

For Christmas Purchasers

We have just opened up a magnificent Line of Table Silverware and Cutlery, Silver Tea Sets, Fruit Dishes, Bon-Bon Dishes, Pepper and Salt Sets and other appropriate pieces of Silver for the Table.

Knives and Forks in cases, Fish Sets, Carving Sets &c.

Also Pieces of Cut Glass which make very acceptable Xmas Gifts.

James S. Neill,

FREDERICTON'S BIG HARDWARE STORE

New DRIED FRUITS.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, Grif-fin Brand Seeded Raisins, Loose Mus-cats, Malaga Ta-ble Raisins in quarter and whole Boxes, New clean-

G. T. WHELPLEY

580, Queen Street Fredericton.

Wedding Cake Boxes

AT

The Herald Office.

F. St. John Bliss,
Barrister, Notary, etc.
Office—Orange Building.
Entrance Carleton street.

Fire, Life, Health and Accident Insurance

Jasper A. Winslow,
Opp. Normal School,
Queen Street, Fredericton.

COME TO US.

Don't lose more Job Printing out for we will do it for you
HERALD OFFICE

THE Union Mutual Life Ins. Co.

INCOR. 1848.

Issue the most liberal and up-to-date policies on the market.

Dominion Government Deposits

\$1,116,000.00

Absolute Security to Canadian Policy holders.

If you are interested in Life Insurance you can get the best by writing to

Albert J. Machum,
MANAGER.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

If you can sell Insurance we would like to hear from you.

W. J. IRVINE, D.D.S.

And Special Practitioner's Certificate from Chicago College of

Dental Surgery.

Artificial Teeth

Inserted in Gold, Aluminum and ordinary Rubber Plates

Crown and Bridge Work

Executed in Gold and Porcelain after latest and best method.

Anesthetics.

Local and General applied and administered for Painless Dentistry.

Office: CHESTNUT'S BUILDING.

Queen St. opp. City Hall Tel. 78.

COAL

ALL KINDS

Now in stock.

Hard and Soft Coal

P. FARRELL

CURE FOR MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big 4 for urinary tract diseases, inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membrane. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.50. Circular sent on request.

SANITARY
Standard remedy for Gonorrhea and Runny Nose and Bladder Troubles.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly **Scott's Emulsion** enables you to throw off a cough or cold.



ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

Relief at Last.

Housekeeper—I hear your brother, who died in California, left you \$1,000. Dinah. That will be a great help to you. Washday—Daddy it will, miss! Ah! he's been needin' a plunger an' a pho-nograph an' a oil paintin' ob mahself in a gilt frame fo' years, an' now, bress de good Lord, Ah kin hab 'em!

He Must Have Had Faith.

The church was packed, even the aisles lined with chairs. Just before the benediction the thoughtful clergyman, who loved order as he did the gospel, thus admonished his hearers: "In passing out please remain seated until the ushers have removed the chairs from the aisles."

Every man will find his own private affairs more difficult to manage and control than any public affairs in which he may be engaged.—Lord Melbourne.

Man often feels himself independent of all the earth, but let the sunshine and rain fall for a little while and he realizes how meanly dependent he is.—Salisbury Democrat.

MILLINERY

We are now offering the balance of our Stock of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats at greatly reduced Prices.

CHILDREN'S HEADWEAR INCLUDED.

Miss Morgan,
YORK STREET.

Hewson Tweeds

Make a fine business suit, and are sure to give every satisfaction. I have a fine line of these Tweeds in stock, and am always pleased to show goods. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Get one of Page's Odorless Moth Proof Bags and protect your Furs. 2 sizes always on hand. Call and see them.

JAS. R. HOWIE, 150 Queen St.

Furs J. F. VanBuskirk's

Consisting of Ladies Fur and Fur Lined Coats, Ladies Neckwear, Cap Gloves etc. Also Gent's Fur Coats in Coon, Brown Buffalo, Black Dog, etc.

My Stock was bought for spot cash and must be cleared out before January 12th.

Furs HEADQUARTERS FOR SLEIGH ROBES.

Headquarters for SLEIGH ROBES. Give us a call.

IMPERIAL HALL

Is showing the leading patterns in Worsteds and Tweeds

AND WE

are prepared to make up Overcoats, Suits and Pants in the LATEST STYLES.

WE GUARANTEE A FIT.

STANGER & HARRISON,

Telephone 51-21.

535, Queen Street.

F'ton, N. B.

'Old Mines SYDNEY COAL

Always in Stock. The Extra Quality of this Coal is so well known, that nothing further need be said.

ALSO

American Anthracite Coal Blacksmith's COAL

F. H. Everett,

FLOUR, FEED, COAL, Campbells

DAWSON CITY AFTER TEN YEARS.

Life is Not Monotonous—Living Expensive Without Being Extravagant—Salaries Large in Proportion.

It is exactly ten years ago that the first strike of gold was made on the Klondike River. In 1896 Dawson City did not exist either as a name or as a settlement. Since then a new territory with new population, new towns a new political organization of its own, has sprung up on the shores of the Yukon River civilization, within three hundred miles of the Arctic circle.

What is Dawson City like at the present hour? That is not very difficult to ascertain. The journey to the Klondike that the imagination of the public, full of the dramatic stories of the rush of '98, pictures still as a succession of hardships and adventures, is today nothing more or less than a vacation trip, short, easy pleasant, and not too very expensive. Life in Dawson is not more monotonous than life in any other city. In cities five times its size. This city is the distributing centre and the main city, as well as the capital of the Yukon territory. It is the terminus of an important line of steamers running up the river, and carrying an enormous amount of freight and passengers to the newly settled and prosperous gold fields of Nome and Fairbanks.

A railroad which cost about sixteen thousand dollars, a mile to construct runs twice a week from Dawson to Grand Forks, and will be extended still further, a stage runs every day to all the other creeks.

TOURISTS VISIT THERE.

Tourists, as well as miners, capitalists, and prospectors, flock every year to the city. By common consent the year 1906 has seen more tourists than ever, and one single hotel received since June as many as five hundred and fifty of them.

People there read a good deal; the Carnegie Library contains more books than could be read in a life time, and many a French town of fifty thousand people would be glad to have a chance of French fiction as Dawson city can boast of. There is, of course a large French Canadian element, including many of the officials. A local book dealer ships in every week thousands of papers and magazines. Some of the New York magazines come in by the hundreds.

Dawson has two papers—one morning, one evening paper, equipped with linotypes that the owner showed me with pride, one of them being carried over the ice at a cost of ten thousand dollars. There circulation is not tremendous—about one thousand copies—but they reach every creek in the territory.

Social pleasures are here more numerous than in many communities further removed from the Arctic circle. The people seem to have their mind made up that life is too short to spend in its asceticism. Then the long winter months without sunshine are pretty hard to bear without diversion. So they all have "a good time." The miners have their saloons, of course, and their dance halls the latter being a peculiar feature and fixture of all the mining towns. There every night a man may, for the sum of one dollar, have the honor of one dance with such specimens of feminine beauty and distinction as the managers can provide. The spectacle of a clumsy solitary couple—a miner, with his hat on his head, with a woman, while an orchestra in shirt sleeves—feet on the railing—plays a popular tune and a crowd of titters looks on, would be melancholy were it not so comical. Here it is that many a small fortune of gold dust and nuggets has been squandered in one night by a miner, who, after months of toil, needed diversion and got it.

COST OF LIVING.

Living continues to be expensive, without being as extravagant as in the early days. Small change is still unknown, the lowest legal tender being two bits, or a quarter. To buy a cigar, box of matches, the daily paper, you will have to put up a quarter. A little American girl of my acquaintance went into a drug store to buy some chewing gum—chewing gum is widely used by the women on the Pacific coast. When it came to pay she had only twenty cents in her purse, which she found, to her dismay, "insufficient to pay the bill." The Dawsonites are proud of this feature. When nickel and dime come, they "will quit" said a miner. The freight charges of the White Pass and Yukon Railway are so high that a special commission from Ottawa was appointed last summer to investigate them, and the expense for some prices the are exacted by the local tradesmen.

Food is no longer out of reach. At the best hotels meals are reasonable—seventy-five cents for breakfast and lunch and one dollar for dinner. A room is only two dollars, eggs a fifty cents a dozen, and are less expensive than in the States, but no board is to be had at less than six dollars a month. Luxuries are more expensive. The patron of the telephone pays five dollars a month when there are others on the line; from ten to twenty dollars for a business house. A thirteen word telegram to New York state amounted to five dollars and seventy-five cents, and so does a San Francisco Sunday paper. A dollar novel goes for three dollars. A roll of kodak film, sold in Juneau for ninety cents and costs two dollars in Dawson. A bottle of beer costs one dollar. A pint of champagne in five dollars in Grand Forks.

