been living without Christ, and without hope in the world, and who in numerous instances had seldom, in some cases, perhaps, never been within the walls of a place of worship, the manifestations of Divine Influence in inclining such to throng the houses of God, to manifest such sincerity and earnestness of desire for pardon, peace, and salvation—to unite themselves to the people of God, and to walk in the course of holy obedience, is, perhaps, without a parellel in the modern history of the Church. Thousands of sinners of all descriptions of character, among whom were numbers distinguished for profligacy of manners, and for overt general wickedness—men sunk in immorality and obdurate in crime, reclaimed from such enormities, subdued, converted, animated with joy and peace in believing, not to mention others less ostensibly depraved and vicious! Thousands of these, together with many a conceited pharisee and rationalist, "plucked as brands from the burning," have been added to the different churches within a few months, and as many have enrolled themselves on the list of probationers for church-fellowship.

NUMBERS ADDED TO THE CHURCHES.

To the churches of our denomination alone, it is supposed that to the present date, not fewer than from fifteen hundred to two thousand real converts have been added, and full ten thousand to our stated congregations as inquirers, making a probable aggregate of nearly twelve thousand souls. The total accession to the churches of Christ generally, can hardly be estimated at less than thirty thousand, and this from the scattered and limited population our island contains.

On the part of those personally, who have been thus brought under the influence of the truth, there has been apparent a powerful conviction of sin—sincere and full confession of it as committed, both against God and their fellow-men—great earnestness in prayer—striking evidences of pardon and peace, and great activity and zeal for God.

☞ Letter of C. D. Randall, Esq., just received, too late for this week, will appear in our next issue.

TEMPERANCE LECTURES.

WEDNESDAY, July 31.

MESSRS. EDITORS,—Will you oblige me by giving notice of my appointments. I will deliver Public Temperance Addresses at—

Shediac,	Saturday Evening,	Aug.	3.
Dorchester,	Monday "	"	5.
Sackville,	Tuesday "	"	6.
Amherst,	Wednesday "	"	7.
Truro,	Thursday "	"	8.
Halifax,	Friday "	"	9.

From Halifax I shall probably go to Prince Edwards Island; then return here.

Respectfully, S. M. HEWLETT.

Secular Department.

MILITARY MATTERS AT AND NEAR WASHINGTON.

The New York *Herald* gives the following as the latest information from the Seat of War:—

"Major General McClellan arrived in Washington yesterday, to take command of the Army of the Potomac, recently commanded by Brigadier General McDowell. No new movements by the troops in that vicinity are recorded. The Fifteenth New York Volunteers, Colonel McLeod Murphy, occupy the advance position on the road to Fairfax Court House; but everything in that locality is reported to be undisturbed.

"The ranks of the Union army are being reinforced from various quarters. Ten thousand fresh troops have arrived in Washington within the past twenty-four hours. Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, has ordered forward ten infantry regiments from that State, and an artillery corps and a regiment of 1,200 cavalry are getting ready to follow. The War Department is accepting all full regiments which are offered.

"General Mansfield is adopting the most stringent measures to re-establish discipline among the troops who returned to Washington from the fight at Bull's Run, and to gather them together in their respective camps.

"The troops in Alexandria are represented to be in a riotous and disorderly condition, drunkenness prevailing among them to a fearful extent, but the sale of intoxicating liquor has been absolutely forbidden, and several of the houses in that business have been closed up. In a day or two the demoralizing effect of these places will be effectually checked, and the soldiers restored to order and discipline.

"The War Department, it is said, received intelligence yesterday that a large force of rebels under General Lee and General Johnston had again been concentrated at Winchester, and an attack on Harper's Ferry was feared by the Union troops at that place.—The substance of this news was that General Johnston, having heard of the retiring of the three months Pennsylvania volunteers, under General Patterson, had made a retrogade movement from Manassas Junction to Winchester, hoping to find the army at Harper's Ferry unprepared. The government, however, have sent several fresh regiments to that point to supply the place of those whose term of service has expired."

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.—FORTRESS MONROE, JULY 23.—An important military movement from Old Point was to have taken place to-day, but has been deferred in consequence of the sad and unfortunate news from Washington. Our troops are impatient to avenge the battles of Great Bethel and Manassas.

It is hoped that Colonel Magruder may be induced to attack Camp Hamilton and Newport News.

A feeling of gloom pervailes in the different camps, but no despondency as to the result of the war.

The gunboat Penguin, stationed at Newport News, yesterday allowed a heavily laden schooner from Norfolk to pass up James River.—She was probably loaded with cannon, destined for Richmond. Only six shots were fired at her. The rebels in the vicinity are allowed to do quite as they please.

Lamountain, the æronaut, is at Old Point, and will make an ascension day after to-morrow, to reconnoitre the position of the enemy. Captain Dyer, of the Ordnance Department, has arrived from Washington.

