

SCALDED HIMSELF AND CURED HIMSELF.

Novel Demonstration of New Compound Given to Physicians.

Montreal Herald.—A novel and interesting demonstration of the application of an instantaneous cure for scalds and burns was given at the Windsor Hotel this morning in the presence of a gathering of the medical profession and representatives of the press.

The demonstrator was Dr. Kaiser, a German from the city of Hulhan, Nova Scotia for the last six months, is the producer of the power which is claimed to have such pronounced healing qualities.

With a Spartan courage that none present evinced the desire to emulate he held out his arm while boiling liquid was poured upon it and while a red hot iron was applied.

There were present while the trying ordeal was undergone Dr. Garrow, assistant surgeon at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Dr. Skene, of McGill University, Dr. F. Gurd and Dr. Nelson, members of the medical profession and Messrs. J. B. Gass and A. E. White, who are interested in the promotion of a syndicate which aims at the distribution of the powder through the chemical trade and which will hold the rights of production in Canada.

Dr. Kaiser, who is a stoutish man of medium height and strong muscular development, with the familiar Kaiser moustache, behaved with great fortitude, but it was apparent from the contraction of his features and his exclamations when the fiery

applications were made that like all other mortals he was susceptible to this form of pain.

The soothing effect of the powders was speedily shown upon his covering his arm to a depth of about half an inch with the dark powdery substance that imparted relief. In three or four minutes the evidences of suffering vanished and the self-imposed victim after the arms had been subjected to repeated applications and bandaged pronounced himself to be free from pain.

It is claimed for the powder, which is of the consistency of flour and of the color of gun powder, that it cures sores, cuts, and bruises as well as burns and scalds. Dr. Kaiser says it was used by both the Russian and Japanese armies with great success during the war. It is produced from wood charcoal, from which it takes its coloring, and wheat flour, soda and other ingredients.

The doctors were evidently impressed by the evidences of relief furnished, although they seemed to be rather surprised at the novel method of introducing the cure to the public and would have preferred that it should have been introduced to the public in the ordinary way and through the usual channels.

According to Dr. Kaiser companies have been formed for the production and supply of the powders in Germany and France, and it is through these that it was supplied to the belligerents in the Far East.

LITTLE INTEREST IN TARIFF INQUIRY.

West Appears Indifferent—Commission Goes to the Coast Tomorrow.

Winnipeg, Sept. 10.—Very little interest, in fact, almost indifference, was shown in the tariff inquiry here yesterday, and Mr. Fielding and Mr. Brodeur were led to remark:

"Does the west care?"

Hon. Mr. Fielding characterized as absurd the rumor that the government came at this season in order that the farmers should not be heard.

A deputation of fruit growers asked that the duty on apples, pears, plums and peaches be reduced to ten per cent.

A most important deputation was representatives of eastern stove makers, who urged that some protection be given, and said that American makers are crowding them out in the western markets.

Mr. J. H. Ashdown did not altogether agree with the deputation, and cited experiences in buying earthenware, and said:

"My position is the dumping clause is a hold-up, and I would sooner pay the difference in cost to any American manufacturer than to the Canadian government."

"How would I raise my revenue in that case?" asked the minister of finance, smiling.

Mr. Ashdown said that as a choice of evils he would sooner have a higher tariff than a dumping clause. He asked that if it be continued a higher margin between home and export price than five per cent. be allowed, and Canadian dealers be given some allowance for freight like American dealers. He reminded the commission that the stove representatives had spoken for manufacturers.

"A great body of our people are consumers," he added "and are interested in lower rates of duty. The farmer has to compete in the markets of the world with his produce, and he naturally thinks that there should not be more duty placed on imported goods than is necessary for purposes of revenue. When you go so far as protection you go beyond revenue. In a large number of cases the present tariff is beyond revenue tariff. I would ask that the duty be not increased, but on the contrary whenever it is beyond a revenue producing basis it should be lowered."

HEAVY FINES IMPOSED.

End of Kentucky Lottery Fraud at Fort Erie.

PRINCIPALS THREW UP THE SPONGE AT OPENING OF COURT—PROVINCIAL TREASURY ENRICHED BY \$1,797—PLANT CONFISCATED.

