

QUEBEC RESOLUTIONS CARRIED.

In a Thin House the Vote
Stood 25 to 9.

ATTORNEY GENERAL AND
PREMIER

Closed the Debate With
Able Speeches.

Speaking to the Quebec resolutions in
the Legislature Wednesday evening,

Hon. Dr. Pugsley

said he thought it was better to discuss the resolutions on their merits rather than to drag in the question as to whether the present administration is spending more money than was spent by the government led by Hon. Mr. Blair.

The leader of the opposition had made practically the same speech that he delivered tonight during the several sessions that he had occupied a seat in the House, and he had been challenged on every occasion to refer to any large item of expenditure which he thought might have been avoided of which he had himself voted against. The people cannot have public works and the money remain in the treasury. They could not build roads and bridges without some expenditure and he defied him to point out a single item of expenditure that ought not to have been incurred. There is no doubt that the building of permanent bridges had increased the bonded indebtedness but the people had approved of that policy. The leader of the opposition had gone back to 1883. He is fond of ancient history. But since then we have built the splendid Departmental building, the Woodstock bridge, the Fredericton bridge and other magnificent structures all over the province to which we can point with pride and which will last for generations. It is a wise policy to build permanent bridges, for money will be saved by it in the end.

Since 1883 debts have been incurred by the subsidizing of railways but this has been done under an act passed prior to Mr. Blair coming into power and for which he is not responsible. He simply carried out the legislation of his predecessors, yet even if he had been responsible for this policy the people have approved of it. They demanded railway facilities and it was a wise policy to grant them. If the province possessed the means he would even go further in railway expenditures and build a line up the St. John Valley from St. John to Woodstock.

The leader of the opposition is not doing himself justice when he condemns these expenditures. It should be told for the credit of the government that they have always been able to meet the interest on their debts regularly, and to give more money for education, for roads and bridges for agriculture and for other necessary services than were ever given before, and that without imposing any direct taxation on the people. The leader of the opposition had complained that the administration of the criminal law for the five years ending in 1901 had cost \$12,148. That was an average of only \$2,429 a year. He would ask them whether this was an excessive amount to pay for the administration of criminal law in this province.

In the province of Nova Scotia the average cost for the same service was about \$6,000 a year or nearly three times as much as we are paying.

Complaint had been made because he, the attorney general, had not attended to all the criminal cases at the trials. If the leader of the opposition should ever become attorney general he will recognize the fact that he has large and important duties to perform beyond the trial of criminal cases. If he chose to go upon the circuit he could add ten thousand dollars a year to his income because he would get all the important cases, but the result would be that there would be

no one in St. John to attend to the business of attorney general. He now had to pay a private secretary \$2,000 a year, half of whose time was taken up in attending to the public business and if he had to depend on his own salary of \$2,100 a year as attorney general he would be in a very bad position.

He had heard with astonishment the statement that had been made by the leader of the opposition that the proposed readjustment was unfair to New Brunswick; instead of that being the case the larger provinces had dealt most generously with this province. The province of New Brunswick would receive under the new arrangement \$1.34 per head of population, while Ontario and Quebec would receive less than \$1.00. Surely in this case there has been no injustice to New Brunswick.

With regard to the amount for the support of the governments and legislatures this province would receive \$180,000 a year, while the provinces of Quebec and Ontario with five and six times our population would only receive \$240,000 a year. As the population increases the demands upon the revenue increase and the burthens imposed on the government are greater. The original arrangement which limited the subsidy of the larger provinces to the population of 1861 was not a just one. Neither was the arrangement which prevented the Maritime provinces from receiving any further subsidy after they had reached a population of 400,000. Some people thought it would be a long time before our population reached that figure, but he felt convinced that it would be reached and passed before very long. The province was prosperous and its young men were disposed to remain in it. The city of St. John, which had become the great winter port of Canada, is rapidly growing and in ten years its population will be at least one third greater than it is now. There were many who thought that in that time its population would be doubled. He could confidently appeal to the House to support the resolution and vote down the amendment.

Continuing Dr. Pugsley said he desired to call the attention of the leader of the opposition to what would be the result if his amendment was carried. It would kill the resolution, and the whole scheme of readjustment based upon it because it was necessary that every province should ratify the proposed arrangement. He believed that the arrangement was a fair one and that the smaller provinces had received generous treatment under it. As a matter of fact we are getting much more per head than the larger provinces. If we added together the subsidies of the three provinces, Ontario, Quebec and New Brunswick and divided the sum by their population the result would be an average of 95 cents per head. On that basis the amount of subsidy New Brunswick would be entitled to would \$314,564, but under the proposed arrangement we will get \$444,896 or \$130,332 more than the average, which is received by Ontario and Quebec.

