

A CRISIS IN WOMAN'S LIFE.

There Are Backaches and Headaches and Days When Life Seems Scarcely Worth Living.

There comes a time in the life of all women when they are face to face with a grave crisis; when there are distressing backaches, headaches, dizziness; when even some women are threatened with the loss of their reason; when they suffer because they are women. The happiness of women for the rest of their lives depends upon being safely tided over this crisis. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved a blessing to women of all ages, and are particularly valuable at two critical periods—when girlhood is merging into womanhood and when women are approaching the turn of life. These pills make the rich, red blood that stimulates all the organs of the body, expels disease and makes the weary sufferer bright, active and strong. Mrs. A. Jones, Cypress River, Man., says:—"Out of gratefulness I feel that I must let you know the good Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done me. For years I suffered from inflammation of the womb and kindred troubles. Only those who have been similarly afflicted can tell how much I suffered or how dreary life seemed. I tried many medicines but none of them helped me. Then I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I am grateful now for that advice, for after using about a dozen boxes every symptom of the trouble disappeared and life again seemed worth living. It is now several years since I took the pills, and as there has been no sign of the trouble since, I feel safe in saying the cure is permanent."

What these pills have done for Mrs. Jones they will do for all suffering women if given a fair trial. But you must get the genuine with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Home and Club.

Mrs. Von Blumer—Why don't you take your business friend to your club instead of bringing him home? Von Blumer—Because I want to talk business to him. I don't want to take him to a place where he is going to enjoy himself.

Just Complaint.

Borroughs—I don't see why he wouldn't lend me the \$5 I wanted. Newitt—No. He certainly couldn't ask for a more permanent investment. Exchange.

FRAIL LITTLE ONES.

The little ones are frail. They hold upon life is slight. No symptom that indicates any of the little ailments of childhood should be allowed to pass for a moment without proper attention. The little ailment may soon become a serious one, and then it may be too late to save a precious little life. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house, the danger of serious trouble can be averted, and the minor troubles promptly cured. An occasional Tablet to the well child will prevent illness. The Tablets are absolutely safe and contain no poisonous soothing stuff—they give children healthy sleep, simply because they banish the cause of sleeplessness. Mrs. F. B. Bishop, Lawrencetown, N. S., says:—"I have found Baby's Own Tablets just as you represent them—the very best of medicine for young children." You can get the Tablets from druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box, by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"What are we—that is—I mean, what are you?" But Eloise did not finish her speech. Her voice suddenly failed and she hid her face in her muff. Nevertheless Harry Wilton understood her meaning. A moment later and he had settled her future. "I am going to be married tonight." Eloise lifted her face. "Are you?" she whispered. "Who to?" "You?" "Me?" "Yes." And together they walked toward the ticket window.

FOR A STIFF NECK.

Or any soreness in the muscles of the back or sides you can't get anything half so good as Nerviline, the most powerful liniment made. "My neck was so stiff I couldn't turn it a quarter of an inch," writes Fred T. Baldwin of Portsmouth. "I had it rubbed with Nerviline a few times and all the soreness and stiffness disappeared. I don't know another liniment you can depend on like Nerviline; it's splendid for colds, lameness and can't be beaten for cramps and internal pain." Try Nerviline yourself. Price 25c.

THE FARMERS' PARLIAMENT.

Matters of Interest Discussed at Closing Sessions.

PROF. SHUTT TELLS HOW TO INCREASE FERTILITY OF SOIL.

Addresses on Apple Growing by J. C. Gilman and J. W. Clark.

At Friday morning's session Mr. W. S. Tompkins disputed some of the statements made by Mr. Tilley with respect to dairying, and there was quite a lively discussion between them.

Mr. Shaw, of Simonds, and Mr. A. D. Thomas, also took a hand in the debate. Mr. Thomas said that it was news to him to learn that stock butter could be bought from 8 to 12 cents per pound. While he regretted that many of the creameries had gone, they had certainly proved an incentive to the farmers to produce better butter.

