

**COPPER DISCOVERIES.**—Copper in great quantities has been discovered near Sherbrook, in the Eastern Township of Canada East. One party, who is for-  
tunate enough to own a few acres in which valuable  
amounts, has offered \$200,000 for the land,  
which before the discovery could have been purchas-  
ed at \$10 per acre. Gold, in small quantities, has  
also been found in the same neighborhood.

**Lady Franklin** is in London, after her travel round  
the world.

A statue of Wellington, by Marochetti, is to be  
erected at Stratfieldsaye.

English men of war have captured three slaves off  
the coast.

There is but one pack of hounds in California, and  
they are but rarely used.

A bill to organize a volunteer navy has been intro-  
duced into the Confederate Senate.

The population of California is about four hundred  
thousand, of which about fifty thousand are colored.

A single meal at one of the Richmond restaurants—  
a beef steak, one dozen oysters, and coffee, costs  
\$5. A partridge, \$1.50. The hotels charge from \$5  
to \$7 per day. Apples 25 cents each. On the 25th  
of fish sold for a dollar a pound in Chattanooga.  
A pair of boots at Tallahassee brought \$75.

The correspondent of the *Times*, who accompanied  
Stoneman's expedition, says—"The negroes joined  
the column in flocks, and begged to be taken away.  
Some of these poor people were so overjoyed that  
they went into hysterics; others knelt in the  
street and prayed, thanking Jesus for sending the  
Yankees. These people all tell the same story.  
Their masters had told them that if the Yankees  
came there, they would be sent to Cuba, branded,  
and many of them would be murdered in cold blood,  
but they did not believe it, however. The negroes every-  
where gave us valuable information, and acted as  
guides. Hearing of our approach at several points,  
they sat up all night and baked batches of bread,  
which they passed out to the soldiers, with water,  
and whatever else they had, with unstinted  
hands."

**AN AMERICAN SUBSTITUTE FOR TEA.**—An excellent  
substitute for tea grows in large quantities in Tigua  
county, Penn. It is said to resemble Chinese tea so  
much that merchants buy it to mix with the genuine.  
In Clinton county, Penn., the genuine article is  
claimed to grow in abundance, and the citizens there  
are about as jubilant at the prospect of becoming inde-  
pendent of the "pigtail." One gentleman, who owns  
a farm on which the herb is indigenous, says that his  
attention was first called to it by a native Chinese,  
who declared it to be the genuine China tea plant.  
The gentleman uses it on his table, and no one sus-  
pects it to be the imported article.

A. S. Beekwith, of Hartford, Ct., commenced life a  
poor boy, and died on the 22d ult., worth \$1,350,000.  
Having consulted with Gov. Buckingham, he had pre-  
pared all the preliminaries for making a donation of  
\$50,000 to the Connecticut soldiers, but was too weak  
to sign the papers. His heirs intend however to allow  
his wish to be carried out.

Thus far in our army it is stated that forty-four  
have died of disease to nine of wounds—nearly five to  
one. The miserable surgeons provided for our soldiers  
are more fatal than rebel bullets.

The *Toledo Blade* of Saturday says: "Sixty tons  
of catfish were taken from the lines in the river near  
this city yesterday. The catch of Thursday and  
Friday amounted to over one hundred tons."

Hay brings the enormous price of \$440 per ton in  
Virginia. This was the price fixed for a lot of 75  
bales by two appraisers, one appointed by the owner,  
and the other by the rebel government, and the fact  
is certified by a letter from the government agent,  
published in the Richmond papers.

A letter from Toronto, Canada, says that it is esti-  
mated that there are 30 tons of American silver in  
circulation, or rather hoarded up, in Toronto, London  
and Hamilton. Merchants take it only at 5 per cent.  
discount.

Twenty-six thousand three hundred and twelve  
emigrants have arrived at the port of New York since  
the beginning of the year, being 14,356 more than  
during the same period in 1862. The Commissioners  
of Emigration have a balance in bank of \$34,071.81.

The Cleveland (Ohio) *Wool grower and Manufac-  
turer*, states that the clip of wool in Ohio this season  
will be 30,000,000 lbs., bringing 50 to 60 cents per  
pound.

