

The Daily Herald.

VOL. X.

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1905

NO. 182

BOYS'

WASH SUITS.

SPLENDID BARGAINS.

Following up our policy of keeping always a fresh stock we have come to our Boys' Washable Suits.

These are all this season's styles—all neat and pretty patterns—good wearing materials.

Our original prices were exceptionally low.

Regular prices on Boys' Washable Suits reduced from

25 to 33 1-3 per cent.

The same reduction applies to waists and blouses.
There are many reductions to clear summer goods at this store.

OAK HALL, C. H. THOMAS & CO.



Vacation Days are KODAK Days

Picture taking will add immensely to the pleasure of your vacation.

KODAKS \$5 to \$108
BROWNIE CAMERAS \$1 to \$39

C. Fred. Chestnut,
Apothecary,
Queen st., - Fredericton, N. B.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

I expect to remove in the near future from my present place of business to the store lately occupied by Mr. H. D. White, between Gleaner and Western Union Telegraph Offices, where I will be glad to receive the same splendid patronage as in the past.

F. E. BLACKMER, 222 QUEEN ST.

STEAMER RAN AGROUND.

Oruro Plying to West Indies on the Mussel Beds Near St. John.

St. John, Aug. 9.—(Special.)—West Indian steamer Oruro, Captain Seley, from Bermuda, Windward Islands, and Demerara, this morning on entering the harbor, ran ashore during a dense fog on what is known as the Mussel Beds, a short distance from Round Reef. The accident happened about ten o'clock and the tide was at the ebb. The pilot made the beacon light safely, and the steamer was running at half speed at the time. Suddenly the ship took a strong current, and was carried toward Round Reef. The anchor was let go but the vessel ran aground on the Mussel Bed where she appears to be lying all right. The bottom where the Oruro grounded is soft, and shipping men and pilots say she will come off safely, as no rocks or boulders are near her.

RUSSIANS SURRENDERED.

Japs Have a Great Many Prisoners on Their Hands at Sakhalin.

Tokio, Aug. 9.—(Special.)—An official report from the Sakhalin army says: "General Liapinov and five staff officers who surrendered at Hamda, July thirty-first, were escorted to Rikoff, where they were met by our commander-in-chief in a church building. General Liapinov states that a detachment consisting of two officers and one hundred men, sent toward Niuro, had been ordered by telegram to come at once and surrender. The number of prisoners increasing. The convicts seem to have been released before our occupation and it is apprehended that they will not disturb the peace."

DELICATE QUESTIONS.

That Must be Handled Gingerly in Procedure of Peace Conference.

New York, Aug. 8.—(Special.)—The London Times correspondent, cabling from Portsmouth, says: "Delay in the assembling of the peace envoys has been perhaps beneficial for remedying difficulties as the hour of the conference approaches. Today the Japanese and Russians submitted themselves to the demands of ceremony, and even before the ceremonies began envoys began considering their positions. Even physical difficulties occupy them. Portsmouth, the place of meeting, has both advantages and disadvantages. Newcastle, where both parties live, is at least half an hour's drive away, while the island where the conferences will be held, is eighty minutes distant by rail and forty by sea. The hotel where both parties live is a typical American summer hotel, lodging some five hundred people with a certain degree of comfort. Each group of envoys has its apartments, nicely distributed, but neither has a large room for secretarial work or discussion. The naval building, which the United States government supplies, is adorned with many flags, has a large hall for meeting and fairly well equipped rooms for secretaries, but it is otherwise not quite well equipped for the business to be done. Difficulties with procedure may be much more formidable. M. Witte is unfamiliar with diplomatic procedure. His plans for the meeting do not seem to have been crystallized. At any rate, such questions appear to be open so far as the Russians are concerned. It is suggested that democratic rule may apply, and that the language which the greater number speak will be used, which is English. But if it is used in oral discussion a difficulty will arise in drawing protocols in English, for the Russian foreign office has been trained in French. Neither party can yield authority to the other. They must agree on a authority to whom credentials can be referred."

ALBANY DISASTER.

