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Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, Griffin Brand Seeded Raisins, Loose Muscatels, Malaga Table Raisins in quarter and whole Boxes, New clean-Currants.

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Standard remedy for Gleet,
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Now in stock.

Hard and Soft Coal

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MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for urinary
discharges, inflammations,
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Painless, and not astrin-
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Sold by Druggists,
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Convalescents need a large amount of nourish-
ment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourish-
ment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without
putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



Grateful Snakes.

That hoop snakes roll up hill I can vouch for on the authority of a man by the name of Bell, whom I knew in Ohio and whose statements were accepted as gospel truth, says Ananias junior in the Chicago Inter Ocean. Out on his farm he had four hoop snakes that were as tame as kittens and seemed to understand everything he said to them. On one occasion Bell started at cider making, and after the press was started and the cider began to fill the first barrel it was found that the juice began to run out of the barrel joints because the hoops had not been tightened. The tools necessary to drive in the hoops were some distance away at the house, and it began to look as if the entire barrel of cider would be lost. But the pet hoop snakes took in the situation and two of them voluntarily surrounded the barrel and held it tight until the hired man came with the necessary tools.

Bell told me that it was a custom of the snakes in cider making time to imbibe cider until they became frisky and then start to run races. They had a favorite course down a hill for some 200 yards and in returning always came back in hoop shape.

Scorched Linens.

It is said that when linens are badly scorched the spot can be removed if treated in the following manner: Extract the juice from two peeled onions and put it into an agate or granite vessel. Add to it half an ounce of white castile soap cut into small pieces and two ounces of fuller's earth. Mix them together and then stir in a cup of vinegar. Stand the vessel over the fire and let its contents thoroughly boil. When the mixture has become cool spread it over the scorched linen and let it dry upon the cloth. When well dried wash out the linen.

The Dandelion.

A good time to exterminate the dandelion is in the autumn. It cannot be done by digging up the plant, for it is impossible to extract all of the root, and later on twice as many plants will spring up. The best way is to pour gasoline all around and into the center of the plant, and in a few days it will shrivel up and die.

Light and the Eyes.

The effect of artificial light on the pigment of the iris is to make it paler; also prolonged eye work will do this. Eyes never become quite blanched, like the hair, but they do fade, and very appreciably.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY A FAVORITE.

"We prefer Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to any other for our children," says Mr. L. J. Woodbury of Twining, Mich. "It has also done the work for us in hard colds and croup and we take pleasure in recommending it." For sale by all dealers.

NEGLECTED COLDS THREATEN

IT IMPARTS STRENGTH.

Just think of the enormous strengthening power Ferrozene possesses—consider what it did for H. V. Potter, well known in Kingston. "I was subject to spells of dizziness. For eight months I had intense pain in my right side between the shoulders. I was almost incurable with weakness and lack of vigor. Often I scarcely ate any breakfast and felt miserable all day. Nervous, easily excited, troubled with heart weakness I was in bad shape. Ferrozene restored and nourished me back to health in short order." Whatever your weakness may be Ferrozene will cure. Price 50c. per box at all dealers.

Old Mines, SYDNEY COAL

Always in Stock. The Extra Quality of this Coal is so well known, that nothing further need be said.

ALSO

American Anthracite Coal

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LOUR, FEED, COAL, - - Campbell st.

Hewson Tweeds

Make a fine business suit, and are sure to give every satisfaction. I have a fine line of these Tweeds in stock, and am always pleased to show goods. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Get one of Page's Odorless Moth Proof Bays and protect your Furs. 2 sizes always on hand. Call and see them.

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FURS
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Consisting of Ladies Fur and Fur Lined Coats, Ladies Neckwear, Gloves etc. Also Gent's Fur Coats in Coon, Brown Buffalo, Black etc.

My Stock was bought for spot cash and must be cleared out before January 12th.

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SLEIGH ROBES.
Give us a call.

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IMPERIAL HALL Is showing the leading patterns
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are prepared to make up Overcoats, Suits and Pants
in the LATEST STYLES.

WE GUARANTEE A FIT.

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F'ton, N. B.

MR. CURRIE'S EXCELLENT SPEECH.

Full Report of His Observations in Moving the Address Thursday Afternoon in the Legislature—Government's Policy and Administration Warmly Approved.

