

# The Daily Herald.

VOL. VIII.

FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1903.

NO. 18

## COUNTY COUNCIL

### Proceedings of the Regular January Session.

### DOUGLAS COUNCILLORS DIFFER OVER AN APPOINTMENT.

### Board of Health Report Unanimously Adopted

### AND THE ACCOUNTS PASSED EN BLOC AFTER SOME DISCUSSION.

#### WEDNESDAY MORNING

The council met at ten o'clock with Warden Grosvenor in the chair, and all the councillors present.

Among the spectators in attendance were noticed: Jas. K. Pinder, ex-Coun. Patrick Lockhart, George J. Colter, Joseph Hawkins, J. F. VanBuskirk, Dr. B. M. Mullin, A. R. Slipp, W. P. Taylor, Reed Blair, Dr. J. W. MacNeill.

Addressing the councillors, the warden expressed the hope that they would expedite the business as far as possible, by being punctual and do nothing to keep the council in session one hour longer than was absolutely necessary.

Coun. McMullen thought that the auctioneers who did business in various parts of the county should contribute something to the county funds. He wanted information on the subject.

The secretary-treasurer explained that auctioneers were appointed by the government, but had to pay a license fee to the county. The report showed that last year Joseph Hawkes and William G. Hatch were the only ones who had taken out and paid for licenses.

Coun. McManiman said the government had appointed two auctioneers for the parish of Stanley but neither so far as he knew had ever paid for a license. He wanted to know if the councillors could not appoint auctioneers with the rest of the parish officers.

The secretary-treasurer explained that all appointments were made by the government and he was obliged to issue a license to all such appointees.

On motion of the respective councillors the list of parish officers for Manners-Sutton, Southampton and Damfries were confirmed.

Coun. McMullen moved that a committee of three councillors with the secretary treasurer be appointed to interview the government with reference to the Highway Act, for the purpose of having such amendments made to the act as will make it more suitable to the requirements of the county.

Coun. Fraser seconded the resolution. Coun. McManiman expressed himself as being strongly in favor of the resolution.

On the question being put, the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The warden named as the committee Couns. McMullen, Rowley and McManiman.

Coun. McMullen asked to be excused from serving on the committee as he lived so far from the city, and Coun. Murray was named in his place.

Coun. McKeen said he hoped the council would excuse him while he made a few remarks about the support of the poor. He then referred to poor farms conducted on the other side of the line, and contrasted the condition of the poor there with that of the poor in York county. Under our system, he said, the poor people of the county generally fall into the hands of people about as poor as themselves. He was pleased to be associated with the intelligence and respectability of York county as exemplified by the council and he thought in the name of humanity they should establish a poor farm. Who were Couns. Scott and McMullen? Why they are the most philanthropic and honorable members of the board and he was pleased to meet them, but they are opposed to a poor farm because they have no poor in their parishes. He had spent thirty years in Aroostook

County on the American side, and although he was behind time as he should have spoken yesterday, he thought in the name of humanity York County should have a poor farm. He would frame a resolution on the subject, if it met with the approbation of the warden, and would submit it to the council later on.

Coun. McMullen after thanking Coun. McKeen for the compliment paid him, said he had been misinformed in regard to Prince William, as they did have poor people there.

Coun. McFarlane, in submitting the list of parish officers for Douglas, said that he had been unable to agree with his colleague in regard to some appointments, and had been obliged to ask another councillor to second his motion.

Coun. Estey said that he regretted that it was necessary for him to move to have the list of parish officers for Douglas amended. It had been agreed between them that he (Estey) should make the appointments in the upper end of the parish, but his colleague had not stood by the agreement and was endeavoring to have Highway Commissioner Joseph Hawkins removed from office. He claimed that Mr. Hawkins had given good service and was entitled to re-appointment. He presented a petition from 71 ratepayers of the district asking for his appointment and he was bound to accede to the request of the petitioners.

