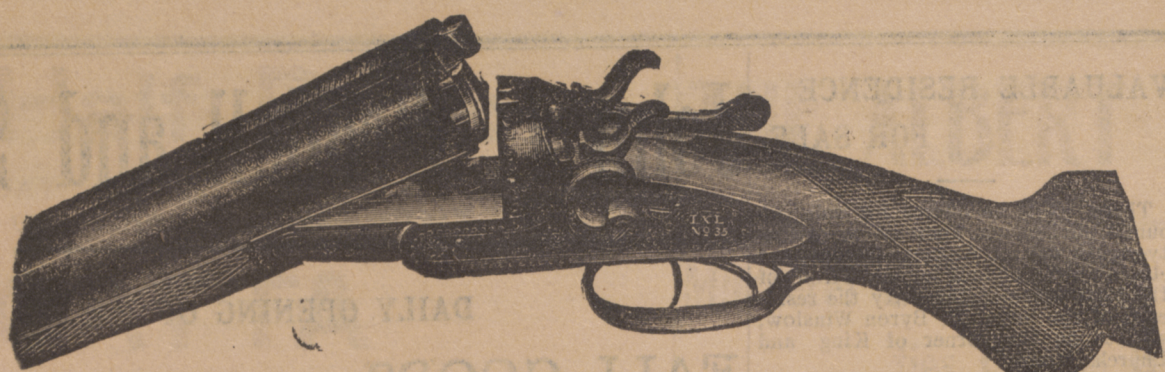




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MILL FEED OF ALL KINDS.

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.
The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe effective Monthly Regulator on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3. No. 1, 10 degrees stronger, 25¢; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 50¢; No. 3, 10 degrees stronger, 75¢. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: The Cook Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly W. J. Cook).
Cook's Cotton Root Compound is sold in Fredericton by all Druggists.

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The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins, cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worries, Depression, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses, will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor).
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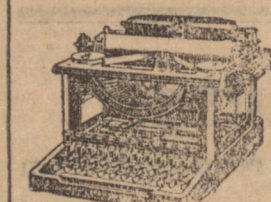
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A fresh Shipment just received by JAS. H. HAWTHORN,

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Every Machine Guaranteed and free trials allowed.

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If you are planning an outing this summer
arrange to spend a week on the
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**CHATHAM'S
BIG FAIR**

Sept. 17th to the 21st.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS.
great display of Industrial and Agricultural Products
excellent entertainments, Good Music, Amusements of all
Kinds, and something doing all the time.

TWO DAYS RACING on Chatham driving
Park adjoining Exhibition grounds, \$2000.00 in
premiums. Purses divided as follows, Free-for-All,
\$500.00, 2.15 class \$500.00, 2.19 class \$400.00, 2.24
Class \$300.00, 2.30 class \$300.00. See programmes,
Prize-list and other printed matter for particulars.
Geo. E. Fisher, Secretary, Hon. L. J. Tweedie,
President.

CROPS OF ONTARIO.

Interesting Bulletin Issued by the Department of Agriculture.

AUGUST CROP BULLETIN.

The following information concerning the present condition of agriculture in the Province has been issued by the Ontario department of agriculture:

Wheat.—The unusually open winter was most trying to fall wheat, but the crop picked up wonderfully in the spring, and improved steadily until cutting. It was harvested under favorable conditions, the straw standing up well, and the weather being dry and bright. The quality of the grain, as a rule, is plump and well up to weight, and the yield per acre is considerably over the average. Very little rust was reported, and only occasional mention was made of injury from insects. Cutting ranged from the 10th to the 28th of July, according to locality.

Spring wheat.—This variety of wheat is not much in favor, more especially in the western part of the Province. Harvesting was in progress as correspondents wrote, and a good yield was promised, although some of the crop had been "lodged" by rain storm. Several correspondents stated that "Wild Goose" was the only variety of spring wheat now grown.

Barley.—A large yield of plump grain, much of it discolored, but all of it good for feeding to live stock (which is now its chief use in Ontario), is the record of the barley crop of 1906. As with the other spring grains, there was considerable lodging, but, taken on a whole, the crop may be regarded as successful.

Oats.—This crop suffered more than any other from rain storms, and much of it was so badly lodged as to render cutting very difficult. Grasshoppers also attacked oats in different localities, more especially in the Lake Erie counties, and the crop suffered slightly from rust and wireworms. Notwithstanding these drawbacks, there will be a comparatively large yield per acre, and the crop may be classed among the more successful ones.

Rye.—Only a small acreage of rye is now grown in Ontario for the grain. Most of it is cut for hay. The crop this season has been a comparatively light one.

Peas.—For about five or six years the depredations of the pea weevil (commonly called the "bug") were so great that in nearly every section of the Province the acreage given to peas shrank to alarmingly small proportions. Last year, however, the weevil gave but little trouble to pea growers, and this season the pest is usually mentioned only to remark its absence. Some correspondents speak of mildew and injury from rain in lowlying places, and complaint is also made by some that the intense heat at pecking time prevented the peas from fully developing, but the general tone of the reports is most hopeful, and the pea crop may be regarded as one of the best years. Correspondents predict a larger acreage for next year.