In moving the address in reply to the Governor's speech in the Legislature Thursday afternoon, Mr. Currie of Restigouche said, "Mr. Speaker, it affords me much pleasure to move the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne and in doing so, I trust that the House will take into consideration the fact that I am not a born orator like some of my predecessors who have sat for the county of Restigouche, but that in the course of my career as a business man I have made as few speeches as I could manage to get along with. I trust, however, that the matter which I am about to place before the House will be satisfactory to them even if the manner is somewhat imperfect. The first thing that must strike every honorable member in reading the speech from the Throne is its hopeful tone. It is emphatically the speech of a government that is well satisfied with the results that have been achieved by its administration of public affairs and there is not a word in it which gives the slightest excuse for despondency or lack of hope for the future of the country. We see it stated in the papers almost every week that the Dominion of Canada is on a tide of great prosperity, that it is Canada's growing time. We know this statement is true and every one must view this with the greatest satisfaction. It is pleasing to know and to learn from the speech from the throne that it is also New Brunswick's growing time, that all our industries are in a prosperous condition and that we have met with no checks of any kind during the past year except such as may be unavoidable and due to causes over which we have had no control. It is quite true that in some districts of this province during the past year, the crops were not as great as might have been hoped for, but as a compensation for that deficiency, in other districts the crops were much better than usual so that on the whole our farmers have no cause to be otherwise than content with their condition. Indeed there is no class in the community which is more generally prosperous than the farmer and that prosperity has been greatly increased in recent years not only by the rise in the prices of all that he produces but also by the wider market that he can command. The reference to the prosperity of the lumber interests will commend itself to all those who are engaged in it and is reflected in the large increase of revenue which the province has obtained from that during the past year.

At no former period in the history of the province has the revenue from stumpage and crown land leases been so large as in the year 1906. In this connection I might refer to the increased interest that is being taken in the preservation of our public domain and to the forestry convention which is to be held here in a few days. Our public men are now beginning to realize the fact that the crown lands of the province are its greatest asset and that on the preservation and conservation of these lands our future prosperity must largely depend. It is quite safe to predict that in the course of perhaps less than ten years our forest lands will be worth double as much as they are at present because there is a steady rise in the price of lumber, which must continue as the sources of lumber supply, in other countries are exhausted. There is no doubt that our lumber lands if properly preserved will last for many centuries and still continue to be a source of wealth to the province.

The reference in the speech from the throne to that prosperity of our dairy industry during the past year may be coupled with the other reference which is made to the unsettled question between the dominion and the government of this province with reference to our claim to a share in the Halifax Fishery Award and also receiving the future management of the fisheries. The government deserve great credit for the manner in which they have pressed this important question upon the attention of the Dominion government and it is to be hoped that a solution of the matter will soon be reached. There can be no doubt that New Brunswick has an equitable if not a legal claim to a share of the Halifax fishery award as the fisheries for which this award was given were the shore fisheries which are now and were then the property of the province. If New Brunswick receives what she is entitled to on this account the treasury will be enriched to the extent of about \$2,000,000 a sum which would go far to liquidate our debt and to place us on an excellent financial footing.

In the speech a reference is made to the growth of the west in which every New Brunswicker takes an interest. But while the west is growing we desire to see the East grow also, and especially our own province. Many people believe that New Brunswick is just as good a country to settle in as any other part of Canada, for while it does not possess the wide lands of the west, it has other resources of a valuable character in its forests, its fisheries and its minerals and is a most desirable place for settlement in the fact that a man in New Brunswick without a capital can obtain a farm and hew out of the forest a home for himself, a thing which is quite impossible in the west.

I am sure it must be a subject of congratulation to every member of this house that the government has succeeded in connection with the government of the other provinces of Canada in obtaining an addition of \$130,000 a year to the revenue coming from the Dominion by way of subsidy the energy with which this claim was long been admitted and yet but for the energy with which this claim has been pressed by our government on the government of the Dominion the results of our hopes might have been long delayed. This addition to the revenue of the province will be a most welcome one and it will enable the government to greatly increase its expenditures for many services which have suffered in consequence of the limited revenue which was available. Everyone will be glad to know that among the persons who are to be benefited by this increase of revenue are the teachers whose salaries have always been less than they deserve. One result of this has been to drain our province of many good teachers who have gone to the west to improve their fortunes. Another result has been to keep many men and women out of the teaching profession who otherwise would be inclined to adopt it. As the question of good teachers lies at the very foundation of our educational system and the development of our intellectual growth along those lines, it must be a matter for congratulation that the government has seen it to give the claims of the teachers its very first consideration.

The development of our agricultural interests which is referred to in the speech is a matter in which every inhabitant of the Province, who has his welfare at heart, is interested. Our farmers are by far the most numerous class in New Brunswick and anything that tends to increase their prosperity must also increase the prosperity of the Province at large. It is one of the strongest reasons why this government should be well supported that they have devoted so much attention to the subject of agricultural education. It is due to them that an agricultural department has been formed with a member of the government at its head, and that steps have been taken to promote our farming interests by the raising of wheat and the building of roller mills at which this wheat may be ground, the promotion of dairying and other steps have been taken to increase the facilities for obtaining a knowledge of this most important branch of industry.

