

DHULEEP SINGH IN BANKRUPTCY.

Was Popular with the Smart Set in Halifax When on the Staff of Sir John Ross.

The whirling of time and the rapacity of the East India Dhuleep Singh a heritage which would have made him one of the rich men of the earth, though the British courts have declared him bankrupt. His grandfather, Ranjit Singh, left many millions.

Even after his possessions were looted by some of the most enterprising and skilful wholesale robbers that ever drew breath, after his own followers and roving adventures, to say nothing of a conquering army, had carried off his store of treasures, there remained nearly \$100,000,000 worth of personal property, in addition to vast quantities of precious stones.

There was none strong enough to take his place, and war and bloodshed with pillage and loot, followed. His oldest son was deposed, and adopted sons were murdered, and thus Dhuleep Singh, father of the present prince became heir.

When he was nine years old the British government decided that it was best to depose him. It was declared that there was no other way of insuring permanent peace. The personal wealth of the body at that time was about \$100,000,000, and he owned the Koh-i-noor as well as many gems less famous.

He was practically compelled to present the great diamond to Queen Victoria, although much stress was laid on the statement that he gave the diamond willingly. It was stipulated that while Dhuleep Singh should be stripped of all power, he was to be recognized as a Maharajah maintain a court and receive the dignities and honors due to his station.

CONVERTED TO CHRISTIANITY. Furthermore, it was stipulated that he would receive an annual allowance of \$500,000. As a matter of fact, nearly everything was taken from him except a very few personal belongings. During his minority he went to England to live. He developed into a great sportsman, his record of having shot a thousand partridges in one day still holding good.

He had previously been married once or twice to women of his own race, so it is said, and it is certainly true that he married three Europeans, successively of course. The first was Miss Muller, the daughter of a German who had become an English missionary. The ceremony took place at Alexandria, Egypt, in 1864.

It was of this marriage that Prince Victor was born. He was sent to Eton and afterward to Oxford, but before he attained his majority received a commission in the Dragoons.

About 1885, being deeply in debt he petitioned the British government to increase his pension from the \$300,000 a year which he received to \$500,000, the amount it had agreed to give him. He declared that the government derived a profit of \$2,000,000 a year from the salt mines alone, which they had taken from him.

STATIONED AT HALIFAX.

The matter dragged along for several years, and then, his petition having been refused, Dhuleep Singh made overtures to the Russians. He went to St. Petersburg, and for a while he was cordially received. But when it was made plain that Dhuleep Singh

could give the Russians little help he was practically forced to depart. He went to France and Switzerland, where he had a hard struggle to live. Then he came to Halifax on the staff of Sir John Ross, Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's forces in Canada, and while there he secured leave and went to New York. He made something of a sensation in New York, at Newport and Lenox. There was a report at the time that he had become engaged to marry Miss Jeanne Turnure, the daughter of Lawrence Turnure, but this was quickly denied by all concerned.

Prince Victor has always been extremely popular in the highest English society. A young woman who met him a few years ago described him as "terribly fascinating." He is an accomplished musician, rides remarkably well, is a good cricketer and adopted some of the highly cultivated and well informed man.

As a youth he was extremely handsome, having a slender, well knit figure, with the large expressive eyes of the high caste Hindu and tiny hands and feet. Of late years he has become fat, as do all Orientals who lead luxurious lives.

MARRIED PEER'S DAUGHTER.

It was, of course, taken for granted that Prince Victor would marry an English woman, but no one dreamed that he would seek to wed a peer's daughter. Therefore, when it became known that he was paying devoted court to Lady Anne Coventry it made a stir in smart English society.

The dark skin of Prince Victor led to the making of unpleasant comment. It is very difficult for a member of the Anglo-Saxon race to realize that the Hindus are pure Caucasians and that an Indian Prince usually has a pedigree that makes that of the oldest families in Europe seem very young.

It is known that the Early of Coventry had determined that his daughter should not marry an Indian. She was a recognized beauty, of the fair, buxom, English type.

For some reason, possibly due to her innate sense of justice, Prince Victor enjoyed the friendship of Queen Victoria, and her late Majesty was very fond of Lady Anne, whose godmother she was. The present King was personally fond of Prince Victor.

The court influence was too strong for the Earl of Coventry and he gracefully gave his consent to the marriage. It was celebrated in great style in London.

Prince Victor Dhuleep Singh seemed to think that the consideration he had received from the Queen and the future King presented an increase in his allowance. At any rate he began to live most extravagantly. This is partly attributable to his Oriental nature and partly to an effort to establish himself and his wife socially, for the English nobility never really approved of the precedent of a peeress marrying an Indian.

