

The Daily Herald.

VOL. XI.

FREDERICTON, N. B., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1906

NO. 42

Follow the Crowd

TO THE St. Mary's Departmental Store.

Saturday was a hummer. Busy from the time we opened our doors till late at night.

The stock on sale is so large you can't notice Saturday's selling.

Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Wall Paper, House Furnishings, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Stationery, Novelties, Dry Goods.

There is something for everybody. We have yet to hear of a displeased customer.

Come and buy what you want in your own time. Nothing but courteous attention here.

Nothing but new goods on sale. The store was opened in May last. No chance for accumulations.

Countless bargains we have never mentioned. Come, look around.

Free Buss leaves Oak Hall regularly during the day.

Don't forget to go upstairs.

Open Wednesday and Tuesday nights.

St. Mary's Departmental Store

S. Herbert Logan, Manager, - St. Mary's, N. B.

Gillette Safety Razors

PRICE \$5.00

EXTRA BLADES—price 60 cents a package. Just received.

C. Fred. Chestnut,

APOTHECARY,

Queen st., - - - F'ron, N. B.

Ladies' and Gent's Fobs.

We have one of the finest lines of

GOLD and

SILK FOBS

Ever shown in the city. New lot just in.

F. E. BLACKMER.

290 Queen st., opposite Officers' Quarters.

FORECAST OF KING'S SPEECH.

Most Radical Utterance Ever Put Into the Mouth of a Sovereign.

SOME OF THE MEASURES THAT WILL OCCUPY THE ATTENTION OF PARLIAMENT.

London, Feb. 19.—(Special)—It is understood that the King's speech at the opening of parliament today will include an expression of satisfaction on Great Britain's continued peaceful relations in Europe, especially with France, and the desire for a friendly solution of the Moroccan conference.

It will also contain an announcement concerning conditions in South Africa and the appointment of a commission to proceed thither for examination into the question of franchise. Meanwhile the importation of Chinese to the Transvaal shall be stopped and the terms of the Chinese ordinance subjected to a revision.

Suggestion of the following legislative program will be made:

Education bill, Trades Disputes' bill, Workmen's Compensation act, amendment of last year's act for the relief of the unemployed, repeal of the Irish Coercion act, introduction of Scottish Education bill, and of bills for the equalization of rates in London, and other minor measures.

No official forecast of the speech

from the throne has been issued, but the foregoing indicates its general drift. It is quite certain that the speech will be the most radical ever put into the mouth of a sovereign.

Although it is known that the government will not attempt to enact a Home Rule bill for Ireland, well informed persons assert that the cabinet has discussed the possibility of some sort of a measure or scheme for relieving the congestion of parliamentary business.

It is even stated that the King's speech will contain a hint of such intention.

The Earl of Aberdeen, the new Irish viceroy, while a guest of the College of Surgeons, Saturday, made a significant reference to Irish affairs.

After remarking on the great change in public feeling in England towards Ireland in the last thirty years, as full of hope for Ireland, he said: "There is another auspicious feature in the outlook. I allude to the well grounded belief that His Majesty the King, is actuated by a warm solicitude for the welfare of Ireland and her people."

A SANGUINARY STRUGGLE.

Guards of a Bullion Train Attacked by Bandits who Were Routed—Several Men Killed.

New York, Feb. 19.—(Special)—A

Smith ordered his guards to hold their ground and to use their weapons, and he set an example by opening with his Winchester. So deadly was the fire that Colorado and his gang were routed, leaving two dead and one wounded behind them. Colorado himself is reported to have been slightly wounded.

In leading the attack on the outlaws Smith fell mortally wounded, and two of his men were killed. News of the attack was conveyed to Tomas, about twenty miles distant, and the Mexican authorities dispatched a detachment of rurales in pursuit of the bandits, who fled to the highest mountains.

Smith's home is said to have been in Montana. He had been in the employ of the Dolores Mining company about two years.

This is the first appearance of the outlaws of Juan Colorado reported since its band attacked an emigrant train near the Mormon colonies of Casas Grandes, about three months

ago. Smith ordered his guards to hold their ground and to use their weapons, and he set an example by opening with his Winchester. So deadly was the fire that Colorado and his gang were routed, leaving two dead and one wounded behind them. Colorado himself is reported to have been slightly wounded.

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THE SYDNEY TRAGEDY.

