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HISTORY RECALLED.

Toronto News Correspondent Writes of New Brunswick School System.

COMPROMISE AGREED TO THIRTY YEARS AGO.

Working Out Satisfactorily.

(Staff Cor. Toronto News)

St. John, N. B., Sept. 13.—In the Province of New Brunswick the law refuses recognition to Separate Schools, but Separate Schools flourish nevertheless. Technically, municipal taxes cannot be applied to the maintenance of Roman Catholic schools, but in practice they receive treatment identical with that accorded the Public Schools.

There is no such thing in the City of St. John as a Roman Catholic Separate School. But the children of Roman Catholic parents have schools to themselves; they are taught by Roman Catholic teachers; and they are as separate in the educational up-bringing as in the city of Toronto. And this, notwithstanding the fact that after years of agitation and fierce contention Roman Catholic schools have no legal status.

A Compromise.

The story is an interesting one. It is a tale of compromise. Until 1870 there were separate schools. Then all the schools were on the same level. They were not maintained by municipal taxes, but by fees and a provincial grant, the teachers being licensed by the province. In 1871 the late Hon. Geo. E. King, who was then premier of the province, introduced the Free School Act, in the preparation of which he was assisted by the late Theodore Rand, then Superintendent of Education for New Brunswick. That Act is still in force and it compels all citizens to pay taxes for the maintenance of free, non-sectarian public schools.

Roman Catholic Opposition.

The Roman Catholics refused to submit. They would not pay their taxes as the law required. Resistance was made to the point of having their goods and chattels sold by the Sheriff. Bishop Sweeney's horses and carriage were auctioned, and bids being few, were sold at ridiculous prices.

At Caraquet there was a riot, in which one man was killed, and a famous criminal trial resulted in the disagreement of the jury.

Thus the one issue in provincial politics for two elections was the school question. It was fought with great bitterness. It would not down, but between elections the agitation was kept up and the community rent by the contention. This condition of things lasted until 1877. The Roman Catholics paid Public School taxes and maintained their own schools all over the province as well.

The Settlement.

A compromise was effected at last by Hon. John Boyd, Chairman of the Public School Board, and Bishop Sweeney. They were close personal friends, had been schoolfellows in their boyhood, and were anxious to reach an agreement. In this they experienced greater difficulty than would have been the case had the Christian Brothers not been a factor, the head of the Order, holding his commission from the Pope, and not being subject to Bishop Sweeney, did his best to frustrate the arrangement that the Bishop desired and the feeling between the Bishop and the Brothers made the former more anxious to reach an agreement that would force the Christian Brothers out of the province.

The settlement, therefore, provided for a free non-sectarian Public School system, supported by all classes.

The school houses occupied by the Roman Catholics were rented by the Public School Board, and converted into Public Schools.

The teachers were obliged to take the Normal course, pass the prescribed examinations, and get their certificates from the provincial authority.

The text books were the same in all the schools and selected by the Public School Board. The course of study was made identical, the inspectors the same for all the schools.

Generally Satisfactory.

The way the agreement works out appears to be highly satisfactory to both Protestants and Catholics. The only objection urged against it is that the children of the province are

brought up in separate camps, and the social fusion so desirable never takes place.

In the schools rented from the church there are none but Roman Catholic pupils. In the others none but Protestants. In the one only Roman Catholic teachers are to be found; in the others only Protestants. But all the teachers employed by the Board that administers in the schools are qualified according to the standard set by the Superintendent of Education. The Christian Brothers have disappeared, and the male teachers in the Catholic schools are laymen, holding the requisite certificates. The ladies are all members of the communities who attend the Normal School and obtain their standard before taking the vows. The teachers are faithful.

Religious Side.

The scriptures are regularly and frequently read in all the schools, but religious instruction in the form of catechism is not permitted. To overcome this regulation the schools which Catholic children attend re-dismissed at three o'clock and an extra session convened immediately to study Roman Catholic doctrine. To prevent the merging of the secular and religious instruction it is provided that the scholars must go out of the school building and return for the second session. This is not very rigidly observed, but it is a part of the compact that could be enforced if any one desired to take action.

Bishop Chooses Teachers.

When a vacancy occurs in the teaching staff of a school attended exclusively by Roman Catholics the Bishop nominates a teacher, and the Public School Board makes the appointment.