If the resolution was voted down it would be a great comfort to the enemies of New Brunswick who were opposed to the readjustment. He thought that in a case like this the leader of the opposition and his followers should sink their partisan feelings and deal with the question on the broad principle of what would be best for this province.

Mr. Loggie

was opposed to the resolution on the ground that the present basis of subsidies being paid is more favorable to New Brunswick than the new arrangement would be. It seemed to him that it would be better for the province to borrow money and pay interest if the government is in a position that it must have more revenue to meet the increasing expenditures.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie

said the member for Northumberland had apparently failed to grasp the meaning of the resolution. His desire evidently being to go on record as an avowed opponent of the government. This is a question in the best interests of the province and as such should have the hearty support of the opposition. For expenses

of government and legislature New Brunswick is getting a larger proportion than the other provinces. We cannot expect that the several provinces of the Dominion would consent to having the British North America Act altered by providing a different per capita tax for New Brunswick alone. It is absurd to think that such a proposition would be seriously considered. After the resolutions had been adopted at Quebec the opposition press contended that the provinces should not receive an increased allowance, that they should be taught economy, and the members on the opposition side of the House are now echoing these sentiments. The government is not extravagant. No province in the Dominion does more to assist its people and develop its resources than New Brunswick. In Nova Scotia the burden of caring for the insane is thrown upon the municipalities. It was therefore not fair for the opposition to charge that the resolution had been agreed to by the New Brunswick government because of increasing debt and extravagant administration. If we are increasing the debt we are doing no more than any of the cities or towns. The public services and the demands of the people for various improvements must be attended to. He defied the opposition to point to an item of expenditure that they had ever opposed. It is a very well to say that the expenditures are increasing but year after year they have not dared to oppose any item.

The New Brunswick delegates at Ottawa had done the best they could and the proposition now before the House commends itself to the sensible business men of the legislature. New Brunswick is to receive \$130,000 per year additional; besides if our claim in reference to the administration of criminal law is admitted the province and municipalities will be the gainers by the sum of \$60,000 more. The government deserves credit for being the first to call attention to the readjustment of the subsidies. The arrangement is in the interests of the whole people of the province, and he regretted that the leader of the opposition had seen fit to announce that he would oppose the resolution. In this attitude he would not have the support of the electors, for it was the consensus of opinion that the time had arrived when there should be a readjustment of the subsidies. It was the duty of government and opposition supporters to stand up for the interests of the province.

Mr. Hazen's amendment was then put and lost on the following division.

Yeas—Hazen, Flemming, Smith, Grimmer, Clarke, Morrissey, Loggie, Hart, Morrison—9.

Nays—Hon. Messrs. Tweedie, Pugsley, Dunn, LaBillois, Farris, McKeown, Sweeney, Hill and Messrs. Whitehead, Copp, Scovil, Osman, Jones, Carpenter, Campbell, Goggin, Barnes, King, Ryan, Tweeddale, Purdy, Robertson, Johnson, Lantam, Poirier—25.

The resolution was agreed to on the same vote reversed.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Tweedie a committee of three was appointed to prepare an address as required by the terms of the resolution, and the speaker named as such committee Hon. Mr. Tweedie, Hon. Mr. Sweeney and Mr. Jones.

A WARNING TO MOTHERS.

Ask any doctor and he will tell you that the "soothing" medicines contain opiates and narcotics dangerous to the health of infants and children. Every mother should know these so-called medicines as she would deadly poison. Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine specially prepared for children sold under an absolute guarantee to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Every dose helps little ones and cannot possibly do harm.

No other medicine has been so warmly praised by mothers everywhere. Mrs. J. R. Standen, Weyburn, N. W. T., says: "Baby's Own Tablets are valuable in cases of diarrhoea, constipation, hives, or when teething. I have never used a medicine that gives such good satisfaction."

These Tablets will promptly relieve and cure all minor ailments of children, and may be safely given to a new born baby. Try them for your children and we know you will use no other medicine. Sold by druggists at 25 cents a box or sent by mail on receipt of price by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

They are never alone that are accompanied by noble thoughts.