The income of \$30,000 a year proved totally inadequate and the debts of Prince Victor piled up at an amazing rate. He was, therefore, forced to seek the relief of the court of bankruptcy.

CONVICTED OF HERESY AND SUSPENDED.

Dr. Crapsey of Rochester, N. Y., Declared to Have Preached Doctrines Contrary to the Creed of the Episcopal Church.

Rochester, N. Y., May 15.—The verdict in the heresy trial of Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey, has just been delivered to the accused minister. It provides as follows:

Four of the judges state that in their opinion sentence should be passed as follows:

That the respondent should be suspended from exercising the functions of the church until such time as he shall satisfy the ecclesiastical authorities of the diocese that his belief and teaching conform to the doctrines of the Apostles' Creed, and the Nicene Creed, as the church hath received the same. However, we express the earnest hope and desire that the respondent may see his way clear during the thirty days that under the canons of the church must intervene before sentence can be pronounced to the full satisfaction of the ecclesiastical authorities of such conformity on his part.

(Signed).

W. C. ROBERTS,
C. H. BOYNTON,
G. S. BURROUGHS,
JOHN MILES GILBERT.

HISTORY OF THE CASE.

Dr. Crapsey was rector of one of the largest Protestant Episcopal churches in Rochester, and the trial was held at Batavia on April 17. This is the first case of heresy which the Episcopal church in the United States has tried for fifteen years.

The trial was largely on the issue of whether an Episcopalian clergyman may interpret for himself the meaning of the Bible, or whether he shall be bound by the creed of the church laid down for the clergymen and laymen.

Some of the extracts from the

Dr. Crapsey's disbelief in miracles was found in this passage:

"Slowly but surely scientific reason has reconstructed the universe. It

has driven the vast horde of ancient gods and demons into the limbo of things impossible. It has made the primitive miracle incredible, because the ancient miracle and the modern conception of law cannot exist in the same mind."

After quoting these and other extracts from the sermons of Dr. Crapsey the standing committee declared that he denies the following doctrines taught by the church:

That Jesus Christ is the Saviour of the world.

That he was conceived by the Holy Ghost.

That he rose from the dead in the bodily sense.

The denial of these four doctrines, regarded as fundamental to more than one denomination of the Christian church, was declared to mean the denial of the divinity of Christ. In fact, Dr. Crapsey's book is quoted as follows, to prove this:

"In the light of scientific research, the founder of Christianity no longer stands apart from the common destiny of man in life and death; but he is in all things physical like as we are, born as we are born, dying as we die, and, both in life and in death in the keeping of that same divine power, that heavenly fatherhood, which delivers us from the womb and carries us down to the grave."

Other passages quoted by the committee to indicate that Dr. Crapsey is in rebellion to the doctrines of his church are:

"Jesus was born of parents belonging to the middle classes."

"He was born of a simple father and mother."

"He was the son of a carpenter."

"The fact that the early Christians predicted a miraculous birth of Jesus was to be regarded as one of the greatest misfortunes that had ever befallen mankind."

The committee set forth in its sentiment the vows which every clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church must take when ordained a priest. It contended that Dr. Crapsey had violated nearly all of these since he taught doctrines antagonistic to those of the church.

Dr. Crapsey has never been in charge of any other church in Rochester but St. Andrew's, the one in which he is now preaching, where he has been for twenty-five years. He has built up the parish until it is one of the most prosperous in the diocese.

It is said that his changed views on church doctrine have not alienated many of the parishioners, as they believe in his sincerity and strength of character.

WORK WAS NOT IMPEDED.

Stanford University Lost Less Than Was Supposed.

Professor H. R. Fairclough of Leland Stanford, jun., University, Palo Alto, California, is in Toronto for a couple of days, with his wife and daughter, visiting at the home of his brother, Mr. W. E. Fairclough, No. 1 North Sherbourne street.

Professor Fairclough is a graduate of the University of Toronto, and was at one time fellow and lecturer in classics here. For some fifteen years he has held an important position in the same department on the faculty of Stanford.

Stanford University, he says, has not suffered by the earthquake of the 18th of April to nearly the extent which people have imagined. The buildings ruined are mostly those which were not yet in use, such as the library and the gymnasium. Also the wings of the museum were destroyed, but they were not so essential to the work of the university as the central portion, which was unharmed. The memorial chapel was badly wrecked, though the walls remain; the chief damage was occasioned by the tower tumbling and the front wall falling out. This building, however, though its ruin involves a heavy financial loss, can be done without better than some of the other buildings.

The inner quadrangle was practically undamaged, and only a part of the outer quadrangle suffered. Work has been going on in the various university departments nearly as usual, and it is expected that by the opening of next term much of the damage occasioned by the earthquake will have been repaired.