Mr. L. C. Dagle, dairy superintendent, thought that one reason why the association was not going ahead was that it was divided against itself. One section of the meeting favored beef raising and another dairying, and they were fighting against each other. In the dispute of yesterday he heard statements made that were not correct. Why should the beef advocates seek to belittle the dairying industry? There was certainly room enough in the province for both and they were badly needed. Mr. Tompkins declared that the farmers of Carleton and Victoria counties were handicapped in the dairying industry because of freight rates. Yet at the same time he wanted them to raise beef, which would be more effected by freight rates than butter. He did not agree with statements advanced by Messrs. Tweeddale and Anderson either. He thought that dairying and beef raising should go hand in hand.

Mr. Shaw, of Simonds, said the people of his section thought there was more money in beef raising than dairying. Mr. Hubbard said that the dairying industry had been pushed along in recent years and had been made a success in some districts, particularly the county of Kings. It was a fact, however, that beef raising was better adapted to the St. John river valley. They wanted to help the dairying, but at the same time they wanted to help the beef raisers of the province.

Mr. N. S. Dow thought that one reason why the dairying industry was not advancing in Carleton Co. was because the farmers were selling the hay and grain from their farms. In one year, according to figures supplied by railway officials, there was shipped out of the county 153,000 bushels of oats and 25,000 tons of hay.

Mr. Robert Robertson said it was a pleasure to him to have to advocate either dairying or beef raising. He thought there was no other industry in New Brunswick of as much importance as dairying. There are many obstacles in the way of successful dairying, but he would not take time to enumerate them. The business required intelligence and brains, and the man who engaged in it would find it no child's play. If dairying was done as it should be done there was more money in it than in beef raising. There certainly was more chance for failure than in the latter. He had had a good deal to do with cows in the past twenty five years, and in his opinion, to get the profitable dairy herd, it would be necessary to steer clear of the beef herds. Personally he believed that line of stock was the keynote of success for the farmers. If he lived in certain sections of the province, he would raise beef, but if he lived in other sections he would engage in dairying. He was not a believer in the general purpose cow for either

dairying or beef raising. He was an admirer of the Ayrshire, but her great fault was that she was too much like the general purpose cow. Although the cow shown on the chart was a typical short-horn he felt satisfied in saying that some of her forefathers had been chased by an Ayrshire bull. His advice to those who engage in dairying was to steer clear of beef breeds. He doubted if dairying could be made a success in the Maritime Provinces without being followed in the winter season. He was a firm believer in winter dairying, for many reasons, one of which was that it was much easier to get help. Winter dairying along with the bacon industry furnished one of the best solutions of the labor problem on the farm and it gave a chance to engage help for the year round. Dairying could not be made a success unless it was properly attended to. The dairyman should keep a sufficient number of cows to make it worth while to have somebody on the farm whose duty it was to attend to them. Adjourned at one o'clock.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Interesting Discussion on Agriculture.

At the Friday afternoon session Prof. Shutt of Ottawa, was the principal speaker. His subject was "How we may economically increase the fertility of the soil," and he discussed in a very able and lucid manner. It is safe to say that it was the most interesting technical address of the meeting and the delegates received much information which if put into practice is calculated to be of the greatest benefit to them. The learned professor used large printed charts in illustrating his subject, and showed by comparison the great value of clover as a fertilizer as demonstrated at the central experimental farm.

MR. GILMAN'S ADDRESS.

Mr. John C. Gilman, of Kingsclear, was next called upon and told of his experiences as an orchardist in New Brunswick. He said it was a good thing in fruit growing to know how to avoid mistakes. If ever young trees needed the soil in ideal condition it was during the first year in orchard life. The question of drainage should therefore not be neglected. If you are in doubt as to the kind of varieties to select don't be guided by an agent who has trees to sell. It is far better to buy direct from the nursery, but if you wish the advice of an agent he will be willing to help you for about forty planting as it had a tendency to injure the trees. If you think your work is finished when you have planted the orchard you are greatly mistaken. It will only be commenced. You will find all the insect pests there on time, and frequent spraying will be necessary to get rid of them. The pruning was of great importance and should be done in such a way that air and sunshine shall have full play. The judicious pruning of the tree will be found a good way to thin the fruit of such trees as have become overloaded. He advocated the careful storage of apples for several reasons. It protected them from sudden changes in temperature, and gave the grower the benefit of better markets. War on the insect enemies should be kept up, if a victory was to be won. He had engaged in the orchard business without any previous knowledge and had found the work to his liking. While the profits had not been of a sensational nature they had been very encouraging, and if he had the land to spare he would set out more apple trees. (Applause.)

