

DISRAELI AND BISMARCK.

An Intercepted Telegram That Prevented War.

The German Chancellor Was Able to Give the Russians at Berlin a Tip of Vital Importance to Them.

A fascinating article appears in The Nineteenth Century for July, describing conversations with the late Lord Rowton, the famous secretary of Lord Beaconsfield. The most interesting passages in this article are those dealing with the Berlin Congress. The day Lord Beaconsfield arrived at Berlin he had an interview with Prince Bismarck at the Radziwill Palace. While the interview was in progress Mr. Montague Corry (as Lord Rowton then was) strolled about under the trees.

"While I was walking there, what was my surprise to hear my own name called out. 'My dear Monty!' I turned in astonishment, and beheld Count Schouvaloff, who was then, as you know, Russian Ambassador in London. We were old and intimate friends in London, where we saw a great deal of each other. 'My dear fellow,' said he, 'what in the world are you doing here?' I replied, 'I am waiting for Lord Beaconsfield, who is now closeted with Prince Bismarck.' His face fell. Obviously he had come upon the same errand, and Lord Beaconsfield had forestalled him. That was the first move, and I have no doubt at all that already at the first interview Bismarck had taken the measure of his man in Lord Beaconsfield, and I traced from that a great deal of what subsequently occurred."

It has often been said that Disraeli was playing a bluff game at the Congress, but his private secretary describes him as "absolutely serious all through." At a vital stage in the Congress the English representatives put forward four points, which were described as an ultimatum, for the acceptance of Russia. The Russians said they must refer them to their Emperor, and the sitting of the Congress were adjourned for three or four days to allow the Czar to be communicated with by special messenger.

"On the morning after that decision Lord Beaconsfield came into my room. He said: 'I have been thinking over this matter very seriously most of the night, and I have quite made up my mind what to do. It seems to me impossible for Russia to concede these points, and, if they refuse, I have sketched out my plan.

We will return to England at once. My desire is, if possible, to get to London upon Sunday night, and to have a good night's rest. On Monday morning I shall go down to Osborne—or Windsor—and after lunch I propose to lay my report before her Majesty. A declaration of war with Russia will follow. Kindly make the necessary arrangements for our journey."

The faithful secretary found it was impossible to carry out this plan by reliance on the ordinary facilities. To get to London by the Sunday night it would be necessary to take a special train from Cologne. Without any hesitation he telegraphed to the station-master at Cologne, ordering him to have a special train for Lord Beaconsfield and himself at such-an-such a time on the specified day. "That telegram was the turning point of the whole affair."

After an interval of several days the Congress resumed. "The Congress met again for a final decision on this matter at the appointed time. While the meeting was going on I waited outside as usual. After a sitting of a couple of hours the door opened, and I noticed particularly that the Russians came out first. Schouvaloff at their head. Lord Beaconsfield, as was his custom, came out last of all, and when he was going away, he took my arm and said, 'My dear Corry, I have seen what I never expected to see. Russia has given way on all four points.' We subsequently discovered, of course, that my telegram to the station-master at Cologne had been promptly transmitted to Prince Bismarck. He thereupon saw that Lord Beaconsfield was in earnest. He knew, and this we did not discover until a good deal later, that, as a matter of fact, the Russians had received orders from the Czar practically to submit to anything rather than go to war with England. He knew that, but we did not."

Lord Rowton added that the Russian's pretext that they must consult the Czar on these four points was a mere bluff. They did send off a messenger—but he left the train at Königsberg, and did not proceed any further.

EQUITABLE PROSECUTED.

State Brings Action Against Insurance Society.

New York, Aug. 2.—An action was instituted today by Attorney General Julius M. Mayer in the Supreme Court, New York, in the name of the people of the state of New York, against the Equitable Life Insurance Society and all of its directors and officials individually. A few days before the papers were filed, Edward H. Harriman, on the eve of his departure for Japan, accepted service of the summons in the proposed action, and today many of the other defendants, including James H. Hyde, were served through counsel. The defendants are allowed twenty days to file their answers.

The complaint, which contains twenty-three pages of type set in matter, refers to the fact commission report and the investigation made by State Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks, and is based on information and belief.

The complaint charges that the individual defendants "negligently, improperly and imprudently performed such duties and have habitually and continuously done and suffered to be done wrongful, illegal and improper acts, whereby the defendant society has suffered great loss and damage."

The individual defendants are further charged with having "acquired to themselves or caused or permitted to be transferred to others in violation of their duties, money, property belonging to the defendant society."

