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HE'S HEADSTRONG.

Dundonald in Constant Conflict With the Minister of Militia.

AN INDISCREET SPEECH.

His Utterances at the Time of the Alaska Award.

DISOBEDIENCE AND EXTRAVAGANT PLANS.

Ottawa June 25.—It is evident from facts which have just come to light that almost from the very moment of his arrival, in July of 1902, Lord Dundonald began to revolt against the authority of the Minister of Militia. He had scarcely been six months in the country when he devoted his attention to extending the leave of absence for officers. The prevailing custom was for the Deputy Officer Commanding to grant furloughs to officers of the permanent corps, unless the period exceeded thirty days, when the authority had to come from the Minister.

Lord Dundonald in August of 1902, a few weeks after his arrival in Canada, prepared an order granting him authority to give officers of the headquarters staff and the permanent corps six months' leave of absence with pay. The Minister of Militia was out of town when this was proposed, hence his lordship was induced to withdraw the recommendation and to consign it to the flames. Strange to say, later on, however, the General recommended that a certain officer be granted six months, with pay. He was asked the authority for this recommendation and a staff officer in his behalf quoted the very order which Lord Dundonald had proposed and afterwards withdrawn. Therefore his lordship was told that the order in question had not been approved of by the Minister or the Governor in Council, and was, therefore, null and void.

Act of Disobedience.

An act of disobedience of a flagrant character has to be recorded against Lord Dundonald. It was about the time that the Alaska boundary decision had been given and the strategic value of the four islands in Portland Channel was being discussed. His lordship had arranged to make a trip to the coast and proposed to visit the islands referred to. He was expressly forbidden to do so by the Minister of Militia, but completely ignored the order. Following upon the visit he made at the coast a decidedly impolitic speech. There, too, in his position as military expert, Lord Dundonald has placed himself in antagonism to military experts from England. A number of experienced officers termed the Military Defence Commission, were sent out by the War Office to tour Canada and report upon the military measures necessary to put the country in a complete state of defense. One of the recommendations of this commission was that a fort should be erected in a certain spot. When Lord Dundonald came he did not approve of the site and insisted that it should be put some where else. His lordship was confident that he was right, and the experts of the War Office were wrong.

Misconceived His Position.

No other conclusion can be come to than that his lordship considered himself the head of the Militia Department, and as such not amenable to the orders of the Minister of Militia. He does not seem to have appreciated the fact that when he made recommendations it rested with the Minister to say what should become of them. On the contrary, his belief was that every recommendation by him, no matter how quixotic, should be adopted and carried out without delay. It is to be feared that from the very first his lordship has given certain members of the opposition his confidence. Hence he became the easy victim of men to whom

the cry, "No politics in the militia," means, "No Liberals in the militia."

Extravagant Plans.

It is reported that Lord Dundonald proposed an immediate expenditure on capital account for militia purposes of \$13,000,000, and an annual addition to the ordinary expenditure of over \$2,000,000. This would make at the end of twenty years \$53,000,000. It is also said that he proposed to abolish the permanent corps. What his lordship proposed to substitute in its place is not known, but he had some idea that was not fully developed.

Are You Troubled

by Sleeplessness?

Over Wrought Nerves Cause the Trouble—Build Up, Fortify the Nervous System With Ferrozone—Then You Will Sleep Soundly.

There is probably no remedy that soothes the nerves and drives away those long nights of wakefulness like Ferrozone. Every person whose sleep is restless should take Ferrozone like Mr. J. H. McGaw who writes from Saskatoon as follows:

"I was bothered with insomnia last summer to such an extent that my health almost broke down. I was frightfully nervous. If I had gone on much longer I would have been a physical wreck. I read about Ferrozone and concluded it was the sort of remedy I needed. I bought six boxes, and took one tablet with every meal. A change was noticeable. I no longer laboured under such great mental excitement, and was able to take things more quietly. Ferrozone improved my digestion, I picked up in spirits and strength, and in a comparatively short time sleep came as soon as my head touched the pillow. Ferrozone completely rehabilitated my system, and has made me a different sort of man altogether."

