

SIR HIBBERT SAYS THINGS.

Funny Scene in a British Columbia Court.

MR. JUSTICE MARTIN MAKES SOME REMARKS, TO WHICH SIR HIBBERT TUPPER REPLIES IN KIND.

Victoria, B. C., April 15.—Mr. Justice Martin, whose extravagant devotion to the etiquette and millinery of the bench has led the legislature to pass an act abolishing the flummery to which he is so wedded, furnished the interesting incident when Mr. Bodwell, counsel for the plaintiff, Edna Wallace Hopper, the actress, opened his address by rehearsing by the full court the famous will case against the millionaire ex-Premier of British Columbia, James Dunsmuir of "Burleigh." Mr. Bodwell was not in the episode except as a supernumerary, the leading part falling to Mr. Justice Martin and Sir Charles Hippert Tupper, who is in the action for the intervenor, Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir. Mr. Bodwell had but fairly started in his argument when Mr. Justice Irvine in a sotto voce aside asked some minor question having reference to the ground already covered. Sir Hippert Tupper answered in a like aside, the question and answer being most informal interjections. Mr. Justice Martin, however, had marked the incident with eagle eye.

"I find it difficult to follow the argument," he observed tartly, "when two counsel are speaking."

Sir Hibbert promptly explained that the fault was all his—he had but replied to a question voiced by Mr. Justice Irvine.

"I do not think that that could be the case," commented Mr. Justice Martin, "as I did not see you rise from your seat."

"I was replying to a Judge who does not insist on superfluous formalities," remarked Sir Hibbert, now rising.

"I do not think you should have said that," countered His Lordship. "It is a practice required even in the police court."

"Indeed," cooed Sir Hibbert, "I will not question Your Lordship's information. I have often done it in the Supreme Court of Canada, and before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and it is possible that I may have fallen into the habit here."

"They probably make generous allowances in certain cases," responded His Lordship.

"It is very necessary at times," purred back Sir Hibbert, looking straight at the judicial martinet.

"Well, it is a very bad practice," said His Lordship, wearily, and the incident was closed.

PULLED A COBRA'S TOOTH.

Got Enough Poison in Sac to Kill Thirty Men.

New York, April 22.—A ten-foot king cobra, which arrived at the New York Zoological Garden, was discovered to have a slight swelling at the root of his poison fangs. As any irritation of the venom sac of poisonous reptiles is sure to result fatally, preparations were immediately made for an operation.

The patient, as well as being the largest cobra ever received in this country, is the most handsomely marked snake in the reptile-house. He is rather slender and of more graceful appearance than the cobra de capello, which heretofore have been the pride exhibits of the snake house. In color he is of a light silvery grey, shading to a brown at the lower part of the body, and striped with gold bands, about two inches apart. His hood is smaller than the other snakes of this family, and the "spectacle" marks are less distinct. The snake comes from

Southern India.

With the help of Mr. Sanborn, a member of the Zoological Society, Curator Ditmars placed the cobra on a table in the reception room, and, after wedging the snake's mouth open with a large cork, he extracted the two and a half inch fangs. Attached to the fangs was a little sac, an eighth of an inch in diameter, containing about ten drops of which will kill a horse in five minutes and a man in two.

After the operation Dr. Ditmars washed the wound with a strong antiseptic, and in half an hour the snake was trying to climb out of his cage.

For the next month the cobra will be fed entirely on milk, after which it is expected that he will have recovered and be ready to be put in one of the outside cages in the reptile-house.

SHIP WITHOUT A COUNTRY.

Barquentine Alta, which is Now at Port Townsend.

Vancouver, B. C., April 20.—An American novelist has written of the man without a country. Now in real life is the ship without a country. The barquentine Alta, built at Glasgow for American owners, is now at Port Townsend, and the customs authorities may seize her as she is without a flag to protect her. The history of the ship is the story of a well laid plan that failed, owing to a time limit clause in a provision of laws passed by the United States when it annexed the Hawaiian Islands. The maritime law provides that in order to secure a port of register a vessel shall be built in the country that is the home of her owner. When it became known that the annexation of Hawaii was certain, several vessels were built in England for Americans and as soon as they were finished were rushed to Hawaii and placed under her flag, in the hope that when annexation took place they would be given a standing in American ports and accorded register

privileges. The Alta was among these vessels.

The scheme was successful with the majority of the craft, but the Alta failed to secure a register, because the law said that the craft given the privileges should have been under the flag of Hawaii a certain length of time. This time limit the Alta did not reach by a few days. Finding themselves blocked there, the owners placed the vessel under the flag of Chile, under which she sailed till the war with Spain, when she was sent to the Philippines, and placed under the flag of these islands with the hope that their taking by the United States would give her the required standing on the high seas.