Seven thousand tons of copper, valued at \$4,200,  
000, were produced at the Lake Superior mines in  
1862.

In one county in Maryland there are over 700 acres  
of strawberry fields in cultivation.

Edward VII. will be the name, title and style of  
the Prince of Wales when he ascends the British  
throne.

## THE SEAT OF WAR.

We have no startling intelligence to report this  
week from the broad fields of gory strife. The  
Northern press acknowledges no defeat at Fredericks-  
burg, but simply a retreat. Some of the papers put  
the loss sustained by the Federals as high as 17,000  
and by the Confederates 25,000. The probability is  
that at least 40,000 brave men fell in that terrible  
conflict to rise not until the heavens shall be no more.  
But this fearful slaughter only serves to baffle the  
combatants, with redoubled energy to prosecute the  
war upon a scale of enlarged magnitude.

The death of Stonewall Jackson has occasioned  
bitter lamentation throughout the South. All the  
Northern papers speak of the departed hero in terms  
of profound respect.

General Banks is pushing on his victories in the  
State of Louisiana. Report says, he has issued very  
stringent orders and is making preparations for a  
draft in the State under the Conscription Act. One  
of his decrees requires that all registered enemies of  
the Government leave the department by the 15th of  
May, another declares death as the penalty of fur-  
nishing supplies to the enemy, another fines W. G.  
Betherlin fifteen thousand dollars for the benefit of  
the city of New Orleans and one year's hard labour in  
Fort Pickens for the benefit of the United States, for  
concealing contraband articles with intention of send-  
ing them to the rebels, and another forbids sheriffs  
executing an enrollment of the negroes ordered by the  
rebel government, and calls upon all negroes, bond or  
free, who desire to escape rebel conscription, to fol-  
low "the flag of the Government now and forever,  
the flag of Union and Liberty."

Extensive and destructive raids are reported on the  
part of Federal officers in Virginia, Mississippi and  
Arkansas, passing over vast regions of country and  
destroying immense stores of property.

From the *Chicago Tribune* of Wednesday.  
A very great feeling of dissatisfaction is exhibited  
all through the Northern States at the arrest of Mr.  
C. L. Vallandigham, a distinguished politician and  
democrat in the State of Ohio, for simply expressing,  
in a public speech to the citizens of his native place,  
his views on the present situation of affairs.

The Governor of New York has published a letter  
characterizing the arrest as an act which has brought  
dishonor upon the country, which is full of danger  
to our persons and our homes, and which bears  
upon its front conscious violation of law and justice."

The *New York Times* says:—  
"The return of the two years and nine months  
men during the next few weeks will reduce our army  
of the Potomac by a good many thousands; battles,  
marches and disease will reduce it by a good many  
more. And yet not a single man has been raised by  
the Government to fill up the gaps so that it is not  
impossible that we may find ourselves this Summer  
with a foundered army, with the army in the  
field reduced so low as to be unable to act on the  
offensive, and with no organized reserves ready to re-  
inforce it. The natural result of such a state of things  
as this, of course, a long period of inaction, during  
the very best weather of the year, with a fair pros-  
pect of the winter setting in just as we are once  
more ready for the field. We cannot help say  
that after the experience of last year this might not

to have occurred. It was bad enough to have entered  
upon war on a gigantic scale, without a single brigade  
of reserve—a spectacle which has, we believe, never  
been witnessed within this century in any country  
engaged in a serious contest with a powerful enemy.  
But it is still worse to find ourselves persisting in  
the same error after two years of frequently disas-  
trous war."

The loss of the Federal army in the recent cam-  
paign on the Rappahannock has been greatly under-  
estimated. It was first set down at ten thousand, but  
it was, most likely twice that number at least. A  
correspondent of the *New York Times*, writing from  
the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac on the  
8th inst., says:—

"The total loss of our army in the series of en-  
gagements which it has encountered during the last  
ten days is estimated by competent judges at about  
17,000. Dr. Letterman, Medical Director of the  
Army, estimates the total number of wounded at  
10,000. Add to this prisoners and wounded in rebel  
hands, some 7,000 more."

