

UMBRELLA ROOFS.

SELF OPENING



SELF CLOSING

The best covers you ever raised are our Umbrellas.
The rainy season may begin at any time now.
Some of us have an Umbrella to-day and none to-morrow.
These Umbrellas of ours are easy to lose, but easy to pay for.
We have a splendid value in a Self-opening Umbrella at \$1.00.
Cover is mercerized and waterproof, handle, a neat crook, rib construction, strong.
We have Umbrellas as high as \$5.00 or so.

BLACK CATS.

The Black Cat Hosiery has its headquarters here. Stockings for boy and girl. Some pretty Half Hose for men.

OAK HALL,

C. H. Thomas & Co., Brotherhood Goods.

CHESTNUT SAYS:

Moths will get at your Winter Clothes if you don't keep them out with some of our packing requisites. We have everything of this kind.



We always have a very large assortment of

RINGS

To select from. Have you seen the beautiful line that we are showing this year?

F. E. BLACKMER

DISCOVERED FOUL CRIME.

Charred Remains of an Infant Found in Moncton Mill Furnace.

NO CLUE TO PERPETRATOR OF THE DEED.

Moncton, April 5.—(Special)—Clarence Woodworth, fireman at Tuttle's mill, made a gruesome discovery when he went to the mill this morning to prepare a fire in the furnace.
When Woodworth opened the door of the furnace preparatory to putting kindling in he detected an object which on investigation he was horrified to find was the charred body of an infant child.
He notified Mr. Tuttle, and the latter notified Coroner Purdy, who investigated the matter.
Coroner Purdy found the charred body of the infant wrapped up in cloth and from his examination, believes that the child never lived.
The cloth around the body was burned to a crisp, and the flesh

was so charred that the outlines of the features could hardly be distinguished.
The arms were burned off, but the lower limbs still adhered to the body while the head was burned to a crisp.
After ascertaining all the facts that could be gleaned, and being satisfied that the body was that of a child given premature birth, Coroner Purdy decided an inquest unnecessary, and gave instructions for the proper burial of the remains.
The party guilty of the atrocious act had got into the furnace room of the mill by crawling under the building, and after depositing the body in the furnace, had made a fire.
There is no clue to the perpetrator of the deed.

JAPS' VICTORIOUS ADVANCE.

Driving Enemy out of Several Towns in Their March Northward.

A BRUSH WITH RUSSIAN CAVALRY.

Tokio, April 5.—(Special)—Imperial army headquarters, reporting to-day, says: "Part of Changtu's force drove the Russians out of Tsulushu, two miles north of Changtu, also out of Sumiencheng, nine miles west of Tsulushu, and occupied both places, April 3."

In driving the enemy from the neighborhood of Soumiatsu, six miles south of Tsulushu, our force reached the vicinity of Santaakou, April 4.
At noon they were fired upon fiercely from about five hundred cavalry, retreating north along the railway."

THE UNITED BAPTIST CHURCH.

All Arrangements Completed for Union of Baptists and Free Baptists of New Brunswick.

DENOMINATIONAL NEWSPAPER ORGANS LIKELY TO BE AMALGAMATED.

The United Baptist church of New Brunswick will be an accomplished fact in September of this year. This is the announcement made by the joint committee of the Baptist and Free Baptist bodies who were in session all day yesterday at St. John, and who completed their labors last evening.
Preliminary meetings of the two committees were held on Monday evening, and yesterday all the members assembled in Germain street Baptist church.
Those present were: Rev. Dr. McLeod, Rev. A. Perry, Rev. C. T. Philips, Rev. B. H. Nobles, Rev. J. B. Daggett, Rev. A. J. Prosser, Rev. L. A. Fenwick, Hon. E. McLeod, Col. D. Vince, C. W. Weyman, Rev. Dr. Trotter, Rev. A. Cohoon, and Rev. H. F. Adams of Wolfville, N. S., Rev. Dr. Steele of Amherst, Rev. J. A. Cahill of Jacksonville, N. B., and Havelock Coy of Fredericton, and Doctors Manning and Gates, and Revs. J. H. Hughes and W. E. McIntyre of St. John.
In the forenoon, Dr. Joseph McLeod, representing the Free Baptists and Dr. G. O. Gates, for the Baptists, presented their reports. These showed that by far the greater number of the churches of the two denominations interested had been heard from, and that practically all were in favor of union. Some three or four had put themselves on record as opposed to it, but these were far fewer than had been expected, and the members of the committee expressed themselves as greatly surprised at the almost general expression in favor of the movement. They did not expect such great success.
The basis of union as considered at the last meeting of the conference and convention, was passed without

any discussion and without change, and the committee settled down to a general discussion of the organization of the new church.
There was a lot of talk on what name should be given to the united body. The Baptist delegates wanted to call it the Baptist church, but the Free Baptists thought they would thus be entirely effaced, and they wanted the recollection of the union kept in some way. Finally all agreed on the name The United Baptist Church.
The committee spent all the rest of the day in considering the plan of organization and such progress was made that all details were completed.
It is expected that early in the autumn the first meeting of the provincial association will be held, and with this in view a programme committee has been appointed, and also another committee to prepare the necessary constitution and by-laws.
There being two denominational organs, The Messenger and Visitor, and the Religious Intelligencer, the committee expressed themselves as being in favor of amalgamation.
The two committees will report to their respective meetings in August and September, and it is about settled that in the latter month the union will be completed.
The committees have been advised that the Free Baptists of Nova Scotia have also expressed a desire to join in this movement, and this body will in all probability be included in the united church.
The united Baptist church in New Brunswick will have 80,000 adherents, of whom 10,000 are church members, and in the three provinces the total membership will be 62,000.

