

THE DAILY HERALD.

CHARLES H. LUGGIN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FREDERICTON, N. B., JUNE 9, 1882.

The Liberal Candidate

FOR HOUSE OF COMMONS:

John Pickard.

LIBERAL HEADQUARTERS.

The Headquarters of the LIBERAL COMMITTEE is at **Mr. Myhrall's Office, next to the Queen Hotel.** The Room will be **open all day and every evening**, and friends of Mr. Pickard either from the town or country INVITED TO CALL.

THE LOCAL CONTEST.

A correspondent, writing from Keswick, says that we ought not to object to Mr. Wetmore promising to give the Government a liberal support, because this same Government has always liberally supported him and his friends. We can assure our friend that we do not object to Mr. Wetmore supporting the Government: our objection simply goes to the electors supporting Mr. Wetmore, so long as he takes the position he does in politics. The HERALD confesses to a most kindly feeling for Mr. Wetmore, but it cannot approve of his candidature, because, as we have already said, it represents ultra Toryism and clique government. His own personal record is no doubt very good, and he comes of a respectable family, one which has enjoyed government favor for many years. The people in the country look upon him as representing the principles of dyed-in-the-wool Toryism, and the circumstances under which he has taken the field corroborate this opinion. He has pledged himself to do all in his power to maintain the Tory clique which has managed to secure control of the local Government, and under whose baneful administration provincial affairs have been going steadily from bad to worse. He is pledged to sustain a leader who lays down, as the first plank in his platform, that it is right that the Province should be governed by Westmorland. If Mr. Hanington is returned it will be because of the French vote in Westmorland; so that if he is allowed to work his sweet will, and Mr. Wetmore promises, if elected, to help him, then New Brunswick will, so long as Mr. Hanington can hold the reins of power, be governed in accordance with the wishes of the French Tories of Westmorland. Sir John Macdonald threatens Ontario that he will control that Province by the French vote in Quebec; and our premier, with characteristic presumption, signals the beginning of his brief reign by a boast that by the votes of his French supporters in Westmorland he proposes to control New Brunswick. We are in favor of fair play to the French people. They never have had it, and they have been shamelessly insulted by this Government, which ignored their representative men for the sake of getting a possible rival out of Mr. Lindsay's way. But while we entertain these views, we object to any Government the premier of which asserts it to be the right of a couple of thousand of Frenchmen to have "a preponderating influence in the Executive." The people of York County will not disfranchise themselves by returning men who have pledged themselves to submit to this domination; and Messrs. Wetmore and Estabrooks have done so. As to Mr. Colter himself he has pursued a very extraordinary course. The people generally were disposed to let him hold the office of Chief Commissioner as long as the Government kept together, and he should have been content with that; but now that he has undertaken to say to the electors that they must accept Mr. Wetmore, he has raised a feeling of opposition which he will find it hard to overcome. Two candidates were in the field pledged to give the Government a liberal support, and three others who have as yet not declared themselves in opposition. Under these circumstances the question may well be asked, why does Mr. Colter single out Mr. Wetmore, and insist that the electors shall take him?

In 1878 Mr. Colter was elected because the people were opposed to the combination of which Mr. Wetmore is a representative. Are we to understand by this new alliance, which he has formed, that he too has come under the control of the clique. If so, then he should be defeated. Additional probability is given to this suggestion by the fact that these allies are canvassing for Mr. Fraser wherever they go. It has been stated that Mr. Col-

ter was made Chief Commissioner solely in order that he might use the influence of the office in aiding Mr. Fraser in his effort to supplant Mr. Pickard; and while we were unwilling to believe this, giving Mr. Colter credit for more manliness, he himself, by his open advocacy of Mr. Fraser's claim to the seat in Parliament, forces us to the conclusion that the statement is correct. To what extent the Ottawa Tories have pushed their interference in local affairs no one can tell. We see it cropping up anew every day. Mr. Wedderburn used to be a loud advocate of Provincial rights; but of a sudden he became dumb, and behold in a few days a new Judgeship was created for him. Mr. Fraser is ordered out of local politics and into the Dominion arena sorely against his will. The local elections are held back so as to aid the Tories in capturing New Brunswick; and the departments are distributed with the same object.

