

The Daily Herald.

VOL. IX.

FREDERICTON N. B., SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1904

NO. 150

HON. MR. FISHER

Ablly Defended His Course in Dundonald Case.

THE MATTER AIRED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Ministers of Militia Had Something to Say.

LEADER OF OPPOSITION MOVES A VOTE OF CENSURE.

Ottawa, June 23.—There was a large attendance in the galleries of the house today when R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition, rose to move an amendment on a motion to go into supply, condemning the government in connection with the dismissal of Lord Dundonald.

Mr. Borden said the question was whether "we were going to have in Canada a non-partisan militia force or whether we were going to have partisan politics in the militia." In his own province he never knew of any interference on the part of politicians.

Mr. Borden read over the names of the relatives of Senator Baker, and added that it looked like a genealogical tree. This, in the opinion of Mr. Borden, showed that the interference of Mr. Fisher was political.

Dealing with the private correspondence which passed between Mr. Fisher, Colonel Smart and Colonel Whitley, Mr. Borden asked why these letters were not produced. There was no authority, he said, in the militia act that would permit Mr. Fisher to interfere in the appointment of officers to the 13th Scottish Light Dragoons or any other units. Mr. Fisher had no status in military matters.

A long resolution censuring the government for what he termed their unwarranted interference which has culminated in depriving Canada of an experienced officer.

Hon. Sydney Fisher

got a splendid reception from the Liberals on rising to reply. He said he was glad of the opportunity it gave him of saying that he considered it his duty as well as his right to exercise the right of a citizen of Canada, the right of a member of parliament, the right of a minister of the crown in doing his duty as a public man on behalf of the militia of Canada. He would leave the country to judge between himself and the leader of the opposition whether he had not these rights.

A few minutes ago, said Mr. Fisher, the leader of the opposition read extracts from certain letters, attributing to those extracts certain meanings which he (Borden) said were the only meaning to those extracts. I venture to say that another meaning is easily to be found in them, a meaning more in consonance with the dignity of this house and more in consonance with the dignity of the leader of a great party than the disingenuous quibbling indulged in by the leader of the opposition, more worthy a pettifogging lawyer than of the leader of a great party. (Liberal cheers.)

I take the straight, square issue with the leader of the opposition and his political friends. What I have done was to oppose the interference of political considerations in militia appointments. I maintain that the protest which I made was a protest against the political complexion of a certain squadron of this regiment, and that had I not made that protest I should have been worthy of such censure as the hon. gentleman expresses in this resolution. (Cheers.)

Saved Militia from Family Compact.

Mr. Fisher reviewed the whole circumstances attending the organization of the 13th Scottish Dragoons. He showed from the correspondence that he only interfered in the inter-

ests of the militia. He insisted upon men of military experience and he stopped the organization of what would be regarded in the district not only as a Tory organization but a family compact as well. Not only would it be disastrous to the regiment, for being a political regiment, but it would be damned by the Conservatives as a family compact.

Mr. Fisher showed that when he was acting minister of militia, when the name of Dr. Pickell was struck off, he had the request of Col. Smart, the commanding officer, as well as Col. Whitley, the colonel commanding the district, to do so.

He had not acted in any way that was not perfectly regular. He first objected to officers being imported from Montreal to the detriment of the regiment, and to its being a Tory machine, and he objected to its being a family compact. The result was that the regiment was successfully organized and that he had the thanks of Col. Smart and Col. Whitley for doing so.

He did not want to accuse Col. Smart of any political intention when he fell into the hands of the Tories and the Bakers in organizing the regiment, but he did tell Smart that if he had tried to do so he could not have done it any better than he did.

Mr. Fisher said that as far as Dundonald was concerned it appeared that the opposition had thrown him overboard. The opposition accused him of being the one who was the cause of Dundonald's dismissal, but Dundonald's statement showed that he (Fisher) was the last straw that broke the camel's back. Dundonald had cast aside every rule of constitutional government and there was none now who did him reverence.