Coun. McFarlane said that he regretted very much that a difference of opinion had arisen between himself and his colleague over an appointment. He resided in the district where Mr. Hawkins had been acting as highway commissioner for the past six years, and was in a position to say that his work had not given satisfaction. Several ratepayers had made complaints to him (McFarlane) and on making an investigation he had found that there was some foundation for the complaints. He had been strongly urged to have Mr. Hawkins removed, and another man appointed in his place and that was what he was endeavoring to have done. In reference to the petition for Mr. Hawkins' appointment he wished to point out, that of the 71 names, two were down twice and 13 were not to be found on the voters' lists. A great effort had been put forth to get up the petition, and he claimed that less than half of the voters of the district had signed it. He claimed that he was representing the views of a majority of the ratepayers of the district.

The warden said that the matter was one which should have been adjusted by the councillors of the parish. He did not want the time of the council taken up in this way. Coun. McFarlane had already spoken twelve minutes by the watch, and he wanted him to conclude his remarks in another five minutes, otherwise he would be obliged to suppress him.

Coun. McFarlane continued for another five minutes, speaking with considerable warmth on the subject and strongly denouncing Mr. Hawkins' conduct as a commissioner.

Coun. McKeen endorsed the remarks made by Coun. McFarlane. He travelled the road very frequently and knew that it was a bad one.

Coun. Estey contended that Mr. Hawkins had been a good commissioner and had discharged his duties in a satisfactory manner. He had tried his best to adjust the matter with Mr. McFarlane and had gone so far as to allow him to name the assessor, the most important appointment in the district, but had been unsuccessful.

Coun. McFarlane in reply said that Commissioner Hawkins had a delinquent list of \$50, which was not accounted for.

Coun. Estey's amended list of officers was then put to the meeting and carried by a vote of 17 to 10, Mr. Hawkins thus securing the appointment.

The lists of parish officers for Prince William, Queensbury and North Lake were confirmed.

The annual report of Dr. E. M. Mullin, secretary of the provincial Board of Health, together with a list of expenditures made during the year was read by Secretary-Treasurer Bliss and referred to the public accounts committee.

The council adjourned at 12 o'clock for dinner.

#### WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

At the afternoon session, the council resolved itself into a committee of the whole to deal with the Board of Health accounts.

The first bill taken up was one from Michael Ryan of St. Mary's amounting to \$142.40, for services in connection with the Fisher smallpox case.

The secretary-treasurer explained that the bill had been reduced by the council

at a previous session to \$100, but he had declined to pay this amount, because he did not consider the county legally responsible for the expenditure.

Coun. McManiman said Mr. Ryan was a poor man and had been put to considerable loss because of the Fisher smallpox case, and should be remunerated by the council.

Coun. McErlane said the council having voted Mr. Ryan the sum of \$100 there was no reason in his opinion why the secretary-treasurer should not have paid over the money. He briefly related the circumstances of the case, and showed that Mr. Ryan had been put to great inconvenience and expense because of the smallpox patient, who properly belonged to the city of Fredericton and should have been cared for at the city's expense. He thought the council should pay the bill.

Coun. McMullen thought the bill should be paid by the city of Fredericton. The secretary-treasurer said the question he had to deal with was not whether he should pay Mr. Ryan the \$100, but whether or not he should pay the Board of Health \$100 more than it was entitled to. The reason he had not paid the bill was that he did not think the council was legally responsible for the expenditure.

Coun. McFarlane said the council had voted in favor of paying the bill, and it should have been paid.

On motion of Coun. McMullen, seconded by Coun. Haining, it was resolved to allow the account to stand over until the July session, and in the meantime ascertain who was responsible for the expenditures.

#### THE SMALLPOX OUTBREAK.

The bill of Fox and Allen of Hawkshaw, for groceries and supplies furnished to quarantined houses in that locality, amounting to \$644.18, was next taken up, and the list of families, to whom the goods were furnished, was read over.

Coun. McFarlane said he presumed that the smallpox bills would have to be paid by the county council, and afterwards they would receive a refund of half the amount from the local government. It looked to him as if the purchase of the groceries should have been made from among the different merchants of the locality instead of all being given to one. The accounts would have to be paid and it was of little use to waste time discussing them. It had not been shown in the evidence adduced in the Penniac quarantine case that the disease, over which there had been such a large expenditure, was really smallpox. He was informed that one member of the council contracted the disease at Hawkshaw and was not even quarantined. He did not think there was need of enforcing the quarantine regulations in any of the cases. He promised to move a resolution on the subject later on.