The people of New Brunswick must arise in their might and crush this hydra-headed Toryism. The country is not safe in which it has the semblance of life. Have the people struggled in vain in days gone by? Have the battles for responsible government been fought to no purpose? Are the local affairs of this Province, the control of which is given to the people of the Province by an Act of Parliament, to be administered in obedience to a Tory premier at Ottawa, who is maintained in his position by the votes of the Quebec blues? Let the people of York County answer, as they answered the questions put them by Wilnot and Fisher in days past, by a grand assertion of their right of self government, freedom from cliques and outside domination.

Our Catechism.

What Government pledged Canada to the construction of the Pacific Railway?

The Tory Government, which agreed to build the line in ten years in order to induce British Columbia to enter Confederation.

Did they make any effort to carry out this bargain?

Yes, they promised to give a contract to Sir Hugh Allen.

Did Sir Hugh pay them anything for this promise?

He gave the Tory leaders over \$3,000,000 to buy votes with.

What was the result of this?

The crime against public morality having been detected the criminals were hurled from power.

What was the policy of the Liberals in the construction of this Railway?

To build it as rapidly as the circumstances of the country would permit.

About what will it cost in money to build those portions of the Pacific Railway to be built by the Company?

About \$22,000,000.

How much cash does the Government give the Company?

\$23,000,000.

Does it give anything else?

Yes! About \$100,000,000 worth of land.

Does it give anything else?

Yes! A large number of miles of completed railway, which will cost about \$50,000,000.

Does it give anything else?

Yes! Exemption from taxation.

Anything else?

Yes! A monopoly of railway construction for twenty years.

Anything else?

Yes! Exemption from duties on imports used in the construction of the road.

Then the Government gave the Company more than enough money to build the road, besides a vast land grant and valuable franchises?

Yes; and they have also at the bidding of the Company endeavored to control the Legislatures of the Provinces.

Was any other offer made the Government?

Yes; a Canadian Syndicate offered to build the road for less money, less land, and without any special privileges, exemptions or monopolies.

Why did the Government refuse to accept the lower offer?

I do not know; those who know why they stood by Sir Hugh Allen must judge for themselves.

Who imposed a duty on breadstuffs?

The Tories.

Who pay it?

The people of the Maritime Provinces.

How much do they pay?

Over one thousand dollars a day.

What was the rate of increase of expenditure during the Mackenzie regime?

\$47,460 a year.

What has it been during the four years of Tory rule?

\$1,124,210 a year.

Did New Brunswick pay more or less money into the Dominion Treasury last year than she received?

\$650,000 more.

Where is the enormous sum spent?

In maintaining an extravagant set of officials and in paying for the development of the West.

Does New Brunswick receive any benefit from the West?

Not a dollar; but on the other hand is injured by it?

What is the policy of the Liberals as to breadstuffs?

That they should come in duty free.

What is their policy as to fuel?

That it should be duty free.

What in respect to the clothing used by the poor?

That it shall be made as cheap as possible.

What is their policy as to farming and lumbering?

That these shall be fostered and encouraged instead of being taxed to the utmost as they are by the Tories.

At His Old Game.

Sir Leonard Tilley went up to Queen's County the other day to tell the people that his namesake and the policy he advocates is what they are languishing for. We can imagine we hear the great N. P. (non-performance) knight talk to the electors of Chipman. His famous Keswick speech re-vamped would do admirably for the occasion. "Return Samuel Leonard Peters and the trains of the Central Railway will go thundering by your doors leaving a barrel of flour at this man's door and a barrel of meal at that." It was by such a string as this that the great Non-Performer beguiled the people of Keswick in 1865. But the people of Queen's know what his promises are worth, and they will show him on the twentieth that he has endeavored to play upon the credulity of the public once too often. Queen's is Liberal to the core and instead of endeavoring to convert it to Toryism Sir Leonard had better set himself to work to justify his having thus pictured his native province as a bankrupt and a pauper province.

GERRYMANDER.—Fearing our numerous readers may not understand the word "Gerrymander," which we now hear so often spoken, we give its definition from Webster's dictionary, the only dictionary, we believe, in which it is found:—"Gerrymander, to divide as a state into local districts for the choice of representatives, in a way which is *unnatural and unfair*, with a view to give a political party an advantage over its opponents." The italics are ours. Such has been done in Ontario. Read Mr. Tilley's speech at Restigouche the other day and see how near New Brunswick escaped in some of her Liberal localities.

If we ever had any doubts of Mr. Elder's election in St. John, they would be removed by the course which the *Sun* is pursuing towards him. A more astonishing and absurd series of attacks were never made upon any public man.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOUND. On the corner of Westmorland and Queen Streets, on Wednesday, a small GOLD LOCKET, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply at this Office. June 9.