There is no friction between the different creeds over this arrangement. It works admirably. The only objection, as already stated, being the training of the children in two different bodies.

Human Body Has its Equinoctial Storms.

In its march from the Cradle to the Grave, the Body Has its Periods of Change Which are Associated With Alarming Disturbances.

To keep abreast in the unceasing race that confronts us, both energy and reserve strength are essential. Power is money—that's the way we resolve it today; yet even when evidence of failing strength and dwindling power becomes manifest, very few of us face the actual condition and deal with it as we would with something involving monetary value.

Thousands of people are falling behind in the race of life simply because they are failing in strength. Instead of using Ferrozone, which revitalizes all the functions of the body, forms rich, red blood, improves digestion, thereby renewing vitality and endurance, they simply drift along until the doctor or undertaker confronts them.

If Ferrozone was unpleasant to take, or if its action were not immediate and permanent, if physical improvement were not of the highest value to the individual, there might be some excuse for deferring the use of this remarkable tonic.

If your health is unimportant, then Ferrozone may be dispensed with. But if health and vigor give you more power and comfort, can't you see the foolishness of denying yourself the many advantages of using such a grand medicine?

Do the fair thing by yourself, go right to your druggist and get Ferrozone. You will then know what perfect health, good spirits and strong nerves really mean.

Ferrozone, like other good things is grossly substituted, so insist on getting Ferrozone, which is prepared in tablet form and sold for only 50c. a box, six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., Uf S. A.

A MATRIMONIAL AGENCY.

London, Sept. 16.—London Truth has been making investigations respecting an advertisement addressed to bachelors which appeared in certain colonial papers. Truth says the advertisers called themselves Lloyd and Duncan, Anglo-American agents, 91 St. Mary's road, Leyton. On inquiry at the address a Truth representative found the house had been empty for some weeks. The advertisers proposed to supply men in the colonies with suitable partners from the thousands of good intelligent girls around Leyton. Any colonial with a fancy for one of these damsels was asked to remit five dollars. Truth fears the only result of the enterprise has been that a number of dollars have been transferred from the other side of the Atlantic to this, and that the number of bachelors on one side and spinsters on the other remains unaltered. Truth wonders that the possibility of this result did not occur to any of the colonial papers which published the advertisement. Truth has received several inquiries from Canada regarding the advertisement.

CANADIAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

PLANS SUBMITTED FOR ITS ORGANIZATION.

Rev. J. H. Ritson, M. A., Favors the Change—Rev. Dr. Shaw and Rev. Dr. McLaren Contribute.

REFERRED TO SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

Toronto Globe, Thursday:—The conference of representatives of Bible Society Auxiliaries in Canada opened yesterday morning in Knox Church school room. About forty delegates were present from Quebec, the Maritime Provinces and Ontario. The chief question for discussion was the formation of a Canadian Bible Society, which would include the fourteen auxiliaries now in existence, and still remain in affiliation with the British and Foreign Bible Society. Plans for union were submitted by Rev. J. H. Ritson, M. A., Rev. Dr. Shaw and Rev. Dr. McLaren.

Mr. Ritson stated that the Canadian auxiliaries of the British and Foreign Bible Society give annually about \$6,000 to the home society, and are given back the sum of £700 for home mission work. The Upper Canada Auxiliary alone gives \$9,473. Mr. Ritson thinks there is no use sending money over from Canada to England and asking for grants back. It would be better to control the funds from a central organization and send over to the parent society such funds over and above the needs of Canadian work as can be granted. The central organization would also have control of colporteurs, superintend all literature issued and methods of raising funds.

Dr. Shaw's plan provided for a rearrangement of the boundaries of existing auxiliaries, and that auxiliaries shall administer such portions of their revenue as they need for local work, and remit balance to the General Treasurer to be administered by the Canadian Society. Dr. Shaw said the federal idea had worked well in Canada, and he was sure it would be effective in the Bible Society. He proposed an Executive of the regular officers and fourteen other members, seven of whom shall reside in or near Toronto.

Mr. McLaren's plan provided for the organization of an auxiliary in each province to take over the existing organizations, which now number fourteen, in the Dominion. The proposed Canadian Society would include all the auxiliaries, and be itself an auxiliary to the British and Foreign Bible Society. His plan further provided for the appointment of a Secretary in Canada as representative of the Parent Society.