Niagara Falls, Sept. 9.—The curtain is drawn upon the Kentucky lottery which has for years disgraced the village of Fort Erie, and been the means of obtaining money by fraud from the poorest class of people in the United States, who sought to get something for nothing.

The unexpected happened before Magistrate Cruikshank, when W. M. German, K. C., M. P., on behalf of William Hunt, the occupant of the Arb House, raided yesterday, entered a plea of guilty, and was fined one thousand dollars and costs or eighteen months in the Central Prison. Joseph Morris, who was known to be one of the chief promoters of the lottery, was taxed five hundred dollars and costs or one year, and John Wright and Charles E. Harris, both residents of Fort Erie, who assisted in the operation, were assessed one hundred dollars and costs each or six months' imprisonment. Henry Heinze of Buffalo, for frequenting the place, was fined five dollars and costs, and Wm. White, the other defendant, who was simply a spectator, was discharged. Stanley Lighthouse and Charles Wright, aged eleven and ten years respectively, the lads who aided in the drawing, were allowed to go on suspended sentence, they being too young to appreciate their connection with a criminal business.

The fines amounted to \$1,797, and the costs ninety-two dollars, totaling \$1,797. The money was paid in to court and goes to the Provincial Treasury.

"No method of getting money is more disreputable than that of the lottery business," observed Magistrate Cruikshank, in passing sentence.

ence, "Poor people, such as domestics and laborers, make up the majority of the victims. The offence is a penal one in almost every civilized country, and the Kentucky lottery was started at Fort Erie to evade the strict law of the United States. Nobody goes into a lottery business innocently. It requires big capital, and everybody connected with the operation of the Kentucky lottery, with the possible exception of the two boys, know the consequences."

Magistrate Cruikshank congratulated Provincial Detective Greer and Chief Mains on the prosecution, which put an end to the Kentucky lottery.

The plant used in connection with the lottery was confiscated. The decision of the defendants to get a speedy trial and plead guilty caused a good deal of comment, but it is said the Crown's case was so conclusive that there was no other alternative.

YOU'RE ONLY HALF SICK. But, nevertheless, you feel pretty "seedy." Best prescription is Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they tone up the entire system, strengthen the stomach, elevate your spirits and make you feel better in one day. It's by cleaning the body of wastes, by purifying and enriching the blood that Dr. Hamilton's Pills accomplish so much. Very mild, exceeding prompt, and guaranteed in every case. Your druggist sells Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butterbean in yellow boxes, 25c. each, or five for \$1.00. Get the genuine.

Praise among women, like gold and precious stones, owes its value chiefly to its scarcity.

Woman's Kidney Troubles

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is Especially Successful in Curing This Fatal Disease.



Of all the diseases known, with which women are afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal. In fact, unless early and correct treatment is applied, the weary patient seldom survives.

Being fully aware of this, Mrs. Pinkham, early in her career, gave exhaustive study to the subject, and in producing her great remedy for women's ills—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—was careful to see that it contained the correct combination of herbs which was sure to control that fatal disease, woman's kidney troubles. The Vegetable Compound acts in harmony with the laws that govern the entire female system, and while there are many so-called remedies for kidney troubles, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only one especially prepared for women, and thousands have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it. Derangements of the feminine organs quickly affect the kidneys, and when a woman has such symptoms as pain or weight in the loins, backache, bearing down pains, urine too frequent, scanty or high colored, producing scalding or burning, or deposits like brick dust in it; unusual thirst, swelling of hands and feet, swelling under the eyes or sharp pains in the back running down the inside of her groin, she may be sure her kidneys are affected and should lose no time in combating the disease with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the woman's remedy for women's ills.

The following letters show how marvelously successful it is. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Mrs. Samuel Frake, of Prospect Plains, N. J., writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I cannot thank you enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I first wrote to you I had suffered for years with what the doctor called kidney trouble and congestion of the womb. My back ached dreadfully all the time, and I suffered so with that bearing-down feeling I could hardly walk across the room. I did not get any better, so decided to stop doctoring with my physician and take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am thankful to say it has entirely cured me. I do all my own work, have no more backache and all the bad symptoms have disappeared. I cannot praise your medicine enough, and would advise all women suffering with kidney trouble to try it.