Coun. McManiman spoke briefly on the subject, urging that the bills be paid.

Coun. Rowley thought that some of the statements made by Coun. McFarlane should not be allowed to pass unchallenged. The question involved in the Penniac quarantine case now before the courts, was not whether the disease was smallpox or something else, but whether or not the quarantine established according to law had been broken by Dr. McNelly. It had been said that some of these people provided for while in quarantine were able to pay for their expenses. This might be true in the Hawkshaw cases but did not apply to those at Penniac, who were poor people and put to considerable loss. In regard to the cases at Penniac, Dr. Fisher at the onset, at his (Rowley's) suggestion, telegraphed for Dr. Lunan of Campbellton, and the latter, after visiting Penniac and making a diagnosis, pronounced the disease smallpox. He (Rowley) asked Dr. Lunan if he was thoroughly satisfied on that point, and he replied that it was smallpox beyond a doubt. He cited his experience in dealing with the smallpox outbreak at Campbellton, and told how his diagnosis of the cases there had been confirmed by a high authority from Montreal. Later on Dr. Morris, who had had experience with 135 cases at St. John was called to Penniac, and unhesitatingly pronounced the disease smallpox. Dr. McNelly who had never seen a case of smallpox in his life, afterwards expressed the opinion that the disease was chickenpox, and brought Dr. Burnett of Sussex to Penniac to bear out his opinion. It was true that Dr. Burnett had also pronounced the disease not smallpox, but in this connection it might be well for him to state that it was thirty years or more since the doctor had seen a case of smallpox and he had probably forgotten what the disease was like in that time. He Rowley was not in a position to state that the Penniac people had smallpox, but he

thought the opinions of experts like Drs. Morris and Lunan were worthy of some consideration. Whatever the disease was it was bad enough and had been thoroughly stamped out. He did not know the name of the councillor who is said to have contracted the disease at Hawkshaw, but whoever he was he should have been quarantined with the rest of them. He thought it was the duty of the council, provided there had been no extravagance shown by the Board of Health, to pass its bills.

(CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.)

#### Catarrhzone.

An instant relief and perfect cure for cold, coughs, Catarrh, Deafness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung Trouble and Consumption.

Inhale Catarrhzone five minutes any time and it kills a cough or cold in the head.

Inhale Catarrhzone five times four times daily and it permanently cures Chronic Catarrh, Deafness, Asthma, and Hay Fever.

Inhale Catarrhzone ten minutes every hour and it cures Pneumonia, Consumption, Lung trouble and prevents all contagious diseases. Complete outfit \$1.00 trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co. Kingston, Ont.

#### THE HAWKSHAW BRIDGE.

#### Opposition Letter in the Sun Fully Answered.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Dear Sir,—In a recent issue of the St. John Sun we noticed a letter from Damfries, York county, in reference to the survey made for a bridge across the main river at or near Hawkshaw. One would think by the tone of the letter that the writer had either met with some disappointment politically or was expecting another in the near future, perhaps both.

He explains this survey as an election dodge, and quotes as a precedent the St. John valley railway, which has not been built as yet. Now we might remind the Sun's correspondent that the local government has never built any railroad to our knowledge and probably never will. They have been in the habit of giving subsidies to help build roads, and they would most likely do the same by the St. John Valley if some bona fide company would undertake the work.

In regard to the bridge at Hawkshaw, there is no one with an ordinary amount of common sense but what knows that we should have a bridge. There is from one to two months, both spring and fall, that it is impossible for teams to get across the river between Woodstock and Fredericton, a distance of sixty-five miles and all of it thickly settled. Now if we haven't a right to a bridge I don't know who has.

The writer in the Sun complains of a bridge in Kingsclear and blames the government for not fixing it. Now if he was just and half fair he would be ashamed of himself the remainder of his life. Just look over York County and see the amount of bridge work that has been done in the last year. If the other counties require as much one would wonder where the money came from to do it.

Hon. Mr. LeBaillois and his staff in the Public Works Department are to be congratulated on their efforts and success in keeping the roads and bridges passable in view of the recent floods and washouts.