The loss of the Confederate army is not yet known  
with any certainty. A Federal authority states it to  
have been 25,000, which is no doubt a gross exag-  
geration. The severest loss it has sustained is the  
loss of General Stonewall Jackson. We were in  
hopes that this report was untrue, but unhappily it  
is confirmed by the following order of Gen. Lee:—

Headquarters, Northern Virginia, May 11, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 61.—With deep grief the  
Commanding General announces to the army the  
death of Lieut. Gen. T. J. Jackson, who expired on  
the 10th inst., at 8.15 P. M. The daring skill and  
energy of this great and good soldier, by the decree  
of an all-wise Providence, are now lost to us; but  
while we mourn his death, we feel that his spirit still  
lives, and will inspire the whole army with his  
indomitable courage and unshaken confidence in God  
as our hope and strength. Let his name be a watch-  
word for his corps, who have followed him to victory  
on so many fields. Let the officers and soldiers imi-  
tate his invincible determination to do everything  
in defence of our beloved country.

(Signed) R. E. LEE, General.

He has fallen in a noble cause, and his name will  
be forever embalmed in the memory of his sorrowing  
countrymen.

General Lee has also issued the following general  
order respecting the recent engagements:—

Headquarters Army Northern Virginia, May 7, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 59.—With heartfelt gratifica-  
tion the General commends expressions to the army  
his sense of the heroic conduct displayed by the offi-  
cers and men, during the arduous operations in which  
they have just been engaged.

Under trying vicissitudes of heat and storm, you  
attacked the enemy, strongly entrenched in the depths  
of a tangled wilderness, and again on the hills of Fre-  
dericksburg, fifteen miles distant, and by the valor  
that has triumphed on so many fields, forced him  
once more to seek safety beyond the Rappahannock.

While this glorious victory entitles you to the praise  
and gratitude of the nation, we are especially called  
upon to return our grateful thanks to the only Giver  
of victory, for the signal deliverance which He has  
wrought.

It is, therefore, earnestly recommended that the  
troops unite on Sunday next in ascribing to the Lord  
of Hosts the glory due His name.

Let us not forget in our rejoicing the brave soldiers  
who have fallen in defence of their country; and  
while we mourn their loss, let us resolve to emulate  
their noble example.

The army and the country alike lament the absence  
for a time of one to whose bravery, energy and skill  
they are so much indebted for success.

The following letter from the President of the Con-  
federate States is communicated to the army as an  
expression of his appreciation of its success:

"I have received your despatch, and reverently  
unite with you in giving praise to God for the suc-  
cess with which he has crowned our arms.

"In the name of the people I offer my cordial  
thanks to yourself and the troops under your com-  
mand for this addition to the unprecedented series of  
great victories which your army has achieved.

"The universal rejoicing produced by this happy  
result will be mingled with a general regret for the  
good, and the brave who are numbered among the  
killed and wounded."

R. E. LEE, General.

The Richmond *Whig* of the 12th, in referring to  
Jackson's death, says:—  
"Since the death of Washington, no similar event  
has so profoundly and sorrowfully impressed the  
people of Virginia as the death of Jackson. For all  
this love of him living, and all this grief for his  
death, there was reason enough. For in the great  
struggle which now engages all hearts and hands, he  
was himself a power equal to many regiments of  
armed men. He had thrown into it the energies of a  
mighty spirit, the resources of a great intellect.  
What others did or attempted from impulses of  
ambition, patriotism, or sense of duty, he did from  
compulsion, of conscience, and a reverential conviction  
of obligation to his Maker. He did it with all the  
strength of mind, soul, and body. So actuated, he  
thought not of consequences to himself, of danger to  
be encountered or glory to be won; and so acting,  
he left nothing undone that was possible of accom-  
plishment."