Mr. Fisher created considerable amusement by reading of Col. Hughes' opinions of the duties of a general commanding the militia as shown in the Hutton case.

Mr. Fisher, in closing his speech, said that the opposition were determined to maintain the Canadian militia a Tory preserve. (Cheers.) They wanted to continue the system that no Liberal need apply. There were hundreds of Liberals willing to serve the King and country and he wanted to tell the opposition that political intrigue, as manifested in the case under discussion, would not prevent Liberals getting their rights as long as there was a Liberal government at the head of affairs. Every time that the Conservatives insisted in introducing politics in the militia the Liberal government would prevent it. (Cheers.)

P. D. Monk wanted to say a word in favor of Dundonald. He said that there was no doubt as to Canada having the right to control its militia.

He sneered at the minister of agriculture with his chicken feeding knowledge and, interfering in militia matters.

Sir F. W. Borden, who followed, said that the minister of agriculture held too high a position in the country to be sneered at about chicken feeding. There was a bond of sympathy, no doubt, between Monk and Dundonald. Monk not long ago was decapitated like Dundonald.

Mr. Borden said that when Lord Dundonald made his statement at the dinner in Montreal he knew that Mr. Fisher was acting for him, and he knew also that Mr. Fisher had the authority of Col. Smart and Col. Whitley to strike off Dr. Pickell's name, yet his speech did not show that.

Mr. Borden said Lord Dundonald went to the London camp against his wishes. They were all agreed now that there was no constitutional question at issue.

Mr. Borden refuted the idea that a public man should not take an interest in raising a militia corps. Mr. Fisher's interference was proper and beneficial. The opposition lost their heads over this matter. The general officer commanding should have known better.

He (Borden) accepted the responsibility for everything that Mr. Fisher did. Mr. Borden then took up Dundonald's statement in the press and dealt with the inconsistency of the address and his letter, that he had no notes for his speech in Montreal and with the effort that was made to keep it out of the press. Then said Mr. Borden, fancy this high-minded nobleman playing the double part of avowing loyalty and allegiance to the government, while all the time looking for something to injure them and in this way save his adopted country. The people of Canada did not want servants like that. Lord Dundonald said he wanted to appeal to the people against the militia bill, and why, asked Mr. Borden? Because it was going to do away with the officer commanding the same as is done in Britain.

Before Lord Dundonald attempted to govern Canada he should try to govern himself, concluded the minister of militia.

Mr. Borden read the correspondence which took place between himself and Lord Dundonald over the alleged report, and showed this report was sent to the minister on January 29, covered by letter to him marked "private." In this connection Mr. Borden read part of an edi-

torial from the Toronto News, in which it was said that he lied to parliament in connection with this matter. The managing director of this paper was J. S. Willison, who was morally too good to edit the Toronto Globe and went to a higher sphere where language is used not to be heard outside billingsgate.

Borden offered to refer all the reports to a committee composed of members of both sides of the house for their private consideration, but as for the statement of Lord Dundonald in circulating the weakness of the country it was a most unpatriotic act.

Col. Hughes moved the adjournment of the debate.

FADED WOMEN NEED RICHER BLOOD.

It Stamps the Glow of Robust Health on Cheeks and Lips, How Blood is Made Rich and Red Enough to Beautify the Complexion.

A bright rosy complexion can easily be acquired. All that is necessary is to purify the blood and supply it with an increased number of red corpuscles. The simplest method of doing this is to introduce more iron into the system which is always lacking where the complexion is pallid or sallow.

Iron in a concentrated form, specially adapted for internal use is contained in its most efficient state in Ferrozone which is noted for marvelous blood building properties. No matter how weak or poor the blood may be, Ferrozone will enrich and nourish it. The immediate result is a better color which will improve steadily under Ferrozone.

Every girl that takes pride in her complexion will find Ferrozone of greater value than cosmetics or face powders. Its influence is lasting whereas artificial beautifiers are but a temporary aid. Thousands that have used Ferrozone are glad to endorse it strongly because it certainly is the best remedy for pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and poor complexion that money can buy.