SALARIES AND WAGES.

Salaries and wages keep pace fairly well with the prices. The unskilled laborer, whether he works on the placer or on the roads, gets four dollars and five dollars and board. A carpenter gets one dollar an hour, so that he can send his wife outside in the winter. "My father saves one hundred dollars a month," so a little carpenter's son told me on a boat. A typesetter gets two hundred and twenty-five dollars a month, a clerk in a dry goods store two hundred dollars, a jeweler three hundred dollars, a female school teacher in a school on the creeks with only seven pupils gets one hundred and seventy-five dollars. The superintendent of the Dawson-Yukon territory school receives three thousand, six hundred dollars, the principal and the other teachers three thousand dollars.

Money flows freely. The inhabitants are accustomed and resigned to the standard of living. They support the local trades—jewelers and milliners and wine merchants. The tourists, on the contrary, are very bad purchasers, so a jeweler told me. But the miner who has made a good strike, a workman who gets in a week as much as he would in a month "outsides," is generous with his money. The jewelers live on the miners, who all buy gold chains or supply their friends with jewelry. Hundreds of stories are told of the acts of extravagance of ignorant workmen intoxicated with their suddenly acquired wealth. The story of a big story told is the story of a fortune lost in gambling, drinking and the rest.

Dawson and the Klondike are passing through a crisis. Dawson, where the streets in the early days were thronged with crowds, is now a relatively quiet place—only three thousand inhabitants. Many houses are for rent, many vacant. A miner on the creeks need not build a cabin there, as plenty to choose from that nobody occupies. Many Dawsonites have gone down the river to try their hand at Fairbanks, the big American town founded on the Tanana three years ago. A Dawson business man who has just returned, tells me that the streets there are thick with Dawson people, both merchants and miners.

SMALL FELLOWS QUITTING. The trouble is not that the Klondike has not more gold. Up to June thirtieth, \$2,067,984.45 worth was extracted in this very year. Companies with big plants, gigantic dredges, water powers and pumping stations are coming in. This summer everybody was talking about Messrs. Gugenheim from New York, who are spending on works of different kinds from three to seven millions, according to the reports. So the gold hunters are going elsewhere. Every week some stampede is started on some creek up or down river, and off they go, two or three hundred at a time, to look for the yellow nuggets.

Dawson, once the mining camp of ill repute, is now one of the most orderly and healthy towns in the Dominion. The mounted police, an admirable corps, which Maj. A. E. R. Cuthbert, a splendid soldier and gentleman, commands in Dawson, has done wonders for civilization and the enforcement of law here as everywhere else in the Northwest. All evil characters are closely watched by the police as soon as they get into town and invited to leave the place if they cannot get honest employment. The most ordinary crime that comes before the courts is theft of gold dust—a very venial crime in the eyes of a jury in a country where that dust is so plentiful.

As for health, it is unanimously conceded that the Yukon territory owes to its dry and cold winter a climate that is both wholesome and exhilarating. The seventy-five degrees below zero last winter, which the residents speak of with pride, does not seem to have frozen anybody. The city of Dawson is administered by the Yukon council, a body of ten members (half elected and half appointed) presided over by the commissioner. Self government has been tried and failed, so Dawson was willing to surrender its franchise. The government seems to do its duty well, and the present commissioner, Mr. McInnes, a fluent speaker and popular man, is a favorite with the people and those of sedentary habits. The Canadian government has given to its territory peace, order and security; it has administered justice, protected property, built roads, erected school houses, carried the mails winter and summer, giving it in short, most of the advantages of any civilized community.

THE ORIGIN OF GALL STONES. They are simply dried bile, made of crystalline constituents of the fluid. Very common is this disease among merchants, clerical men, shop girls and those of sedentary habits. Prevention consists in maintaining correct action of the liver and bowels. That is best accomplished by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. No person using this medicine need fear gall stones, nor will they ever be bilious. Sound digestion, a good appetite, clear color will evidence the health giving properties of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are the best and safest for general family use. Insist on having only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c. per box at all dealers.

Theatrical Manager—I can't use your play. It's entirely too long for the stage. Amateur Playwright—Well, can you not lengthen the stage?

MARYSVILLE NEWS.