Large quantities of arms, clothing and ammunition, destined for the New York State Regiment, arrived from New York this morning.

GENERAL LEE STARTED TO INTERCEPT GENERAL MCLELLAN'S COLUMN.—NEW YORK, July 24.—A special dispatch to the *Tribune*, from Baltimore, states that letters received there from Richmond say that General Lee left there on the 18th. with a large force for Lynchburg, on his way to intercept General McLellan's column.

SEVERE LOSS OF THE MAINE FIFTH REGIMENT.—PORTLAND, July 24.—A special dispatch to the *Advertiser*, from Washington, reports that the Maine Fifth is at Alexandria, five hundred strong, having 40 killed, 60 wounded and 200 taken prisoners.

Mr. Russell, of the London *Times*, while on the field, remarked that he never saw such desperate attacks upon batteries, either at the Crimea, or Solferino, as during this action.

Among the dispatches received at the Washington office to-day was the following, addressed to a member of one of the regiments quartered at Arlington Heights, of course of the Sixty-ninth:—

NEW YORK, JULY 23, 1861.

Your wife wishes to know if you are dead, alive or wounded. If dead, please send the body on.

A Massachusetts Colonel was met in the retreat three miles ahead of his regiment which he assured an inquirer was cut to pieces. No remonstrances availed to induce him to turn back, or to wait for his men. Subsequently he excused himself by saying that he received a sun-stroke, the effects of which did not seem, however, to have diminished his pace toward Washington. A Wisconsin Colonel behaved but little better.

Gen. Scott is reported, upon excellent authority, to have said to the President that he had acted like a coward for the first time in his life in yielding to the urgency of the public, the press, and members of Congress, and advancing upon Manassas before he was ready.

EXCITING DEBATE IN CONGRESS.—MR. RICHARDSON, OF ILLINOIS, MAKES SOME IMPORTANT DICLOSURES.—*Washington, July 24.*—The debate in the House to-day between Messrs. Burnett, Richardson, Blair and Stevens was highly exciting and interesting. Mr. Richardson concluded his speech as follows:—"I repeat that Gen. Scott has been forced to fight this battle: I will tell the gentleman what occurred yesterday morning. My colleagues, Messrs. Logan and Washburne, and myself, were present with the President, the Secretary of War, and Gen. Scott. In the course of our conversation Gen. Scott remarked: 'I am the biggest coward in the world.' I rose from my seat. 'Stay,' said Gen. Scott; 'I will prove it. I have fought the battle against my judgment, and I think the President ought to remove me to day for doing it. As God is my Judge,' he addded, after an interval of silence, 'I did all in my power to make the army efficient, and I deserve removal because I did not stand up when I could and did not.' I stand here to vindicate Gen. Scott. I am indebted to the gentleman of Missouri for the compliment he paid me. I desire to say for myslef that I stand here the last of a generation, my father and grandfather having fallen beneath the flag of their country. I too, have fought under its folds at home and abroad, and, God willing, I will stand till the end of my life defending it against all foes."

Mr. Washburne—As my collegue has referred to Gen. Scott's remarks, he might alludc to what the President said.

Mr. Richardson—I will do so; "Your conversation implies," said the President to Gen. Scott, "that I forced you to battle." To which Gen. Scott replied, "I have never served under a President who has been kinder to me than you have been." But Gen. Scott did not relieve the President from the fact of the latter having forced him to fight the battle. Gen. Scott thus paid a compliment to the President personally. I desire to say of the President, that I have known him from boyhood. If you let him alone he is an honest man—[laughter] but I am afraid he has not the firmness to stand up against the politicians around him.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The proceedings in both houses of Parliament last night possess considerable interest. In the Upper Chamber the Earl of Carnarvon preferred a complaint against the American Customs authorities for opening and searching British packages sent to Canada by way of Portland. We presume that this complaint is well grounded, for it is an annoyance which we should not expect the American Government to countenance when the fact is brought under its notice. The Duke of Newcastle, who takes the colonies under his especial protection, appeared to know nothing about it, and the same state of ignorance prevailed at the Foreign-office. Assuming the case to be as Lord Carnarvon stated, it, ought not our representative at Washington to have had his attention directed to it before the subject was discussed in Parliament? In the other House, an act of extreme shabbiness on the part of the little kingdom of Belgium towards this country was brought to light—an act which, had it been perpetrated by France, would have filled the whole kingdom with indigation. It seems that the Belgium Ministry, having made a commercial treaty with the Emperor of the French, has refused England the same relaxations which have been extended to our neighbor. According to Mr. Foster, who directed the attention of Lord John Russell to the subject, a differential duty of one hundred per cent. existed in favour of France as compared with England. We infer, however, that this state of things will only continue another year, the Belgium authorities pleading the lateness of the Parliamentary session as their excuse for not pressing forward the subject; but even this delay, considering what we have done for Belgium and her King, is the reverse of friendly or civil.