Mr. W. T. Whitehead, who is especially singled out for attack in the Sun is one of the best representatives York has ever had. He is honorable, courteous, obliging, and always ready and willing to do anything in his power for the welfare of his constituents, and we feel sure the people of the county of York will send him and his colleagues back for another four years with a larger majority than before. As for the bridge at this place, we have every confidence that it will be built and we appreciate the efforts of the members for York in urging it on, and as for the resentment from across the river, we feel confident that when the election comes on it will work different from what the writer in the Sun would wish.

Now, Mr. Editor, in your editorial of last week I think you hit the nail fair on the head, when you said it was a discredited politician from an up river parish who wrote the article, and I think if the engineer had surveyed what is left of Bear Island Bar and induced the government to have it removed by some of those who had fat jobs on it in times gone by, the resentment which he proposes from opposite Damfries would not be encouraged.

Yours, etc.,

Hawkshaw, Jan. 20.

RATEPAYER.

#### Irritating Pimples and Disfiguring Blotches.

They place many young girls at a great disadvantage in life. The only cure is a blood purifier like Ferrozone. It cleanses the crimson flood of poisons and impurities, renews and strengthens it, and makes lots of red corpuscles that manifest their presence by a ruddy, healthy glow in the cheeks and lips. Ferrozone quickly masters all skin eruptions, builds up broken-down constitutions, and gives to weak, sickly women an abundance of spirit, vitality, energy and beauty. Try Ferrozone, it's all right. Price 50c. per box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50, at druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

#### Strange Craft.

A traveler says: "The strangest craft I have ever seen were the balsas of Lake Titicaca in Bolivia and Peru. These balsas are made of an aquatic plant growing in the waters of the lake. The principle on which they are constructed by the Aymaras Indians proves their ingenuity. A bale of hay, naturally floats in the water, and according to the quantity of dried grass used in constructing the boat do they control the displacement or carrying capacity. These boats are likewise fitted with a mast and sail, and in some instances carry from eight to ten persons. The Indians travel long distances over this vast inland lake, the surface of which is on a level with the summit of the Jungfrau of the Swiss Alps."

The English "Society for the Prevention of Consumption," presided over by the Prince of Wales, was recently addressed by Sir William Broadbent, who stated that it was definitely known that every case of consumption began with a germ communicated from some other case. There is no such thing as inherited consumption. There may be local weakness which tends to consumption, but the germ has absolutely to be planted in that weak spot before consumption can ensue. This ought to comfort thousands of people who have "weak chests" or "weak lungs." They are not foreordained victims of this dread disease. All that is needed to bid absolute defiance to this deadly scourge, is to be able to strengthen the weak lungs, and build up a strong body. The answer to this need is found in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It so purifies the blood and increases the blood supply, that disease is thrown off, and the weak organs are nourished into perfect health, which defies germs of every kind. People, given up by doctors, emaciated, bleeding at the lungs, with obstinate, lingering coughs, are being cured every day by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery." It is a strictly temperance medicine containing no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant.

#### Why Freddie Scowled.

Guest—Why do you scowl at me so, Freddie?

Freddie—Cause you have eat all the cake and haven't married either of my sisters yet.

#### A Perfect Butler.

Mrs. Giltedge—How do you like the new butler?

Giltedge—He's a peach! Made me feel at home at once.

#### A Great Sufferer Cured.

Mr. Benjamin Dillon, of Leeds, Ont., was cured of Muscular Rheumatism by Polson's Nerviline, and says: "I feel my duty is to proclaim Polson's Nerviline as an infallible cure for Rheumatism; it cured me after 30 years suffering, and nothing I know of can equal its penetrating power. Nerviline simply has no equal in quickly relieving and curing Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, and Lumbago. A trial will convince anyone. Price 25c."

#### A Great Change.

Fond Mamma—Isn't baby getting big? Just see how solid he is. Papa—He does seem solid this morning, and it's remarkable, because he appeared to be all "holler" last night.

#### What He Missed.

"I was so angry," said Mrs. Henpeck, "when they mistook me for a sheepdifter that I just couldn't speak." "My!" he exclaimed. "I wish I'd been there."

#### Of Special Interest to Ladies.

Unsightly warts can be removed in a few hours by Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor: it is reliable, safe and sure and costs but 25c. Insist on "Putnam's," it's the best.

monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, rust, dirt or tarnish—but won't wash clothes.