Miss Minnie E. Stirling of Lancaster, writes, "I can recommend Ferrozone to everyone who needs something to clear up the complexion. Before using Ferrozone my skin was sallow and had a very unhealthy color. After the first box of Ferrozone there was great improvement and when I had used three boxes I felt much better and had a satisfactory color in my cheeks."

Mrs. C. T. Warwick of Bradford, says: "My daughter was greatly benefited by using Ferrozone. She used to have a sickly color and never looked as if she was very strong. After using two boxes of Ferrozone she felt better and her color was wonderfully improved. This encouraged her to continue Ferrozone and in a few weeks she looked like a different person and had a clear rosy complexion. Ferrozone accomplished wonders for my daughter."

A woman that respects herself is more beautiful than a single star; more beautiful than many stars at night.

TRY TO PREVENT LUNG TROUBLE

It's the dried sputum floating around in the air and gets into your lungs and causes consumption. A sure preventive is fragrant, healing Catarrhzone, which is inhaled right into the lungs, kills the germs, heals the sore membranes and cures thoroughly every type of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung trouble. "I caught a severe cold which developed into catarrh and finally settled on my lungs," writes Mr. A. Morthrup of Bedford, "Catarrhzone relieved quickly and cured me. I recommend Catarrhzone highly." Two month's treatment \$1.00; trial size 25c.

Woman is the ease for that which pains the father; she is balm for his troubles.

The gods honor her who thinketh long before opening her lips. Pearls come from her mouth.

FRETTING CHILDREN.

When a child frets and cries almost continuously the root of the trouble in nine cases out of ten lies with the stomach or bowels. Fermentation and decomposition of the food means colic, bloating and diarrhoea—the latter is especially dangerous and often fatal during the hot weather months. Baby's Own Tablets are just what every mother needs to keep her little ones healthy. These Tablets gently regulate the bowels, cure constipation, prevent diarrhoea, cleanse and cool the stomach and promote sound, natural sleep. The Tablets can be given with safety to a new born babe. Mrs. J. Mick, of Echo Bay, Ont., says: "I think that Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine in the world for the ailments of little ones. No mother should be gists or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

ROOSEVELT NAMED.

His Name Was the Only One Presented to the Convention.

Chicago, June 23.—The Republican National Convention met at ten o'clock this morning, with the expectation of nominating candidates and adjourning in time for the afternoon train. Chairman Cannon at once announced that the first business would be a roll call of the states for nomination of the President of the United States.

The clerk called "Alabama," and immediately Oscar B. Hundley, of that state, mounted a chair and announced that Alabama requested the honor and privilege of yielding its place on the roll to the State of New York.

Instantly the convention was in an uproar. The New York delegation was on its feet like one man, waving their flags, and shouting wildly. Ex-Governor Black of New York, immediately started for the platform and nominated President Roosevelt, and at the conclusion of his nominating speech the greatest demonstration yet seen in the convention broke out, continuing for fully twenty minutes. When the noise ceased, Chairman Cannon called to convention to order to allow Senator Beveridge of Indiana, to second the nomination.

Roosevelt received the unanimous nomination amid scenes of the wildest enthusiasm.

After the crowd had yelled itself hoarse it permitted the band to participate in the demonstration. The leader chose patriotic music and the familiar words were taken up by the convention and sung with eagerness. The band changed into rag-time and the convention found that cheering was better timed to the music. There was no pause in the enthusiasm. Several times Speaker Cannon walked out on the projection to the platform extending between the rows of press seats and lifted his hands for order. The crowd thought he was leading the applause and paid no attention.

When from sheer exhaustion the throng lessened its tumult, Speaker Cannon found his opportunity. Going to the very edge of the platform he knelt and pounded the floor for order.

When he received the attention of the convention he announced that the flag he had been waving was sacred to the party as the national emblem waved when the beloved Lincoln was the choice of the first republican convention. His speech caused another outburst in honor of the flag.