Considerable time was spent in discussing the matter and the general interests of the work. The whole question of federation was referred to a special committee, which will report this morning at 10 o'clock. The personnel of the committee is as follows:—Dr. N. W. Hoyles, K. C., Chairman; Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. J. H. Ritson, M. A., Rev. Dr. Shaw, Montreal; Rev. Dr. McLaren, Toronto; Judge Forbes, St. John, N. B.; Rev. Dr. Armstrong, Ottawa; John Cameron, London; Principal Fjalcoener, Halifax; Rev. Geo. Webb, Rev. Jesse Gibson, Toronto, and Prof. Tory, Montreal.

The fourteen auxiliaries referred to include the Upper Canada Bible Society, which is by far the strongest, and the Quebec Auxiliary, the other twelve being in the other provinces, some of them having only part of a province as a field of work.

COST \$15 FOR A KISS.

Three "Spooners" Fined at Atlantic City.

Loving couples recently added \$45 to the wealth of Atlantic City by permitting themselves to be caught "spooning" on the beach during the bathing hour in violation of Mayor Stoy's edict.

The young lady was tired and I was helping her to the beach, one of the men told Recorder Babcock when brought before him.

But he had his arm around her waist sort of lovin' like, the policeman said.

Fifteen dollars fine, Recorder Babcock said. This kissing and cooing on the beach must be broken up.

Certainly I kissed her, she's my wife and we are on our wedding trip, was the defence of another.

Cost you \$15, then, for showing how much you love your wife, decided the Recorder. The beach is no place to do your kissing.

The third was just a plain case of "spooning" and no defence was made, and a fine of \$15 was imposed.

Clams are no longer found in pairs and the old fishermen say it is because of the mayor's order. Little children on the beach are warned by their mammas not to hold hands or the policemen will get them.

Kissing has got to be stopped altogether declared Mayor Stoy last night. Couples will not be allowed to walk up and down the beach with their arms around each other, nor will they be permitted to pillow heads in laps and carry on in an unseemly manner.

There was little of the skylarking usually so common on the beach during the bathing hour. A long line of policemen kept close watch on the bathers to see that the mayor's edict was not disobeyed.

Healthy Babies.

Healthy babies are always happy babies. If the stomach and bowels are kept right the little ones will be healthy and happy. Baby's Own Tablets are the best thing in the world to accomplish this purpose. The Tablets are the favorite prescription of a doctor who for years made the ailments of little ones a specialty. They are used in thousands of homes, bringing health to little ones and comfort to mothers. The Tablets reduce fever, break up colds, expel worms, check diarrhoea, cure constipation, promote indigestion, allay the irritation of teething and bring sound healthy sleep. Ask any mother who has used these tablets and she will tell you there is no other medicine so safe and effective. Good for the new born baby or the well grown child, and guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Medicine dealers everywhere sell the Tablets or you can get them by mail at 25cts. a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MARYSVILLE NEWS.

A Marysville Young Lady Married—Personal—Surprise Party.

(By Our Own Reporter.)

Sept. 17.—The wedding took place at Lyme, New Hampshire, on the 6th

instant, of Miss Susie Cowie, daughter of Mr. David Cowie, an old and respected citizen of Marysville, to Mr. Arthur Coates. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. R. Small at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Webster, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The happy young couple are very popular and were serenaded in a right royal manner by an unusually large crowd.

Mr. Barry Frown, of St. John, is home on a visit, and is being warmly welcomed by his many friends.

Mrs. Wallace Armstrong presented her husband with a bouncing baby girl last Thursday morning.

The surprise party at the residence of Mrs. Cain last Thursday evening in honor of her daughter was a very enjoyable affair. The Misses Winnie Robinson and Nora Higgins, who were the promoters, proved themselves splendid entertainers. During the evening refreshments were served and the usual parlor games were heartily indulged in.

The recent heavy rain was a very welcome visitor, as the water in the Nashwaak was very low, but has raised it sufficiently to keep the saw mill running full capacity.

Forceable Facts.