Beans.—The growing of beans as a field crop is confined chiefly to Kent and adjoining counties. The crop was not fully matured as correspondents wrote, but gave promise of more than an average yield per acre. The raising of beans for selling in a green state to canning factories is on the increase.

Hay and Clover.—During the lack of snow last winter, pastures were much exposed, and considerable winter-killing resulted, old fields suffering most. Timothy came through much better than clover, and made a much better growth relatively during the summer. The yield per acre is below the record of recent years, although making a fair show compared with the average for the last twenty-four years. The hay crop has been generally well saved, however, and its excellent feeding quality is favorably commented upon by a number of correspondents. Hardly any mention was made of the midge, Alsike is reported as yielding well.

Corn.—As a Simcoe county correspondent has tersely put it, this has been a corn summer. All things point to a large yield, both for husking and the silo, as the crop is reported to be earing remarkably well. Some complaints have been made of cut-worms or grubs attacking the young corn early in the season, more especially where planted on sod, and rain injured the crop on the low lands; but, taking the Province as a whole, corn has responded to the warm weather which has prevailed since June, and made a splendid growth. The crop is considered to be well forward, and unless frosts are unusually early all classes of corn ought to mature to perfect condition.

Flax.—The acreage of flax is not so large as in former years, but the general tone of reports this season is encouraging. Good weather prevailed when the flax was pulled, which ensures a good quality of fibre to start with.

Tobacco.—Reports regarding tobacco vary. The crop appears to have had a rather poor start, the white grub causing some loss early in the season, however, the favorable weather of the last month enabled the plants to pick up wonderfully, and in many instances a good return is looked for.

Potatoes.—Much difference of opinion is expressed regarding the present condition and the probable yield of potatoes. While there will be some good yields in every section of the Province, the presence of

the blight will tend to keep down the average. The Colorado beetle was out in force, as usual, but while Paris green is used by every farmer against this pest, only a few of the more progressive men spray with Bordeaux mixture for the blight. A few correspondents speak of rot, but no general complaint has been made.

Roots.—The backward spring gave roots a late start, and in many cases the seed germinated poorly. The June rains, however, gave the young plants a new lease of life, and when correspondents wrote, all classes of field roots were looking more or less promising. Mangels and sugar beets have done better than turnips. The latter, however, have suffered but little from the trumpet aphid, or louse, which was so general last season. Correspondents had but little to say of carrots.

Fruit.—Harvest and fall apples will be plentiful, but standard winter varieties like the Spy and Greening will be rather scarce. The fruit, however, will be a better sample than for years, being much freer from spot. Plums have not been so light in yield for several seasons; in some districts there will be hardly any for sale. There will be a good yield of peaches. Pears will not be a full crop, the trees have also suffered from blight in different localities. Cherries have borne well, but black-knot is still complained of. In some of the Lake Erie counties the Rose beetle did much injury to grape vines early in the season, but in the other parts of the Province the yield of grapes is expected to be a fair one. There was an average supply of berries, strawberries being the least plentiful.

Pastures and Live Stock.—Pastures were in excellent condition up to the latter part of July, but were beginning to show the need of rain when correspondents wrote early in August. Live stock generally are in good form, except that cows have suffered much from the horn fly, and have consequently lost in milk in many sections of the Province. Prospects are good for fall and winter keep, as there will be plenty of coarse grains, a good supply of ensilage corn, and an abundance of straw, although hay will be somewhat scarcer than in more recent years.

Bees and Honey.—The season has been a rather poor one for the apiculture. Swarming was uneven, and on the whole unsatisfactory. Clover was a disappointment; brasswood was better, but only fair; buckwheat promises well. The weather was too wet for best results at the gathering time, and it is estimated that the average yield per colony will be between 35 and 40 pounds. Bees are otherwise in a thrifty condition.

Farm Labor.—Notwithstanding the large number of immigrants coming to Canada, farm labor in Ontario has been almost as scarce as ever. However, the references to the quality of the old country help is more favorable than formerly. The high rate of wages during the harvest—ranging from \$1.25 to \$2.00 a day, with board, and from \$10 to \$40 a month—have forced farmers to do much of the work within their own families, the use of modern machinery enabling women to help in the fields during a rush. Farmers also exchange work with one another to mutual advantage. The comparatively light crop of hay this year lessened the demand for harvest help to some extent. On the other hand, "the attractions of the west, the lakes, and the mines," as one correspondent put it, has lured many of our skilled young men from Ontario farms.

Field Crop Forecast.—The following gives the area and estimated yields of the principal crops in Ontario. The forecast of August 1st is based on returns from 2000 special correspondents.

Fall Wheat.—787, 287 acres, estimated at 19,026,633 bushels or 24.2 per acre, as compared with 17,933,961 bushels from 796, 213 acres in 1905, or 22.5 per acre. The average for 23 years was 20.4.

Spring Wheat.—A reduced area of 171,745 acres is expected to produce 3,348,190 bushels or 19.5 per acre, as compared with 3,582,627 bushels in 1905, or 18.8 per acre. The average of 24 years being 15.8.