This standing her owners now claim. The Puget Sound Collector of Customs has written to Washington for instructions as to whether he shall seize the ship. Along the waterfront the opinion prevails that the chances are against the Alta.

BEYOND ALL DESCRIPTION

Was the experience Mrs. E. V. Carter of Dansville, had with rheumatism which resisted everything till Nerville was tried. "The only relief I ever got was from rubbing on Nerville," writes Mrs. Carter. "It penetrated to the very core of the pain and eased my suffering after a few applications. I have used many rheumatic remedies but none had the soothing, pain subduing power of Nerville which I recommend highly." Try Nerville yourself. Good for internal use and excellent to rub on. Price 25c.

THE RUSSIAN SQUADRON.

Report that Rojestvensky is Proceeding to Vladivostok.

St. Petersburg, April 22.—The Associated Press is informed that no representations have been made to Russia through the French embassy

A special service was held in the Admiralty Church yesterday to offer prayers for the safety of the squadron and its successful arrival at Vladivostok. The service was attended by High Admiral Grand Duke Alexis, Admiral Avellan, chief of the admiralty, other prominent naval officers, and a distinguished congregation.

St. Petersburg, April 22, 2.40 a.m.—The picture which appeared in the Nova, the most widely circulated illustrated weekly newspaper in Russia, on April 15, of the imperial family, including the Emperor, Empress, the Czarovitch, Grand Dukes and Dowager Empress, as lying dead in their coffins, has been reproduced on cards, bearing on the reverse side the Russian national anthem.

These cards are being scattered by thousands throughout St. Petersburg and in other parts of Russia. The cards were printed abroad. The police apparently are puzzled as to the line of action to pursue.

London, April 21.—The Tokio correspondent to The Times cables:—The tone of the Russian press shows increasing indignation at Admiral Rojestvensky's use of the French port in the immediate vicinity of Japan as a base for warlike operations against an empire with which France is nominally friendly. Newspapers of all shades of opinion declare that it is wholly impossible to reconcile such a procedure with any recognized principle of international law or common justice or friendship. They insist that it is absolutely necessary in self-protection to notify France that as her conduct is irreconcilable with neutral obligations Japan is unable to continue the recognition of the neutrality of ports in Cochinchina, and that the whole responsibility for extending the arena of war must rest upon French shoulders.

Evidently Japanese public opinion is developing to a dangerous degree of heat.

LIMBS ACHE WITH WEAKNESS.

Cheeks Were Sunken and Pale—Appetite Poor—Sleep Hard to Obtain.

FERROZONE

Made a New Woman of Mrs. Clarence Augustus of Walkerville.

When you want to get over weakness and sleeplessness without stopping work, use Ferrozone. It is the one sure medicine that brings bracing health at once.

Try Ferrozone and notice how much better you will feel. Mrs. Clarence Augustus, of Windsor, writes:

"My weakness was chronic. It seemed to invade every organ of my body."

"My cheeks were sunken and pale. I had no appetite, and slept very poorly."

"Since using Ferrozone I am like a new being. I am strong, have no more aches or weak spells."

"Ferrozone is indeed a grand tonic."

It's the nourishment in Ferrozone that makes you feel good. It puts life into the blood, energy into the nerves, makes you dance and snap with new found health; try Ferrozone, 50c per box, or six boxes for \$2.50; at all dealers in medicine, or Poison & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

THEY DEPEND ON BRITAIN.

To Nullify the Effect of Newfoundland's Act.

New York, April 22.—The Tribune publishes the following from Washington:—

Advices from St. John's, Newfoundland, seem to indicate that the colonial legislature, under the leadership of Premier Bond, has, by the enactment of retaliatory legislation, rendered doubly difficult the task of those members of the Senate who have hoped to ultimately secure the ratification of the Hay-Bond treaty after eliminating such amendments as would render it practically nugatory.

No opinion regarding the effect of Newfoundland's recent legislation is expressed at the state department, as it is regarded as certain that the British Colonial Office will exercise its prerogative to nullify any portion of the legislation which may violate the treaty of 1818. If the St. John's despatches prove accurate it will become imperative that the British Colonial Office will exercise prerogative, as the treaty of 1818 insured to American fishermen the right to take fish off the shores of certain portions of Newfoundland, to land, moreover, on certain shores of Newfoundland to dry and cure fish.

BUSY PEOPLE NEED HEALTH.