Bodies of Children will be Exhumed and an Autopsy Made.

Sydney, N. S., The inquest into the Stetka tragedy of Dominion was resumed this morning. Two witnesses were examined but nothing of importance elicited.

Dr. Morrison stated at the inquest, that inasmuch as there was considerable criticism because an autopsy had not been held, he deemed one

necessary for the purpose at all events of making the investigation complete.

The bodies of the children will therefore be exhumed and a thorough medical examination will be conducted tonight.

The bodies of the parents are so charred that nothing could be gained by an autopsy.

INTERNATIONAL QUESTION

Americans Think They Have Case Against Canadian Government.

Winnipeg, Feb. 19.—(Special)—The Meewatin Dam, situated at the mouth of the Winnipeg river, where the river empties into the Lake of the Woods, has caused about fifty farmers on the United States side, to be flooded out.

The farmers are taking the matter up with the Canadian government, who are maintaining the dam, and international complications may be the result.

The dam is a great benefit to navigation on the Lake of the Woods, and petitions have been forwarded to the war department by the American steamboat company which runs a line of boats on the lake.

If the matter is carried to the courts, as is likely to happen, a very

interesting case will result, but the Americans have small chances of redress.

THE INTERCOLONIAL.

Passenger Rates Will be Increased--Erection of Coal Handling Facilities

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—(Special)—The Intercolonial will erect coal handling facilities at Levis, River du Loup, Campbellton, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, and make connections with coal companies to deliver supplies in the summer by water. The cost of coal hauling will in this way be curtailed.

The minister of railways also proposes to increase I. C. R. passenger rates for distances above two hundred miles. The increase will bring them up to the standard of the C.P. R. and Grand Trunk.

Commercial travellers' rates will also be advanced.

A PLEA FOR WOMEN.

Correspondent Who Thinks Her Sex Entitled to Even Greater Privileges Than Have Yet Been Conceded.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Dear Sir,—I have been very much pleased with the views expressed by the Herald on the question of the rights of women to admission to the profession of the law. I am sure your lady readers all approve of your attitude. I am sure the women of the province owe a debt of gratitude to the gentlemanly attorney general for his promptness in securing legislation to overcome the doubts on the question arising from that remarkable judgment of the Supreme court, which the Herald and other newspapers have treated with such amusing and delightful ridicule.

The doors of all the professions are, I believe now open to women, and she is gradually asserting her right to entire legal equality with man.

Unfortunately, however, many of our sex are so situated that we cannot take advantage of these professional opportunities whatever our educational or mental qualifications or ambitions may be.

The sphere of some, as pointed out by the attorney general, is necessarily "limited by the domestic circle." Some of us are "possessed of happy, comfortable homes," and are not "driven out by the stress of circumstances to earn our livelihood in the busy walks of life."

Why, let me ask, should those of us who are unfortunately situated and who cannot therefore expect to be either preachers, doctors, lawyers, judges, or justices of the peace, be longer deprived of our right to vote, and to sit in the legislature or parliament for a few weeks each year? If Miss French is legally qualified to assist in interpreting and administering the laws, why is she not qualified to vote for those who make them, or assist in making them herself? And why are not we, her sisters, equally qualified as the men who

now vote and legislate?

Can you give me any reason, Mr. Editor, why our rights in this respect should longer be withheld from us. If we are entitled to enter the professions why should we be shut out of the polling booths or the halls of the legislature? Can you or the clever attorney general give me any logical reason why this gross injustice—a relic of the dark ages when women were thought to have no souls—should longer be continued?

Let the learned and gallant attorney general, who has in this instance so splendidly stood out from among his legal brethren as the defender of the rights of one woman, stand from his fellow legislators as the champion of the rights of thousands of his sisters in this province, and before this session closes secure legislation providing for complete "womanhood suffrage," and throwing open the representation in the House of Assembly to women as well as men.

If that meaningless word "person" stands in the way in any act at present in the statute book, let it be unhesitatingly stricken out. The right to vote at least is one that could well be exercised by all women whether married or single, whether tied down by family cares or "driven out by the stress of circumstances to earn their livelihood in the busy walks of life." If we can, to again quote the eloquent Attorney General—"fight our way to the front against the competition of our brightest ideas" and in the courts triumph in legal combat on the stalwarts of the profession." Why cannot one be trusted with such a simple thing as the "ballot and the opportunity to fight for our rights against the stalwart politicians and legislators—not excepting the brilliant attorney general himself.