In San Jose, eighteen miles south of Palo Alto, the business portion of the city. Mr. Fairclough says, was very badly wrecked.

Professor Fairclough has come direct from California, on his way to Kingston for a short visit, and will then go to Madison, Wisconsin, to deliver two summer courses of lectures from June 26th to August 3rd, one of a public character on Roman literature, the other to the graduates in the seminary course on Virgil. He will then return to Ontario for a few weeks' vacation before going back to California.

THE TONIC OF HEALTH.

Must be more than a stimulant—must be a food as well. There is one medicine that is both a food and a tonic,—it aids digestion, promotes assimilation, converts food into nutriment that builds up nerves, blood, brain and bone. That tonic is Ferruzone, which contains exactly what a run-down system needs. Ferruzone supplies oxygen to purify the blood, phosphorus to develop the brain, iron to harden the muscles. No wonder it makes such vigorous men and women. You'll eat, sleep, think and feel better by using Ferruzone. Try it now. Fifty cents buys a box of tablets, at all dealers.

NEW YORK CANADIANS.

Club Banquet in New York a Success.

New York, May 18.—There were over two hundred men seated in the ballroom of the Hotel Astoria at 8 o'clock when President Dr. Neil McPhatter, formerly of Guelph, called to order the members and guests of the Canadian Club of New York for its third annual banquet. Seated at the speakers' table, amid the flags, bunting and decorations all typically Canadian, were, beside the President

THE HERALDS FASHION PLATE.



SMART AND SERVICEABLE SHIRTWAIST SUIT.

Every woman should possess at least one shirt-waist suit of some lightweight fabric, such as voile or mohair for general runabout wear. The mohair is an admirable material for this purpose, resisting as it does the wear and tear of travel, and being possessed of dust-resisting qualities, its lustrous finish making it almost as effective as silk. A gray English mohair is the material of this natty suit. The skirt is a five-gore model, with a broad centre box pleat stitched flat to the knee, and

above the haircloth stiffened hem are stitched two bias folds. A dressy effect is given the otherwise severely plain waist by the cut-out neck, with which is worn a dainty chemise of fine eyelet embroidery. The revers, which roll back from the V-shaped neck, are stiffened with the lightweight haircloth, as are the turn-back cuffs on the three-quarter-length sleeves, all machine stitching done with a heavy gray silk. The buttons, which are set down the centre front pleat, are tiny silver and blue enamel affairs, this note of blue repeated in the gray Neapolitan hat trimmed with gray taffeta ribbon and blue bachelors' buttons.

who was toastmaster, and the guests who were to speak, Vice-Presidents Doctors Fitzgerald, Plummer and Sharon Graham, Treasurer Frank S. McAdam, Secretary formerly of Frederick, A. M. Dignam, Trustees Cooper, Plummer and Kerr and the committee, John Emery McLean, E. Plumer, Andrew E. Johnson and Dr. J. N. Bishop. The music was furnished by Prof. Albert Wycherly, who conducted a large orchestra with many national airs and appropriate selections. The menu was elaborate and each dish was named after a Canadian Province or city.

SPEED THEIR PARTING.

Imperial Garrison's Farewell to Workpoint, B. C.

Victoria, B. C., May 17. The echoes of the bugles sounding in "last post" at 7 o'clock this morning at Work Point barracks accentuated the severance of Imperial military control of Canada when the Royal Engineers and garrison to the number of 250 embarked on the steamer Chamer, en route for Vancouver and Merrie England. The departing troops were given a cordial farewell, hundreds of Victorians with the Fifth Regiment of Canadian Artillery turning out in the chill of the morning to give a parting cheer. The band played "Auld Lang Syne" and "The Girl I Left Behind Me" as the steamer drew into the misty troops in Canada merged into a quivering picture of waving caps and kerchiefs.

A large crowd awaited the arrival of the steamer here. The troops immediately embarked. Lieut. Ellison was in command. There were many wives and children in the party, who wistfully looked their last on the shores of British Columbia. The feeling in the breasts of those who watched them go was more of regret at their going than of exaltation that the departure denoted the fact that Canada to-day takes a step up among the nations and assumes her own share of the burden of empire.

A "WHEEZY" CHEST.

Means your trouble is deep seated. To delay is dangerous. All the inflammation will be drawn out in one day by applying Nerviline. It penetrates through the pores of the skin, relieves inflammation and thus sore throat, weak chest and tendency to colds, no prescription is necessary. That bone it has been Canada's great household remedy. Twenty-five cents buys a large bottle.

RAG-TIME AT A FUNERAL.

Band Played Gaily "Always in the Way."