Several important ministerial changes are on the *tapis*, but nothing has been decided on finally. The ill health of Lord Herbert will compel him to resign his office at the head of the war department. Some say that Sir George C. Lewis will go to the War-office, and that he will be succeeded at the Home-office by Sir George Grey. Another rumor gives Lord Elgin the War-offie, another sends him to the Indian Board, preparatory to his assuming the Governor-Generalship as the successor of Lord Canning. Mr. Cardwell, it is also said, is to have a step in promotion in consequence of these changes; but all these statements must be received with caution.

An inquiry had been instituted by the Liverpool Board of Trade respecting the loss of the Steamer *Canadian*, in the Straits of Belleisle. At present the captains in the service of the Company have a discretionary power to pass through the Sraits on or after the 20th May in each year, but Mr. Raffles.—the stipendiary magistrate before whom the investigation took place.—and Capt. Harris, nautical assessor to the Board of Trade, think that a month later would be more safe, and that the permission should be extended to the 20th of June.

The conduct of Mexico towards its European creditors is severely censured by the British press, and the English bondholders have been urging upon the Government the necessity of making an effort to arrest the plunder of which they have been the victims.

The Queen was on the point of visiting Ireland.

Sir William Atherton has been appointed Attorney General, Mr. Roundell Palmer, Solicitor General.

Two bars of gold have reached London from Nova Scotia, being the first remittance since the gold discoveries. It is described as of the average quality of Australia gold.

A desperate affray took place in London on the morning of the 13th between Major Murray and Mr. Roberts, an army agent, who has an office in Northumberland-street, Strand. Roberts fired two pistols, and inflicted two bullet-wounds in Major Murray's neck. The major finding that Roberts had locked the door, and was in possession of another pistol, seized the poker and tongs and commenced a fierce attack, inflicting fearful wounds on the head and face, which rendered Roberts insensible. The police arrived, and both persons were taken to the hospital under the charge of the police.

The *Freeman's Journal* states that the prospects of the crops in Ireland are of the most encouraging character. There has been no appearance of disease in the potatoes.

Mr. Adams, the American Minister, and suite, honoured the Christy's Minstrels with their presence at Her Majesty's Theatre on the 11th. His excellency's box was elegantly and tastefully decorated, emblematical of the American Union.

A grand review of troops, in honour of the Queen's birth-day, took place at the Curragh camp on the 10th. The Prince of Wales, attended by the Lord Lieutenant and General Sir Geo. Brown, commanding officer at the camp, inspected of the various battalions.

The indifferent health of the Emperor of the French still excites comment, and the gossips in Paris say that he has derived little or no benefit from the baths at Vichy. One of the Emperor's physicians had left the capital for Vichy, to be present at a consultation—an ominous sign.

The Queen Mother of Spain contrived to be at Vichy during the Emperor's stay, and they met.

The Emperor Napoleon has ordered a squadron to proceed forthwith to the Dardanelles.

The trial of Mires has terminated, and sentence has been pronounced He is to be imprisoned five years and to pay a fine.

The representative of France at Rome, the Duke de Grammont, is about to be superseded by the Marquis de Lavalette, who is the present French Ambassador at Constantinople.

It is said that the illness of the Pope has increased, and that no hopes of his recovery are entertained. Even his successor is named, the Cardinal Vauncelli, Archbishop of Ferrara.

Russia is greatly disturbed, and the Czar has been coldly received at St. Petersburg on his return from Moscow. What with the emancipation of the serfs and the state of feeling in Poland, the position of the present Ruler is by no means enviable.

The Kingdom of Italy has been recognised by the new Sultan, as announced by a despatch from Constantinople.

A letter from Corfu details the arrival of the Empress of Austria in the island. Her Majesty has gone there in search of health, and, consequently, all state and ceremony have been dispensed with. The Empress resides at a house placed at her disposal by the Lord High Commissioner, and during the few days of her sojourn a marked improvement is said to have been visible in her health.

NOVA SCOTIA.

ARRIVAL OF PRINCE NAPOLEON.—The French Frigate *Foudre*, arrived at this port on Monday from Sydney. The steamer *Jerome Napoleon*, with Prince Napoleon and family on board, arrived also on Monday, from France via Louisburg. The Prince visited His Excellency the Earl of Mulgrave, at Government House in the afternoon.

On board the *Jerome Napoleon* is a beautiful little steam screw iron yacht, not much larger than a ship's long-boat of which the Prince makes use, while lying in harbor. Yesterday it steamed past the Market Wharf, on which a large crowd had gathered to witness its movements. In the stern sheets, under the folds of the "Tri-color" was Prince Napoleon and his wife, Clothilde, daughter of the King of Sardinia, while quite a party of gentlemen, among which we noticed General Trollope and suite, occupied the remainder of the space. The party landed at the Queen's Wharf, where the Prince and his wife stepped into General Trollope's carriage, and drove into the city.—*Journal.*

H. M. S. *St. George*, having on board H. R. H. Prince Alfred, steamed up the harbor yesterday between three and four o'clock in the afternoon. The wharves were filled with people, and several hearty cheers went up to welcome back the "Sailor Prince."—*Ib.*

THE NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERIES.