Don't wait until your condition becomes nervous prostration; it's hard to cure. Take Ferrozone regularly and the cause of your sleepless nights will be removed. It always cures insomnia.

Ferrozone is the greatest health-giver, the most valuable tonic, that money can buy. It will bring you lasting strength, vigor and health, at small cost. Only Ferrozone can do this so be sure that no dishonest dealer substitutes something represented "just as good." No other remedy is as good as Ferrozone, price 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50, at all druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Give heed to her to whom children have come; she walks in the sacred ways and lacks not love.

Nature has just one pigment on her palette with which she produces all the marvellous tints of beauty, and that one pigment is the blood. The shell-like pink beneath the finger nails, the delicate rose of the cheek, the cherry ripeness of the lips, the iridescent brilliance of the eyes are all produced by the blood. Just as the permanence of a beautiful painting will depend upon the purity of the colors with which it is painted, so the permanence of beauty depends on the purity of the blood. Paint, powder and cosmetics won't avail to preserve beauty. Beauty begins in the blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a true beautifier, because it provides for nature that pure blood with which alone she can paint.

The use of this medicine will cleanse the skin, heighten the complexion, brighten the eyes, and give to face and form that radiance of health which is the greatest charm of beauty. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are very effective in ridding the system of clogging residuum, which accumulates with constipated habit.

A woman desirous of being seen by men is not trustworthy; fear the glance from her eye.

EVERYONE WITH SORE THROAT

Should know how quickly Nerviline cures. "I can recommend Nerviline very highly for sore throat," writes Mr. R. McKenzie of St. George. "I once had a very sore throat and my chest was full of cold and soreness. Every cough hurt me. I cured myself quickly by rubbing my chest and throat vigorously with Nerviline and using it also as a gargle. I believe Nerviline to be the best general remedy for emergent sickness that one can get. We have used it for twenty years in our house." Price 25c.

NEW KNIGHTS.

Two Distinguished Canadians Honored by the King.

SIR GEO. A. DRUMMOND AND SIR H. MONTAGUE ALLEN.

Something About Their Careers.

The official celebration of His Majesty's birthday took place in England Friday. The list of King's birthday honors, His Excellency the Governor-General was advised, includes the following Canadian.

To be Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, Hon. Geo. A. Drummond of Montreal.

To be Knight Bachelor, Hugh Montague Allan of Montreal.

Sir George A. Drummond, K. C. M. G., Senator, was born at Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1829. Educated at the famous High School, Edinburgh and the University, he came to Canada in 1854, just fifty years ago, to assume the practical and technical management of the sugar refinery, established in Montreal by the late John Redpath. From 1874 to 1879, Mr Drummond spent five years abroad in travel, study and recreation, and on his return he founded the Canada Sugar Refinery Company of which he became president. He was elected a director of the Bank of Montreal in 1882 and has been vice-president of that institution since 1887. He has been for years a member of the Montreal Board of Trade, and in 1884 and 1885 he was its vice-president, and from 1886 to 1888 president. His energy while on the Council of the Board of Trade was so great that the port of Montreal was freed from the burden contracted by the deepening of the St. Lawrence channel to Quebec. He interested himself in mining ventures in the Maritime Provinces and became president of a company owning and developing the coal and iron mines at Londonderry, N. S. In addition he is interested in many commercial and industrial enterprises. A lover of art, he has been president of the Art Association of Montreal, and 'owns one of the finest private collections of paintings on the continent. In 1895, he was elected president of the Canadian Golf Association, and in 1897 he was chosen as a provisional trustee of the Victorian Order of Nurses. A Conservative in politics he unsuccessfully contested Montreal West for the House of Commons with Hon. John Young in 1872 and in 1880 he was called to the Senate of Canada by the Marquis of Lorne. He has taken a deep interest in the welfare of the city and was one of the founders of the Citizens' League. He is a member of the Anglican Church and has been twice married, in 1857, to Helen, daughter of the late John Redpath, and in 1884 to Grace Julia, widow of the late George Hamilton, and daughter of the late A. Davidson Parker, Montreal. Sir George has been prominently identified with the charities of the city and some ten years ago founded the Home for Incurables, which is under the charge of the Sisters of St. Margaret. He is also president of the Montreal League for the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Sir George Drummond is also a director of the Ogilvie Flour Mills Company.

