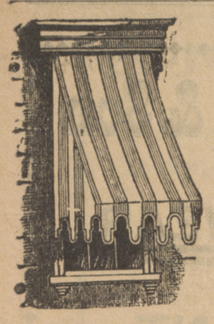

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House and Store Awnings

Made in white and all colors. Measured, fitted and put on the building FREE OF CHARGE. Write for our quotations. For sale only by

JAMES S. NEILL,

FREDERICTON'S BIG HARDWARE STORE.

Hewson Tweeds

Make a fine business suit, and are sure to give every satisfaction. I have a fine line of these Tweeds in stock, and am always pleased to show goods. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

☞ Get one of Page's Odorless Moth Proof Bags and protect your Furs. 2 sizes always on hand. Call and see them.

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W. E. SEERY

Has removed to the store lately occupied by F. E. Blackmer, directly opposite Officers' Barracks. Come in and see him for a genuine bargain in SPRING SUITS, OVERCOATINGS and TROUSERINGS.

BARLEY, PEAS and OATS,
CORN and OATS,
CORN MEAL,
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Hard and Soft Coal,

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Swifts Fertilizer

This Fertilizer is manufactured by Swift & Co., one of the largest packing firms in America, and is unexcelled as a general Fertilizer.

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Fire, Life, Health and Accident Insurance.

Jasper A. Winslow,

Opp. Normal School,

Queen Street, - Fredericton.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulceration of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles. MIDY

Cook's Cotton Root Compound,

The only safe effectual monthly medicine on which women can depend. Sold in two degrees of strength—No. 1, for ordinary cases, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger for Special Cases, $3 per box. *Sold by all druggists.* Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound; take no substitute.

The Cook Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario

Nos. 1, and 2 are sold in Fredericton by all Druggists.

At 103½ Prince Wm. street, St. John, N. B., are the offices of

Albert J. Machum,

MANAGER of the

Union Mutual Life Ins. Co.

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Established 1848

It is a strictly Annual Dividend Company, the surplus or profits being apportioned every year upon all plans of Insurance and a statement of same given to each individual policy holder at the expiration of the first and each subsequent year. The result is that every holder of one of these contracts knows exactly what profits have accumulated every year on his own particular policy. He can make use of such profits any time he so wishes, and in event of his death, such additions are paid, besides the full amount for which the policy is written.

If "A Bird in the Hand is Worth Two in the Bush," how much is a policy worth which guarantees annual dividends as above, compared with a policy under which no krofits are apportioned until the end of twenty (20) years?

"Union Mutual" uolicy contracts are the most liberal issued. The guaranteed reserve value is equal to that of any company in the world. If you require Insurance of any kind consult a "Union Mutual" agent, or write direct to

Albert J. Machum,
MANAGER.

☞ Agent wanted for York and Sunbury County.

A. T. McMURRAY, D. M. D.

Office Hours: 9 to 5

Dentistry in all its modern branches Special attention given to the care of children's teeth

Patients living outside the city can make appointments by mail, and thus do away with an unnecessary delay.

By the use of our improved Electric Light appointments can made for any evening.

Lady in attendance. 'Phone 93

F. St. John Bliss,

Barrister, Notary, etc,

Offices—Crangle Building.
Entrance Carleton street.

Wood's Phosphodine,

The Great English Remedy.

BEFORE AND AFTER

A positive cure for all forms of Sexual Weakness, Mental and Brain Worry, *Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency,* Effects of Abuse or Excess, all of which lead to Consumption, Infirmity, Insanity and an early grave. Price $1 per pkg., six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain package on receipt of price. Write for Pamphlet. The Wood Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario

Wood.s Phosphodine is sold in Fredericton by all druggists.

Twenty-five years ago it was difficult to sell spring wheat flour for pastry at any price.

People didn't want it—they were using soft, winter wheat flour, and saw no reason for changing.

But hard wheat flour was persistently pushed and prejudice has been overcome. The women tried it, succeeded with it and appreciated it.—To-day hard wheat flour is the favorite for pastry as well as for bread.

The flour that is doing the most for the reputation of hard wheat flour is the brand known as

Ogilvie's Royal Household

It is hard wheat flour at its best—milled by modern methods, retaining all of the good of the wheat and none of the bad—it is without an equal for every kind of baking in which flour is used.

Talk to your grocer about it—if he isn't enthusiastic it's only because he isn't informed.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited,
MONTREAL.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never before published. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE. 4

When a girl pounds the piano she may not have it in for the instrumental so much as she has it for the neighbors.

Each man secretly thinks that he knows one handsome man.

Dollars are more than coronets, and a pull with the politicians cuts considerable more ice than Norman blood.

Coming events cast their shadows before good and plenty when they hire a press agent.