President LINCOLN has laid before the Federal Congress at Washington, certain official letters from Her Majesty's Government, containing an invitation to the American Government to appoint a Joint Commission, with reference to the development and preservation of the Newfoundland Fisheries, which have of late years greatly deteriorated from improper modes of fishing.

The President has recommended to Congress the necessary legislation of carry this proposition of H. M. Government into effect.

It is quite probable that the Government of France will be invited to take part in this important Commission.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 25th July, 1861.

George L. Hatheway, Esquire, to be a Member of the Executive Council.

By His Excellency's Command.

S. L. TILLEY.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 26th July, 1861.

John M'Millan, Esquire, and William E. Berley, Esquire, to be Members of the Executive Council, in the room of the Honorable James Brown and the Honorable David Wark, resigned.

The Honorable George L. Hatheway to be Chief Commissioner of the Board of Public Works, in the room of the Honorable William H. Steeves, resigned.

The Honorable John M'Millan to be Surveyor General, provisionally, in the room of the Honorable James Brown, resigned.

By His Excellency's Command.

S. L. TILLEY.

PRINCE ALFRED'S EXCURSION TO MINGAN.

(*From the Quebec Mercury, July 13.*)

The steamer *Queen Victoria*, in which Prince Alfred went on his fishing excursion to Mingan, returned last evening, with the Governor General on board. His Royal Highness left the *Queen Victoria* at Gaspe Basin, on Thursday morning, and took passage in the steamer *Lady Head* for Charlottetown, P. E. I., where he expected to arrive this forenoon.

We learn that the party reached Mingan on Wednesday the 3rd inst., and left on Wednesday last. They had a week's fishing, and nothing whatever to mar the sport, the weather being very propitious. The Prince caught thirteen salmon, and the Governor General the same number; the first and last were taken by the Prince, one of them weighed 30lbs. H. R. H. (who intends, we believe, to send proofs of his success in the piscatorial art to Her Majesty,) caught two large fish on Wednesday morning before breakfast, and Sir Edmund Head four on a previous morning. The party camped in the bush, five or six miles up the river Mingan, and were much annoyed by flies; they had fortunately the services of a good cook, purposely left there by Captain De Winton, and another loyal and thoughtful excursionist. After leaving Mingan, the steamer lay to, for a short time, while the Prince tried cod fishing with pork bait, but unsuccessfully.

It appears one of the principal reasons why the *Queen Victoria* was employed on this occasion was the necessity of sending the steamer down with Mr. Paige, Chief Engineer in the Public Works Department, appointed to report upon a site for a light house on the Bird Rocks. He went from Mingan to the Rocks, and returned on Monday last, after having made a full examination of the locality. He also explored outside Gaspe Basin on Thursday morning, and the result of his visit will no doubt be the erection of one or more much needed beacons in the Lower St. Lawrence.

ACCIDENT.—We learn that a man named Robert Stephenson, was seriously injured on the St. Andrews Railway on Friday evening last. He was one of a party who were bringing a Lorry down the track, and while assisting in the work he got in the way of the crank, which struck him on the back and threw him out upon the track. It is not expected he will survive. He resides in St. Andrews.—*Globe.*

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The Steamship "City of Baltimore" intercepted off Cape Race, with dates to 18th July.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Parliamentary proceedings unimportant. Lord John Russel is to be created a Peer. The Great Eastern is to run between Liverpool and New York, leaving Liverpool on the 10th September.

The Irish Census shows a decrease in 10 years of 12 per cent.

PRUSSIA.

The King of Prussia was fired at at Baden, without injury, by a student, who was arrested.

FRANCE.

The Emperor's health is improving.

The duties on Coffee and Sugar reduced.

AUSTRALIA.

Melbourne dates are to May 25th. The Neazvies were preparing in New Zealand for a fresh outbreak.

MARKETS.

Consols 90 and 90¼. Cotton buoyant.—Breadstuffs steady. Provisions steady.

Manchester advices favorable.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

The Africa with dates from Europe to the 21st was intercepted off Cape Race on on Sunday, at 5.30 p. m.

The *Observer* says Cornwall Lewis goes to the War Office; Palmerston will act for Foreign Affairs in the Commons.

The English journals criticize Lincoln's Message.

The *Times* says it altogether confirms the impression produced by his first Message. It fears that he has outweighed all chances of internecine war, and forsees, as by-standers do, that the recognition of Southren independence is the issue in which, after infinite loss and humiliation, the contest must result.