THE WHEAT CROP.

Yield of 100,000,000 Bushels Confidently Expected in the West.

Winnipeg, Aug. 2.—Within a few days harvesting will be general all through the Canadian Northwest. Already the Alberta farmers are busy sowing their winter wheat, and without exception this new crop has proved a great success. Five years ago there was practically no fall wheat grown, but during the past two years it has proved such a success that this grain will become almost the sole crop of the newly formed province.

The crop this year will be a record one in every way. From all quarters are coming the brilliant reports such as has never been received before, and it is the consensus of opinion that the wheat yield of this year will be near 100,000,000 bushels.

The conditions are such as to warrant the implement dealers getting in more machinery and every other preparation is going on for the harvest. Thirty thousand men will be needed, in addition to those already employed on the farms, but the Canadian Pacific Railway will assist in

this by running their regular harvesters' excursions from Eastern Canada, and it is expected that a large number will come up from the south as soon as the work commences.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Mr. L. W. Pond Suffers from a Fall Into a Cellar.

Edmundston, N. B., July 31.—Constance Cyr, foreman for Mr. L. W. Pond, is putting a new foundation under his house at St. Basil and to give the men light he left the cellar door open. Mr. Pond entered the house on Saturday and not noticing the open door, fell through to the bottom of the cellar. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and removed to the Roman Catholic Hospital next door, where he was treated by Dr. Laporte, of Edmundston.

Upon examination it was found that no bones were broken but they were afraid of internal trouble.

E. W. Pond, his son, was sent for and is expected to arrive on Monday. Mr. Pond regained consciousness after several hours and today is feeling better.

Mr. Pond is eighty-three years old and for many years has regularly attended to the drives on this section of the St. John river.

RAISED HIS SALARY.

Head of Foresters Given an Increase of \$5,000.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 2.—The Supreme Court, Independent Order of Foresters, yesterday selected Toronto (Ont.), as the next place of meeting, four years hence. The salary of the supreme chief ranger was increased to fifteen thousand dollars per year, and the treasurer's salary to six thousand dollars. Among the officers elected were—

Supreme chief ranger, Dr. Orinhy-atelka, Toronto.

Supreme secretary, John A. McGillivray, Toronto.

Supreme treasurer, H. A. Collins, Toronto.

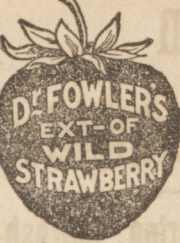
Supreme physician, Dr. Thomas Millman, Toronto.

Supreme councillor, Elliott G. Stevenson, Michigan.

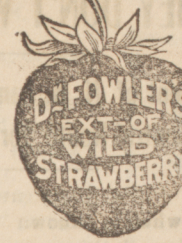
Never mind what Grover Cleveland says about your clubs, girls; when Teddy gets to be an ex-president Grover will sink into that innocuous desuetude that he used to talk about.

The night key is no longer the exclusive property of the man of the house.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.



Diarrhoea,
Dysentery,
Summer
Complaint,



**Stomach Cramps, Colic, Cholera
Morbus, Cholera Infantum,
and all Looseness of the Bowels**

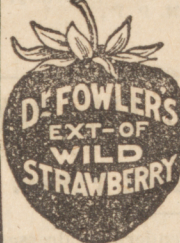
may be rapidly and effectually cured by
the use of that old and sterling remedy

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

It has a reputation of 60 years' standing
and never fails to either relieve or cure.

There are many imitations of this remedy on the market that sell for less per bottle. Dr. Fowler's is 35 cents, so be sure and get the genuine. The cheaper articles may be dangerous to your health.

HAS USED IT FOR YEARS.



Mrs. CHAS. WOODS, Waubesa, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in my house for years, and I find it a splendid remedy for Diarrhoea and Bowel Complaints, especially in children teething."



A Case of Quality.
A clever little gentleman well known in the scientific world was one day standing with half a dozen tall men when one of them turned to him and said that he had not seen him before, as he was so very small.
"Very likely," replied the little gentleman. "I am like a sixpence among six copper pennies—not easily perceived, but worth the whole six together."—London Standard.

Think Straight.
It would be impossible for a lawyer to make a reputation in his profession while continually thinking about medicine or engineering. He must think about law and must study and become thoroughly imbued with its principles. It is unscientific to expect to attain excellence or ability in any particular holding the mind upon and continually contemplating something radically different.—Success

An Old Norwich Custom.
An ancient custom is still in force at Norwich, England, in virtue of which on three days in the year any one can claim a substantial meal for nothing. The only qualification is that the applicant shall repeat aloud in St. Giles's church a prayer for the sovereign's health. Afterward they partake of a meal of broth, beef and bread, finished off with a liberal allowance of beer.

Industrial Accidents.
Out of every 10,000 workpeople about seven are killed per year by industrial accidents. In the case of seamen the number killed per thousand is about sixty-two.

Squeaking Boots.
Squeaky boots are a great annoyance, but fortunately the evil can be remedied. Stand the boots in a dish and pour round them boiled linseed oil sufficient to cover the soles. Let them remain for twenty-four hours. If one application does not remove the annoyance repeat the process.

Asbestos.
As asbestos comes from the mine it is of a greenish blue and the edges are frayed with loose fibers. The more nearly white asbestos is the better its grade. The length of fiber is also of great importance, the longest being the most valuable.

Chinese Implement Gods.
Every Chinese implement has its deity. There is a god of knives, another of spades, another of hatchets, another of swords. Every kind of animal has its deity. One god presides over the cattle, another over the sheep, another over the dogs and another over the deas that devour the dogs.

London's Open Spaces.
The open spaces of London measure twenty-one and one-half square miles. The aggregate cost each year of the maintenance of the parks is less than a quarter of a million sterling.

Coffee In Greenland.
Coffee takes the place of liquor as a stimulant in Greenland owing to the fact that the Danish government will not allow the importation of liquors for consumption by the Eskimos. The Eskimo has such a thirst for coffee that he will go to extremes to get it. He never tires of drinking it so long as the supply holds out.

Gottschalk's Memory.
Gottschalk, the pianist, claimed to be able to play from memory over 6,000 compositions. They comprised music of every school.

The Earliest Home of Cricket.
About fourteen miles from Southsea, England, there still stands the old fashioned wayside inn with the sign of the Bat and Ball. This humble tavern was the earliest home and nursery of cricket. It was the gathering place of the famous Hambledon club, which flourished in the last half of the eighteenth century.

"MADE IN CANADA."

New Locomotive Just Built—First in Toronto Since Early '50's.
"This is the first locomotive ever made in the Toronto district since the early fifties, when the old Northern built locomotives here."

Mr. Fred. Nicholls, vice-president and general manager of the Canada Foundry Company, made the above statement in Toronto one morning recently, regarding a new locomotive which has just been completed at the works of the company at Toronto Junction. Locomotives have lately been added as an extra specialty to the aggregation of specialties already made by the Canada Foundry Company. The pioneer locomotive, which will immediately go on the road is of the consolidation type, compound cylinder, high pressure 28-inch diameter, and low pressure 35-inch diameter; 26-inch stroke, with four 57 inches in diameter. The combined weight of the engine and tender without either coal or water is 208,000 pounds. The tender has a capacity of 5,000 imperial gallons, equalling 25 tons of water, and eleven tons of coal.

For the next ten weeks the Canada Foundry Company will make one locomotive per week of the above type for the C.P.R.

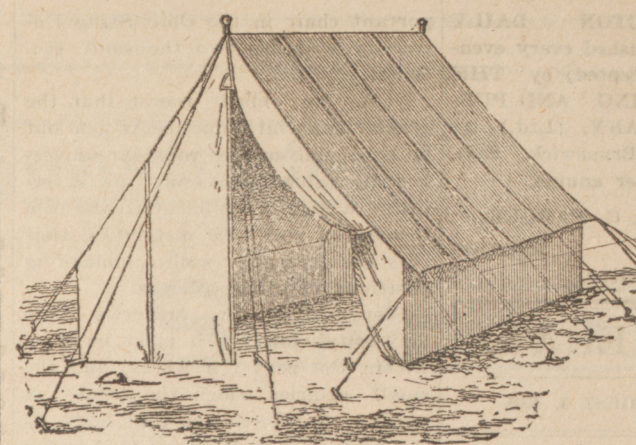
This represents a type of Canadian industry which, while not so delicate as making lace, is of considerably greater significance in the present development of Canada. The Canada Foundry Company have two unwritten mottoes, neither of them political—"Made in Canada," and "Canada First." Their works embody a general equipment second to none in the world. Their own machinery, some of which is the largest ever made in Canada, is operated by four kinds of power—steam, electricity, pneumatic and hydraulics. With this four-fold equipment of power they are now carrying out the object which for years they have had in mind—to make in Canada for the Canadian trade particularly, lines of goods that heretofore have always been imported from abroad. They believe that when the needs of progressive Canada have been supplied they will be able to cater to the rest of the colonies.

Following out this policy of expansion they have lately concluded an agreement to manufacture in Canada the "Bucyrus" steam shovel; also wrecking cranes and pile-drivers for railroad purposes. At present they are constructing one of the largest steel bridges ever made in Canada. This bridge is for the Canadian Railway, and will span the North Saskatchewan River at a point known as the second crossing—somewhere in the vicinity of Battleford. Also they are making many thousands of tons of miscellaneous iron architecture, embodying just about everything in the line of equipment and decoration—for factories, warehouses, offices, homes and buildings generally. In the general engineering expansion they aim to rival on a large scale the mammoth engineering enterprises of the Mother Country.

The White Cliffs of Dover.
The white chalk cliffs of Dover, renowned in poetry and history, are said to be slipping slowly into the sea that for so many thousands of years has dashed at their base. A portion of the cliffs fell some time ago, and recently a further portion at St. Margaret's bay, Dover, has given indications that it is also slipping seaward. Cracks in the land have opened, and some portions of the cliffs have already fallen into the sea, where they form at low water a long causeway seaward. It has been suggested that the blasting operations at the admiralty harbor, Dover, may have loosened the outer portions of the cliffs.—London Letter.

There are two sides to every question. The man who hears only one side and believes it is easily fooled.—Schoolmaster.

The mind ought sometimes to be amused that it may the better return to thought and to itself.



TENTS

of All Kinds,

There is room
your lawn for a
nice tent.

A Great Comfort in warm weather.

AWNINGS of every description.

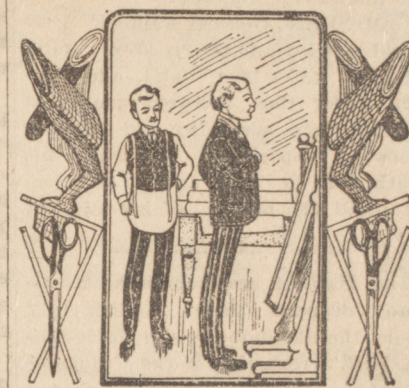
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Hot Weather This



Why not call and see about
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The kind that keeps you cool these warm days.

We would like to talk this matter over with you at once, and can quote you prices that will astonish you.

JAS. R. HOWIE, 150 Queen St.

FOR A NEW SUIT TO SUIT YOU

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I have in stock all the latest in checks and stripes to choose from. Also a very fine line of Serges.

The Busy Corner LINDSAY

LUCY & CO. Ice Cream Parlor

Have since May last given away fifteen dozen Watches. No other firm in the province has dealt so generously with their customers. This is why the corner is the busiest place in the city. They have lately received of those celebrated

Cushion Soled Boots

SOVEREIGN BRAND

Which for real comfort and durability are away ahead of anything in the market. A careful examination of these Boots will convince you that the Cushion Sole is all we claim for it.

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Offices: Queen st., opposite Officers' Quarters.

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Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

The only safe effectual monthly medicine on which women can depend. Sold in two degrees of strength—No. 1, for ordinary cases, \$1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger for Special Cases, \$3 per box. Sold by all druggists. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound; take no substitute.



The Cook Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario. Nos. 1 and 2 are sold in Fredericton by all Druggists.

Wishes to inform the public that sup

In his new Restaurant has been opened for the season. It is located up stairs and is reached by a separate entrance. Lunches of all kinds will be served here in addition to the most delicious Ice Cream and temperance drinks.

Lindsay's Restaurant is located on King Street, and is the largest and best in the city. Anything you can't get at LINDSAY'S in the eatable line must be out of season.

Home-made Cooking fresh every day.

Boston Baked Beans and Brown Bread always on hand.

Hot dinners served daily at eleven o'clock, a. m. Lunches at all hours day and night.

Cold Meats always on hand, sliced to order.

All kinds of Fruit in season. Parties forgetting to secure their groceries or meats from the regular dealer can always buy them at Lindsay's. Lindsay serves breakfast at six o'clock every morning.

Telephone No. 16

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

TENDER FOR QUAY WALL.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Quay Wall, Halifax, N. S.," will be received up to and including

THURSDAY, the 10th day of AUGUST.

1905, for the construction of a Quay Wall of Cribwork at Halifax, N. S. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Terminal Agent at Halifax, N. S., and at the Chief Engineer's office, Moncton, N. B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager, Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 24th July, 1905.

July 27, 1905.

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