POLITICAL TIDE RISING.

Parties in Saskatchewan Squaring Away for the Electoral Struggle.

RAPID INCREASE OF SCHOOLS.

Regina. Sept. 5.—If one does not find political discussion general in the Territories, he does find the air well charged in the capital. The recent conventions of the two political parties have resulted in clearly-defined positions. The pronounced decision of the Liberal party to fight the coming election on straight party lines has the support of the entire party. On the other hand, Conservatives do not take with any degree of enthusiasm to the non-partisan attitude which Mr. Haultain led their convention to adopt. Conservatives will say candidly that they prefer the straight old party line division. Nothing but the personality of Mr. Haultain could have influenced them to take the neutral ground which they now hold. The decision of last week's Conservative convention to put independent candidates in the field reverses the decision of the Moose Jaw convention of March, 1903, when a Territorial Conservative Association was formed and a resolution carried in favor of placing Conservative candidates in the field at the next election for the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories. Having made such a pronouncement, it was inevitable that the Liberal party should line up, and that from that date party influences should be openly at work in Territorial politics.

COALESCENCE IMPOSSIBLE.

One does not have to impugn Mr. Haultain's sincerity in asserting that a party cleavage already exists which makes coalescence impossible. He accepted the Honorary Presidency of the Territorial Conservative Association, and he stumped North Oxford and London, both of which acts are now seen to have been bad strategy for a man who was the head of an independent Government and who now advocates the continuance of a non-partisan Administration. The Liberals have decided to have done with appearances and to lay hold of realities. The party behind Mr. Haultain is the Conservative party, no doubt about that. The specious profession of non-partisanship by the Tory party is like the plea for non-sectarianism made by some of the small sects, themselves the most sectarian. If Mr. Haultain wants to make Saskatchewan his politics he could best do so as a straight Conservative leader, in conformity with the undoubted wish of his party. The western people are practical and like a man to be decided, and it is in no way likely that the Conservative party will gain anything by its profession of independence. A straight fight on party lines would promise more.

ISSUES, NOT PERSONALITIES.

The coming campaign is likely to be a hot contest, but it will be fought on issues, not on personalities. The leaders of both parties are men of clean records and unimpeachable characters. Mr. Haultain is a cultured English gentleman, a good conversationist, very much at ease, in no way flurried, though a very busy man, and altogether a very refreshing personality to meet in a country where the bluff manner is often permitted to do duty for politeness. There is an air of artless sincerity about the man which decidedly impresses one, and it is not surprising that he believes it possible to conduct a non-partisan Government even under present conditions. Mr. Walter Scott, the chosen leader of the Liberal party, is by adoption a western man, entirely familiar with the politics of the west, and discusses questions and condirions with a freedom, completeness, and consecutive thought only possible to a student of men and affairs who possesses a mind well above the ordinary. Walter Scott is a man of prodigious energy, a steady, constant worker, a tactful man, considered a strategist by his party, and capable of leading them and guiding the affairs of a Province.

RAPID INCREASE OF SCHOOLS.

To provide proper facilities for primary education in this vast and rapidly growing country is a task of great magnitude. During the past eighteen months four hundred and sixty new districts have been organized. Not one of that number, however, was a separate school. Of the more than fifty separate schools organized in the Territories in the early days all but eleven are closed. Two of that number are Protestant separate schools and are located at Duck Lake and Esterhazy. The school law of the Territories which has been perpetuated by the autonomy bills makes provision for minority separate schools, which may be either Protestant or Roman Catholic. Should the minority in any school district be dissatisfied they may petition for the establishment of separ-school. The rate of taxation for education is levied by the municipal Council after the estimates of the School Board have been sent in. Where a separate school exists any taxpayer can divert his taxes to the separate school. But all such schools will continue to be under the Provincial Department and inspectors, and to use the same text-books, except, as has been the case, a special primary reader may be used by Roman Catholic scholars.

AN ADMIRABLE SYSTEM.

In effect the system as it exists and has been worked out admirably meets the needs of the country, and provides a safety valve for letting off those feelings of discontent which would be sure to arise in communities where the minority had to support public schools and maintain from any form of necessity a separate school. On all hands only words of praise and satisfaction with the system are heard from Liberals and Conservatives. The only question is, should the system as it existed have been perpetuated by the Federal Government, or left to the Provinces to be by them settled? The issue will be brought forward in the coming Provincial elections.

TURNING OUT TEACHERS.

Provision is being made to meet the demand for teachers in the west by the Normal School in this city. At present 100 students are in training all of whom will be ready for work next New Year's day. The normal term is only four months for those who have the needed high school training. Students who have passed the examinations of Ontario and have professiongl certificates are accepted in the territories and given interim certificates to teach. At the end of one year, if they have done satisfactory work, life certificates are granted.

Not a few Ontario men and women are in the Normal School here because of the short term. The higher salaries offered attract them west. Women teachers are paid on an average of about 4500 a year and men age of about $500 a year and men schools. Better salaries are paid in towns.