CARPETS,

CARPETS!

ENGLISH

BRUSSELS

and

Tapestry

CARPETS

The largest and best Stock in the City to choose from,

ALL SELECT PATTERNS

VERY HANDSOME.

DEVER BROS

Fredericton, May 12

620 CHAIRS, PERFORATED SEATS.

NOW opening, this number of Chairs, all kinds, from Upper Canada. Great variety and cheap. At LEMONT'S, June 2

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

In a few days you will be called upon to elect a person to represent you in the House of Commons. This call has been or will be made one year before the allotted time for the present Parliament to expire. The reasons for it have been kept secret in the breasts of the Government. We will have to judge for ourselves the cause. We will have to deal with the facts just as we find them. I have been solicited again to come forward as a Candidate by a large number of the Electors of the County. Among them I find the rich and the poor. I accept the call of the men of York, and shall appear before you as a Candidate.

I have been honored by your electing me to represent you in Parliament for the last fourteen years, and have endeavored to discharge the duties devolving upon me as your representative in a way that I believed to be for the best interests of the Dominion, and especially of my own County and Province.

During the years I have served you I have been ready at all times to submit my votes in Parliament to the closest examination; but the Tory press of the County has never ventured to attack my votes, but has resorted to violent personal abuse. I know this abuse cannot injure me where the editors and proprietors of these papers are known.

True, in Sir John's time, I voted against the building of the Pacific Railroad from ocean to ocean, if it had to include Vancouver Island.

True I voted against the Mackenzie Government when it proposed to carry out the same scheme.

True I opposed the Sir Hugh Allan Pacific Scandal Scheme.

True I voted against the so-called National Policy, which takes the property of one man and gives it to another, giving no value in return, called Protection: Spoilation would be the proper term.

True I voted against the present Government giving a contract to a Syndicate to build the Pacific Railroad, or rather to finish a portion of said road, after the Government had expended over \$50,000,000 on the same, thus creating a gigantic monopoly, by giving to the Syndicate the whole carrying trade of the Northwest and affecting thereby the whole Eastern portion of the Dominion.

True I voted to have the contract opened to competition, offering the terms given to the Syndicate, minus the monopolies.

True I voted to have the whole scheme submitted to you, the people, before accepting the contract or ratifying the same.

True I voted against the Government giving away \$200,000 of the people's money to A. Onderdonk & Co.

True I voted to have the duties taken off flour, meal and coal.

True I voted to reduce the duties on cotton and woollen goods for the benefit of the working class.

True I voted to reduce the duties on iron.

True I voted against the last villainous act of the Government, by which they attempted to annihilate seven of the leading Liberals of Canada under the pretence of equalizing the population of the different electoral districts. A baser fraud, I venture to say, never was undertaken in a free Parliament—a deadly blow at Responsible Government.

I invite the fullest criticism of these votes.

The Tory press affirms that York does not get its share of public money, and gives as a reason that your representative opposes the Government. If this be true, is there a man so lost to all that is manly or honorable as to excuse a Government, be it Liberal or Tory, for such an act of injustice. I cannot believe that such a man can be found in York County.

The votes given above are a few of my reasons for not supporting the present Government, and I wish before closing to say if my reasons satisfy you as to my course in Parliament, I again ask your support.

Thanking you for past favors, if elected I will pursue the course I have heretofore—deal with measures presented to Parliament, and not with the men who compose the Government. The time before the election will be too short to see you all personally at your homes, but some of my friends will call, if possible, at places that I will not be able to visit.

Your obedient servant.

JOHN PICKARD.

Fredericton, May 22, 1882.

Just Received.

1 case Horn & Rubber Dressing Combs;

5 gross Tooth Brushes (English manufacture);

5 gross Davidson's Rubber Nipples;

5 gross Alcock's and Seabury & Johnson's Porous Plasters;

18 dozen Wade & Butcher's Razors;

3 gross Packer's Tar Soap;

1 barrel Peppermint Lozenges;

For sale low, Wholesale and Retail at

Geo. H. Davis'

Drug Store,

Cor. Queen and Regent Streets

FREDERICTON.

SEEDS. SEEDS.

CABBAGE, CUCUMBER, LETTUCE, CARROT, BEET, RADISH, SAGE, SWEET MARJORAM, PUMPKIN, SQUASH, TURNIP, ONION;

Of all varieties, put up by JARDINE & CO.

TIMOTHY, RED and ALSIKE CLOVER SEED.