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 13th inst., pub-  
lishes the following account of the circumstances  
under which Stonewall Jackson was wounded:—  
"General Jackson having gone some distance in  
front of the line of skirmishers on Saturday evening,  
was returning about 8 o'clock, attended by his staff  
and part of his couriers. The cavalcade was in the  
darkness of the night mistaken for a body of the en-  
emy's cavalry, and fired upon by a regiment of his  
own corps. He was struck by three balls, one  
through the left arm, two inches below the shoulder  
joint, shattering the bone and severing the chief ar-  
tery; another ball passed through the same arm be-  
tween the elbow and wrist, making its exit through  
the palm of the hand; a third ball entered the palm  
of the right hand about its middle, passing through,  
and broke two bones. He was wounded on the  
plank road, about fifty yards in advance of the en-  
emy. He fell from his horse, and was caught by  
Captain Wormley, to whom he remarked, 'All my  
wounds are by my own men.' He had given orders  
to fire at anything coming up the road, before he left  
the lines. The enemy's skirmishes appeared ahead  
of him, and he turned to ride back. Just then some  
one cried out, 'cavalry charge!' and immediately  
the regiment fired."

An Act has passed the Confederate Congress, estab-  
lishing that the flag of the Confederate States shall  
be as follows: The field to be white; the length dou-  
ble the width, with the Union (now used as the bat-  
tle flag) to be a square, of two-thirds the width of  
the flag, leaving the ground (red) thereon, a broad  
bordered white, and emblazoned with mullets  
or five pointed stars, corresponding to the number of  
Confederate States. Approved May 1, 1863.

A Charleston correspondent of the *Columbian* (Ga.)  
*Times* says that "An inspection of Fort Sumter  
shows that while one ball went through the embras-  
sures and struck the opposite side of the fort, that  
the shot only penetrated one or two feet, and that no  
injury is done. Gen. G. W. Smith expressed the  
opinion to-day, after a thorough examination of the  
walls, that the iron-clad navy could not reduce the  
fort. His opinion is worth knowing."

(Wednesday's Dispatch.)

BANGOR, MAY 20.

Grant telegraphs from Raymond, 14th, that Mc-  
Pherson took this place on the 12th, after two hours  
fight. Federal loss 51 killed, and 180 wounded.  
Confederate loss much larger.

Gen. Hulbert telegraphs the capture of Jackson.  
Says from five to ten thousand mounted men are con-  
centrated near Oklaoma, ready to advance in direction  
of Memphis railroad.

A citizen reports that the Confederates abandoned  
Vicksburg on Sunday, marching on Ridge Northeast  
to Lexington, twenty miles Northwest of Jackson.  
Situation of matters at Murfreesboro unchanged.  
Extension of Confederate left to Williamsport not  
weakened by heavy infantry force in front of Louisi-  
ville. *Dispatch* says, with exception of eleven small  
regiments, Morgan is on South side Cumberland  
river. Union men think contrary. *Dispatch's* de-  
sign is to prevent Federal reinforcing Rosecrans.

An account of money received at the office of the "Chris-  
tian Visitor" for the week ending May 20, 1863.—If any  
mistake occur in the shape of omissions, name, or amount,  
please inform the office:—

Mr. Capt. Kay, \$2.—Israel Fellows, 2.—By Rev. D. Cran-  
dall, Caleb Brown, \$1. Rev. T. Thos. Blakely, 2.—Thos.  
Dixon, 1.—By Rev. T. Saunders: Israel Atherton, 50c.—  
By Barnes & Co.: G. H. Cripps, 1.—G. W. Hobbs, 50c.;  
J. Cameron, 50c.; Allen West, 50c.; W. W. Allen, 50c.;  
Ward, 1.; Enos Pool, 1.; J. W. Hart, 50c.—Remittance  
by W. C. Pipes.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Atrophy.—Disarding the effete  
theory adopted by the modern physician in the treatment  
of the gradual decay or wasting of the human body, Hol-  
loway's medicines seize on the direct cause of the disease—  
the blood. They purify and enrich it—they stimulate and  
invigorate the exhausted system, by giving life to each  
strength to the muscles, energy to the nerves, elasticity  
to the spirits, and the bloom of health to the pallid  
cheek. Sold by all Druggists at 50c., 60c., and \$1 per box.

Rev. I. E. Bill has removed to No. 80 Germain St.,  
2nd house North of Princess Street.

## MARRIAGES.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. Thos.  
H. Koonen, to Miss J. J. second daughter of the  
Rev. W. F. Hughes, all of this city.

On Thursday morning, 14th inst., at the residence of the  
bride's father, by the Rev. A. M. St. John, Mr. Thos. H.  
Koonen, to Miss J. J. second daughter of the  
Rev. W. F. Hughes, all of this city.

At Digby, N. S., on the 14th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Tay-  
lor, Mr. Thos. H. Koonen, to Miss J. J. second daughter of the  
Rev. W. F. Hughes, all of this city.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. J. C. Bleakney, Mr. Thos.  
F. Thos. H. Koonen, to Miss J. J. second daughter of the  
Rev. W. F. Hughes, all of this city.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. J. C. Bleakney, Mr. Thos.  
F. Thos. H. Koonen, to Miss J. J. second daughter of the  
Rev. W. F. Hughes, all of this city.

## DEATHS.

On the 15th inst., Wm. Colebrook, eldest son of George D.  
and Hulda J. Godeau, aged 16 years 8 months and 16 days.

On Monday, 18th inst., after two days illness, George,  
infant son of Mr. Wm. H. Smith, aged 6 months.

On the 14th inst., Emma Maria, youngest daughter of  
John and Eliza McIntyre, aged 1 year and 10 months.

On Saturday morning, of consumption, Louisa, aged 38  
years, wife of Mr. Samuel Mires, and daughter of Mr. Ebe-  
nezer Briggs, Chalmers, Q. C.

At Portland, Me., on the 15th inst., Margaret, wife of Frank  
Crawford, and fourth daughter of Gabriel Marchbank, of  
St. Martins.

On the 16th inst., Mr. John Burns, a native of Queens-  
bury, County Cork, aged 60 years.

At Carleton, on the 15th inst., of diphtheria, Mary Ellen,  
aged 8 years and 8 months, only daughter of Capt. George  
Price.

At Carleton, on the 13th inst., Jennett Clark, widow of  
the late Joseph Clark, in the 77th year of her age. Her  
dying language was—all is peace. Her funeral sermon  
will be preached, D. V. in the Baptist Church, on Sun-  
day, the 17th inst., by the Rev. J. C. Bleakney, who was  
a faithful member for years, on Sunday, the 31st,  
at 4 P. M.

At Spruce Cove, Carleton, on the 15th, Adella Abiah,  
eldest daughter of Frederic and Adelaide Clark, aged 3  
years and 7 months.

Let little children come to me,  
Once our good Saviour said,  
And he will give them life,  
And God will give them bread.

At Carleton, of consumption, on the 10th inst., William  
Sharp, aged 28 years, fourth son of the late Allen Sharp,  
of Amherst, N. S.

On the 13th inst., James Belyea, of Hampton Village, in  
the 75th year of his age, leaving a widow, eight children,  
and a large number of grand children and friends to mourn  
their loss.

## TWO TRIPS A WEEK.

### INTERNATIONAL STEAMSHIP CO.

The splendid seagoing steamers *Benbow*, *Benny*, *B. B.*  
Whitcomb, master, will leave for Boston, New York, and  
London, on the 15th inst., at 8 o'clock, until further notice.

From Boston to New York, \$4; to London, \$8; to Boston,  
\$5; to London by Sea and Railway, \$6.  
Freight and Fares payable in New Brunswick currency  
at St. John.

Casualties and State Rooms secured at the Company's  
Office, East end Warehouse, Reed's Point Wharf.  
may 20—wvpi

### FELLOWS & CO.,

of No. 90 Prince William Street, would respectfully  
inform the public that they have received the Business of  
Drapers and Dealers, at the old stand, 90 Prince William  
Street, and respectfully solicit their patronage.

The stock has been selected by Mr. James Fellows, in the  
markets of London, Glasgow, Paris, and other places, so  
that every variety of goods, and of the most reliable and  
very best quality, and having been bought from first hands,  
peculiar advantages may be expected by purchasers.

Being deeply impressed with the responsibility attached  
to preparing the goods, they have secured the services of  
the most experienced and reliable of the London, Edinburgh,  
and Dublin Colleges of Physicians will be used for that purpose.  
In addition to the above, they have secured the services of  
the most experienced and reliable of the London, Edinburgh,  
and Dublin Colleges of Physicians will be used for that purpose.

