

CIRCUS DAY.

Barnum and Bailey's Greatest Show on Earth arrived last night.

The anticipations of the small boy, who, during the past four or five weeks, has been looking forward to circus day with mingled doubt and expectation, are about to be realized. Today the sights and wonders of the Barnum & Bailey Greatest Show on Earth will be locally revealed. Today the bands will play (as only circus bands can play) the air will be filled with the strange cries of the peanut merchant and the red lemonade man, the gruffes watching the gawky elephants will go through their multifarious "stunts" with only an occasional trumpet of protest, the living skeleton will perform the daily task of eating three square meals and losing flesh, the flying trapeze will take a few more trapeze impelled journeys through space, the champion bareback rider will turn a somersault from one horse to another and land on his feet, without ruffling a hair; the acrobats and contortionists will violate a few physical laws and come up smiling, Miss Isabelle Butler, the darling young American girl will shoot forty feet through space in an automobile, and the Bolter Brothers will demonstrate how easy it is to turn aerial revolutionists on bicycles, if you have the courage—and know how, and finally, after the string of race horses has set the nerves of the crowd tingling with the excitement of flat races and Roman standing races and monkey and pony races, and races between three and four horse chariots, the concert—place, ladies and gentlemen, immediately after the big show, will come as a fitting climax to the wonders of the exhibition.

The big show was at Chatham yesterday and arrived here at an early

hour this morning in six special trains over the I. C. R. The monster tents were pitched Grove, Revere Street. Press Agent Fischell and Messrs. H. G. Barnum and William were here yesterday and completed final arrangements.

There will be no parade the show has become too big to make a procession either necessary or desirable, but the performances will be proceeded between 10.30 and 11 in the morning and 5 and 6 in the evening by a remarkable free show on the circus grounds. Those who have seen this outside exhibition declare it is one of the sensations of the year. The regular performances began at 2 and 8 p. m. sharp. The doors were opened an hour earlier. There was much of interest to see in the zoological pavilion. The menagerie is notably complete, and is especially interesting this year from the fact that the four specimens of the exceedingly rare giraffe are exhibited. There are also a newly acquired rhinoceros, 30 big and little elephants, a baby kangaroo, a baby zebu, and scores of other animals, well worthy of study. In the zoological department is also presented George Auger, the Welsh giant, Rosa Wested, the Finnish giantess and the wonderful Gulliver Lilliputians. A musical entertainment and characteristic dances by a band of Scandinavian gypsies are incidental features of the preliminary display. The performance in the main exhibition tent begins the new spectacle, "Peace," a gorgeous bit of military life and training. The circus performance, which enlists the supreme efforts of 300 clever artists from all parts of the world follows.

Visitors have already begun to arrive in the city for the great event, and it is expected that by noon to-



A MODISH RIDING HABIT.

Riding is becoming more and more the recreation and delight of the American woman and no more healthful exercise can be found. While many continue to favor the side-saddle the up to date and sensible rider uses the cross saddle. In this way she gains the true exhilaration and enjoyment belonging to the devoted of the stirrup. Here is a habit composed of coat in long hip length and divided skirt fashioned after the latest made and extremely becoming and sensible. The coat is light fitting with trig little rolling collar. The skirt is one much liked by riders. It is circular in shape fitting smoothly over the hips and falling full about the edge. A slight fullness is allowed on the inner seam over the knee so that no pulling or tightness can occur. Black is the most popular color for these habits and a heavy broadcloth or cheviot may serve as material. The pattern is not difficult to follow and the vester amateur may complete it with no difficulty. The skirt consists of two pieces and requires almost no hanging, the pressing of the seam and edges being the most difficult part. In the medium size 8 yards of 50 inch material are needed.

Two patterns—6374—6 sizes, 32 to 42 inches bust measure. 6372—6 sizes, 20 to 30 inches waist. The price of these patterns is 20 cents, but either will be sent on receipt of 15 cents.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE FREDERICTON HERALD.