ELECTRICAL

work both new and old is now the order of the day. New buildings, alterations and other changes have to be made to keep pace with the progress of the day. Get your

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

and electrical work of us. We can save you dollars and cents Supplies we keep are superior and our work is unsurpassed.

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Electrical Contractors and Electro Platers.
Queen St. opposite Court House. Tel 335. P.O. Box 224

DR. F. W. BALBOUR.

SURGEON' DENTIST,

President and Prizeman Boston Dental College Class 1891. Registered by Mass. State Board of Legislation. Facilities and experience in all branches of Dentistry. Special attention given to saving aching or abscessed teeth.

Young lady in attendance.

J. J. Winslow, B.A., F. H. Peters, B.A.
C. H. Allen

Winslow, Peters & Allen

Barristers and Attorneys-at Law.
Notaries Public, etc.

Offices, Colter Building, opposite Normal School, Queen st., Fredericton.

Tel. 125

A tramp, walking down a city street one day, saw a little boy stoop and pick up something.

"You have made a find, my lad," he said.

"Yes, sir," said the boy, "I have found a silver ring."

"I thought so," said the tramp, "it is the one that I just dropped. Now, ain't I lucky to have my name cut in it."

"What is your name?" said the boy suspiciously.

"Sterling, lad."

"Take it, then. It's yours," said the boy, handing over the ring.

One Cold and Another

The season's first cold may be slight—may yield to early treatment, but the next cold will hang on longer; it will be more troublesome, too. Unnecessary to take chances on that second one. Scott's Emulsion is a preventive as well as a cure. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

when colds abound and you'll have no cold. Take it when the cold is contracted and it checks inflammation, heals the membranes of the throat and lungs and drives the cold out.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
Toronto, Ont.
50c. and $1.00 - - - All druggists

FOSTER DISSECTED.

Miller of South Grey, Turns the Limelight on the Ex Prohibition Apostle.

Speaking in the recent debate in the House of Commons on the North Atlantic Trading Co's. contract Mr. Miller, M. P. for South Grey, gave Mr. Foster and his mud-slinging some attention. He said:

DIOGENES AND HIS "LITTLE LAMP."

"Who is this Diogenes with his little lamp, hunting for an honest man, and who is making an insinuation in endeavoring to impute guilt and sully the reputation of Mr. Sifton?' asked Mr. Miller. Knowing nothing desiring to know nothing of Mr. Foster's private life he was justified in turning information to the story of that gentleman's political life, as written by his old friend and former leader, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, with an appendix by Hon. Senator Miller. (Laughter.) Mr. Miller read from the Hansard debates in which Sir Mackenzie Bowell declared, speaking of Mr. Foster: "His answers to questions are absolutely untrue." Again: "I am content to let him alone to fight his own battles, but decline further to demean myself by asking my friends to put confidence in him which I myself do not entertain." And yet again: "I have given sufficient evidence to prove who was chief of the nest of traitors." Either Sir Mackenzie Bowell had in these utterances done an injustice to Mr. Foster or his statements were true. If they were untrue it should have made Mr. Foster more careful in insinuating that against another member which he could not prove. But if Sir Mackenzie Bowell did know the political life of the man of whom he was writing, how much less credence should be given to mere suspicions by Mr. Foster, who would go limping through the remainder of his political life dragging the ball and chain fastened to him, and from which he could never free himself. If ever there was a man in political life in Canada who know the acrid taste of bitter ashes it was Mr. Foster, to whom in his unfortunate position Mr Miller extended his hearty sympathy. (Cheers.)

SERVICES APPRECIATED.

City Council Presents Flattering Testimonal to Porter & O'Donnell.

Following is the full text of a resolution adopted by the city council at the last monthly meeting, on motion of Ald. Hooper, seconded by Ald. Moore.

"Resolved, that the council appreciates the satisfactory manner in which Mr. Mitchell Porter has for the past year, fulfilled his contract as city superintendent of street lights, and electrical engineer at the power station. Both Mr. Porter and his assistant, Mr. William O'Donnell, have shown themselves to be competent in their business, industrious and trustworthy young men, capable of giving good satisfaction to any employer.

"Further resolved, that copies of this resolution, signed by the mayor and city clerk, with the seal of the city affixed, be sent to Messrs. Porter and O'Donnell."

THE PARIS STRIKE.

Most of the Trades Have Returned to Work But Military Still Guard City.

Paris, May 3.—(Special.)—The general strike shows evidence of disruption, but men belonging to a number of trades still refuse to return to work until their demands are granted.

A squadron of dragoons is drawn up in the court yard of Prince Eugene Barracks on the Piace La Republique prepared to respond to the call of the police.

The latter continue massed in considerable force in the neighborhood of the Labor Exchange and occasionally arrests are made, but there is no disorder.

The centre of the city is entirely normal, but detachments of troops continue to occupy strategic positions. The basement of the Bourse is occupied by a squad of soldiers, and the military are in charge of the other places. Pickets and republican guards are also scattered through the suburbs and others are stationed at street corners at Passy and other residential quarters as a prevention against the appearance of scattered bands of strikers. The latter, however, are relatively quiet. Minor disorders reported are confined to outlying factory districts.

EDUCATION'S TRUE AIM.

Prof. Shortt of Queen's Explains the Osler Theory—Educated Englishmen are Examples.

Halifax, May 2.—Prof Adam Shortt of Queen's University has been much in demand as a speaker at college functions here. In addition to his appointed lectures in the post graduate school course of the Presbyterian College, he has spoken at Dalhousie Convocation and at the Board of Trade luncheon on municipal taxation. In his address at the Dalhousie Convocation the special feature was his view of the proper interpretation of Dr. Osler's famous forty year theory. Dr. Osler, said Prof. Shortt, had observed as we all have, the number of instances in which men who as students had disexibility of mind, had become in after years as it were ossified, and it was to these cases that the Doctor's famous remark referred. This fact, said Prof. Shortt, was a strioture on our system of education. Men fell back because of the loss of capacity to adjust themselves to the world and its changing conditions. The aim of our education should be to develop personalities, capable and flexible, and able to give the interpretations which life in a new world under rapidly changing conditions required. A man cannot afford to restrict his outlook to his own city. Life is more and more complex and we must learn to appreciate the life of places and peoples rather than our own. In this way we shall best help purselves. What has made, said Prof. Shortt, the educated Englishman one of the finest specimens of manhood today, was the fact that his interest at home had increased and intensified with his knowledge of conditions abroad.

$23,000,000 AND ITS STRANGE ADVENTURES.

How Millions From Burned Frisco Bank Were Protected and Taken to Safety.

San Francisco, Cal., May 3.—Negotiable securities and currency worth $23,000,000 were removed from the Crocker-Woolworth National Bank in this city before the flames reached that building April 19. These sezurities were placed on board the revenue cuter Golden Gate on the afternoon of April 19. The pile of valuable papers and money were locked in Capt. Dodge'c cabin and an armed guard placed at each locked door. Two representatives of the bank who accompanied the securities breathed easier, but their ease of mind was short-lived, for early the next morning the fire chief asked Capt. Dodge for assistance. The Golden Gate carried a squad of firemen to Fort Mason and proceeded to the foot of Mason street, where her pumps were connected with the three quarters of a mile of hose that was used in fighting the fire that threatened the Hotel Fairmount.

Length by length the hose was consumed by fire. By 2 o'clock p. m. there was nothing left of it, and the Golden Gate was almost in flames to the intense alarm of the representatives of the bank. Capt. Dodge appeared to care as little for his $23,000,000 cargo as he did for his own life. He stayed alongside the wharf until the heat became intolerable. The order was given to cast off and out into the cool breezes the Golden Gate steamed to the relief of the bank representatives. An hour later, however, the Golden Gate was fighting fire at the Lombard street wharf, and the Crocker-Woolworth representatives had three hours more of the greatest uneasiness.

The next day the securities were landed unharmed after the strangest adventures through which $23,050,000 ever passed.

ALLOWED TO GO.

Millionaire T. W. Kiley Will Not be Prosecuted for Bigamy He Has Confessed.

New York, May 2.—Thomas W. Kiley, the aged Williamsburg millionaire ,who disappeared six weeks ago after confessing that he had two wives living, returned yesterday to the home of wife No. 1, 201 Jefferson avenue, Brooklyn, and asked forgiveness. He was received with open arms and tears. With his wife he will go abroad to live, and will not be prosecuted for bigamy.

When Kifey was sued, early in March, for $250,000 by wife No. 2, who lives at to. 216 Brooklyn avenue, he admitted in court that he had married the second wife in Indiana in 1903. He thought when he did it, he said, that his first wife was about to die. He had known Mrs. Colt, his second wife, for years, and on a trip with her out West he popped the question. On returning to Brooklyn with her he found his wife recovering from her illness. He and wife No. 2 agreed not to mention their marriage, but Mrs. Colt-Kiley, getting a notion that her aged husband was going to die, brought suit to establish a claim upon his estate and that let the news of the marriage out.

When District Attorney Clark of Brooklyn began to think of prosecuting Kiley for bigamy, the banker sought seclusion at Asheville, N. C. and was posted by the lawyers as to developments. He had a great dread of being haled to court on a bigamy charge. He began to pine away, and District Attorney Clark was told that if Kiley was prosecuted he would certainly die before the proceedings were finished. He was told Kiley was contrite and willing to make any sort of reparation to his first wife. Mr. Clark consulted her, and she begged him not to prosecute. The District Attorney agreed on condition that Kiley leave the country forever. Kiley gladly accepted the terms.

We ned to say a great many kind things to counterbalance the unkind things we did not need to say.

Wealth may be dangerous, but most of us are brave.

The prize is to the one who takes it, selah.

SUMNER'S CASE.

Famous U. S. Senator Victim of a Hoax.

During his last visit to Washington the late Senator Dawes told me an extraordinary story concerning Charles Sumner, which does not appear in the latter's biography.

Mr. Dawes said it had never been pointed, so far as he was aware, but it illustrates the character of the great statesman.

After he recovered from the attack of Preston Brooks, Mr. Sumner went to Europe and remained for several months. Many people, including some of his warmest friends, were aware that, like other great intellects, he was a physical coward, although he had plenty of moral courage, and that his recent experience had upset his nerves so completely that he would jump when startled by an unexpected noise. It was a question whether he would ever return to the senate, and it was evidently believed that he would never provoke the fire-eaters again by discussing the slavery question.

But, to the surprise of everybody, he reappeared in his seat at the opening of the next session and at the first opportunity delivered another speech even more radical than that which provoked the anger of Brooks.

Mr. Dawes said that about 10.30 o'clock on the night after the delivery of that speech Mr. Sumner's butler rushed into his room at his boarding house, breathless with excitement, and asked him to come to Senator Sumner's house at once.

Mr. Dawes, who was partly undressed, drew on his clothes and, taking a stout cane which he always carried, hurried to Mr. Sumner's residence on First., opposite the Ebbitt house. He found the great man in his library drawing up a memorandum of instructions to his friends and executors, for, as he coolly informed Mr. Dawes, he expected to die that night.

He said he had just been visited by a vigilgnce committee of slaveholders from the south, who warned him that he had been condemned to death by their organization because of his latest speech and that the penalty was likely to be visited upon him at any time.

"I sent for you, Mr. Dawes," he continued, "with the hope and expectation that you will summon Senator Wilson and the rest of the Massachusetts delegation and remain with me through the night. Your society will be a consolation, and I should like to have you witness my death if I am attacked in such a manner that it will be impossible for you to protect me."

Mr. Dawes remained with Mr Sumner, while the servants of the house were sent for the other members of the delegation. When they arrived Mr. Sumner explained to them the warning he had received, and his expectation of an early death by violence.

Then he took from his library shelves a history of Rome and read aloud the story of Caius, Tiberius and Gracchus, the honest tribunes who were assassinated because of their efforts in behalf of the peasantry. After he had finished reading he solemnly announced his intention to die as they had died, with the same composure and the same resignation, which he said was justified by his confidence that his fate, like theirs, was the penalty of his devotion to the poor and the oppressed.

Placing a mark in the book so that the delegation might refer to it after the expected tragedy was accomplished, he laid it away upon its shelf and sat down calmly to await the end.

The Massachusetts members remained with him through the night. One of them had a revolver, the remainder had no better weapons than walking sticks, but Senator Sumner refused to allow them to go after arms and seemed rather to covet martyrdom than to avoid it. The night was long and nothing occurred to disturb its solemnity.

At daylight it was decided that the guard should be continued, but that the delegation might go to their homes by turns, to advise their families of their safety and change their linen.

One of the first to leave, who lived at Willard's hotel, across the street, had not been gone more than fifteen or twenty minutes when he returned with an astonishing story he had heard in the office of the hotel. It was of three young southern bloods, who, as a practical joke, had called upon Senator Sumner the evening before and nearly frightened him to death with a story that his assassination was intended.

They had conceived the idea over their cups and after their return from Mr. Sumner's house had made the hotel merry with descriptions of the manner in which he received their warning.

The Massachusetts delegation shook hands with one another when their anxiety was thus relieved and congratulated Mr. Sumner that the danger was not serious, but they were never able to convince him that he was the victim of a hoax.—Wm. E. Curtis in the Chicago Record-Herald.

WASHING AN EVENING SHAWL.

Many beautiful evening shawls are ruined by home washing, and frequent dry cleansing is costly. If washed by the following method, an unbrella shawl will retain its original appearance.

Soak the shawl in a warm suds of white soap. Do not rub soap on the shawl. Squeeze the suds through it, but do not wring. When clean rinse in a weak suds of the same temperature as the first water. Throw in a heap on a clean sheet to dry, turning occasionally. When dry, pin in shape on a sheet, then sprinkle with cold water to raise the fluffy fibre.

A knitted or crocheted shawl so washed will appear like new.

When there is a social gathering in act one, it is the party of the first part.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.