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

A Goderich, Ont., Lady Afflicted with Nervousness, Heart and Lung Trouble, was Told by Seven Doctors that She Would Never Get Better.

Paine's Celery Compound

Which Was Providentially Brought to the Sufferer's Notice, Cures Her.

Paine's Celery Compound has acquired its famous reputation by its wonderful and decisive victories over disease and suffering. The wonderful medicine gives energy and vigor when there is physical exhaustion. It makes the blood pure and rich, strengthens the nervous system, establishes a perfect action of the heart, gives natural sleep and builds up the wasted body. Mrs. Wm. Webster, of Goderich, Ont., who was in a critical condition of health and pronounced incurable by seven physicians, was providentially saved by Paine's Celery Compound; she writes as follows:

"I was a victim of heart and lung trouble for several years, and was attended by seven different doctors, all of whom said I would never get better. I was assured that my heart and left lung were badly affected, and I kept getting worse every day under medical treatment, had lost forty pounds in weight, and was greatly discouraged. I was also afflicted with nervousness and sleeplessness. One day I noticed a testimonial in the newspapers from a friend of mine relative to Paine's Celery Compound, and I determined to try it. I bought one bottle and used it, but found no benefit. After using the second bottle however there was a decided improvement, and I continued with the compound until I had used eight bottles, with the result that today I am as well and healthy as I ever was in my life, and weigh more."

There is no killing the suspicion that deceit has once begotten.

An Intelligent Child Can Tell You Which to Use.

One solidly filled package of Malt Breakfast Food contains twenty-four ounces of concentrated nourishment, and costing 15 cents, will make a steaming, hot morning dish for twenty-five people. Cost per meal, three-fifths of a cent. Results, new energy, vigorous digestion and good health.

The ordinary cereal foods, some looking like sawdust and tiny wood chips, are put up in bulky packages; the actual weight of food is from twelve to fourteen ounces, a quantity that will furnish but twelve meals. Costs per meal about one and one-quarter cents. Owing to cheapness of manufacture and character of stock used, these foods have not the nourishing virtues found in Malt Breakfast Food; they are cold, flat foods, and cannot aid digestion. Ask your Grocer for Malt Breakfast Food, the only health food in the world.

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As likely to think of chairs as of children when we use that word rickety.

Children with loose joints, bow-legs, and soft bones have rickets. It is a disease due to improper feeding—and a typical disease for the workings of Scott's Emulsion.

For the weak growth of the bones Scott's Emulsion supplies those powerful tonics, the hypophosphites.

For the loss of flesh Scott's Emulsion provides the nourishing cod-liver oil in an easily digestible form.

It is these things that account for the rapidity with which Scott's Emulsion cures rickets.

Rickety children improve in every way under its influence.

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The visit of the Trans Canada Railway delegates to North Scotia has aroused an especial interest among our people in the immense area of land lying to the north and west of Quebec City. It is claimed that this region will produce a quality of wheat similar to the kind from which Ogilvie's flour is made and, if opened up by a railway, will shortly produce enough flour to more than supply the English market. What a boon it will be to the Mother Country to be able to get as much as the people require of such flour as Ogilvie's.

Then the poor man will be in a similar position to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales who insists that Ogilvie's Flour shall be supplied to the Royal Household.

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Thousands of testimonials conclusively prove that Asthma can be permanently cured by inhaling Catarrhazone, a vegetable antiseptic that destroys at once the germs causing the diseases. Catarrhazone gives immediate relief to the distressing cough and suffocating sensations, makes breathing easy and regular and insures undisturbed sleep. Catarrhazone cures Asthma that doctors are unable to relieve and can cure you. The Catarrhazone inhaler is made of hard rubber, fits into the vest pocket, can be used at work, in church, in the street, in bed—any place—at any time. Two months' treatment (guaranteed), price \$1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Try Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills.

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Pimples, Blotches and Skin Eruptions.

How unsightly, sometimes even disgusting, and certainly very mortifying to the sufferer. They are merely an evidence of impure, poisoned blood, and lowered vitality of the elementary organs, which can be quickly changed by taking Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone cleanses the blood of all poisons and eruptions, makes it rich in red corpuscles that manifest themselves in a healthy ruddy complexion. To have a pure, soft skin and good complexion simply use Ferrozone regularly. Price 25c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, at Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

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The testimony of a good conscience is the glory of a good man.

Compassion will cure more sins than condemnation.

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