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THE FARMERS AND THE TARIFF.

Reply to Manufacturers' Plea for Greater Protection.

WHY THE WEST IS SO PROSPEROUS.

An Ontario farmer writing to the Toronto Globe, says:

"I see that the manufacturers have had a meeting lately, and the President of their association, Mr. George Drummond, laid down the platform of the Manufacturers' Association. It is the platform upon which Canadian manufacturers will face the people when presenting their views in the coming Dominion elections. I understand that a number of them took a trip out west and looked over the fertile plains of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. They said to themselves: This is a great country. It has immense possibilities and the population is increasing by thousands. They surveyed the situation of the people in the west and saw that a great deal of the manufactured products they use come from other countries, especially from the country to the south—the United States. They went through to the east, and on their return journey they had lots of time to discuss the question from their standpoint, forgetting that there is another side to this question.

They think it is not right that the manufactured products of other countries should be allowed to come in. We want this trade to ourselves, they said, and when we get back, as an association, we will ask the Dominion Government to give us adequate protection or, as laid down in their platform, "a general tariff, framed especially to meet Canadian conditions, based in principle upon and approximating to that now in force in the United States, a tariff that shall protect Canadian industries and pursue as efficiently as the tariff of the United States protects the industries of that country." They say to themselves: This is just what we want, and if we can get it, we will so enable to live in luxury on profits extorted from the hard-working farmers of the west. When we get back home we will start a big agitation for the immediate revision of the Canadian customs tariff and the next trip we take will be to Ottawa, to ask the Dominion Government to accede to our wishes.

Now, we will look into the question from a natural standpoint. In 1896 the people of this Dominion asked Sir Wilfrid Laurier to look after the business affairs of this country. He realized the great responsibilities of the position the people had placed him in. He surrounded himself with able colleagues. Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues took a trip out west; they, too, looked over the fertile plains of Manitoba and the great Northwest Territories. They said: This is a wonderful country. There are homes for millions of people here. They ask themselves what were the reasons the people were not coming into the country faster. We must look into this matter, they said: there must be some cause for it, and find out what is wrong and rectify it if we can. They went through to the coast. The people everywhere told them the cost of living was high. They also realized that the trials and tribulations of the pioneers in any new country were no excuse. On their return trip they had time for deliberation. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said to his colleagues, we must rectify these wrongs. What the people want is a tariff for revenue only consistent with the requirements of the country. They went to work like business men and readjusted the tariff.

Look at the results they have achieved in the short space of seven years. The trade of the country has gone up by leaps and bounds and is still going higher and higher. Immigration is pouring into the west by the thousands, and still coming. The manufacturers of the Dominion have enjoyed seven years of the greatest prosperity they ever had, yet a great many of them are not satisfied. Their greed knows no bounds. The agriculturists also have enjoyed their share of the seven years of prosperity. They are satisfied, contented and happy.

In conclusion I would just like to say one word to Mr. Drummond, President of the Manufacturers' Association. If Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues ever wish to see themselves sitting in the cold shades of opposition again at Ottawa they can get there very soon by adopting the policy you have laid down. But I have so much confidence in the administrative ability of Sir Wilfrid Laurier that I believe he will never make such a mistake. I think I voice the sentiments of a large majority of the farmers of this Dominion when I say that their fervent wish is that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will long be spared to rule the destinies of this country, that health and strength will be given him to be the Premier of this Dominion for the next twenty years to come.

Magundy.

(Special correspondence to the Herald.)

Nov. 25.—Cook Parker with a crew of men left for the woods on Monday.

Miss Sadie Lockard has returned from Marysville where she spent the summer. Mrs. Emily Henry and little daughter Ruth left for Portland this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Thompson spent Sunday at Mr. Gilbert Graham's. Thomas McCutcheon is at home for a few days.

Mrs. Geo. Love took advantage of the fine weather last Sunday and called on some of her friends.

Mr. and Mrs. William Henry spent last Sunday with friends at Magaguadavic.

Louis Henry has been engaged to cook for Parker's camp.