Dec. 19.—At the regular meeting of Court Alexander, Nov. 14, I. O. F., last evening the following officers were duly elected for the ensuing year:

W. T. Day, C. R.
Frank Murphy, V. C. R.
Thomas McDowell, Rec. Sec.
Samuel J. Hassett, Fin. Sec.
John A. Stafford, Treas.
Joseph J. Hazlewood, Orator.
John W. Doherty, S. W.
Rowley Manzer, J. W.
Chas. Gamble, S. E.
Freeman Gilbert, J. B.
Thomas McDonald, Court Deputy.
E. B. Fisher, M. D., H. H. McNally, M. D., Court Physicians.

J. J. Hazlewood, F. B. Dunphy, Fin. Committee.
William H. Gray, manager of the Crescent Hockey Club, and George Robinson went to St. John today to represent the club at the meeting of the provincial hockey league. It is understood that Marysville will stand up for amateur sport this winter.

Your correspondent had a very interesting chat with Mr. John Perry, who has returned recently from the west. Mr. Perry has been away for over two years, in which time he has travelled extensively in the great Canadian west, going so far south as New Mexico. Mr. Perry spent the greater part of his time in Los Angeles, California, of which place he speaks very highly, and says that in the summer it is a beautiful place, but the continued rains of winter makes it very disagreeable. Mr. Perry spent several months in Winnipeg, which city, he said, is growing very rapidly and is a very beautiful and progressive place. Speaking of the wheat fields, he said it was beyond his descriptive powers to tell the wonders of the mighty output of grain, which is yearly increasing. On his journey he also visited Moose Jaw and several other places of interest throughout the west before going southward. San Francisco was visited both before and after the earthquake, at which place Mr. Perry managed to collect several valuable relics. Denver, Colorado, was also among the most interesting places in his trip, which city he liked better than any other place he visited. In calling at all the different places, of course, Mr. Perry passed through several states both in the south and west, Chicago being a very interesting city. While away Mr. Perry met a large number of New Brunswick people, some of whom were doing very well, while others would rather be back to good old Marysville, as in a great many cases the times and wages are nearly as good right here, as they are any place he visited, compared with the cost of living and the stories frequently heard in reference to high wages are generally exaggerated.

The Main Street Baptist Church is now lighted with the acetylene gas, which is a great improvement to the old light and shows the enterprise of the trustees of that edifice. The many friends of Mr. Fred Yeomans will be pleased to hear that his wife and children are daily improving in health.

CURED PAINFUL IRREGULARITIES.
Strong Testimony from a Lady Resident of Clarksburg, Proving that Ferrozone Surpasses all Other Remedies.

The health of many women is constantly imperilled through failure of certain organs to work according to nature's requirements. Where this condition occurs there is no safer remedy to employ than Ferrozone, which has a specific action in female troubles.

Not only does it act directly on the organs, ensuring regularity and freedom from pain, but by forming rich red blood fortifies the system against weakening drains.

Ferrozone possesses a volume of merit totally absent in the ordinary medicine, and its superiority is proclaimed by thousands of women it has restored to vigorous health. From Mrs. F. G. Caldwell comes the following endorsement, written from her home in Clarksburg:

"I went through a most trying experience with what is commonly known as 'Female Trouble.' It isn't necessary to state my symptoms, but I suffered a great deal. My health was well nigh ruined, and I got into such a condition that I couldn't even sleep. I was dreadfully nervous, weak and pale. Different prescriptions were recommended and I tried them. But Ferrozone was the first to help. I improved steadily under Ferrozone and normal conditions were finally established. I gained weight, my color and spirits improved, and my former health was restored. Ferrozone cured me, and with a full heart I recommend this good medicine to all other women."

Beware of imitations—don't allow a druggist to palm off anything else for Ferrozone, which costs 50 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50 at all dealers.

STOMACH MEDICINE IS USELESS.

Impossible to cure catarrh in the nose by dosing the stomach. Send the healing vapor of Catarrhazone after the germs and you at once accomplish good. Any case of catarrh is curable—all that's necessary is to inhale Catarrhazone—you stop hawking, no trills are cleared, throat is healed on freed of phlegm; every vestige of the trouble is forever driven from the system. If you want permanent cure for catarrh, throat, nose or bronchitis, Catarrhazone is a stand-by. Two sizes, 25 cents and \$1.00 at all dealers.