MR. CLARKE'S SPEECH

Mr. J. W. Clarke, of Mauderville, who spoke next, said, that he had found apple trees very profitable and thought the more a farmer set out the better. He thought the profits from apple trees very large considering the small amount of capital it was necessary to invest. He thought it was very important that apples should be properly packed. He had shipped apples to Glasgow, Scotland, last year and had been well satisfied with the result. For Duchess of Oldenburg he had realized \$2.25 per barrel, and for Wealthys he had obtained the same figure. The report from the other side of the water stated that the apples had arrived in first class condition. He had picked the apples before they got too ripe, and had received returns from them in twenty days after shipment. He had purchased the barrels in St. John at a cost of 24 cents each.

Sister Ct. Cecelia is a well known and respected lady of St. Joseph Orphan Home, Ottawa, and she unhesitatingly says that "The D & L" Emulsion is a splendid medicine for thin, delicate and growing children.

Month after month a cold sticks, and seems to tear holes in your throat. Are you aware that even a stubborn and long-neglected cold is cured with Allen's Lung Balsam? Cough and worry no longer.

He thought the farmers of New Brunswick should form a company and manufacture their own barrels. The New Brunswick apples sold by him in St. John brought him \$1.40 per barrel, less the cost of the barrel and freight rates. He exercised as much care in packing apples for the local market as he did for shipment abroad. He thought that one man could look after an orchard of one thousand trees if he gave all his time to the work.

Mr. Clarke, while laying no pretence to public speaking, placed his views clearly before the meeting and was listened to with much interest.

MR. BLAIR.

Mr. W. Saxby Blair, horticulturist of the Maritime Experimental Farm, spoke on insect pests and fungus diseases of fruit trees. In combating insects it was necessary study the conditions under which they existed. For instance Paris green was of no use against those insects which got their being by sucking, but it was effective in the case of insects which got their living by eating the leaves. Failure in fighting insects was usually due to the fact that proper judgment was not exercised. Experiments had shown Paris green was injurious to the leaves. Bug death killed bugs without any trouble and did not injure the foliage of the plants. The speaker then discussed the relative merits of the several bug destroying mixtures and seemed to favor the Bordeaux mixture as productive of the best results. In fruit growing, he said, there was a large loss each year occasioned by the apple worm. He thought the apple worm could be very easily controlled by the judicious use of Paris green. A good coat of whitewash around the base of the trees in the fall was very beneficial in the case of the oyster shell bark louse. The apple plant louse was a very troublesome insect to handle if it was not taken at the right time. Dr. Fletcher recommended a lime and sulphur mixture as being the most effective for this insect, and it should be used on the eggs. The mixture was made of 14 pounds of lime, an equal quantity of sulphur with forty gallons of water, boiled four hours. The best remedy for root magot was a mixture of hellebore, composed of two ounces of water.

Mr. Blair warmly complimented Mr. Gilman on his address, which he pronounced one of the most comprehensive of the kind he had ever listened to. The display of fruit, he could also say, was one of the best he had ever seen.

CLOSING BUSINESS.

The committee appointed to enquire into the cause of the decline of membership of the Association, presented the following:

1. The withdrawal of the grant formerly given to this meeting through the dairy associations.
2. The carrying to the farmers,

WHY BURN YOUR FLESH

With acid corn salves when 25c. buys a bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It's purely vegetable, never causes sores, and acts entirely without pain. Use only Putnam's—the best.

Month after month a cold sticks, and seems to tear holes in your throat. Are you aware that even a stubborn and long-neglected cold is cured with Allen's Lung Balsam? Cough and worry no longer.