Please send the above mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name..... Street.....
No.....
Town..... Province.....
Measurement—Waist..... Bust.....
Age (if child's or miss' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful so send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent, please send only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When miss' or child's pattern write only figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "yards." Patterns cannot reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postal order or stamps.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

SPANISH SALAD.

Select small, round tomatoes, cut into slices and arrange in a bowl with sliced onions, radishes and green peppers, from which the seed pods have been removed. Serve with olive oil.

TO BAKE TOMATOES.

Cut six large round tomatoes in halves after peeling. Take out the seeds and fill the cells with a stuffing of fine bread crumbs, seasoned with butter, salt and pepper and to enough to fill a half dozen tomatoes add a level teaspoonful of sugar and three drops of vinegar. Fit the halves together and tie a string round. Set the tomatoes in a baking dish, pour in two table-spoons of hot water with a salt-spoon of sugar dissolved in it. Bake until done, but not soft enough to fall out of shape.

RASPBERRY SHORTCAKE.

Sift four cups of flour with six level teaspoons of baking powder rub in three rounded table-spoons of butter, then mix with nearly two cups of milk or enough to make a dough as soft as can be rolled out. Roll out half an inch thick and bake in two cakes. Turn one cake over a platter and spread with berries one inch deep. Sprinkle with sugar and dot with butter. Lay the other cake on and serve cut in squares with thin cream or with a sauce.

DEAD ENGINEER AT THE THROTTLE.

Since railroadmen began people have says the Springfield Republican, improved the case of the engineer who should suddenly die at the throttle and leave the train, filled with passengers to the mercy of chance for the remainder of the run.

Engineers, like other men, may have heart disease or apoplexy, and if they have attacks while on duty, there you are. This long imagined case actually was realized—and perhaps it has been many times before—on a fast express train running from Trenton to Philadelphia on Thursday week. The engineer died at his post, nobody knows just when, but the dead hand remained on the throttle and the sightless eye continued for miles and miles to glare along the roadbed in front of the rushing train.

The train observed nothing unusual the track was clear; every switch was properly turned, and the flyer sped on within scheduled time. Not until the train approached Philadelphia and a place was reached where the speed is usually slackened did the fireman feel a thrill of alarm. They were entering the city like a whirlwind, and then, examining the engineer, he found him dead.

Suppose a wreck had occurred before the fireman's discovery. The engineer would have been found killed and his negligence would have been held responsible for the disaster.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Sources of This Dangerous and Protracted Disease.

Although there is always more or less typhoid fever in most of the larger cities of this country, the late summer and autumn are the seasons when it is most to be feared.

The disease is not so formidable, as regards the mortality, as some others, but its great length and the evil consequences which sometimes follow it in the form of weak heart, weak spine or nervous disorders make it quite as serious as some which are more fatal, but far less protracted.

Unless one knows how the disease is usually spread one cannot hope to avoid it, and so it may be useful to consider in what ways the germs of the malady find their way into the system.

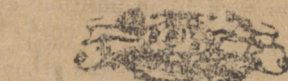
Water is the usual vehicle for typhoid germs, as is well known, and probably all great outbreaks of the disease in cities are due to an infected water supply. This has been strikingly shown in Philadelphia, where some parts of the city are supplied with filtered water and others with unfiltered or mixed water. Comparing two parts of the city in which the conditions, except as to water supply, are almost the same, it was found that in the one supplied with filtered water the occurrence rate of typhoid fever was one in five thousand, while in the others, in which the unfiltered water was drunk, it was one in sixteen hundred.

But a city with an ideal water supply may be scourged with typhoid fever, although less severely, through the medium of impure ice, and it is almost as important to know where the ice is cut, or with what water it is made, if artificial, as where the city water comes from. Not long since a number of officers on one of the United States ships in the Mediterranean contracted typhoid fever. When the source of the infection was traced it was found to be some ice bought at Athens, the ice machine on shipboard having broken down.

Another source of infection is found in oysters that have been fattened in streams contaminated with sewage. Not only has typhoid followed the eating of these fish, but the typhoid bacilli have been found in the stomachs of the oysters.