Bodies of Victims Are Still Being Taken from the Debris.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 3.—(Special.)—This morning found two hundred men still working on the wreckage of John G. Myers Co.'s departmental store, where 24 hours ago occurred the saddest catastrophe in the history of Albany. Eleven bodies, many maimed almost beyond recognition, have been taken out of the wreckage thus far. One woman after being carried to the hospital died. The known list which last night numbered only five has been more than doubled by the addition of the following employees: Mary McEvay, died in hospital, Anna Cashman, Theresa Spanagur, Anna Sprinks, Grace B. Ener, Helen Malone, John Powers, Roxbury. In addition to these it is almost certain that 15 or 20 bodies remain in the twisted mass of beams, wires, plaster, brick and laths that was once the main portion of one of the city's largest stores.

THE VERY LATEST.

It's the latest, Hear the shouting? It's the greatest—C. of E. outing. Watch for full particulars of this the big, happy, gala day of the season. Everybody invited to share in the pleasures.—d.

MORE GOOD SPORT.

Mr. M. Tennant Among the Lucky Fishermen Yesterday.

Mr. Matthew Tennant, the well known dry goods merchant, was among the small army of local anglers who whipped the salmon pool at Hart's Island yesterday afternoon, and two nice grilse were killed by him after an exciting battle. A Montreal gentleman, whose name could not be learned, also had the good fortune to kill a grilse. A number of local sports had plenty of good fishing but failed to land anything larger than a chub.

The authorities are determined to put a stop to the practice of "drifting," which has been carried on very extensively in the dugway for many years past. A sharp watch is being kept on a number of old stagers, who haunt the locality, and if caught and heavily fined they will only have themselves to blame, as repeated warnings have been given. Complaints have been made to the wardens that angling was carried on last Sunday by sportsmen from the city, who have plenty of time to do their fishing on week days. It is just as much a violation of the law to fish on Sunday as it is to drag the river on week days with a net and the wardens should make no distinction. The farmers living in the vicinity cannot be expected to observe the law if anglers from the city are to be allowed to violate it with impunity.

THE HOSPITAL SEWAGE.

Will No Longer be a Source of Contamination to the Water Supply.

JOINT MEETING YESTERDAY ARRIVED AT SATISFACTORY COMPROMISE

The city council, board of health, and Victoria Hospital trustees, held a conference on sanitary matters at the city council chamber yesterday afternoon. The hospital sewage question was fully threshed out and it was decided that the cesspool arrangement should be adopted, pending the introduction of a general system of sewerage. The Board of Health, through Chairman Weaver, consented to the arrangement as a compromise.

Those present were Mayor McNally and Alds. Randolph, Chestnut, Mitchell, McKenzie Hanlon, McGinn, Everett and Stockford, representing the city council; Chairman Weaver and Messrs. James Farrell, Havlock, Coy, J. F. McMurray, J. M. Wiley and C. W. Beckwith, representing the Board of Health; Senator Thompson, Dr. Bridges, James T. Sharkey, T. C. Allen, A. H. F. Randolph, representing the hospital board.

The mayor in a few words explained why the meeting had been called. Chairman Weaver upon being called upon by the mayor, gave a brief account of the action taken by the Board of Health in regard to the disposal of the hospital sewage. He said the board objected to the hospital making use of a cesspool because of its close proximity to the river, where the water supply was obtained. The board had favored having the drain to the river extended for another block but the work had not been done. The council had afterwards passed a resolution recommending that the hospital sewage be emptied into a cesspool, and had thereby come into conflict with the Board of Health. "The members of the Board of Health felt that it would not be in the interests of the public health to have the hospital sewage emptied into an unlined cesspool, although a cesspool with cement lining might be used to advantage. He thought the council before passing the resolution referred to, should have consulted the Board of Health."

Ald. Randolph said that the water committee thought that while the hospital sewage was dumped into the river, there was always a great danger of it contaminating the water supply. In the nature of an experiment, the committee had suggested that the hospital drains be closed and the sewage emptied into a cesspool. It was felt that this would not entail any great expense, and could certainly do no harm if tried for one year. The question of sewerage was now a live one and in a short time probably the trouble would be got over to the satisfaction of all.

Senator Thompson approved of the suggestion advanced by Ald. Randolph. He believed it would be a good plan to try the cesspool for a year, just to see what effect it would have on the public health and water supply. The mayor said that both Prof. Smith and Dr. Hersey had strongly recommended the removal of the water works intake, because of the danger which now existed of the water supply being contaminated by hospital sewage. Chairman Weaver said that it had been suggested that the sewers from the tanneries as well as that from the hospital, should be carried to some point at least as far down as Westmorland street.