Miss Rose Webster, visited Miss Bertha McGivney last Friday.

Rev. Wm. Ross delivered a fine address in the hall here last Saturday evening.

Mrs. Nat Scott is not improving as fast as her friends would wish.

Mrs. Sam Scott of Pokiok, spent last Sunday with Mrs. Nat Scott.

George King, returned from Newmarket last Thursday. He has been employed at masonry there for several weeks.

Miss Katie Hatch called on friends here on Saturday and Sunday. Miss Hatch always receives a hearty welcome from her numerous friends.

Mrs. Thos. McLean and Miss Minnie Pickard of Lake George were entertained by Mrs. Selby Embleton on Monday.

Miss Minnie Henry spent part of last week at Mrs. Wm. Henry's.

Mr. Gilbert Graham is carrying on lumbering operations this winter near Farm Point. When the cook, Henry Douley, is mentioned there is no trouble in getting men.

Fish stories are numerous, but this is a deer story and authentic. A few weeks ago while Arden Lawton was ploughing on the little John Brown farm, a rifle bullet hit the rein, cut it asunder and landed the youth at the point of the plough. Wm. Parker, who was working near by, heard the report, saw the effect, and instantly shifted the horse to the thrills, put the plough in the wagon, hastened home and has not been back since.

AN EFFICIENT TREATMENT FOR CATARRH.

Will first destroy the germs that excite the disease. Then there are numberless sore spots in the mucous membrane to be healed. Every requirement of a perfect cure for catarrh is found in fragrant healing Catarrhzone which not only instantly kills the germs but restores the diseased membranes to a normal condition and prevents the relapse which is sure to follow the use of ordinary remedies. Catarrhzone is a scientific cure for catarrh that relieves quicker, is more pleasant, most certain to cure than any other known remedy. Failure is impossible, lasting cure is guaranteed. Use only Catarrhzone. Two months treatment \$1.00; trial 25c. Get it today.

Honeymoon on Charity.

Louisville, Nov. 26.—With their entire wardrobes on their backs and not a cent of money in their pockets, Samuel Justice and his bride Elizabeth, left this city yesterday for St. Louis to continue their wedding trip. The two were married in Edward, N. C., several weeks ago, but the prospects of a honeymoon anywhere except among their native hills looked bad.

Then the bride had an idea that the charity organizations in the various large cities might provide one. The first on:

they applied to was in Charleston, S. C., and they were sent to Atlanta within a week. The next stopping place was Savannah. From there they went to nearly every Southern State, always being well received.

They reached here Saturday and repeated their tale. Mayor Grainger gave them passes to St. Louis and wired the charity organization in that city that they were coming. This morning he received a telegram saying that the couple had already been in St. Louis and had worked the society for transportation to Kansas City. The two were nicely dressed and appeared refined and educated.

A MERCHANT'S GENEROSITY.

Mr. D. J. Hennessey, Former Frederictonian, at it Again.

St. Stephen's Courier: Butte, Montana, is in the midst of great depression and severe want is anticipated during the coming winter, on account of litigation which has closed the mines in that locality.

D. J. Hennessey, a native of Fredericton, who is one of the merchant princes of that state, has published an address to those who have been his customers. He says:

We have previously stated that none of our customers should suffer for the lack of food; now we have decided to do better and will furnish our customers with shoes, underwear and articles of clothing as may be necessary to themselves and children during the cold weather.

We are not directly connected with any coal company, but we will see that our customers are supplied with that commodity, as it shall become necessary.

These statements apply not only to Butte, but to our stores at Anaconda and Centerville.

All of which makes us heave a sigh of regret that Mr. Hennessey's establishment or at least his coal yard, was not a little nearer to Schoodic, or the walking between here and there a bit better.

KIPLING'S HOME SOLD.

"Naulahka," at Brattleboro, Vt., Bought by Miss Mary R. Cabot.