Lady Drummond is one of the leaders of Montreal society, and has devoted much time and study public charities and other good works. She has been a director of the Women's Historical Society, and was the first president of the Montreal branch of the Women's National Council of Canada.

Hugh Montague Allan.

Sir Hugh Montague Allan is one of Montreal's best known citizens—indeed, one of Canada's most prominent sons in the shipping world. He is the second son of the late Sir Hugh Allan, who, by a curious coincidence was the first merchant prince in shipping circles on the American continent to receive the honor of knighthood, and who was the founder of the famous Montreal Ocean Steamship Company.

Sir Hugh Montague Allan, was born at Montreal in 1860, and educated at Bishops' College School, Lennoxville. His original name was Hugh Andrew, but in 1878 he assumed the name of Hugh Montague Allan. On attaining his majority he entered the firm of H. & A. Allan, of which he is now one of the leading members.

Since then Sir Hugh has taken a leading part in the business life of the city. He is a prominent member of the Board of Trade, in which he held office as treasurer 1891-1892. He is a director of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, the Acadia Coal Company, the Montreal Manufacturing Co., the Montreal Rolling Mills Co., the Canada Paper Co., Canada Rubber Co., and the Northwest Cattle Co. He is also a member of the executive committee of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Besides his extensive business affiliations, Sir Hugh is a keen sportsman, and for some years was master of the Montreal fox houses and vice-president of the Montreal Racket Club; he is also a director of the Sailors Institute, and of the Amateur Skating Association. Sir Hugh is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

In October, 1893, he was married to Marguerite Ethel, daughter of the late Hector Mackenzie, of Montreal.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT.

The Fredericton Association Wants Everybody's Assistance.

To the Editor of the Herald,

Dear Sir: Seeing some communications in reference to the above association, you will excuse me, as I am interested, if I add a few remarks. We want the assistance of those who think and those who act; also those who are likely to favor the idea of a city beautiful; and the assistance especially of the newspapers, who will keep lively on the subject, then enough will be interested to justify the calling of a public meeting in the Opera House to present their claims to the alderman and request more assistance financially.

The association wants assistance from the press and they want publicity. The members and officers are not above the task of preparing statements of the association for the press if they will publish the same. So far, judging from what I have seen, they have not withheld anything that has been offered, but the editors themselves are much better qualified to advance the interests of the association than any one individual member of it.

There are certain days you know when the paper may be glad to get almost anything of a local character to fill up with? and on those days the editor could help along the good work as he would be the best judge.

Then the people will slowly but effectively take it all in, and wake up and take the ideas propounded. This will help the association and they would begin to push it along.

This association has not done as much perhaps as has been done in some of the places as referred to by some correspondents, but then the association is young, still they have got together many people favoring the better city ideas and those people are the sort that can make public opinion.

There are some who can reach you newspaper men and induce support of measures of general betterment of the opportune time.

There are some newspaper men in the organization I am informed and they are interested enough to look out for the exploitation and celebration of whatever may help along the cause.

You see I always come back to the newspaper idea.

Publicity is what this movement or any other movement must have; nothing can be made to go these days without advertising.

The newspapers are the best means of reaching the people with or for any good cause, and they are willing and anxious to forward any and all schemes for municipal improvement.

Give them the ideas and the facts and they will do the rest.

Our mayor early took an interest in the association and keeps in touch with it. He has done everything he could to give effectiveness to the association although not a member.