Raw vegetables used for salads may have been grown in soil contaminated with slops used as fertilizers or may have been washed in infected water.

Unless a water supply is above suspicion all that need for drinking, tooth cleaning and in the kitchen should be boiled and the drinking water cooled by putting vessels containing it in the ice, not by putting ice in the water itself.



Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until Thursday, August 16, 1906, inclusively, for the supply of Coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specifications and forms of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent of amount of the tender which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

FRED GELINAS,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works,

Ottawa, July 5, 1906.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. July 12—d31.

Finally, great care should be taken to screen all food from flies, for if there is a case of typhoid fever in the neighborhood flies may become most active distributors of the poison.—Youth's Companion.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Jealousy is like some other things—the lid should be kept on it.

When you say no, say it in a manner that will leave no doubt of your meaning.

When giving advice to others here is a small slice to serve yourself: Keep still more.

How little the best doctor knows! And how helpless he is in the presence of serious illness!

It is said that disappointment is hard to bear, but we all stand it pretty well when we look in the glass.

A man just starting into a law suit has more faith in courts than his attorney ever claims to have.

There are too many young men who start out to make their mark in the world and stop at a soda fountain or himmock on the way.

WATCH THIS SPACE

S. KERNER,
The Store of Satisfaction.

Cruel, Cruel Fact.

In one case it is shown that a widow of seventy, who lives alone in one room, works fourteen to fifteen hours a day making tack boxes, for which she is paid at the rate of twopence a gross. Out of her earnings, which amount to four shillings a week, she has to pay 31-4d a week for paste and string.

Another case is that of a shoe-box maker, who by working twelve and thirteen hours daily manages to turn out 144 boxes and earn the miserable pittance of 1s 4d. The work is done in one small living room, and the woman has supported her whole family since January, when her father lost his work.

Some of the worst examples of sweating women workers are found in the tailoring trade. For making men's and boys' trousers one woman is paid 2d and 11-2d per pair respectively. Out of this she has to pay 23-4d per yard for cotton, and also buy paste for stiffening canvas.

F. St. John Bliss,
Barrister, Notary, etc.,
Offices—Orange Building.
Entrance Carleton street.

Hoods in Muslin and Hamburg, from 25c. to 95c. to be cleared at 15c. and 25c.

Duck Tans

from 25 to 65,
for 15c. and 25c.

The Balance of our TRIMMED MILLINERY at
HALF

MISS MORGAN,
YORK STREET.



ROBT. B. ADAMS
Above the Herald Office. Tel. 180.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, June 24th, 1906, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

TRAINS WILL LEAVE FREDERICTON.	
No. 303 Mixed train for Chatham, Loggville, Campbellton, St. John and Halifax	5.00
No. 301 Express for Montreal, Chatham, Loggville	17.00
No. 317 Suburban for Marysville	6.15
No. 321 Suburban for Marysville	11.15
No. 323 Suburban for Marysville	15.00
No. 327 Suburban for Marysville	18.25
No. 329 Suburban for Marysville	21.00

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON.	
No. 302 Express from Montreal, Quebec, Chatham and Loggville	12.00
No. 304 Mixed from Chatham, Loggville, Chatham and Loggville	18.00
No. 318 Suburban from Marysville	8.15
No. 322 Suburban from Marysville	13.25
No. 326 Suburban from Marysville	18.20
No. 328 Suburban from Marysville	19.15

All trains are run by Atlantic Standard time, Twenty-four hour notation. 24.00 o'clock is midnight.

Moncton, June 20th, 1906.

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Barristers-at-Law,
No. 2, Box 462, Fredericton, N. B.

For 20 Cents

YOU CAN GET A

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KING STREET.

Give us a call, when in the city. Lunches at all hours.

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J. B. CROCKER, D.D.S.

All Dental Work done by latest and improved methods.

Teeth extracted absolutely without pain.

Special attention given to filling and saving natural teeth.

Work done at reasonable prices.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Office—KITCHEN BUILDING

Queen St., Opp. Post Office.

Work done at the lowest figure.