Brattleboro, Vt., Nov. 26.—After many years of waiting and a tremendous shrinkage in value from the original \$15,000, "Naulahka," the former home of Rudyard Kipling, has been sold to Miss Mary R. Cabot, a representative of one of the old Brattleboro families, and the last lingering hope of many Brattleboro people that the famous novelist and his family might return here is gone.

It was a dozen or so years ago that Mr. and Mrs. Kipling came to Brattleboro to make their home. The grandmother of Mrs. Kipling, Mrs. Balesier, had a fine old farm home which the family had occupied for many years. Mr. Kipling fell in love with the country and determined to build a country place. The location selected was near the Belcher farm, several miles from a railroad station. It has been frequently stated that the cost was in the vicinity of \$25,000. The name "Naulahka" was that of a novel written jointly by Mr. Kipling and Walcott Balesier, one of the brothers of his wife.

In "Naulahka" a number of Kipling's very successful novels were written, and among them Captains Courageous, the suggestion for which came from the late Dr. James Conland the family physician here in Brattleboro who in his early youth had been a sailor.

It is said that the reason Mr. Kipling left "Naulahka" was because he had a quarrel with Beatty S. Balesier his wife's youngest brother.

Several children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Kipling at "Naulahka."

TO BREAK UP A COLD

Right quickly nothing works so nicely as Nerviline taken real hot. It sends a glowing warmth all through the body, and when rubbed on the throat and chest loosens up the cough and relieves tightness and soreness in the chest. Nerviline is used as a preventive and cure for colds, coughs and winter ills in thousands of homes because it goes right to work and brings relief quickly. There is no remedy in the world with half the power and merit of Nerviline; it's invaluable in every house. In large bottles, price 25c.

In washing woollens and flannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.

New Course Proposed at University of Toronto.

TO BE OBLIGATORY UPON EVERY UNDERGRADUATE—SOME OF THE ADVANTAGES.

The University of Toronto has under contemplation the creation of a new course, that of physical training. The matter was brought up eight or ten years ago by Prof. Alfred Baker and was heartily approved by the medical men and many other members of the senate, but was allowed to drop because at that time the government had not the interest in the institution it now has, there were no funds, and there was not even the gymnasium in which to make a beginning. The great increase in the number of students and the development of the university along different lines during the past few years has again called the attention of the senate to the necessity of placing Toronto on a par with the most advanced institution in this respect also. A committee has been appointed to consider the subject and draw up a plan for action.

It is felt that a course in physical training should be obligatory on all undergraduates. A medical man with experience in physical training should be at the head of the department, with a staff of competent assistants. Every undergraduate on entering should submit to a thorough physical examination for the purpose of determining the strength of heart, lungs, etc., and to a system of anthropometric measurement preserved on cards. He should be told plainly in what organ or part he may be deficient and what exercise he may take and what avoid. The result would be that every one would be put on the right course in that respect and reap the advantages of the most suitable exercise properly taken. The effect would be felt all through the educational system of the Province.

Many of the university graduates become high school masters, and these in turn train up the public school masters, and all would combine to produce in the pupils that combination of sound mind and sound body which is the educational ideal.

Some of those who opposed the scheme in other years thought that students would get sufficient exercise in sports. Aside from the fact that many students indulge in sports for which they are physically unfitted, the committee consider that sports are an amusement or recreation which stand to a department of physical culture in much the same position as a debating society to the ordinary class work. The expense, it is believed, would not be heavy, considering the advantages to be derived, though it is probable that the fee of \$4.50 imposed for the use of the gymnasium would be abolished if a course of training were made obligatory on students. Chicago University already has such a department.

IF YOU ARE LOSING WEIGHT

Your system is out of order and Ferrozone is needed to start a re-building process. Ferrozone makes new tissues, forms wholesome blood, strengthens the nerves and keeps your physical condition up to the proper standard. "I lost fifteen pounds through La Grippe" writes Cyril Lash of Hartford, "but soon regained my former weight and improved my health by using Ferrozone. It's the best re-builder and finest tonic I ever used." Use Ferrozone—it assures health. Price 50c. at druggists.