RUSSIA ON EDGE OF VOLCANO.

Believed That Masses Are Only Waiting the Word.

TO RISE IN REBELLION AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

St. Petersburg, April 5.—(Special)—The prospects of a general upheaval in city and country with the advance of spring, accumulate daily.
Evidence increases that all the radical forces are acting in unison, awaiting the signal which it is generally believed, will be given shortly after the Russian Easter.
The terrorists are showing great activity, and reports from all over the country prove that workmen in many cases have been formulating petty demands, which are no sooner granted than they are succeeded by others, and they are only biding their time.
Employers frankly admit it is impossible to continue their business,

and some have already shut up.
People are plainly becoming panicky, and the authorities cannot conceal their alarm.
The Guards regiments which usually go to camp in April, will be retained at St. Petersburg it is announced, until June.
An order, to allow camps to be cleaned in view of the danger of cholera, is regarded as being so serious that the sanitary authorities have ordered an immediate cleaning of pits, sewers and cess-pools.
Specific instructions have been issued to householders, especially in the poorer districts, where the people live in cellars.

DISCUSSION GROWING STALE.

Autonomy Bill Debate Shows no Sign of Drawing to a Close.

LAVERGUE, COL. HUGHES AND TURRIFF WERE THE SPEAKERS AT TUESDAY'S SITTING.

Ottawa, April 5.—The debate on the autonomy bill was continued yesterday by Armand Lavergne, Liberal (Montmagny), who dealt with the constitutional aspects of the bill. Quebec was a partner in confederation and the people were as loyal there as in any other part of Canada.
Col. Sam Hughes followed and congratulated Mr. Lavergne on the moderate tone of his speech. He denied that the Conservatives in Ontario or in any part of Canada were trying to attack the rights of French-Canadians. The British were always the champions of liberty and a great part of the freedom enjoyed by the French today was due to an English monarch, William, Prince of Orange. Today should anyone propose to lay hands upon a single right guaranteed to the French of Quebec "my good friend, Dr. Sproule would marshal his boys of that province." (Laughter).
Mr. Bruneau—Thanks, we will sleep easy now.
Col. Hughes praised the United States system of schools as against the English system.
Mr. Lemieux—Is England behind the United States?
Col. Hughes—She is in school matters.
Mr. Lemieux—England is the greatest nation in the world in spite of

the honorable gentleman and I am surprised at the statements of such an ultra Loyalist as he is.
J. G. Turriff (East Assiniboia) said that if the people of the northwest were satisfied he did not see why Ontario should be so greatly troubled about it. In the west there was practically no opposition to the bill.
Mr. Foster was anxious to have the portfolio of the interior filled. The member for North Toronto was not half so sorry as all the members from the west were that the member for Brandon was not at the head of the interior department. "We know" said Mr. Turriff, "that we have had a good friend in the member for Brandon and we know what a loss his retirement meant to all Canada, and the west in particular. There is no other man in the west in the same class and there is no man in Canada today able to take Mr. Sifton's place."
At some length Mr. Turriff argued that the present school law in the west having been made by the people of the west themselves, worked satisfactorily for thirteen years and it was what was wanted now. It was really a public school system. The agitation was kept up for party purposes with the hope that the Conservatives would be elected in power.
Uriah Wilson moved the adjournment of the debate.

LAURIER NOT IMPLICATED.

Attempt of Manitoba Tory Politician to Compromise Premier Entirely Fails.

Winnipeg, April 5.—(Special)—Replying to a Winnipeg despatch published in the Ottawa Citizen, in which statements were made that Mgr. Sbarretti, the Papal delegate, would raise no objection to the enlargement of Manitoba's territory providing the provincial government would guarantee separate schools within the added territory, an Ottawa correspondent of The Free Press telegraphs as follows:
"Most of the statements are inventions. Your correspondent has the best possible authority for saying that the references to Sir Wilfrid Laurier are unqualified falsehoods. Sir Wilfrid had no negotiations prior to February 1, last, when the formal request for the extension of the boundaries was made, and consequently he could not have expressed himself in the manner attributed to him.
When the proposal was made it was considered on its merits in Council, and at no time was there any suggestion from anybody that there was or could be any relation between the educational position of the Manitoba Ministry and the suggested extension of the boundary. The references to the Papal delegate are not understood here. If he intervened his action was gratuitous.
If it appears from this statement that Mgr. Sbarretti sought to make himself a party to the negotiations the government will undoubtedly demand an explanation from the delegate, and will thereafter take such action as may be necessary to vindicate themselves in the eyes of the public."

FARM SOLD.

The David Manual farm at Granite Hill was sold by Auctioneer Stock-

ford under foreclosure in front of the city hall at noon today. It was knocked down to David Manual for \$450.