It is possible that some of the Ontario girls who came west have ideas other than merely of schools and salaries. One young lady I met last week was quite disappointed with western men. They were not sufficiently outspoken. But she had only been west about two months.

This is a country of lonely women, both married and single, and only those of stout but not necessarily impervious hearts should come out. School teachers often have to put up with poor lodgings and frugal fare, walk long distances and live in uncongenial society. But if they have a love of the wild and the romantic along with a desire to help lay the the foundations of coming greatness, they will find some compensations in the teacher's life of western Canada.

night, "but the Prince had engagements to keep, and we had to do it. We had to take the ditch four times, and three of them were at least three feet deep. Farmers driving on the road refused to give us any chance to pass them. West of Galt the Prince was pretty well recognized and warmly received by the people."

Prince Louis left for the east last night after attending a social function at the residence of Col. G. T. Denison.

MAILS CLOSING.

6 a.m.—For St. John, etc., St. Stephen and Charlotte Co., Carleton, Victoria and Madawaska Counties, and United States.

6.30 a.m.—Woodstock and Gibson Branch Stations.

WAY MAILS—East Side St. John River.

6.30 a.m.—For Keswick Ridge, Southampton, etc., Mondays and Thursdays.

West Side St. John River.

6.30 a.m.—For Springhill, Kingsclear, Prince William, etc. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

7.30 a.m.—St. John River via Steamer.—For Oromocto, Sheffield, Gagetown, etc.

8.45 a.m.—St. John, etc. C. P. Railway Stations, East: Nova Scotia and P. E. Island.

10 a.m.—For St. Marys Ferry, Gibsan and Marysville.

WAY MAILS.

2 p.m.—For Nashwaaksis and St. Marys Ferry, daily. Nasonworth, New Maryland, Hanwell, Lower St. Marys and Royal Road. Wednesdays and Saturdays.

3.30 p.m.—For Gibson, Marysville, Boiestown, Doaktown, Blackville, etc., Chatham and I. C. Railway Stations north and south.

4.30 p.m.—For St. Stephen, Woodstock, United States, Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and North West Provinces.

4.15. p.m.—For St. John, etc., Nova Scotia and P. E. Island.

4.15 p.m.—British mail via New York. Mondays and Thursdays.

MAILS RECEIVED.

9.10 a.m.—From St. John, etc., and Nova Scotia.
From Hamtown, Royal Road, etc.

10.30 a.m.—From Nasonworth and New Maryland. Wednesdays and Saturdays.

11.30 a.m.—From Montreal, Ottawa, North West Provinces, etc., and United States.

12.15 p.m.—From I. C. Railway Stations, North Shore and Quebec.
St. John River via Steamer,—

5 p.m.—From Oromocto, Sheffield, Gagetown, etc.

9.15 p.m.—From Woodstock and Gibson Branch Stations.

8.45 p.m.—From Nova Scotia and P. E. Island.

WAY MAILS.

6 p.m.—West Side River St. John.—From Meductic and Way Offices. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

9.15 p.m.—East Side River St. St. John.—From Woodstock and Way Offices. Tuesdays and Fridays.

5.30 p.m.—From Lower St. Marys. Wednesdays and Saturdays.

4.30 p.m.—From Nashwaaksis and St. Marys Ferry.

7.30 p.m.—From Gibson and Marysville.

10.50 p.m.—From United States.

Letters for Registration should be posted half an hour previously.

MR. WITTE'S BUBBLE BURST.

To the Czar Alone Belongs Any Diplomatic Victory.

London, Sept. 3.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times cables:

Some of the inner secrets connected with the peace conference are coming to light, and a statement is made on excellent authority today that goes far to settle some of the main questions. Information given me bursts the bubble reputation given to Mr. Witte. The whole credit for the issue of the diplomatic victory belongs solely and exclusively to the Czar. Indeed, M. Witte did his best to prevent it by repeatedly urging his sovereign to give way on the question of money, in which he was very strongly supported by Count Lamsdorff. Far from being a victory for M. Witte, the peace of Portsmouth in reality marks the utter and unqualified failure of his views and predictions.

M. Witte and Count Lamsdorff would have perferred to pay the indemnity to ceding Sakhalin. The Czar, who likes nothing better than acting his own foreign minister, took exactly the opposite view. It is intimated that he had strong motives for so doing, inasmuch as he was persauded that the Japanese would not accept such terms, and that thereby the war would be resumed. The Czar, on hearing that the Japanese contrary to his expectations, had accepted the terms, bitterly reproached M. Witte for the partition of Sakhalin, contending that if he had displayed diploma(ic skill he might have induced the Japanese to renounce the whole island. Contrary to all Mr. Witte's reports, they were evidently bent on peace at any cost. The loss of the southern half of Sakhalin rankles deep in the Imperial breast, as shown by the almost pa(hetic reference to its having formerly belonged to Japan, which is reiterated in the Czar's telegram to General Linevitch.

A SUCCESSFUL HORSEMAN.

