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FOR SALE.

That new and desirable freehold property and house situate on Needham Street, at present occupied by Wm. McQuarrie. Possession given 1st April. This is an excellent chance to secure a cheap home on easy terms. Also the freehold property situate in Chancery Lane, at present occupied by Arthur Gallagher. Easy terms.

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Situate on Needham Street near centre of block.
TO RENT:
The house on Brunswick Street above York, now occupied by F. S. Creed. Possession 1st May.

TO RENT:

The lower flat of 6 rooms of the house situate on lower side Charlotte Street, near its intersection with I. C. R. tracks. This flat was remodelled last fall, and is in best condition. Possession 1st March.

MONEY TO LOAN in amounts to suit applicants at lowest rates. Apply to R. W. McLellan, Barrister.
Feb. 14-dtf.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

THE CITY OF FREDERICTON, at the next Session of the Legislature of New Brunswick, will present for enactment the following Bills:

1.—To amend and consolidate the laws relating to the levying, assessing and collecting of Taxes in the City of Fredericton.

2.—To enable the City of Fredericton to issue Debentures to take up certain Debentures falling due in the year 1907, and to authorize the issue of \$20,000 of Debentures to provide for the completion of water improvements.

3.—To amend the Act relating to the Administration of Justice in the County of York by providing for the appointment of a joint Committee of three for such purpose, two of such Committee to be appointed by the County of York, and one by the City of Fredericton and by striking out the words "Clerk of the Peace," in the fourth Section of said Act.

4.—To amend the Acts relating to Police Establishment in the city, by vesting the appointment of Policemen one to be known as the Chief of Police in the City Council.
Dated this eighth day of January, A. D. 1907.

J. W. McCREADY,
City Clerk.

Jan. 8-dtf.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

A Bill will be presented at the next session of the Legislature of New Brunswick to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the election of mayor and aldermen in the City of Fredericton and to provide for a secret ballot. Also to establish a City Board of Works having control of roads and streets, water and sewerage, and public works generally in said City managed by a competent engineer under the direction of a standing committee of the City Council.

J. W. McCREADY,
City Clerk.
Jan. 25th, 1907.
Jan. 25-44wks.

CONVENTION.

(Continued from Second Page.)

most abundant. One of the difficulties which the department had to contend with in fraudulent applications for land, under the guise of settlement. The only object of the applicant in many cases is to secure the land for lumbering purposes. It is a common practice also to squat on Crown land and clear away sufficient space for a hut. It is by this means that fires are started, and the forests in the neighborhood are wiped out. Mr. Loggie next referred to the extensive grants of crown land made by the government to private parties in days gone by. First on the list was the New Brunswick Railway Company, which was given 1,647,772 acres, mostly on the western side of the St. John river. He had it on the authority of Mr. Whitehead the company's agent, that the estimated amount of lumber on the company's lands was 11,177,000,000 feet of spruce, hemlock, cedar and fir. Very little of the land had been granted by the company for settlement.

The large tract of land on the Nashwaak, under control of Mr. Alex. Gibson, had produced since it came under his control forty years ago twelve hundred million feet of spruce. Mr. Gibson had made the statement that this land was worth \$20 per acre to him.

Another large tract of 160,000 acres of granted land on the Upper Southwest Miramichi had lately passed into the hands of the Southwest Miramichi Lumber Company for a sum in excess of \$600,000. This Company were employing modern methods in cutting the lumber and were using the tree tops for pulp wood.

Mr. Loggie in conclusion spoke of the great heritage New Brunswick possessed in its public domain and urged the people of the Province to unite in any movement to perpetuate and preserve it. Mr. H. R. McMillan, a student at the Yale Forestry School, read a paper on "Economic Forestry Methods," which was followed with a great deal of interest. Mr. McMillan, although a young man, displayed a good practical knowledge of the subject and gave out much useful and practical information. He discussed the methods of forest protection employed in some of the states of the union and dropped some valuable suggestions for New Brunswick. He also told of the work accomplished at the United States forestry bureau at Washington.

The chairman appointed the following committees under Mr. Gregory's direction: Committee to consider advisability of forming a forestry association.—Hon. F. J. Sweeney, Hon. C. N. Skinner, Hon. J. P. Burchill, David Richards, James Beveridge, M. C. E. Lund.

Lumbermen's Committee.—J. F. Gregory, E. Hutchinson, A. H. F. Randolph, W. B. Snowball, F. E. Sayre, J. D. Buckley, H. Hilyard, Fred Anderson.

Committee on resolutions.—Hon. A. R. McClellan, G. U. Hay, J. D. Hazen, C. M. Leger, Hon. G. F. Hill.

GENERAL DISCUSSION.

Chancellor Jones, replying to Mr. Hazen, said he thought there were from 65 to 70 students attending the Yale forestry school, and he understood that there was a great demand for the students among lumbermen.

Mr. Gregory said he understood that there was much demand among the lumbermen of the Ottawa river for such men. Mr. Stewart gave the convention to understand that when he wanted men trained in forestry to assist him in his work he had to go out of the country for them. He did not think that forestry graduates familiar with conditions in this country would have any difficulty in procuring employment. He had been much impressed with the practical manner in which Chancellor Jones had discussed the subject. He strongly approved of the suggestion that short courses for lumbermen should be provided at the University.

Mr. McMillan said that there were now 60 students at the Yale Forestry school. The lumbermen of the United States had endowed it to the extent of \$150,000 to provide a chair in lumbering. The graduates when taken by the lumbermen were put at the hardest work around the camp such as swamping trails etc. and they soon got a practical training in that way. Premier "Tweedie" was pleased to note the presence of Adjutant Jennings of the Salvation Army and he invited him to address the meeting.