Senator Beveridge was recognized by the chair for the purpose of seconding the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt for president.

He was followed by George A. Knight of California. Mr. Knight has a voice which fairly thundered through the hall. He opened his speech by a statement concerning the broad expanse of republican harmony. "Geographic," he roared, and some wit in the extreme end of the hall shouted in response: "Not so loud." The convention laughed and so did Mr. Knight. The orator from the golden gate city had the convention with him from the first. His speech was pointed and Mr. Knight proved himself a maker of phrases. Of the canal and the reasons actuating the administration in taking the policy it did, Mr. Knight in conclusion said of President Roosevelt.

"He wanted to give the job to Uncle Sam. Uncle Sam wanted the job and he took it. Uncle Sam belongs to the union."

THE SLOCUM VICTIMS.

Over Nine Hundred Bodies Have Been Found.

New York, June 24.—Although a week has elapsed since the steamer General Slocum went to destruction on North Brother Island, the bodies of its victims continue to be found in the waters adjacent to the scene of the disaster. Today 97 bodies came to the surface, making the total number recovered 903. Of these 778 have been identified. Despite the fact that the police are bending every energy towards getting a complete list of those who went on the ill-fated excursion, definite figures as to the number missing cannot be given. From present indications, however, it is apparent that the death roll will total nearly a thousand.

That the ill-fated steamer had no life-preservers aboard less than nine years old was admitted by counsel of the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company at the inquest today. Miss Hall, book-keeper of the company, had testified con-

cerning several bills for preservers, in which she had erased the name Grand Republic, the sister ship of the Slocum, and substituted that of the latter. Notwithstanding this, counsel for the company said they would make the admission as to the age of the belts, as they were unable to prove to the contrary. Evidence also was brought out that the United States inspectors did not examine the fire hoes and standpipes, and that the life-preservers were not in good shape.

Nature has just one pigment on her palette with which she produces all the marvellous tints of beauty, and that one pigment is the blood. The shell-like pink beneath the finger nails, the delicate rose of the cheek, the cherry ripeness of the lips, the iridescent brilliance of the eyes are all produced by the blood. Just as the permanence of a beautiful painting will depend upon the purity of the colors with which it is painted, so the permanence of beauty depends on the purity of the blood. Paint, powder and cosmetics won't avail to preserve beauty. Beauty begins in the blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a true beautifier, because it provides for nature that pure blood with which alone she can paint. The use of this medicine will cleanse the skin, heighten the complexion, brighten the eyes, and give to face and form that radiance of health which is the greatest charm of beauty. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are very effective in ridding the system of clogging residuum, which accumulates with constipated habit.

A woman that is not loved is a kite from which the string has been taken; she drives with every wind and comet to naught by a long fall.

TONSILLITIS IS GOING AROUND.

And everybody is wondering what to do. Here is a simple cure. Use a gargle of Nerviline and water as recommended in the directions, and rub your throat and chest vigorously with Nerviline. This has been tested and proved successful a thousand times. Nerviline is a specific for tonsillitis, and in fact we know nothing half so good for breaking up colds, curing tight chest and all muscular pains. Try a bottle of Nerviline. Price 25c.

Trust not the woman that thinketh more of herself than another; mercy will not dwell in her heart.

"NERVOUS AND IRRITABLE." Peru-na is Invaluable to Ailing Women.



Celia Harrington.

Miss Celia Harrington, 303 Second Avenue, Detroit, Mich., writes: "Weakness has filled many months of my life with suffering. Through carelessness I caught a severe cold two years ago which settled in catarrh and seriously interfered with the regular functions of the body, and made me nervous and irritable. I began taking Peru-na and found in it a faithful helper, as it enriched my blood and invigorated the whole system. I have no pains now and am always well." Female weakness is generally dependent upon catarrh of the pelvic organs. Peru-na cures catarrh wherever located. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free literature.