Also the police have been bent to serve the association and protect the trees that have been planted, when spoken to by His Worship, and they will enforce the law as the people still rule and the boys who wilfully destroy public property must know it.

The people want the best there is

Then again property owners and everybody is beginning to see that beauty is a city's asset, and one that can be realized upon in a splendid manner.

It is gradually dawning upon everyone that a well kept city.

The best work for the association, if you will allow me to say, will be accomplished by members of the association

continuing the policy of avoiding even the appearance of an attempt upon the part of any one to make personal glory or political capital or private profit out of the efforts of all to make our city as much a matter of pride as we do our homes.

Yours faithfully,

B. C. H.

Fredericton, June 27, 1904.

MAN'S MOST CRITICAL AGE.

Very often the vital resources are small at forty-two, but if not then, between fifty-seven and sixty-two years of age there is a strange slowing down and loss of vitality. It is important that this transient period of decay should be checked; strength must be imparted to the tired brain, the weakened nerves must be fortified. The wise man will use Ferrozone whose potency is particularly applicable to these critical periods. Ferrozone quickens the whole being, imparts vigor and power, presses back the onset of senility in a very manifest way. It's because Ferrozone gives strength, vitality and vigor that is useful to old men. Try it. Price 50c.

Our Japanese Agent.

Mr. Alexander MacLean of Ottawa, who has just been appointed Commercial Agent for Canada to Japan, was in his earlier days a prominent newspaper man. He established The Mitchell Reformer in 1861, published The Cornwall Freeholder from 1865 to 1872, was Ottawa correspondent of The Globe from 1872 to 1874, was proprietor and publisher of The Ottawa Times, 1874-1875, and was managing director of The Montreal Herald, 1894-1895. With Mr. J. C. Roger he obtained in 1874 the contract for the Parliamentary and departmental printing at Ottawa, and held it until the Printing Bureau was established in 1888. In the meantime he had turned his attention to manufacturing, and in 1885 established the Canadian Granite Company, and three years later the Ottawa Granolithic Paving Company, of both of which he was president. He took considerable interest in municipal matters, and was an alderman for several terms. In politics he is a Liberal, and was for a term president of the Ottawa Reform Association. He has also been president of the St. Andrew's Society, of the Ottawa Art School and of the Central Canada Exhibition Association.

ATARRH IS CERTAINLY CURABLE

In fact it is one of the most curable diseases if fragrant healing Catarrhazone is used. No matter how long you have suffered with catarrh you can be perfectly cured by inhaling the antiseptic vapor of Catarrhazone, which strikes at the foundation of the trouble and establishes such a healthy condition in the system that catarrhal germs simply can't exist. "I suffered from catarrh of the nose and throat for years," writes S. H. Downie of Plattville, "My nostrils were always stuffed up and I had a most disagreeable backing cough. Catarrhazone cured me completely." Catarrhazone never fails. Two months treatment \$1.00; trial size 25c.

A Lake Postoffice.

Here is an item that is on its rounds in the American press just now: In Lake Wabigoon, Ontario, at a point where the water is not very deep, a strong wooden stake has been driven into the ground. On the top a box has been securely fastened, and there you have the Lake Wabigoon postoffice. The little steamer from Rat Portage drops the mail here on its outward voyage, and a canoe goes out from the shore and collects it, depositing the outgoing mail at the same time, which is picked up by the steamer on its return trip to Rat Portage next day.

The Last Straw.

It was Saturday night, and owing to the temporary absence of his wife it fell to Mr. Brown to attend to the usual process of giving his eight-year-old son a bath and putting him to bed. He had left his evening paper with a man's reluctance and had hurried matters along with more speed than the

BLOOD POISON OFTEN RESULTS

From paring corns with razors. Wise people use Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor, the standard cure of America and Great Britain, for all sorts of corns, warts and bunions. Use only Putnam's.

When first a woman loves she fears she fears not that to which she has become accustomed.

Monkey Brand Soap makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and windows like crystal.