The London *Post* says: At this date it is idle to argue on the question of legal rites; it is for the government to put down resistance, as soon as possible. It predicts an obstinate, sanguinary struggle, and, while professing personal sympathy for the opponents of slavery, rejoices at England's strict neutrality.

The *Daily News* eulogises the Message, and says it sets at rest the question of Compromise. The Government is not (now?) in a position to secure by energetic action the sympathy of Foreign Powers.

The *Telegraph and Star* quarrels with Lincoln's arguments, and considers the Message very unsatisfactory.

During a debate in the House of Commons on the rumor of the possible cession of the Island of Sardinia to France, Lord John Russell said that such a scheme could not be permitted, and would terminate the alliance of England and France. He did not believe the Italian Government contemplated such an act.

Continential politics meagre.

Paris Bourse dull, 67f 75.

A Vienna telegram confirms the resignation of Baron Vay and Count Evesin, and its acceptance.

Count Forgach appointed Chancellor of Hungary in place of Vay.

Manchester advices favorable. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions quiet.

SATURDAY, 3½ o'clock, P. M.

The following despatch is just received.

BOSTON, 27th July 1861.

The fortifications on the Virginia side of the Potomac are being strengthened. Regiments are continually crossing over. Reports of Rebel movements on Harper's Ferry continued, and several Federal Regiments are ordered there. There are three or four Regiments a day arriving at Washington, and our out-posts are gradually being extended into Virginia.

All confidence is felt in Gen. Scott, and in future there will be no interference with his plans. Orders are continually issuing relating to efficiency and discipline of the army. The Senate have passed resolutions maintaining the integrity of the Union, and also a Bill for defining and punishing treason.

Gen. McClellan has arrived in Washington, and taken command of the army of the Potomac, and is giving renewed confidence.

The 69th (Irish) Regiment received a perfect ovation on their arrival in New York yesterday.

Schr. Enchantress has been recaptured from privateer off Cape Hatteras.

Government securities firm.

BOSTON, July 29th.

Nothing important from the seat of war.

The rebels threatened an attack in the vicinity of Fortress Munroe, also at Harper's Ferry, both of which points are being reinforced

The rebels are reported in strong force between Yorktown and Old Point.

Skirmishing between pickets of daily occurrence.

An attack on Newport News is threatened.

The British steamer Gladintor arrived at New York yesterday, also the French steamer Prince Jerome with Prince Napoleon and wife as passengers.

Breadstuffs slightly advanced. Superfine flour $4.05 a $4.10. Extra $4.30 a $4.40.

MANASSES JUNCTION, July 26th, 1861.

During the battle yesterday the Washington Artillery of New Orleans, with seven guns, engaged Sherman's famous battery of fifteen guns, and after making the latter change positions fifteen times, silenced them and forced them to retire from the field.

Only four of the Washington Artillery were wounded and one killed. Major Harrison of the Eleventh Virginia regiment was mortally wounded and died this morning.

Hayes' Louisiana regiment participated in the battle. They made a noble charge, and scattered the enemy with considerable loss.—Our loss is trifling.

Large quantities of arms were taken by Gen. Beauregard's troops.

BOSTON, July 30.

War news to-day unimportant.

There has been lively skirmishing in Missouri in which Union men were victorious.

Federal Government is rapidly supplying Union men with arms in the seceded States.

Matters in the vicinity of Washington remain unchanged.

Gen. McClellan is thoroughly re-organizing and drilling the troops.

New York Breadstuffs dull and slightly declined.

Stocks depressed.

Married.

This day, Mr. Joseph Ring, of Upham, to Miss Mary Jane, second daughter of Mr. Fredrick Lair, of St. Martins.

Deaths.

At St. Martins, on the 16th of July, of diptheria, Robert Alma, aged 6 years and 5 months, son of the Rev. John Howe.

On Friday, the 26th inst., Mary Ann, daughter of Capt. Richard and Bridget Tucker, aged 3 years.

On Friday morning, 26th, Olivia, eldest daughter of William and Mary Ennis, aged 6 years.

On Friday morning, after a tedious illness, Mr. Richard McCulloch, in the 63d year of his age, a native of the County Tyrone, Ireland.

At Liverpool, England, on the 23d June, Deputy Commissary General. Oliver Goldsmith, aged 66 years.

Ship News.

ARRIVED.

SUNDAY, July 28.

Ship Leucothia, Claussen, Boston, W M M'Lean, bal.

Ship Eddystone, Grant, Havre, J. L. Woodworth, do.

TUESDAY, 30th.

Ship Persia, Doane, Philadelphia, Wm. Thomson, coals.

Ship Oliver Moses, Otis, Havre, W Thomson bal.

Schr Vivid, Burgess, New York, W M McLean, flour.

CLEARED.

