of young boys, some of whom have been

The Sackville Borderer states that a porpoise last near the landing of Alpheus Gooden, Port Elgin, 12 feet long, weighing 5 cwt. 22 lbs., and yielding 12 gallons of oil,

The Free Baptist Meeting house at the head of Tennant's Cove is to be opened for public wor

The Admiral did not arrive until Sunday even ing last, from the United States. She left at her usual time Monday morning.

The St. Croix Herald states that James Stevens, Esq., have been unanimously elected the member to represent the interests of the several Agricultural Societies in Charlotte County at the meeting of the Provincial Board of Agriculture next winter.

John Campbell, Esq., School Inspector, devered a lectore on the subject of Education at Old Ridge, Charlotte County, last week.

We believe that Mr. W. K. Reynolds will ere ong establish at Lepreavx a manufactory fo the working of various kinds of raw material which are now sent out of the province to be manufactured, and then in many cases re-purhased by ourselves .- Presbyterian.

It has frequently been asked why Potash and Pearl Ash were not manufactured in this Province when, as was generally well known, the manu-facture of these articles was found so profitable

ture Potash, it is also my intention to make the Peurl Ash. The Canadas export annually me yearly. It is also the means of settling the wild lands, and I think it is just what we require in this Province. They work the business in this way: a party will go on a piece of woodland, and cut down some part of it, which is burned, and ashes saved are leached off, which is done by first throwing boiling water and then cold water on the ashes, which takes from them all that is fit for the manufacture of the Pearl Ash; if Potash is made, there must be a certain proportion of heart, and faith to the worshipper. When God e used in the leaching process, the liq n builed down to what is called black a the process is similar to the making of maple

called the black salts taken fifteen or twenty here that the wood of Canada is more suitable than the wood of our Province for that purpose, and hat it must be ashes from the Ash and Oak wood; such is not the case, they burn the beech. birch, and maple, such as we have. The maple will produce the greater quantity of Pearl Ash. In some parts of Lower Canada, were they manufacture largely the Pearl Ash, there is no more oak end ash than we have in our woods, and they are taking great care of the maple tree, in fact planting them for the manufacturing of sugar. The ashes of soft wood will just make as good Pearl Ash as any other, only it takes a larger quantity. Now, Sir, it will but cost our country people but a small sum to give it a trial, and they will have a market for as much as they will produce. I would also remark that it does not destroy the ashes for manure, for in Canada they cart them some distance for that purpose. We shall thank if you would give a place in your paper, or any part you may think proper.
Your obedient Servant,
J. J. JARVIS.

Thursday the 3d of November has been appointed to be observed throughout Canada as day of Thanksgiving to Almighty God for the blessings of an abundant Harvest.

The Committee appointed by the City govern ment of Portland to make arrangements for the reception of the Great Eastern, have sent invitations to the President of the United States and his Cabinet, to Gen. Williams, to the Executive of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and to other officials, to be present on the arrival of

A man was killed in Canada a few days ag on the Grand Trunk Railway, by thrusting his head out of a window in the Cars, when it came in contact with some obstacle. The upper por tion of his head was carried away.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19 .- Among the list of pas sengers by the Kangaroo are the names of the deputation of the General Assembly of the Church of Ireland-Rev Dr. Edgar, Rev. M. Dill, and Rev. Mr. Hilson.

FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON IN TWO DAYS. -The New York Times contains an account of new aerial ship, which is in the course of construction, about four miles from that city, under direction of the aeronaut. T. J. C. Lowe of New Hampshire, a man who is said to have made 36 balloon ascensions. The new aerial ship has been christened the City of New York, and is designed for a trans-Atlantic voyage. It is five times larger than the largest balloon ever built. Paris letter writers speak of a contemplated visit of Prince Napoleon and his young wife to England in the course of the autumn.

DEPARTURE OF GEN. SCOTT FOR SAN JUAN .-Gen. Scott sailed from this port on Tuesday in the steamer Star of the West, to act as mediator in the dispute which Gen. Harney has originated with Great Britain in relation to the possession of the Island of San Juan. His departure was made the occasion of a spontaneous ovation, a large assembly having convened at the wharf to see the General off. He was accompanied by Assistant Adjutant-General Thomas, Lieut. Col. G. W. Lay, and Assistant Surgeon Charles H. Crane. Salutes were fired from the forts and steamers at the wharves as the Star of the West went down the Bay. On the arrival of the General at San Francisco he is to be forwarded with his suite to San Juan by special steamer, if the mail steamer is not in readiness. The British Government have dispatched on a similar mismy, his Reyal Highness the Duke of Cambridge

LATE FROM CALIFORNIA AND VANCOUVER'S ISLAND .- San Francisco dates to the 5th inst have been received by the steamer Habana, at

500 American troops were on the Island of San Juan. Earthworks had been thrown up, and the harbour of Victoria was commanded the field pieces. The Island is in a complete state of defence. Gen. Harney says he will call for volunteers from the Territories if he is attacked. Harney had written a letter to Governor Douglas, to the effect that he had occupi the Island to protect the Americans from the insults of the British authorities of Vancouver's Island, and the Hudson Bay Company's officers. The British Admiral refuses to obey the orders of Governor Douglas to bring on a collision, and also refuses to bring the British North Pacific fleet near the Island. He says he will want for orders from the Home Government, and dis-

friendly terms. The report of the massacre of troops in Oregon by the Indians, is unconfirmed and discredited.

The American and English officers were or

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The steamship Arabia, which left Liverpool at 9 A. M. on the morning of the 10th instant, arrived at Halifax at 6 P. M. on Tuesday. The Lalbec left Liverpool about the same time, also THE ZURICH CONFERENCE.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says:—The Zurich Conferences are suspended, de facto, for the present.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The great event of the week had been the de parture of the Great Eastern for sea. The Nova Scotian (for Quebec) carried out the news that the vessel had proceeded down the Thames as far as Pursleet, on the 7th, and anchored there for the tide of the following morning. Her departure from her moorings, accompanied by four powerful tugs, two at the bows and two at the stern, gave rise to a scene of the greatest en-thusiasm on the Thames, which was continued at all prominent points. Capt. Harrison and the most experienced Thames pilots directed the ship's motions. Mr. Scott Russell was on the bridge, directing the action of the engines, both of which, screw and paddle, were under steam. Capt. Comstock, late of the Collins' steamer Baltic, stood aft to transmit directions to the men at the wheel—the new steering apparatus not being completely fitted. The very first turn in the river demonstrated that the ship was as comthe river demonstrated that the ship was as completely under command as a river steamer, and that the only difficulties to overcome were the sharp curves in the stream. She steered as easily as a wager boat, and her engines were found capable of starting her or arresting her motion literally almost by a single motion of the

At Purfleet the ship swung round to her si anchor in beautiful style, and the anchor (Trot-man's Patent) never yielded an inch from the spot where it dropped. On the 8th, the Great Eastern got up steam and weighed anchor at 8. 40 A. M., when she started from Purfleet for the Nore. As on the preceding day, she was accompanied by tugs, and the enthusiasm along the shore—particularly at Gravesend—was ver great. On arriving at Chipman's Head, at the set at rest forever all doubt as to her bei fastest vessel, beyond comparison, in the Employing less than two thirds of her po the worst trim, being six inches down