Chicago, May 19.—A special to the News from Washington says:—Complaint has been filed at the Navy Department against Capt. H. I. Barrs of Peru, Ind., who is alleged to have ordered the band of the marine corps at Olongapo, Philippine Islands, to play "Always in the Way" a rag-time air, at the funeral of W. L. Lawrence, a private who was drowned in the performance of duty.

The order is reported to the department to have almost caused a mutiny in the troops before the band

finished the tune which was played over the protest of the bandmaster. Barrs received his appointment as an officer in the marine corps on his record in the Spanish-American war.

SICK HEADACHE

Many varieties of headache exist, these most prevalent being sick or bilious headache, nervous headache, headache from constipation, etc.

Headache is an effect of disease, the cry of the suffering body for relief from some depressing disorder.

Undoubtedly the cause must be removed in order to cure the headache permanently. Wrong action of the stomach, liver or bowels is responsible for nine out of ten cases of headache.

In sick headache (a very common form) there is sometimes nausea and vomiting and usually constipation.

In nearly all forms of headache

Burdock Blood Bitters

has proved itself a specific—a medicine that has cured where all others failed.

Keep the stomach, liver and bowels in perfect working order by the use of nature's regulator and tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters, which cures all forms of headache by removing the cause.

Miss L. Smith, Morrisburg, Ont., writes: "I desire to let you know how much good Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. I was troubled with headaches all the time, and could get no relief, until a friend told me of your Burdock Blood Bitters. After taking two bottles of it, I can say that I am completely cured."

B.B.B. is for sale at all druggists and general stores. Do not accept something "just as good."

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Commencing May 6

The Imperial Limited Leaves Montreal Daily 9:40 a.m. First and Second Class Coaches and Palace Sleepers through to Vancouver. Tourist Sleepers Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday Montreal to Vancouver. Dining Cars on both Trains.

The Pacific Express Leaves Montreal Daily 9:40 p.m. First and Second Class Coaches and Palace Sleepers through to Vancouver. Tourist Sleepers Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday Montreal to Vancouver. Dining Cars on both Trains.

These Trains reach all points in Canadian Northwest and British Columbia. Call on F. B. Edgcombe or write to F. R. PERRY, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John N.B.

FREE



ROBT. B. ADAMS

Above the Herald Office. Tel. 130.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, Oct. 15th, 1905 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted), as follows:

TRAINS WILL LEAVE FREDERICTON
No. 303 Mixed for Campbellton, Moncton, Chatham and Loggieville..... 6.45
No. 301 Express for Montreal, Chatham, Loggieville..... 10.20
No. 317 Suburban for Marysville..... 6.15
No. 321 Suburban for Marysville..... 11.15
No. 327 Suburban for Marysville..... 12.25
No. 329 Suburban for Marysville..... 21.00

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON.

No. 302 Express from Montreal, Quebec, Chatham and Loggieville..... 12.05
No. 304 Mixed from Chatham Junction, Chatham and Loggieville..... 12.35
No. 318 Suburban from Marysville..... 8.15
No. 322 Suburban from Marysville..... 12.20
No. 328 Suburban from Marysville..... 19.15
All trains are run by Atlantic Standard time. Twenty-four hour notation. 24.00 o'clock is midnight.
Moncton, N. B., Oct. 12th, 1905

COAL

ALL KINDS Now in stock.

Hard and Soft Coal

P. FARRELI

MONEY TO LOAN

On farms and city properties on easy terms. Lowest interest rates to desirable applicants.

SLIPP & HANSON, Barristers-at-Law, P. O. Box 402, Fredericton, N. B.

The Store of Satisfaction

On Saturday, May 12, at 10 a. m.,

WE START OUR

First Grand Special Sale

In our new store in Wilmot's Block, Grand bargains will be offered to the public. See our bargain prices in our windows when passing. Best values in the province. Don't forget our new stand, next to McMurray & Co. Come all to

S. KERNER, The destroyer of high prices.

Millinery.

EVERYTHING OF THE LATEST IN

TRIMMED and

UNTRIMMED HATS,

TOQUES and BONNETS

CHILDREN'S HEADWEAR,

TAMS and CAPS

MISS MORGAN,

YORK STREET.

For 20 Cents

YOU CAN GET A

GOOD

HOT

DINNER

AT

W. A. Lindsay's Cafe

KING STREET.

Give us a call, when in the city. Lunches at all hours.

W. A. LINDSAY

KING STREET.

DENTISTRY.

Maritime Dental Parlors.

J. B. CROCKER, D.D.S.

All Dental Work done by latest and improved methods. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain.

Special attention given to breaking and saving natural teeth. Work done at reasonable prices. Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Office--KITCHEN BUILDING

Queen St., opp Post Office.