July 27th—Bark Centenary, Young, Dublin, Cudlip & Snider, deals; brigt Bellona, Knowlton, Newry, W & G Carvill, do; schr Franklin, Brannon, Belfast, Ire, J Robertson, do; schr Arno, Crocker, Salem, Mass., Goddard & Sturges, boards.

29th.—Ship Metropolis, Kenny, Liverpool, Z Ring, deals; bark Queen, Mesny, Yougul, S Wiggins & Son, do; brig Lady Mulgrave, Besser, Queenstown, W & G Carvill, do; brig Brill, Crowell, Cork, S Wiggins & Son, deals; schr Ellen Francis, Sullivan, Providence, Z Adams, boards; Icboque, Patton, Belfast, Ire., C M'Lauchlan, do.

30th—Ship Nictaux, Davis, Bristol Channel, J L Woodworth, deals; ship Lucy Thompson, Crocker, Liverpool, B Lingley and C Drury, do.

MEMORANDA.

Cld at Boston, 27th, schr Victor, for this port.

Ard at Newport, 25th, Mary Jane, hence.

Ard at New York, 25th, schr A S Hastings.

Cld at New York, 23d, brigt Union, Smith, for this port; at do 25th, brig Zebulon, Parr, do.

Ard at Liverpool, 9th, Wm Lord, Brown, hence; at Dundalk, 6th, J Titus, Fry, do; at Wyse, 5th, Alma, do; at Gravesend, 9th, America, Percy, do; at Londonderry, 10th, Creole, Little, do; at Cork, 4th, Delhi, do; at Dungavon, 5th, Fanny Blair, do; at Liverpool, 9th, Havelock, do; at Oldboro', Humber, do. at Dublin, 9th, Mary Ann, do; at Lancaster, 8th, Mary, do; at Gravesend, 8th, Oberlon, do; at do 12th, Robert Cushman, do; at do 6th, Shamrock, do; at Cork, 10th, Katherine, from Philadelphia; at Kingston, 11th, Robert Treat, from New York; at Liverpool 7th, S L Tilley, from Montreal.

Ard at Cronstadt, George A Holt, from New Orleans.

The N. B. B. Home Missionary Board will meet for business in Germain Street Baptist Cahpel on Monday, August 5th, at 8 P.M.

Quarterly Meeting Notice.

The County Charlotte Quarterly Meeting takes place at St. George on Friday, the ninth of August, at 2 o'clock. As that church is at present without a Pastor, we earnestly request the attention of our brethren in the ministry to render us aid if possible. St. George Church has seen palmy days, and for talent and piety has been second to none in the Association, and circumstances at present indicate that if help is not soon afforded the ground may be occupied by others. Brethren Miles and J. A. Smith have promised aid if their Churches will consent to their leave of absence. The General Agent, too, intends to be present, D. V.

July 16. A. D. THOMSON.

☞ The Eastern and Western N. B. Baptist Association having resolved to recommend that the Churches in these Associations do take up collections to erect a Monument over the grave of the venerable Father Joseph Crandle.

The Committee appointed would respectfully urge that the Churches take up such collections in one month from date, and forward the same to the

HON. A. MCL. SEELY, Treasurer,

July 16. St. John.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of King's County Teachers Institute will be held at the Hall of the Superior School, Norton, on the First Friday in August, commencing at 10½ A. M.

JOHN TRIMBLE,

Norton, K.C., July 9th, 1861. Secretary.

NOTICE.

The fund for paying the Debt on the Brussell Street Baptist Church.

This is to give Notice that C. D. EVERETT and J. J. AKERLY have been appointed by the Trustees of said Church to receive such subscriptions and give receipts for the same. Persons subscribing to the above fund are requested to call at the store of C. D. Everett & Son, 15 King Street, and settle their subscriptions on the condition which they subscribe.

SAMUEL ROBINSON,

St. John, 19th June, 1861. Pastor.

New Advertisements.

INTERNATIONAL

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

For this Trip Fare Reduced.

ON WEDNESDAY 31st inst., the Sea-going Steamer *Eastern City*, E. Fields, Commander, will leave for EASTPORT, PORTLAND and BOSTON, at the following Reduced Fare;—

To Eastport.....$1 00.
To Portland.....2 00.
To Boston.....2 50.

Passengers wishing to take return tickets by either Boat of this line can do so.

To Eastport and Return,.....$2.00.
To Portland " " " 4.00.
To Boston " " " 5.00.
State Rooms for this trip.....1.00.

Return Tickets good for two weeks.

Passengers liable to pay head money at Boston, will be charged $2 in addition to the reduced fare.

W. ANSLEY, AGENT,

july 31 Office, No 98 Prince Wm-street.

"EMPEROR."

FORMER DAYS RESUMED!!!

ON and after THURSDAY, Aug. 1st, steamer *Emperor* will run as follows—

Leaving St. John for Digby and Annapolis on Monday and Thursday Mornings, at 7 o'clock.—Windsor on Tuesday and Friday Evenings at high water.