U. S. COLONEL CURED OF RHEUMATISM.

So Crippled he Couldn't Walk—Absolutely Helpless Till He Took The One Sure Cure.

FERROZONE

RELIEVED AT ONCE—CURED PERMANENTLY—WELL EVER SINCE.

Colonel H. M. Russ, of Edwards, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., is one of the fine old heroes of the Civil war.

After being permanently cured by Ferrozone, the Colonel wrote:

"I couldn't get around without a cane, and then only with difficulty."

"Rheumatism took complete control of my limbs."

"The suffering was more intense than hardships on the battlefield."

"When my doctor had done his best I got Ferrozone."

"Then came a quick change."

"Ferrozone gave me comfort at once, eased the pain and took the stiffness out of my muscles."

"I am well today. Ferrozone cured me completely. I can jump and run like I did forty years ago."

No matter how long you have suffered Ferrozone will bring you prompt relief. It will increase your strength, renew your vitality, drive out every trace of rheumatic pain. Never known to fail; 50c. per box, or 6 for \$2.50, at all medicine dealers, or Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

through the medium of institutes, the information required by them.

3. The increasing of agricultural functions such as the maritime winter fair, exhibitions, etc.

4. The increased number of agricultural periodicals available to the farmer.

The committee had no recommendations to offer on the subject.

On motion of Mr. Tompkins the thanks of the Association were ordered to be tendered the Miramichi Agricultural Society for badges.

On motion of Mr. Hubbard a vote of thanks was tendered the Fredericton city council for providing a hall for the meeting.

On motion of Mr. Fawcett a vote of thanks was tendered to Corresponding Secretary Hubbard for his services.

The meeting then adjourned sine die.

AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

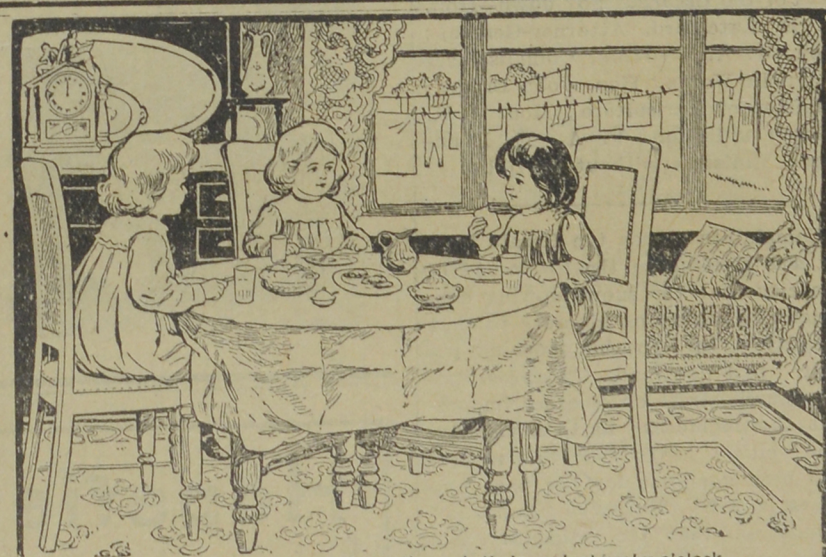
Report of the Committee Makes Some Important Recommendations.

Following is the report of the committee on agricultural education submitted to the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association:

To the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association of New Brunswick,

Your committee appointed to consider the question of Agricultural Education in the Province of New Brunswick, and to make recommendations for its further encouragement, beg to report that after an examination of what various countries are doing to encourage education, we

(Continued on Fourth page.)



The Sunlight Maids are always through their wash at twelve o'clock.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

With ordinary soap a woman has to work so hard and so long on wash day she has no time for preparing any of the family meals. Wash day is a trial, and the good wife faces each with a sigh of despair. Sunlight Soap makes all the difference in the world. No toiling—no rubbing—no boiling—less than half the labor with much better results. Most women are all through their wash by twelve o'clock when they wash with Sunlight Soap the Sunlight way. It makes child's play of work.

ASK FOR THE OCTAGON BAR.

Sunlight Soap washes the clothes white and won't injure the hands.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO.