

THE WEATHER.
Light variable winds, fine
and warm today and Friday.

The Daily Herald.

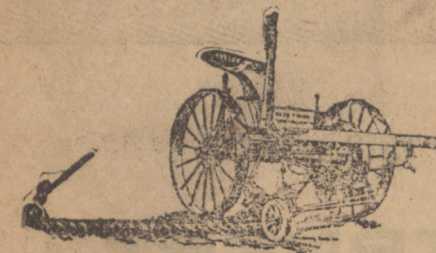
Advertisers are requested to
leave their changes at the Her-
ald office no later than nine
o'clock of the day on which
they wish the change made.

VOL. XI

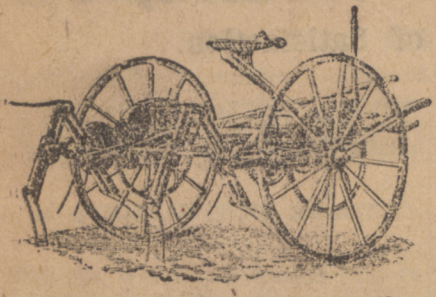
FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY, AUGUST 2 1906

NO. 180

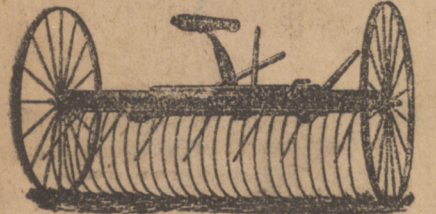
NOT FOUND WANTING.
GREAT IN THE HARVEST FIELD.



WALTER A. WOOD
ROLLER BEARING
Tubular Steel Mower,
Self-Dump Hay Rake
AND
Hay Tedder.



Latest, best and truest
Machines on the market,
standing the wear of years
of hard work in the field
with proper care, and have
all the latest improve-
ments.



CATALOGUE FREE.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
MOWING MACHINES AT

J.F. VanBuskirk's

Warerooms, Phoenix Square,

I sell the American McCormick the Walter A.
Wood and Maxwell Mowers. Also the McCormick
and Walter A. Wood Rakes.

Repairs for all mowers constantly on hand.

PARRAFINE WAX
For Sealing Fruit Jars.

1b. Packages 20c.

GEO. Y. DIBBLEE,

PEOPLE'S DRUGGIST, - - opp. City Hall.
Fredericton's Leading Drug Store.

Chestnut
says

"Make your own post
cards on Velox. Photo-
graph home scenes or any
other that appeal to you.
They are exclusively yours
and those who receive
them will prize them doubly."

"THE QUALITY STORE,"
572, Queen Street.

Clocks Clocks.

Have just received a beautiful line of BLACK
PARLOR CLOCKS from \$6.00 to \$10.00.

We have a large Stock of Kitchen, Striking and
Nickel Alarm Clocks.

F. E. BLACKMER

Opp. Normal School.

Telephone 423

RUSSIAN MUTINY.

Eye Witness Tells of What He Saw at Svea-
borg Fortress.

Gronstadt Again Cut Off From Communication.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—(Special) The situation was practically unchanged. The mutinous artillerymen were still holding out aided by the regiment of sappers and miners which had joined them in the mutiny. Throughout the day an artillery battle was fought between the north and south batteries of the main island of Sveaborg. From a place of vantage the correspondent was able to see the shells occasionally strike the barracks and fortifications causing fires to start and buildings to be destroyed. The mutineers at that time seemed to have the upper hand, and the Russian commander was forced to flee with 2,000 loyal infantry to the furthest part of the southern section of the town of Sveaborg where he was holding out.

COTTON DAMAGED.

Unexpected Fire at St. John Did Some Dam-
age to Marysville Company's Goods.

St. John, Aug. 2.—(Special)—The firemen were called out this morning for a fire in some bales of cotton at the Eastern S. S. Co's wharf. Freeze, a teamster, had just loaded seven bales on his sloop and was about to drive away when he saw the cotton was on fire. An alarm was sent in and the chemical engine was all that was necessary to cope with the flames and they were subdued in short time. The origin of the fire is attributed to spontaneous combustion. The cotton was owned by the Gibson Cotton Mills, Marysville, N. B., and several bales were considered damaged.

A FATAL BLOW.

United States Marine Killed by Corporal
While Former Was Trying to Escape.

Boston, Aug. 2.—(Special)—Private Duer, of the detachment of the United States Marine Station, Charleston navy yard, was killed last night by a blow alleged to have been struck by Acting Corporal Jenkins. Jenkins was afterwards arrested by the naval officials, charged with caus-

A CONQUERING HERO.

Canadian Member of the Imperial House of
Commons Has Exalted Opinion of
Winston Churchill.

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—Mr. C. R. Devlin, M. P., Galway, Ireland, being interviewed at his home in Aylmer, said: "A striking figure in the new British Government—perhaps the man who has been most conspicuous from the very first day of the session—has been Mr. Winston Churchill. His rise has been rapid. There are those who predict that before many years, all going well, Mr. Churchill will be the leader of the Liberal party. Certainly he has been the most fearless fighter of the session. Some think the blows which he deals are too hard, but it must be remembered that no politician in England has been so terribly assailed as he. He has triumphed over every obstacle, and, although only

Rev. J. H. Macdonald, who has been on a trip to western Canada, will return home at noon tomorrow. The many friends of ex-Ald. Farrell will be glad to learn that he is considerably improved today.

SAIL FOR ENGLAND.

Minister of Interior and Family Off of
on a Continental Trip.

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—(Special)—Hon. F. Oliver, minister of the interior, Mrs. Oliver, Miss Oliver, and Miss Clara Oliver left this morning for Montreal, and will sail by the Virginian for England.

Dr. Mills of the railway commission left today for Winnipeg on his way to the Pacific coast and the Yukon.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Aug. 2.—(Special)—The stock market was strong today and the volume of business larger. Montreal Power sold at 96½ to 97, while Montreal Steel advanced to 27½; Dominion Iron was quiet at 28 common and 77 for pfd. Toronto Railway sold at 117, Richelieu, 84. Detroit Union 4½ to 96, Laurentide Pulp pfd., 112½ to 114.

KILLED IN EXPLOSION.

Spokane, Aug. 2.—(Special)—Four Swedish laborers, working on the Northern Pacific railroad, were blown up by a premature explosion last night. Three of the men were killed instantly, and the other was fatally injured.

BIG PROSPECTS.

St. John, Aug. 2.—(Special)—Commissioner Combs, head of the Salvation Army, who arrived here this morning says he expects to bring out 25,000 immigrants this winter.

FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

Several Maritime Province Towns Rep-
resented at Charlottetown
Celebration.

Charlottetown, Aug. 2.—Ideal weather attends the maritime firemen's tournament, which opened yesterday morning by a grand parade in which three hundred men took part. The departments marched in the following order: Charlottetown, 60 men; Glace Bay, 26; Truro, 12; Moncton, 30; Fairville, 24; Sussex, 25; St. John, 60. Sydney and Dartmouth, The Fourth Regiment and Worth hands were in the parade. The reception to visitors in Market Hall at noon after the parade was highly successful. Mayor Paton extended freedom of the city in a neat speech, and Lieut. Governor McKinnon, said the interests of the three provinces were the same. All have rich resources awaiting development. Opportunities are just as good here as in the west. He referred to the splendid co-operative spirit tending to industrial advancement which he had met in Glace Bay, Amherst and other towns during a recent visit.

Sir L. Loch, in extending a welcome on behalf of the Charlottetown fire department, of which he was once a member, spoke of the development of the department from the small beginning to its present high standard, and dwelt on the value of the organization and discipline as essential factors for an efficient fire brigade, which is a necessary part of a well equipped city. There was an excursion by steamer in the afternoon and torchlight Marlborough, who was colonial un-

procession at night. The sports are taking place today.

BASE BALL.

National League.
At Philadelphia—Chicago 2; Philadelphia 1.
At New York—St. Louis 1; New York 7.
At Brooklyn—Pittsburg 1; Brooklyn 0.
At Boston—Cincinnati 5; Boston 7.
American League.
At Detroit—Detroit 0; New York 1.
At Cleveland—Cleveland 8; Philadelphia 3.
At Chicago—Chicago 1; Boston 3.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 4; Washington 2.
Eastern League.
At Newark—Newark 4; Providence 3.
At Buffalo—Buffalo 4; Montreal 4, (called at end of 15th inning darkness.)
At Rochester—First game; Rochester 4; Toronto, 2d Second game; Rochester 5; Toronto 2.
At Baltimore—Baltimore Jersey City, no game, rain.

A TEMPTING OFFER.

Mr. Charles B. Love, the well known guide of Keswick Ridge has an offer from Mr. Henry Dirston, the wealthy Philadelphia saw manufacturer, to accompany him on a three months' hunting expedition to Alaska and the Kadiac Islands. Mr. Love now has the matter under consideration, and if he accepts, it will be necessary for him to start for Philadelphia on Friday evening. Mr. Love has guided Mr. Dirston on several hunting expeditions in New Brunswick, and is held in high esteem by him.

LOGS AT AUCTION.