Never allows his horse to suffer pain. He always uses Nerviline, which is noted for curing stiffness, rheumatism, swellings and strains. Nerviline is just as good inside as out, and internal pain it's a perfect marvel. In the good racing stables Nerviline is always used,—because it makes horses better and veterinary bills smaller. Twenty-five cents buys a big bottle of Nerviline; try it.

GUELPH SCHOLARSHIPS.

The chief superintendent of education informs us that two scholarships for the nature study and school gardening course at Guelph, Ontario, which begins on the 19th inst., are still available to qualified candidates. Teachers of the first or second class who have devoted some attention to nature study and who intend to teach in the schools of New Brunswick for at least two years, may make application to the education office up to the 15th September.

Female teachers receive $75.00 and male teachers $100.00 to meet the expenses for board, etc., and five cents per mile (one way) from their homes to Guelph, to meet travelling expens?s.

Over 86,000 cattle were destroyed by wild beasts in India last year.

Blood Poison

Brings Boils, Salt Rheum, Eczema and Scrofula,

WEAVER'S SYRUP

Cures them permanently.

Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Montreal.

COUGH NO MORE

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THE REMEDY OF THE DAY

A definite preparation of Spruce Gum, Wild Cherry, Hoarhound and Tar.

Scientifically combined in the form of agreeable and palatable Syrup.

One of the most reliable preparations yet introduced to the public for the immediate Relief and Cure of *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma*, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Taken with Cod Liver Oil in the first stages of Consumption, it will be found invaluable.

For sale everywhere. Price 25 cts, or by mail on receipt of price.

Sole proprietors, The Wingate Chemical Co. Limited, Montreal, Canada.

McGALE'S BUTTERNUT PILLS FOR YOUR LIVER AND BOWELS.

Intercolonial Railway.

TENDER FOR ENGINE HOUSE

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, Ont., and marked on the outside "Tender—Pictou Engine House," will be received up to and including FRIDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER, 1905, for the construction of a nine (9) stall Engine House, Turn Table, Foundation Walls, Retaining Walls, Cribwork, Drains, etc., at Pictou, N. S.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Station Master's office at Pictou, N. S., and at the Chief Engineer's office, Moncton, N. B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N. B., 25th August, 1905
Aug. 29,d13i.

Union Mutual Life Ins. Co.

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Wholesale and Retail

Timothy Seeds,
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Just stored one carload

FEED.

Victor Feed, Banner Feed and Cracked Corn and Oats.
Ontario Heavy White Oats, Carleton County Oats.

G. T. WHELPLEY
310 Queen St., F'ton.

USE ONLY THE BEST

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

is the STANDARD article

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY.

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds SAL SODA.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

The only safe effectual monthly medicine on which women can depend. Sold in two degrees of strength—No. 1, for ordinary cases, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger for Special Cases, $3 per box. *Sold by all druggists.* Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound; take no substitute.

The Cook Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario.

Nos. 1 and 2 are sold in Fredericton by all Druggists.

Aug. 18th, '05.

NEW CORSETS,
NEW HAMBURGS
Very Good Values.

New Golfers
In all the Leading Colors.

Table Linens and Shaker Flannelette—very cheap.

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The Leading Undertaker.

FIRST-CLASS EQUIPMENT. LOW RATES.

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September Weddings.

If yours is in the list come to the right place for your

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The best people get their Wedding Stationery from us and are well pleased. No trouble to show samples and give quotations.

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Eddy's "Silent" Parlor Match.

If held tightly
Then rubbed lightly
And struck rightly
Will BURN BRIGHTLY.

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SCHOFIELD BROS.,
Selling Agents, - - - St. John, N. B.

THE PRINCE AT BERLIN.

Warmly Welcomed by the German Citizens.

HIS SERENE HIGHNESS ADDRESSES THEM IN THEIR NATIVE TONGUE... A GERMAN DINNER AT THE BERLIN CLUB.

Berlin, Ont., Aug. 30.—Prince Louis of Battenberg was this afternoon the guest of Berlin. He arrived by automobile about 1 p. m., a large crowd of people witnessing his arrival. Along with Mayor Kranz and other members of municipal bodies, besides, some of the prominent German citizens, the Prince partook of a thorough German dinner at the Berlin Club, where the Prince was serended by the 29th Regiment Band, and he bowed his acknowledgements from the verandah.

Later Prince Louis was showo about town, and at Victoria Park a reception was held in the pavilion, and the Prince made a bright speech in German.

An interesting feature in connection with the visit is the fact that John Dahmer, for many years a resident here, in his boyhood days was in hunting parties in Hesse with the Prince. Had the Prince not come to Berlin Mr. Dahmer and other countrymen of his would have gone to Toronto.

Prince Louis travelled from Toronto to Berlin in John J. Main's automobile, "Royal Tourist." The distance by the road taken is about 82 miles. The Prince, with Mr. Main as chauffeur, and a mechanician, left the city at 9.50 a. m., and reached Berlin at 1 o'clock. They left the western town at 4.12 p. m., and arrived back at the house of Lady Kirkpatrick at 7.30. "Yes, we travelled pretty fast," sain Mr. Main last