W. H. OLIVE & CO.,  
of No. 90 Prince William Street, would respectfully  
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**NEW GOODS.**—MAY, 1863.—Horsfall & Sheraton  
have received by steamers America and Europa, and  
from London and Liverpool, a large and valuable  
assortment of New and Fashionable GOODS, suitable for the  
season. They invite particular attention to the undermen-  
tioned—Dress Goods, in Silks, Barges, Chas. Filled, Black,  
and Coburg, Paisley, &c.; French Kid Gloves, good and  
cheap; Ribbons, Buttons, and Trimmings; Hosiery of all  
kinds; and Children's French Kid, Sash, Calf, Patent, Calf,  
Goat—French and English Lastings; and a great variety  
of other material. The above mentioned material is made  
up in the newest and most fashionable styles, and by ex-  
perienced workmen, and is offered at the lowest prices.  
Gents, Boys, Youths, and Children's Boots and Shoes  
of all styles and qualities, manufactured. 500 pairs La-  
ces and Misses' BOOTS to be sold at half the usual price,  
\$3 Boots now \$1.50, and \$2 now \$1, &c.  
The manufacturing department is under the personal  
superintendence of the Proprietors, who will exercise the greatest  
care in the workmanship of the above stock.  
The above will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.  
My customers and the public generally will please call and  
judge for themselves. Terms Cash. M. FRANCIS.

**Morton's Hotel, Union Street.**  
THE subscriber begs to inform his friends and the pub-  
lic generally that he has opened the House on Union  
Street, No. 88, lately occupied by E. S. Flagg, Esquire,  
where he hopes by unobtrusive attention to business, and  
kindly attention to customers, to meet the wishes of all  
who may favor him with their patronage. Terms moder-  
ate. Good Stabling, and a hostler in attendance.  
may 14—wv

**E. & N. A. RAILWAY.—RUNNING OF TRAINS.**  
1863.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—On and after Mon-  
day, 18th inst., trains will run as follows:—  
Leave St. John at 7 A. M. for Montreal, 8 30 P. M.;  
Leave Montreal at 5 30 A. M. for St. John, 11 30 P. M.;  
Leave St. John at 7 A. M. for 6 30 A. M.  
The 5 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 6 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 7 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 8 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 9 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 10 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 11 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.  
The 12 30 Train from St. John will go to Sussex only.

**NO. 8, KING STREET.**—We beg to inform the public  
that we have received a few pieces of Extra Wat-  
ertight Cloth, for making Gentlemen's Summer OVER-  
COATS. Call and see it, at the New Store, Barlow's Cor-  
ner, may 15—wv

**PALINGS.**—17,000 palings, landing to-day. For sale by  
M. T. BREWER, Britain-st., 3d Wharf  
East of Boston Steamboat landing.

**New Grist Mill.**  
THE subscriber hereby acquaints the public that he has  
acquired a new Grist Mill, at the "Big Spring," on the  
South Branch, Upper Sussex, four miles from Penobscot  
Station. Said Mill contains a first rate pair of French  
Burrs for Flax and Rice, and a pair of Sauter Stones.  
St. John, 14th inst., to clean the Grain. Also, a first rate  
Mill for hulling and pearling barley.

**TERMS.**—For manufacturing Wheat, Rice, and Buck-  
wheat—the twelfth. For Barley—the one-sixth, and the dust.

And as the subscriber has built good Mills on a never-  
failing stream, together with his twenty odd years experi-  
ence in the Grist Mill business, and with strict atten-  
tion, hopes to enjoy a fair share of public patronage.

**JAMES JOHNSON.**  
Spring Mills, Upper Sussex, P. C., May 14, 1863.—wvpi

**M. BRESS MAKING ESTABLISHMENT.**—Feathers,  
Flowers, &c.; Embroidery Stamping done. Also—Agency  
for Grover & Baker's Celebrated Sewing and Manufac-  
turing Machine. No. 47 GERMAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

**A CARD.**—The subscribers, thankful for the patron-  
age received since the dissolution of the late firm of  
Berriman & Olive, in November, beg to leave to their  
successors, who are still carrying on the HARDWARE BUSI-  
NESS