POULTRY FOR ENGLAND.

Great Market for Canadian Products in that Country.

The department of agriculture, Ottawa, has received the following communications from British dealers who desire to purchase Canadian poultry. One of the dealers is at present in Canada negotiating for the shipment of poultry. He writes the department as follows: "I am in Canada soliciting consignments of poultry to England. My name has been before your department for several years

as a large importer of poultry. You have sent me consignments of chickens. I should be glad if you would name the Canadian poultry shippers and mention my name if possible, so that they may commence to ship early in December. Yours truly (Signed) James Blackburn."

For four years the department of agriculture has exported chickens fatted at the illustration stations to Mr. Blackburn. His address is Wholesale Fish Market, Manchester, England. The dealings have been perfectly satisfactory, and the prices obtained for the chickens have been profitable. Mr. Blackburn stated that he would like to handle 3,000 cases of chickens per week. The department has also received a letter from Mr. William Rothwell, Manchester. Mr. Rothwell says: "There seems to be a very good prospect for all kinds of poultry this Christmas. If you can give or have any consignments sent me, you can rest assured of the utmost value being obtained. Cash and sales sent immediately goods are disposed of. The probable prices are as follows: Large cock turkeys, plucked, 14 to 18 pounds, 9d to 10d per pound; plucked turkeys, 12 to 13 pounds, 8d to 9d per pound; plucked turkeys, 9 to 11 pounds, 7d to 8d per pound; plucked chickens, 81 per pound; plucked ducks, 7d per pound; turkeys in feather, 6d to 7d per pound. I trust that I may have consignments from Canada."

Mr. Hare, chief of the Dominion Poultry Division stated that these approximate prices should offer substantial inducements to Canadian exporting firms to ship poultry to Great Britain. The poultry should be forwarded in a steamship equipped with cold-storage. Even on small consignments the freight charges will not be over one cent per pound.

I spent Over \$2,000 Doctoring.

Mr. Joseph Pominville, of Stillwater, Minn., after having spent over \$2,000 with the best doctors for stomach trouble, without relief, was advised to try a box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. He did so, and is a well man today. For sale by all druggists.

Appointed to China.

Montreal, Nov. 25.—Through Dr. Harrington, professor of chemistry at McGill University, Mr. O. E. Leroy, M. C. S., of the field staff of the Geological Survey, Ottawa, has accepted a position as field geologist in connection with the Imperial Chinese Railway and Mine Administration. Mr. Leroy is a graduate of McGill.

Between the ages of fifteen and forty five, the time when womanhood begins and motherhood ends, it is estimated that the aggregate term of woman's suffering is ten years. Ten years out of thirty! One third of the best part of a woman's life sacrificed! Think of the enormous loss of time! But time is not all that is lost. Those years of suffering steal the bloom from the cheeks, the brightness from the eyes, the fairness from the form. They write their record in many a crease and wrinkle. What a boon then to woman, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It promotes perfect regularity, dries up debilitating drains, heals ulceration, cures female weakness, and establishes the delicate womanly organs in vigorous and permanent health. No other medicine can do for woman what is done by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Couple of Useful Recipes.

To Corn Beef.—3 gallons water, 4½ pounds coarse salt, ½ pound brown sugar, 1 ounce salt petre, ½ an ounce of baking soda, 1 pint of molasses. Boil the mixture and skim well. When cold pour on the meat. You can double the above receipt according to quantity of meat.

To Corn Pork.—6 pounds salt, 4 gallons water, ½ pint molasses, 1 oz. salt petre. Let it stand until dissolved and skim it thoroughly, make it cold. For corning a pig, I generally make it three times of the whole quantity.

Some people seem to treasure up things that are disagreeable on purpose.

Real power and real excellence does not seek for full in imperfection.

CALOMEL RUINS THE SYSTEM

And should only be used under a doctor's orders. For a mild physic take Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butter-nut. No grip, no pain, certain relief for headache, constipation and torpid liver. Use only Dr. Hamilton's Pills, price 25c.