THOS. HATHEWAY, Agent,

july 31 40 Dock street.

Perfumery.

JUST RECEIVED—A good assortment of Hair Oils and Perfumery, from the celebrated Manufactory of Dr. Mitchell, among which may be found the Knight Templars Bouquet; Bouquet De Havelock, Frangipanni, Musk, &c. For sale at 75 Prince Wm-street.

july 31 F. A. COSGROVE.

Caution to the Public.

BEWARE of a certain young man who is trying to impose on the Druggists, and others, a CEMENT for Mending Glass and Earthenware, Wood, &c. Also—the receipts for Non-Explosive Fluid. The Cement is no good, neither has he the proper receipt for Non Explosive Fluid.

july 31 J. F. SECORD.

Great Reduction.

THE Remainder of our Summer Stock of Fancy Dress Goods.

Shawls, Mantles, Ribbons, Bonnets, Parasols.

Are now offered at greatly reduced prices—preparatory for Fall Importations.

Sewing Machines on sale which are easily worked, Double Stitch, at a low price.

DAVIES & MARSHALL,

july 31 37 King Street.

ROBERT MOORE,

begs leave to announce that he is now offering

SOME FIRST RATE BARGAINS IN

Muslin, Barge, Challie, and

ROBE DRESSES.

No 25 King-street—opposite Cross-street. (july 31)

LIVE OIL.—Just received, 2 casks Olive Oil. For sale by J. F. SECORD,

july 31 48, King Square.

WHALE OIL.—Just received, 2 casks Whale Oil. For sale by J. F. SECORD,

july 31 48, King Square.

Patent Double-Action Flexure Skirts.

THE hoops of these Skirts being jointed, a heavier and better quality of steel can be used, giving to, and retaining in the Skirt a more graceful and elegant form; while the flexibility of the joints presents the bending and breaking of the hoops under pressure, and when this is removed brings them back to their original form. It assumes an easy position when the wearer is seated.

The construction of this Skirt, and the quality of material employed, add to its durability, and commend it to the favor of those who desire to unite in their purchase **Elegance, Convenience, and Economy.**

A splendid lot of Indian Porcupine and BEAD WORK; Collar Boxes; Ladies' Reticules; Work Boxes; Mocassins; Caps; Purses; Watch Fobs; Mats; Bracelets, &c.

Together with a large assortment of Fancy Goods at F. A. COSGROVE,

july 27 75 Prince Wm-st.

New Apples.—Fine Apples, &c.

JUST received ex steamer from Boston—NEW APPLES; 2 brls in fine order:—PINE APPLES—2 brls Extra Sugar Loaf—the finest this season, large and ripe.—TEA—20 half chests Souchong; 5 do do Oolong, (very choice;)

TOBACCO.—10 bozes choice brands; 1 case Revenue, (half pounds;) Will be sold low for cash, Wholesale or Retail, at 66 Charlotte Street.

july 27 news, witness. LESTER BROS.

☞ OBSERVE!!☜

MUSLIN DRESSES,

For 3s. 6d.

FULL DRESS!!!

All other Goods at the same Low Price!!!

ROBERT MOORE,

25 King Street.

july 25 (3i) Opposite Cross Street.

PICTURE FRAMES, Made, Mounted, Repaired, and Gilt, at

DOHERTY & CO'S,

july 19 61, Germain-street.

Special Notice.

PROF. MEYERS will give a course of twelve Lectures at Mr. J. E. Holder's School Room, Wentworth Street, commencing on Monday Evening next, August 4.

Subject—"On the Figurative Language of the Holy Scripture, and the interpretation of it from the scripture itself."

A collection will be taken up to defray expenses. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture at 8 o'clock, P. M. july 24—v t e

COD LIVER OIL.—Fresh and Pure.

THE Subscribers has just received from Halifax, 2 Tins of very Fine, Pure Cod Liver Oil, nearly devoid of any disagreeable taste or smell.

P. R. INCHES, Druggist,

No. 80 Prince Wm. street.

july 12 Adjoining J. & A. McMillan's

Miscellaneous.

THE BRUSSELS STREET

Baptist Sabbath School

WILL hold their annual PIC NIC at Rothesay, on Thursday the 1st August.

Every exertion will be used to sustain the reputation the School has already acquired for Pic Nics.

Tickets 25 cents each, to be had from all the Teachers, and at the Store of Mr. John Smith, Charlotte-st., and at the Ticket Office on the day of the Pic Nic.

Cars leaving at 10½ and 2 o'clock, returning 4½ and 7½ o'clock.

Band in attendance. july 23

French Boots and Shoes.

