
The Herald Job Printing Department is thoroughly equipped and employs only first class workmen.

The Daily Herald.

THE WEATHER.

South to west winds, showery. Thursday, strong west and north-west winds, cooler with local showers.

VOL XII

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1907.

NO. 89

E. A. O'BRIEN & CO

New Dress Goods

Opened To-Day

NAVY AND BLACK PANAMAS.
" " ENGLISH SERGES
" " CHEVIOTS
BROWN CHIFFON BROAD CLOTHS
" SATIN CLOTHS
" SATIN VENETIANS, &c., &c.

25 Patterns

Dress Muslins

WORTH 25c PER YARD.

Our Price This Week
15 Cents Per Yard

E. A. O'Brien & Co

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Our new stock of Wall Paper is now all in. Newest Patterns Border same price per roll. See ours before you buy, we can save you money.

BOSTON 5 and 10

Opposite Soldiers' Barracks.

R. G. LEE & Co.

Burpee's Seeds

That Grow.

For the past nine years I have sold BURPEE'S SEEDS. In that time my Trade has largely increased. They always prove Satisfactory. First Consignment now in Stock.

GEO. Y. DIBBLEE,

PEOPLE'S DRUGGIST

opp. City Hall.

SOLE AGENT FOR BURPEE'S SEEDS.

*Chestnut
says*

"Your Physician knows best what you need—see him. Don't try to doctor yourself, its dangerous. You can't afford to experiment on your own health. Bring the doctor's prescription to us. We use only the best, absolutely purest materials obtainable. Our prices are always low and always fair."

"THE QUALITY STORE," 572 Queen Street

RINGS..

You can always depend on seeing a large assortment of the above goods here. Friendship and Engagement Rings \$1.50 to \$200.00. Wedding Rings 10 kt., 14 kt., 18 kt., \$2.00 to \$10.00.

F. E. BLACKMER

Opp. Normal School

Fredericton, N.B.

THE PEACE UNION.

Members of Canadian Parliament Meet and Form a Branch for this Country.

SENATOR DANDURAND WORKED THE MEETING UP AND OCCUPIED THE CHAIR.

Ottawa, April 17.—(Special)—There was a largely attended meeting of senators and members of the House of Commons today in the railway committee room of the senate. It was called by Senator Dandurand, who, after explaining the object of the meeting, which was to form a branch of the inter-parliamentary conference union, was elected to the chair.

Sufficient signatures were obtained and a telegram will be prepared and sent to Earl Grey in New York tonight, telling him that a branch of the parliamentary union has been organized here.

It is expected that one of the benefits of this is to secure a meeting of the inter-parliamentary peace conference in Canada. The inter-parliamentary union is regarded as a practical step in the direction of international peace.

Senator Dandurand said that the proceedings were carried on in French, and there were some sitting near him who were talking a language that he did not understand. At the close of the meeting they approached him and congratulated him on being a Canadian, as they had seen him cheering Sherring with the great Marathon race. They were members of the Greek government.

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ST. JOHN WEDDING.

G. S. Robertson and Miss Sturdee Married at Trinity Church by Bishop Richardson.

St. John, April 17.—(Special)—The marriage of Chas. S. Robertson, of W. F. Hatheway Co., Ltd., to Miss Gertrude A. K. Sturdee, daughter of Mrs. H. Lawrence Sturdee, was solemnized this morning by Coadjutor Bishop Richardson, at 6.30 in Trinity church.

The bride was given away by her brother, H. Russell Sturdee. Miss Constance Sturdee, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid, and E. C. Church, groomsmen.

Among the presents were a chest of cutlery, from W. F. Hatheway Co., Ltd., and a set of cut glass, from the staff, remembrances from the choir, of which the bride was a member, and also from the Y. M. C. of Trinity Church.

The happy couple left for Boston and other American cities, and on their return will reside at 85 Mecklenburg street.

Bunting is displayed in honor of the groom along Ward street and South ward.

TOUGH EXPERIENCE.

English Immigrant May Lose Arms, Result of Crazy Farmer's Blow.

London, Ont., April 17.—(Special)—Albert Hughes, 29 years old, has been brought here from the Strathcona house of refuge for treatment at Victoria hospital, where it may be found necessary to amputate his arms.

Twelve years ago, while employed by a London township farmer, Hughes who had been brought out from England when a boy, was taxed with sane asylum.

laziness and in explanation complained of a pain in one arm, whereupon a man struck him with a manure fork, fracturing his arm.

A doctor set the bones, but Hughes always suffered pain in the fractured member, and recently he was attacked by epilepsy, which affected both arms, rendering him helpless. The farmer, who committed the assault on Hughes is now in an inland when a boy, was taxed with sane asylum.