Barley.—756,163 acres, 25,278,250 bushels, or 33.7 per acre, as against 27,232,632 acres and 24,265,394 bushels in 1905. The average of 24 years was 27.4 per acre.

Oats.—2,716,711 acres, 111,356,914 bushels, or 41.0 per acre, as against 2,668,416 acres and 105,563,572 bushels in 1905. The average at 24 years was 36 per acre.

Rye.—79,870 acres, 1,370,898 bushels or 17.2 per acre, as against 101,392 acres and 1,714,951 bushels in 1905.

Peas.—410,356 acres, 3,671,567 bushels, or 21.1 per acre, as against 374,515 acres and 7,100,021 bushels in 1905.

Beans.—51,272 acres, 1,534,119 bushels, or 20.2 per acre, as against 50,534 acres and 846,443 bushels in 1905.

Hay and Clover.—2,069,917 acres, 4,862,830 tons, or 1.58 per acre, as against 3,020,365 acres and 5,847,494 tons in 1905. The average of 24 years was 1.48 per acre.

Apples.—6,898,310 trees of bearing age are estimated to produce 34,302,202 bushels, or 4.97 per tree, as compared with 31,380,749 bushels, or 4.57 per tree, in 1905, which was 4.47 per tree.

The area in other crops for which no estimates are made are as follows:

TWO OPEN LETTERS

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED WOMEN

Mrs. Mary Dimmick of Washington Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Well.

It is with great pleasure we publish the following letters, as they convincingly prove the claim we have so many times made in our columns that Mrs.



Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., is fully qualified to give helpful advice to sick women. Read Mrs. Dimmick's letters.

Her first letter:

"I have been a sufferer for the past eight years with a trouble which first originated from painful periods—the pains were excruciating, with inflammation and ulceration of the female organs. The doctor says I must have an operation or I cannot live. I do not want to submit to an operation if I can possibly avoid it. Please help me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, Washington, D.C.

Her second letter:

"You will remember my condition when I last wrote you, and that the doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I received your kind letter and followed your advice very carefully and am now entirely well. As my case was so serious it seems a miracle that I am cured. I know that I owe not only my health but my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to your advice. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I wish every suffering woman would read this letter and realize what you can do for them."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick 59th and East Capitol Sts., Washington, D.C.

How easy it was for Mrs. Dimmick to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and how little it cost her—a two-cent stamp. Yet how valuable was the reply as Mrs. Dimmick says—it saved her life. Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of just such letters as the above, and offers ailing women helpful advice.

lows:
Potatoes, 126,064 acres.
Mangels, 69,359.
Carrots, 4,980.
Turnips, 132,512.
Rape, 43,560.
Flax, 6,902.
Hops, 1,732.
Tobacco, 6,087.
Vineyard, 12,785.
Pastures, (cleared land) 3,343,401.

VICTORIA CROSS OF THE SEA.

The Lloyds medals, which one often reads about after some brave deed done at sea, are to the mariner what the V. C. is to the soldier. On account of the reticence of many of the recipients, the medal does not strike the public as being of very much value, and in fact the decoration is very seldom seen at all, except perhaps by the relatives of the owner of the medal. Lloyds medals are two in number. The older, which was founded in 1837, is made in silver and bronze, and is awarded as an honorary acknowledgment to those who have, by extraordinary exertions contributed to the saving of life at sea, while in 1893 it was decided to give a medal to ships' officers and other who, by standing by, have contributed to the preservation of vessels and cargoes from perils of all kinds. This latter emblem is in silver, though at first it was made in bronze. The medal for meritorious services is an oval one. The reverse side bears the words "Presented by the Lloyds for meritorious services," and contains a scroll between the two inscriptions on which the recipient's name is engraved, surrounded by a design of oak leaves, while the clasp by which the medal is suspended is appropriately formed of two dolphins, with their tails encircling a ball. The Lloyds committee, which grants the medals, base their judgment on the ships' logs, and often by the evidence of officers and others who have witnessed any brave deed worthy of note. Since 1837, when the medal for saving life at sea was instituted, less than 125 silver medals have been awarded, so that the average is barely two a year, though in 1801 14 medals were given, but most of them were for one ship. The standard is, therefore, very high is evidenced by the fact in 1900, and in 1893, and 1894 only one medal was awarded in each one of these years, while in 1892 none were given. The bronze medals are considerably more numerous, numbering as they do some 300, while the medal for brave service has been awarded to considerably less than a hundred recipients during the dozen years it has existed.

UNANSWERABLE.

Maiden Aunt—Caroline, you don't know how to train a child, I've been noticing how you deal with Johnny. Nine out of every ten injunctions you lay upon him are "don'ts."

Marrried Niece—Why, Aunt Abigail, nine of the Ten Commandments are "don'ts!"—Chicago Tribune.

A PERSISTENT BACKACHE

Can have but one cause—diseased kidneys, which are neglected and before backache can be cured. Why not use Dr. Hamilton's Pills? They cure the kidneys quick, make them strong and able to filter disease-breeding poisons from the blood. At once you feel better, stronger, brighter. Kidney health is guaranteed to every user of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Get a 25c. box from your druggist, refuse substitutes.