WE have just received a case of French Boots and Shoes, consisting of—Ladies' Elastic Side Opera Boots—heels; Ladies' Cloth and Kid Cong. Boots; Ladies' White Satin Slippers; Ladies' White Kid do; Ladies' White Boots; Gents' Enamelled Balmorals; Gents' Enamelled Gaiters; Gents' Cloth Gaiters; Gents' Calf Shoes, Elastic; Gents' Lace Shoes.

The above Goods are imported direct from Paris, and are superior to anything ever before offered for sale in this city.

The balance of our Summer Stock we will sell at a very small advance on cost.

A few more Gents' Black and Drab Cloth Spats on hand. D. PATTERSON & SON,

july 24 King Street.

PURE SYRUPS.

THE subscriber has always on hand superior Syrups of his own manufacture, consisting of Lemon, Ginger, Rasberry, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, Vanilla and Pine Apple, put up expressly for family use.

Also—Soda Water which cannot be surpassed.

C. P. CLARKE,

july 24 Druggist, 85 King-st.

Apples, Oranges, Lemons.

Received this day, per steamer New Brunswick.

10 BBLS American Russet APPLES; 5 bxs ORANGES; 2 do LEMONS; 1 cask Pine Apples, and for sale cheap for cash at the Cheap Grocery Store, 69 King Street,

Under the Waverley House,

june 10 C. MURRAY.

EXPRESS LINE.

EXCURSION TRIP!

SPLENDID sea-going Steamer "NEW YORK," H. W. Chisholm, Commander, will make an Excursion Trip to BOSTON, touching at EASTPORT and PORTLAND, leaving St. John on Wednesday Morning, 31st July inst., at 8 o'clock, returning will leave Boston on Friday 2d August, at 12 o'clock, noon.

ONE FARE—RETURN TICKETS FREE. RETURN TICKETS GOOD FOR A FORTNIGHT.

☞ This steamer requires no puffing.

THOMAS HATHEWAY, AGENT,

july 27 40 Dock Street.

Cheap Window Glass.

150 BOXES Germain, of following sizes, viz;—7x9, 8x10, 9x12, 10x12, and 10x14, each 100 feet—in good order—will be sold at $4 per Box for Cash.

27 BERTON BROS.

MOLASSES.—25 Puns., St. Kitts; 74 puns., 10 tierces, Cienfugos; 30 puns., 10 tierces, 8 bbls., Porto Rico Molasses. For sale by (july27) BERTON BROS.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Executions will be issued against all Persons without exception, whose Taxes for 1861 are not paid into the Chamberlain's Office, on or before MONDAY, the fifth day of August next.

JAMES R. RUEL,

july 27e2i Chamberlain & Receiver of Takes.

International Steamboat Co.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

TRY WEEKLY LINE!!

For Eastport, Portland, and Boston.

IN order to accommodate Travellers during the pleasant season of the year, the splendid Sea-going Steamers **"New Brunswick,"** Capt. E. B. Winchester, and **"Eastern City,"** Captain Enos Fields, will, (until further notice,) run as follows, viz:—

Leave St. John on and after 31st July every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 8 o'clock, for *Eastport, Portland* and *Boston.* Returning, will leave Boston same days at 7½ o'clock, A. M. The steamers connecting for passengers and Freight to and from New York, all Stations on the Grand Trank Railway, and other places as heretofore.

☞ These Steamers were built expressly for this route, coppered and (heavily) copper fastened. Commanders, Engineers and Pilots, of large experience, and every requisite to make them safe and comfortable for Travellers.

For further particulars enquire of

july 25 W. ANSLEY, Agent.

CUSTOM

Tailoring Establishment.

Corner of King and Germain-sts., No. 27,

OPPOSITE FOSTER'S CORNER.

JAMES S. MAY, thankful to his numerous patrons for past favors begs to assure them that he keeps constantly on hand, a good assortment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Fancy Doeskins, Scotch Tweeds, &c., &c., which will be made to order in the most approved style, at the cheapest rate.

jan 1, 1861. JAMES S. MAY.

P.S.—Persons in the Country who may wish articles of Clothing, of superior quality will do well to leave their measure, as they can be supplied at 24 hour's notice. J. S. M.

R. S. STAPLES,

NO. 83, KING STREET,

Lawrence's Brick Building, opposite St. John Hote

IMPORTER AND DEALER

in every description of

British & Foreign DRY GOODS.

Shawls,	Ribbons,	Cobourgs,	Shirtings,
Mantles,	Parasols,	Lustres,	Cotton Warp
M. Cloths,	Umbrellas,	Flannels,	Oil Cloths,
M. Tweeds,	Silks,	Blankets,	Table Covers
Homespuns,	Velvets,	Rugs,	Towels,
Trows'rings,	Stays,	Laces,	Osnaburgs,
Tweeds,	Hosiery,	Linens,	Prt'd Cottons
Bonnets,	Muslins,	Gloves,	lings.
Hats,	Caps,	Socks,	Striped Shirt-
W Cottons,	Calicoes,	Flow