Mrs. J. W. Lang, of 626 Third Avenue, New York, writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have been a great sufferer with kidney trouble. My back ached all the time and I was discouraged. I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would cure kidney disease, and I began to take it; and I have cured me when everything else had failed. I have recommended it to lots of people and they all praise it very highly.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation. Women suffering from kidney trouble, or any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Out of the great volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than likely she has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

BLAZE AT FERNIE. Estimated Loss One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Fernie, Sept. 7.—Fire broke out between four and five o'clock this morning, totally destroying the mill and power houses of the Electric Lumber Manufacturing Company. The estimated loss is \$100,000, and the insurance is \$60,000.

Fernie, B. C., Sept. 7.—Fire broke out between four and five o'clock this morning, totally destroying the mill and power house of the Electric Lumber & Manufacturing Company. Estimated loss one hundred thousand dollars. Insurance sixty thousand. Fortunately it is raining heavily, and there is no wind, and the fire is not likely to spread to the planer and lumber piles.

OLD AND NEW WHEAT FLOURS.

There is always a demand for old wheat flour a long time after the new crop comes in. This demand is not only from the city bakers who make quality and conditions of flour a life study, but it extends even to the rural districts where the good farmer's wife has learned that she can get best results from old wheat flour.

This distinction between old and new wheat flours has existed only in later years, since farmers have adopted the practice of threshing their wheat out of shock directly after cutting. When they made it a rule to put their wheat in stacks, ricks or barns, and allowed it to remain until all the elements that go to make up a perfect berry had passed from the straw into the grain, there was seldom any choice between the two flours. Then the grain was allowed to pass through the sweating period, and become perfectly matured. It was not difficult then for the miller to make flour that would produce good bread the same day that it was ground.

Now, as conditions have changed so materially, we must look for and practice the next best thing. It is contended that a good practice would be to grind and hold the flour for six months, when it would be suitable for bread making purposes.

If the new wheat is ground as it comes to the mill, it is liable to become infested with eggs that soon hatch into worms. If it does not, consider how long one must keep out of the use of the money that he has invested in the wheat and the cost of manufacturing it into flour. Besides this, the flour will not be as good as if made from old wheat, for the simple reason that the wheat has not gone through the sweat, and, to a certain extent, the sweating will take place in the flour greatly to its detriment. I am thoroughly convinced that the flour made from old wheat will give bakers better satisfaction six weeks after being ground than will that made from new wheat thrashed out of shock in six months after being ground.

As suggested, to keep the flour six months after grinding from new wheat is one way to satisfy the trade. The next is to have sufficient storage room to store enough old wheat to supply the trade with old wheat flour until the new is fit to grind. Do not imagine that consumers are cranks and don't know what they are talking about when they say that they must have old wheat flour.

SEQUEL TO KIDNAPPING.

Woman Hears of Her Daughter After Nine Years.

New York, Sept. 9.—There has been a strange sequel to the mysterious kidnapping, nine years ago, of pretty Rosie Cohen, an east side girl. The girl's mother lives in Orchard street and was surprised by the visit of an unknown man who called the mother to the door, and after telling her he knew the present whereabouts of her daughter, thrust a recent photograph of the girl into her hands, and with the remark, "She's changed her name; it's no use for you to try to find her," disappeared.

In the winter of 1896 the girl, nearly five years old, was playing on the street in front of her home,

when a man was seen to creep up, placed his hand over the child's mouth, caught her up in his arms and fled. The police worked on the case for a long time without success. The mother was heart-broken and gave up hope of ever knowing the child's fate.

When the man visited Mrs. Cohen yesterday she pleaded with him for knowledge of the girl's whereabouts, but he refused. "She would not be happy here," he said. "She's doing all right and has forgotten you. Now just forget her and don't try to find her. It won't do any good."

The police are inclined to believe that the man, having found the mother, intends demanding a ransom.

The spinster isn't always to be pitied, and no one knows this better than a woman who is unhappily married.

G. T. WHELPLEY.

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The only safe effective monthly medicine on which women can depend. Sold in two degrees of strength—No. 1, for ordinary cases, \$1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger for Special Cases, \$3 per box. Sold by all druggists. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound; take no substitute.

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