JUSTICE.

LAWYER'S MODEST BILL.

Montreal Man Who Wants \$60,000 for Two Years' Services.

Montreal, Feb. 19.—Sixty thousand dollars for legal services is the modest fee demanded by C. M. Holt, K. C., for legal services rendered to Mrs. Wright in her action against the James Cooper estate to recover money and 404 shares of the Dominion Bridge Company stock claimed by her.

The action led to a number of subsidiary suits, lasting from October 9th 1903, until April 1905, the action being finally settled. Then came Holt's bill, 200 sheets of itemized account, totalling a trifle over \$30,000.

This was objected to by Mrs. Wright and it was later reduced by Holt to \$18,000. Holt had collected from Mrs. Wright \$5,000 and had custody of trust fund of \$11,200 as tender for the stocks. This he all returned as payment on account. Mrs. Wright refused to pay the bill claiming that it was exorbitant and has held action to recover the money.

The case is now going on before Justice Robidoux and bids fair to last several days as Holt is being examined.

Among the charges is an item of \$1,000 for a trip to Sydney C. B. to obtain Steven's signature to certain deeds.

IMMIGRATION RETURNS.

Slight Decrease in Figures of Past Seven Months Compared With Previous Year.

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—(Special)—There was a decrease of 1,351 in the immigration to Canada during the seven months ending January 31, compared with the same time in the previous year.

There was an increase of 976 from the United States and a decrease of 2,227 from the British Isles and European points.

The total arrivals were 57,624. Of these 20,266 came from the United States, and 37,358 by ocean ports.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Feb. 19.—(Special)—The stock market quotations to-day were as follows:

Dominion Coal, 79, 78, 78.
Dominion Iron and Steel, 39, 30, 30.
Dominion Iron and Steel pfd., 79, 78, 78.
Nova Scotia Steel, pfd., 67, 66, 66.
Canadian Pacific Railroad, 171, 171, 172.
Twin City, 115, 116, 116.
Montreal Power, 92, 92, 92.
Rich and Ontario Navigation, 81, 81, 81.
Illinois Traction pfd., 100, 100, 100.
Toledo, 34, 34, 34.
Havana, 33, 33, 33.

A WORTHY PROJECT.

Medical Men to Interview Government on Sanitarium Question.

A delegation of medical men, representing different sections of the province will interview the local government tomorrow morning on the question of founding a sanitarium for the treatment of tuberculosis. It is expected that a number of prominent laymen, including ex-Governor McClellan, will also be in attendance.

The question of a site for the proposed sanitarium has not yet been decided, but it will probably be located within thirty miles of one of the principal centres of the province, such as St. John, Moncton or Fredericton.

UNIVERSITY OF N. B.

Feb. 19.—The debate of Saturday evening ended in a victory for the negative leader, H. P. Dole, while W. K. McNaughton creditably defended the affirmative side of the rather uncommon subject, whether a law should be passed empowering physicians to put to death incurables, providing the stricken one so desired. F. A. Jowett presided as judge and critic.

The annual college function known as "The Mock Trial" has been postponed until Saturday, March 3rd.

The college Y. M. C. A. was largely attended yesterday in the University library, where Rev. A. A. Rideout delivered a very instructive address, his text being Sin and its Consequences.

The University boys have been busy during the past week, and are particularly so this week, greening for the conversation, which will be held in the Arts building on Thursday evening of this week.

STARVED AMIDST WEALTH.

New York, Feb. 19.—Miss Maria Corsa, 56 years old, whose fortune is estimated at from \$600,000 to \$1,000,000, is dead at her home in the Bronx. Her death was caused by starvation and exposure, due to her life of seclusion and economy, says the Herald. She lived entirely alone in one room of the Corsa residence, giving herself even the necessities of life and refusing the warmth of a fire which might have been built with coal which had been in the cellar for years.

Miss Corsa died Saturday night after thirty-six hours of medical treatment, which was provided by neighbors. On Sunday morning the daughter of a neighbor found her unconscious, and other neighbors took charge of the woman. Dr. Edward C. Podvin worked all day to restore her, but she died without regaining consciousness.

Miss Corsa was born in Port Morris. Her father and mother were both old Knickerbocker families, and with the Schuylers, Valentines, Berrys and Briggs were among the first settlers in Fordham.