S. A. IMMIGRATION.

Adjutant Jennings of the Salvation Army, in response to the call made a brief address. He said that the men being brought from England by the army did not have much knowledge of lumbering but they were superior to the ordinary immigrant. In two years the army had brought 20,000 men to Canada and they had been of great value to the agriculturalists of the west. The army had arranged to land ten thousand people at Halifax and St. John this year, and these would be available for agriculturalists and lumbermen. The army did not deal with the criminal classes, but handled a superior lot of men, and very few of them were deported by the authorities. The men as a rule did not remain in the maritime provinces, but were influenced to go west. The army did not handle boy or girl immigrants, but they did handle domestic servants, and so far they had been wholly unable to meet the demand.

In reply to Mr. Beveridge, Adjutant Jennings said that it was not on the wages questions that immigrants gave the maritime provinces the go by. The west was more extensively advertised and some of the immigrants had the idea that if they remained in the east they would be too handy home. He thought the wages and opportunities for immigrants were just as good in

the maritime provinces as in the west. He had authority from Brigadier Howell to supply any number of men that might be needed by employers of labor in the maritime provinces.

THE EVENING SESSION.

Addresses by Hon. H. R. Emmerson, Hon. C. N. Skinner and Dr. Bailey.

At the opening session there was a very large gathering including a number of ladies. Dr. Bailey read an admirable paper on the pulp industry of Canada, from the pen of Prof. Penhollow of McGill University illustrated by lantern slides with the assistance of G. N. Babbitt and W. A. Staples.

Hon. C. N. Skinner, K. C. followed Dr. Bailey with a characteristic address on Forestry with its relation to agriculture. He went on to show that nature did not furnish anything, but produced things for man to operate upon. Nature does not build railways, but supplies the material for man. Lumbermen in the past have followed in the footsteps of their forefathers and have done things as badly as they could. It is to remedy this state of affairs that this convention has been called. It for the legislature and people to step in and tell the lumbermen that they must change their members. A world without trees would have been uninhabitable, it would have been but a barren waste. By destroying the trees man is doing away with the greatest heritage that was ever given to him. In regard to the farmer he has not done his work very well, he destroyed too many trees, when he settled the country. What he could not cut down he burnt up. Now the lumberman has to secure the intervention of the law in order that he may be safe in his work. Destroys the trees at the head of a stream and you reduce the flow of water in that stream. The trees hold the moisture and keep the streams up during the dryer times of the year and enable the farms to be cultivated. It has been shown that the cause of many of the famines in India is due to the fact that many of the mountain sides have been denuded of trees. Those who advocate the preservation of the forests are defending on the country just as much as if they took up arms on the battlefield. The farmers should be compelled to keep all the waste lands on their farms covered with trees. We are all interested in the forests and farms and should see to it that the farmers and lumbermen are not only stopped from injuring themselves, but stopped from injuring the country. He regarded the forestry convention as a most important one, and thought it would be looked back upon as a glorious occasion. Mr. Skinner closed with a brilliant peroration and was very heartily applauded.

HON. H. R. EMMERSON minister of railways and canals, who was accorded a most flattering reception was the next speaker. It gave him a great deal of pleasure, he said, to be back in the legislative chamber once more. He had heard appeals made there before or behalf of the farmer—it used to be a good way of padding out a speech. It was stated in the program that he was to speak on opportunity and outlook. When he sat in his seat and saw the opportunity receding, he thought that the outlook for the audience was improving. He brought forth him a message from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who had the honor of calling the first Dominion Forestry Convention in Canada. It was Sir Wilfrid, who gave the initiative and now the provinces, including New Brunswick, were falling into line. When he (Emmerson) spoke to Sir Wilfrid of this convention and his desire to attend, he readily consented. He also asked him to convey to the convention his best wishes for the success of the convention and the industry which means so much to New Brunswick. Sir Wilfrid also wished him to state that he regretted very much that he was unable to accept an invitation to be present.

Another matter which interested him (the speaker) and made him desirous of being present was that his department was studying a new method of preventing forest fires, being set by sparks from locomotives. His deputy, who was a very able man, is giving this matter his personal attention. Hon. Mr. Emmerson, went to speak of the connection of forestry with transportation. There had been mistakes made in the past he said, and he would not have to go outside of the County of York to point to them. It was because people were

(Continued on fourth page.)

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AGENTS.

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Notice is hereby given that a Bill will be presented to the General Assembly of New Brunswick, at the next session, to authorize the Valuers of the County of York to reduce the valuation of the Parish of St. Mary's by the amount of the income of Intercolonial Railway employees, not liable to taxation, which was included in the valuation taken in the year 1905.
Dated January 22nd, 1907.
By order of the County Council.
FRED ST. JOHN BLISS,
Secretary-Treasurer of York

Feb. 5-d181.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Notice is hereby given that a Bill will be presented to the General Assembly of New Brunswick, at the next session, to amend "The Municipalities Act," (Consolidated Statutes 1908, Chapter 165, Section 13.), in so far as relates to the County of York, so that the election of County Councilors may be held in the month of September.
Dated Jan. 22nd, 1907.
By Order of the County Council,
FRED ST. JOHN BLISS,
Secretary-Treasurer of York.

Feb. 5-d181.

TO RENT.

In the Howard and Grange building, Queen street, the flat of offices lately occupied by F. St. John Bliss Esq., also the large hall in the same building.

JAMES FARRELL
Executor.
June 25.-dtf.

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