The Farmers and Dairymen's Convention, which has been meeting in Fredericton this week and the Fruit Growers' Convention, which is now meeting in the city, are the best proofs of the valuable impulse which our agricultural interests have received from the action of the government. The improvement in our dairy interests is especially to be commended because not only have we been able to produce large quantities of factory butter and cheese of the best quality to export to the great markets of the West, but the improvement in butter and cheese making due to these factories has reflected itself on every dairy farmer throughout the Province for these dairy farms are now equipped with modern appliances which they did not possess before, and the increase in the value of home made butter has certainly not been less than 25 per cent as compared with the prices of a few years ago. Among the subjects which have been brought up at the meeting of the farmers have been the desirability of an increase in sheep farming. There are many places in the Province which are admirably suited to sheep farming and it is to be hoped that this feature of agriculture will receive an impetus from what has been said at this meeting. There is no good reason why the number of sheep on farms should have been allowed to decrease so materially as has been the case in New Brunswick. It is quite true that the prices of wool has declined in recent years in consequence of the competition of Australia, but the demand for good mutton and lamb has not declined and the prices are sufficiently high to render this branch of farming remunerative.

The reference to the Restigouche and Western Railway and the intention of the government to further assist it is a matter in which I am particularly interested as a North Shore man. The Restigouche country has long been recognized as one of the best farming districts in the Province. In fact the further north we go in New Brunswick the more fertile the land appears to be. This road which will pass right across the Province from Campbellton to the St. John River in the vicinity of St. Leonard will form a thoroughfare of the utmost value not only to the North Shore, but to the whole Province. It will open up a large tract of country which is now closed to all improvement, it will afford the lumbermen facilities for undertaking his operations and it will open up large areas of land to the settler. While a large portion of the territory through which it passes will be devoted to lumbering, for many years to come, there are along the line of the railway a great deal of interval land which would be immediately available for settlement and which would supply what is much needed in this Province, an outlet for the surplus population who are inclined to farm. In addition to the building of this railway is

no more than an act of justice to the North Shore which has been without proper means of communication with the rest of the Province for so long a time. The Intercolonial Railway merely runs along the coast, passing through territory which has long been settled, but we have no outlet to the western markets. When that road is built we will touch the St. John river and have connection with the Canadian Pacific which implies that we will have the shortest possible route to the United States markets. In addition to that, this railway will connect with the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway which now traverses to the Gaspé Peninsula. The latter line will soon be completed to the port of Gaspé and no doubt a bridge will connect the two lines at Campbellton so that the latter town will be right on the line of communication between Gaspé and the United States and in a most favorable position for doing business. The rapid growth of Campbellton has already attracted attention and its growth will be still more rapid when it becomes a railway centre and the junction of three lines of railway as it is most likely to be in the near future. It is of the utmost importance that this railway should be completed at the earliest possible date.

It is pleasing to know that satisfactory progress is being made in the undertaking for the development of the Water Power, and the establishment of large industries at Grand Falls. It is also satisfactory to be informed that the government have reason to believe that large iron deposits exist in the counties of Charlotte and Gloucester. Anything which tends to promote the development of our resources should always commend itself to the favor of the legislators. In other countries where there are large amounts of private capital, such developments may be safely left to the enterprise of private individuals, but in new countries where capital is not abundant, it is the duty of the government to assist in promoting every industry that is likely to be useful. I am pleased to know that our present government has recognized this duty, for it is by such means and by such efforts that the prosperity of the province will be best promoted.

The announcement of the intention of the government with respect to winter roads will be received with general satisfaction throughout the province, but more especially in the northern counties where the snow is greater than in other districts, and the difficulties of keeping the road open are great. The necessity of having good roads in the winter is quite as great as it is in summer, because at that season of the year a great deal of our transportation is done, and goods going to the market are delayed or prevented from reaching it if the roads are not in good condition. This announcement is only in line with the general policy of the government which is one of improvement for the promotion of the interests of all classes.

You will, I am sure, all cordially re-echo the expressions of regret expressed in the speech from the throne at the sudden bereavement of His Excellency the Governor General and Lady Grey in the death of their daughter. On such an occasion the people of all Canada, not only feel but desire to express their sympathy with those who have been so severely afflicted.

All of you have already seen the statement published in the Royal Gazette in December showing that the revenue of the provinces was larger than it had been in any former year, and that there was a considerable surplus over the expenditure for all services. It is very necessary that the government should be in a position to meet all proper obligations, and its ability to do this will be largely increased by the increase of the revenue which is anticipated during the current year.

LIFE.

(From the Chicago Tribune.)

"Don't trifle with a cold," is advice for prudent men and women. It may be vital in the case of a child. Proper food, good ventilation, and dry, warm clothing are the proper safeguards against colds. If they are maintained through the changeable weather of autumn, winter and spring, the chances of a surprise from ordinary colds will be slight. But the ordinary light cold will become severe if neglected, and a well established ripe cold is to the germs of diphtheria what honey is to the bee. The greatest menace to child life at this season of the year is the neglected cold. Whether it is a child or adult, the cold slight or severe, the very best treatment that can be adopted is to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is safe and sure. The great popularity and immense sale of this preparation has been attained by its remarkable cures of this ailment. A cold never results in pneumonia when it is given. For sale by all dealers.

The man who has an exalted opinion of himself is nearly always a poor judge of human nature.