Annual Sale of Unmarked Lumber by the
Fredericton Boom Company.

The annual sale of unmarked logs, rafted, and to be rafted by the Fredericton Boom Company, took place at the office of A. F. Randolph & Sons, this morning and was well attended. Among those present were: Messrs. J. Fraser Gregory, F. C. Beattie, P. D. Miles, Henry Hilyard, Charles Miller, N. H. Murchie, E. L. Jewett, St. John; P. Glasier, M. P. P. Lincoln; R. A. Estey, John A. Morrison, Thomas Cox, John Kilburn, L. H. Bliss and F. B. Edgecombe, Fredericton. Mr. D. J. Stockford officiated as auctioneer. Competition was quite keen on spruce, and hemlock, and good prices were obtained, but the cedar and pine were knocked down at a lower figure. Mr. R. F. Randolph purchased the spruce for Randolph & Baker at \$13.85 per thousand. Last year it brought \$14.30, and in 1904, \$11.10. The cedar was bid in by Henry Hilyard at \$5.35 per thousand. The price realized last year was \$6.90, and the same price was obtained in 1904. Murray & Gregory bought the pine and also the hemlock, paying \$7 per thousand for the former and \$4.75 for the latter. Last year pine brought \$12.15, and \$7.90 was the price the previous year, while hemlock last year sold at \$4.80 and in 1904 it brought \$3.75. The following statement prepared by the agent of the Boom Company shows the quantity of no mark and mixed marked logs handled up to July 31st. Spruce (no mark), 14,463 pieces containing 218,205 feet of merchantable 442,623 feet of battons, and 100,116 feet of condemned. Spruce, (mixed mark) 1,342 pieces, containing 22,763 feet of merchantable, 42,570 feet of battons and 7,083 condemned. Cedar, 4,896 pieces containing 167,750 feet. Hemlock, 373 pieces, containing 28,535 feet. Pine, 260 pieces, containing 15,540 feet. Spruce battons go at two-thirds price and no charge is made for the condemned. An additional charge of 5 cents per thousand is made for freightage. Up to the end of the month about seventy million feet of lumber had been rafted by the Fredericton Boom Company, which is about two-thirds of the quantity to be handled this season.

SOUTH AFRICAN GOVERNMENT.

Hon. Winston Churchill Announces Imperial Policy To-
wards New Colonies—Equal Rights for Brit-
ons and Boers.

London, Aug. 2.—In a speech of great moderation, carefully designed to propitiate his opponents, Winston Spencer Churchill, parliamentary secretary of the colonial office, in the house of commons, explained the government's plans to confer a constitution on the Transvaal. Dwelling on the urgency of the question, he described the Transvaal as the nerve centre of South Africa, and said the new country reproduced in miniature all the dark and tangled problems of the old established European states. The government's guiding principle the secret ballot system. He said he was not averse to making no distinction in granting the boon of British citizenship both to the men who fought loyally for Great Britain and to those who resisted the British arms with desperate courage. While the government had been careful to secure for the British every advantage they might justly claim, South Africa's future depended on both races learning to look to the mother country as a friend. The government decided for the principle of manhood suffrage against any property qualification. Therefore every adult male twenty-one years old, who had been a resident six months in South Africa except members of the British garrison, would be entitled to vote under strong desire to preserve the latter.

DIVISION OF DISTRICTS.
Proportional representation was not popular and incomprehensible in the Transvaal, so it had been decided to go straight for single member seats. In regard to electoral divisions, arguments existed both for equal areas and the old magisterial districts. The Boers had expressed a strong desire to preserve the latter, and as it would save precious time and expense the delimitation of the old district system was adopted.

The population of the Rand, Mr. Churchill continued, equalled that of the whole of the rest of the country, and on the basis of the census of 1904 it had been decided to allot thirty-two members to the Rand, one to Krugersdorp, six to Pretoria and the rest of the Transvaal thirty seats. Lord Selborne, high commissioner in South Africa, had expressed the opinion that this arrangement would be perfectly fair to the British vote, and he wished it to be known that he agreed to it.

Members of parliament will be elected for five years. Either the British or Dutch languages could be used in the transaction of public business.

Mr. Churchill declined to speculate on the outcome of the elections, but said there were undoubtedly more British than Dutch voters. He hoped, however, they would produce a coalition government. Such a solution would be a Godsend to South Africa, though the secretary was con-

Police Court.
Two drunks run in by the police last evening, were each fined \$4 at the police court this morning.

Mr Norman McDonald, of the Lorne Hotel, and his son, Master Willard McDonald, are to leave tomorrow on a holiday trip to P. E. Island.