SUPERPHOSPHATE.

18 Tons Cumberland, Bradley and Neely's Superphosphates at

G. T. WHEPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

May 10—Farmer 3 ins.

Salesman Wanted.

WANTED an Experienced Dry Goods Salesman.

JOHN J. WEDDALL

BABY SWINGS. BABY SWINGS.

Very nice at LEMONT'S Variety Store.

May 8

LADIES' & CHILDRENS' RUBBER GOSSAMERS, From 40 to 60 Inches, VERY LOW.

White Honeycomb Quilts, AT \$1.20.

DRESS GOODS—10 cents a Yard, Extra Value.

John J. Weddall,

(Successor to the late Thos. Logan.)

OPPOSITE NORMAL SCHOOL.

NEW BOOK STORE.

Our Motto—"Best Goods for the Least Money."

McMURRAY & FENETY.

SCHOOL

BOOKS

Very Cheap

MAPS

and

GLOVES

at

Lowest Rates

NOTE PAPER,

FOOLSCAP,

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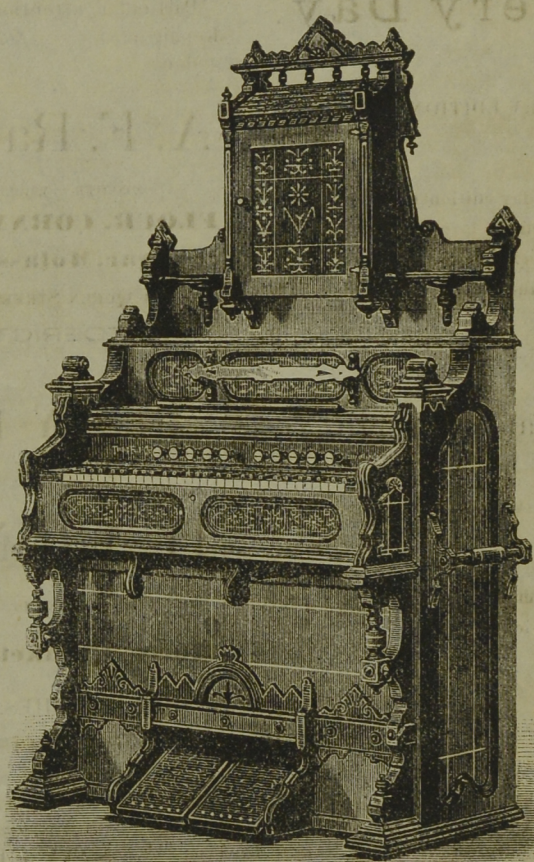
and

ENVELOPES

Wholesale

or

Retail.



ORGANS

For Sale or Hire on easy terms. Any one wishing an Organ would do well to call and see our Organs and Prices, Terms, etc., before purchasing.

We have sold a large number of the above patterns,

which have given the best of satisfaction,

as our testimonials will show.

McMURRAY & FENETY.

IRON. OAKUM.

BOILER PLATES.

RECEIVED AND IN STORE EX BARQUE "PARAMATTA" AND S. S. "HIBERNIAN" AND "CASPIAN"—37 7/8 Bars Rolled and Spike Iron; 580 Bundles Plating and Hoops, various sizes and gauges; 210 Bundles Navy and Hand-picked OAKUM; 318 Bundles Nos. 20, 22, 23, 24 and 26; 310 Sheets, Nos. 10, 12, 14, 16, and 18 SHEET IRON; 3 Cases GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.

I. & F. BURPEE & CO.

230 BOILER PLATES, Best B. B., B. B. B., and Lowmoor; Boiler Tubes and Rivets; 471 Bds. Sled Shoe Steel; 151 Steel Plow Plates; 47 Bds. Toe Calk Steel; 37 Bds. and 15 Bars Mounted Machine Steel, 15-16 to 3 inch.

TO ARRIVE PER "PHOENIX," FROM ANTIWERP: 15 Casks SHEET ZINC, Nos. 6 to 10.

Sled Shoe teel. Sheet Zinc. Sheet Iron.

VARNISH. VARNISH. Mixed Paints ready for Use.

Just received from the manufacturers: RUBBING Body Varnish; Gearing Varnish; R. Wearing Body Varnish; Black Walnut Stain.

For sale low Feb. Z. R. EVERET

Twenty different Colors, in all sized Tins, from one One Pound to One Gallon.

24 cases of the above just received from Boston and Montreal. For sale wholesale and retail by JAMES S. NEILL.

April 21