What a rush modern life is, push, drive, get there somehow. It's hard on the nerves, hard on the digestion, hard on sleep. Your blood gets thin and strength goes down hill. Busy people must maintain health, must build up. Take Ferrozone—is sharpens the appetite, forms rich red blood, develops strength as if by magic. Ferrozone is a nerve and brain tonic that keeps a rebuilding going on in the system and brings vigor and energy to those who need it. Try Ferrozone and see how quickly you'll improve. Price 50c, at druggists.

BEAR ISLAND.

(Special Correspondence to Herald.)

April 21.—The farmers in this vicinity are beginning to plow. They do not find much frost to bother them. Although it is early for such work, this year, except on wet clay ground as soon as the snow disappeared the land was dry enough to

We Will Buy

A 50c. Bottle of Ligozone and Give it to You to Try.

We want you to know about Ligozone, and the product itself can tell you more than we. So we ask you to let us buy you a bottle—a full-size bottle—to try. Let it prove that it does what medicine cannot do. See what a tonic it is. Learn that it does kill germs. Then you will use it always, as we do, and as millions of others do.

This offer itself should convince you that Ligozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle and give it to you if there was any doubt of results. You want those results; you want to be well and to keep well. And you can't do that—nobody can—without Ligozone.

We Paid \$100,000

For the American rights to Ligozone. We did this after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, after proving, in thousands of different cases, that Ligozone destroys the cause of any germ disease.

Ligozone has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. It is not made by compounding drugs, nor with alcohol. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you.

Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Ligozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetable matter.

There lies the great value of Ligozone. It is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissue, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Every physician knows that medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Ligozone attacks the germs, wherever they are. And when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

Asthma, Anemia, Hay Fever—Influenza, Abscesses, Kidney Diseases, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Blood Poison, Liver Trouble, Bright's Disease, Leucorrhea, Bowel Troubles, Malaria—Neuralgia, Coughs—Colds, Many Heart Troubles, Consumption, Piles—Furunculosis, Pleurisy—Quinsy, Rheumatism, Scrofula—Syphilis, Catarrh—Cancer, Skin Diseases, Dysentery—Diarrhea, Stomach Troubles, Dandruff—Dropsy, Throat Troubles, Dyspepsia, Tuberculosis, Erysipelas.

Fever—Gall Stones, Gout—Gout, Gonorrhea—Gleet, Tumors—Ulcers, Varicose Veins, Women's Diseases.

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammations—all catarrhs—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood. In nervous debility Ligozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c. Bottle Free.

If you need Ligozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Ligozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please, accept it to-day, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Ligozone costs 50c. and \$1.

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For this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to The Ligozone Company, 558-564 Wabash Ave. Chicago.

My disease is..... I have never tried Ligozone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it.

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Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not using Ligozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

blow.

The butchers from Fredericton and St. John have been driving the fat cattle away. Most of the farmers are glad to get rid of them as feed is scarce. There will not be much hay summered over this year, crops being poor last year, and the winter commenced early and cold and kept so all through the winter and feed is about all used up.

This has been a poor sugar season for quantity and quality, owing to there being no frost in the ground when the snow came and no thaws in the winter.

Most of the people about here are anxiously watching the Fredericton papers to learn how Albert Kelly is making out in his trial for the charge against him of breaking into Simon Goodine's house and taking some valuables out of a trunk or chest which he broke into.

Wheeling is getting to be fairly good on the highway roads, which is rather unusual so early. Some think it is because the new road law is in force.

We were pleased to see the Aberdeen pass up by here yesterday on her way to Woodstock. It looks now as if she would not make many more trips unless the water rises as it is very low now for the time of year.

Most of the young men that go stream driving are away to the streams, and it looks now as if it would be a poor driving season, unless we have heavy rains soon.

George Moore, of Woodstock, has been around here arranging with parties to put out shear booms. He

traded with Robert Jordan to keep Padeau bar clear of logs for the season.

John Jordan is getting his mill ready for sawing and expects to start it about the first of May.

Harry Moore and several other young men have left for the north-west to try their luck. We wish them success. The school teachers are pleased to

have the Easter holidays come after a long cold winter. They think they need a few days rest to talk over their experiences in wading through the snow to the schoolhouse when the wind was blowing a gale, snow flying in their faces and the thermometer down to 30 or 40 degrees below zero. Lots of them will probably visit your city today by boat or train.

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INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

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Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Freight Shed, Truro," will be received up to and including SATURDAY, the 29th Day of April, 1905, for the construction of an addition to the Freight Shed, Platform and Loading Platform, and the moving of the Cattle Pen at Truro, N. S.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Station Master's office at Truro, N. S., and at the Chief Engineer's office at Moncton, N. B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager. Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 12th April, 1905. April 17, d9i.

Geo. W. Adams, FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

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