The mayor thought the hospital sewage would do less harm to the water supply if emptied into a cesspool, than it would if emptied into the river. Chairman Weaver remarked that Supt. Burchill was opposed to having the hospital sewage dumped into a cesspool because of its proximity to the crib well. Mr. T. C. Allen, said that the hospital trustees, having the council to contend with on one side, and the board of health on the other, were not in a position to take any action. What the trustees wanted was permission to have the sewage emptied into a cesspool until such time, as it was decided whether or not a system of sewerage would be adopted for the city. It would cost at least one thousand dollars to extend the hospital sewer to Westmorland street, and the hospital being a poor institution, the trustees were not anxious to expend that amount, unless it was shown that there was no other way out of the difficulty. He did not think that any great harm could result from having the sewage drained into a cesspool. A general system of sewerage was likely to be adopted, in the near future and any expenditure the hospital might make in the meantime for sewerage would be thrown away.

Ald. McGinn quoted authorities to show that there were other causes for typhoid fever besides impure water. At the present time the water in the river was very low, but strange to say there was no typhoid fever in the city. In other places the water supply had been contaminated by sewage leaking through into the water pipes. This possibly might be the case in Fredericton in the spring and fall, when the water flowed down from the hills.

Dr. Bridges thought it would be safe for the next few years to have the hospital sewage emptied into a vault, located in a sandy bed. It was hardly worth while for the hospital trustees to go to an expense of one thousand dollars, to provide a private sewer when the city was likely to have a general system in the course of a few years. The speaker thought it possible for typhoid fever to be communicated from other sources besides water. He thought the drainage sewers should be frequently flushed out. The mayor said that the sewers had been flushed out once a month during the present summer. Dr. Bridges—Then perhaps we are getting the benefit of that. The mayor was of opinion that three quarters of the people believed the water was polluted by hospital sewage. Mr. James Farrell thought if the hospital trustees were to provide a cement lined cesspool it would satisfy the board of health. Ald. Chestnut said that whatever action was taken, it should be with the understanding that a system of sewerage was likely to be adopted next year. Ald. Everett said that the sewers and well holes were not in the condition that they should be. In view of the fact that it was the intention of the citizens to adopt a general system it was not deemed advisable to make any larger expenditure in that way. He thought for the present at least a vault should be used for hospital sewage. Ald. Mitchell believed that typhoid outbreaks in Fredericton were largely due to hospital sewage being dumped into the river. He was in favor of trying a vault for one year. Ald. Hanlon favored installing a vault at the hospital. He did not think it would be a source of danger for a year at least. Ald. Allen said that some years ago the hospital sewer became plugged and it was found necessary to use a vault from the end of September until the following spring. Strange to say there was little or no typhoid fever in the city that winter.

Mr. Coy thought it would be advisable to try a cement cesspool at the hospital. If it were not done the sewer pipe should be extended one block. He did not think an unlined cesspool would fill the bill.

Dr. Weaver said that as chairman of the board of health, he was willing to consent to having a cesspool installed at the hospital, providing it was placed as far away from the river as possible. He judged by the remarks of those who had spoken that it was the general desire of some compromise of that nature should be made.

The mayor remarked that in view of Dr. Weaver's statement no difficulty need now be experienced in disposing of the matter. He thought the hospital trustees in installing the cesspool would take all precautions to safeguard the public health. The meeting then adjourned.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Movements of People in Whom Our Readers are Interested.

Warden John Scott of Dumfries, was among the visitors to the city today. Ex-Coun. Alby Grass of Waasis, was in the city today.

Mr. Harry F. Alward, assistant law clerk of the department of railways, Ottawa, is visiting his father Mr. Abram Alward, Saunders Street.

Hon. Charles Burpee, ex-M. P. of Sheffield, was among the visitors to the city today. His many friends are pleased to see him in the enjoyment of good health.

The condition of Mrs. D. J. Shea, who was taken to the Richard's private hospital yesterday is not improved.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Aug. 9.—(Special.)—The stock quotations this morning were as follows:

Dominion Coal, 78, 77½, 77¼.
Dominion Iron & Steel, 23½, 23¼, 23½.
Dominion Iron & Steel, pfd., 74, 73½, 73¼.
Nova Scotia Steel, 62, 63½, 63¼.
C. P. R., 155.
Twin City, 117, 117, 117.
Montreal Power, 91½.
Rich. & Ont., Nav., 74½.