One-sixth of the deaths from disease are due to consumption. Ninety-eight per cent. of all those who have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for "weak lungs," have been perfectly and permanently cured. Cornelius McCawley, of Leechburg, Armstrong Co., Pa., had in all eighty-one hemorrhages. He says: "My doctor did all he could for me but could not stop the hemorrhages, and all gave me up to die with consumption." What doctors could not do "Golden Medical Discovery" did. It stopped the hemorrhages and cured their cause. This is one case out of thousands. Investigate the facts.

Free. Dr. Pierce's great work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of mailing and customs. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper covered book, or 50 stamps for cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The lifeboats around the British coast during the last year rescued 680 people.

A PASTOR'S WIFE CURED OF PELVIC CATARRH

She Suffered for Years and Felt Her Case Was Hopeless—Cured by Pe-ru-na.

MRS. ANNA B. FLEHARTY, recent Superintendent of the W. C. T. U. headquarters, at Galesburg, Ill., was for ten years one of the leading women there. Her husband, when living, was first President of the Nebraska Wesleyan University, at Lincoln, Neb.

In a letter written from 421 Sixty-seventh street, W., Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Fleharty says the following in regard to Peruna:

"Having lived a very active life as wife and working partner of a busy minister, my health failed me a few years ago. I lost my husband about the same time, and gradually I seemed to lose health and spirit. My daughter is a confirmed invalid, and we both felt great need of an invigorator.

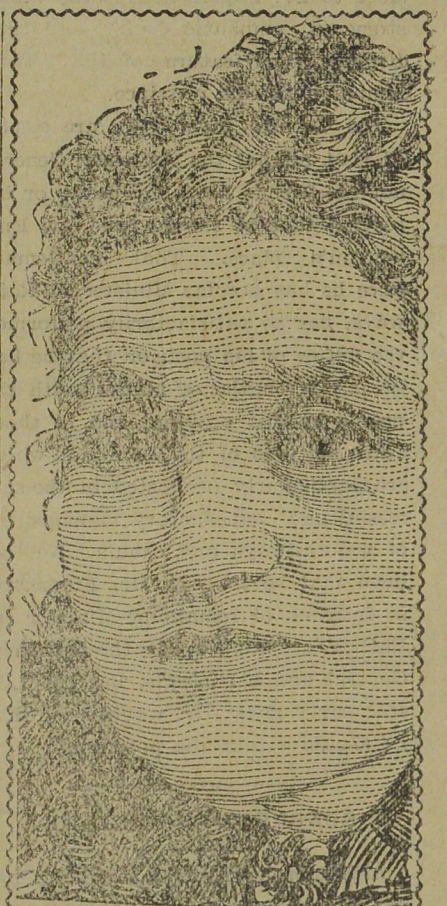
"One of my neighbors advised me to try Peruna. A bottle was immediately secured and a great change took place in my daughter's as well as in my own health. Our appetites improved very greatly, the digestion seemed much helped, and restful sleep soon improved us, so that we seemed like new women.

"I would not be without Peruna for ten times its cost."—Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty.

What used to be called female diseases by the medical profession is now called pelvic catarrh. It has been found by experience that catarrhal diseases of the pelvic organs are the cause of most cases of female diseases.

Dr. Hartman was among the first of America's great physicians to make this discovery. For forty years he has been treating diseases peculiar to women, and long ago he reached the conclusion that a woman entirely free from catarrhal affection of these organs would not be subject to female disease. He therefore began using Peruna for these cases and found it so admirably adapted to their permanent cure that Peruna has now become the most famous remedy for female diseases ever known. Everywhere the women are using it and praising it. Peruna is not a palliative simply; it cures by removing the cause of female disease.

Dr. Hartman has probably cured more women of female ailments than any other living physician. He makes these



Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty.

cures simply by using and recommending Peruna.

Mrs. Esther M. Milner, DeGraff, Ohio, writes:

"I was a terrible sufferer from female weakness and had the headache continuously. I was not able to do my housework for myself and husband. I wrote you and described my condition as near as possible. You recommended Peruna. I took four bottles and was completely cured. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine."—Mrs. Esther M. Milner.

Congressman Thad. M. Mahon, of Chambersburg, Pa., writes:

"I take pleasure in commending your Peruna as a substantial tonic and a good catarrh remedy."—T. M. Mahon.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.