ELECTORAL PURITY.

Fielding Reminds Borden of the Record of the Tory Party.

MOTION OF CENSURE VOTED DOWN.

Ottawa, April 17.—On motion to go into supply yesterday Mr. Borden referred to the absence of Mr. Hyman and Mr. Fielding stated he had received a telegram from Mr. Hyman, stating he had forwarded his resignation to the speaker.

Mr. Borden said amendment to the election law had been promised in the speech from the throne. At this late stage of the session such legislation could not be hoped for. Mr. Borden referred to alleged frauds in the Brockville, West Huron London and St. Antoine elections. These indicated operations of organized election

corruption supplied from somewhere with funds. The government took no action when ballot box frauds were established. Mr. Dexter, who had taken a prominent part in the Queens-Shelburne election, had been continued harbormaster at Liverpool.

Mr. Fielding—That shows how unfair Mr. Borden is when he desires to make a point. After what took place I told Mr. Dexter that he could not continue to hold the harbor mastership and he has sent in his resignation.

In the London election of 1904, Mr. Borden said there was organized corruption.

This must be done away with if members of the Chamberlain were to be taken as representing more than the money and the bribed electors. He thought it time the law was amended to provide effective punishment for men who committed electoral frauds. He asked where election funds came from and said the state of New York furnished a good example by making it illegal for a corporation to contribute to the funds of either political party. He was prepared to go further and make it illegal for any one to contribute to a campaign fund, unless an account of it were given before the elected member took his seat.

He offered an amendment to the motion to go into supply regretting political corruption disclosed in recent years and condemning corruption in the London election of 1904, and declaring that the election laws should be amended to prevent and punish electoral frauds, for the better conduct of elections, to prevent the accumulation of huge campaign funds, and prohibit contributions to them by corporations, contractors and promoters, to expedite the hearing of electoral petitions, and prevent savants and regretting that in spite of the speech from the throne no amendment to the election law is to be made this year.

FIELDING'S REPLY.

Hon. Mr. Fielding, in reply, said there was no member who did not wish improvement to the election laws, but unfortunately the leader of the opposition had drawn his resolution and moved it in a spirit which made it impossible for the Liberals to vote for it. Mr. Borden had made a "holier than thou" speech. He did not wish to extend the wrong of the past, but he protested against the bare thought that the virtues were with the Conservatives and all the vices with the Liberals. History was filled with a record of electoral offences committed by Conservatives. Sir John A. Macdonald had been almost disqualified at Kingston; Sir Hector Langevin had been unseated; Sir Charles Tupper, Geo. E. Foster, Sir John C. Abbott had all been unseated for electoral corruption. It was refreshing to hear Mr. Borden and his Conservative friends in the light of their record, presuming to lecture the Liberals on electoral corruption. Mr. Fielding said his opponents had sweet Queens and Shelburne with a combe and had only been able to disclose two or three petty cases of corruption. They said \$600 had passed through the hands of his agent, Mr. Farrell, but Mr. Fielding ventured to say that not one of the Conservative members in the House but had spent five or ten times that amount. There was not a more honorable man than Mr. Farrell in Canada.

In the face of all the facts it was absurd for the Conservatives to maintain that they were holier than the miserable wretches sitting on the Liberal side and to attempt to dictate to them regarding political morality. Mr. Fielding said he appreciated the evils which had been disclosed and had the leader of the opposition approached the question with a desire to bring about the reform and yield not to the temptation to throw stones at his opponents he would have supported him. Mr. Lemieux supported the amendment. Mr. Alex. Johnston opposed it.

The amendment was defeated on division by 87 to 44 and the House adjourned at one a. m.

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY.

Proceedings of Today's Session at St. John—Reports Received and Papers Read.

St. John April 17.—(Special)—The fourth annual meeting of the Fredericton diocesan women's auxiliary was resumed at the Stone church this morning.

Rector Rev. G. A. Kuhring spoke on Mission work and thank offerings for the pan-Anglican congress were presented.

At the business meeting following reports were read by the literature secretary, the leaflet editor and the mite boxes and babies branch.

Papers were read on the "Selkirk" by Miss Brock, the "Diocesan New Westminster" by Mrs. Montgomery, and "Columbia Coast Mission" by Mrs. Atkin.

THE GREAT LAKES.

Ottawa, April 17.—(Special)—Hon. W. S. Fielding told Mr. Borden in the House of Commons today that the United States had not received any permission to take the protected cruiser Detroit from Boston via the St. Lawrence waterways to the Great Lakes, nor had the United States asked any permission.

LION OF LONDON.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Centre of Attraction at the Guildhall—Patriotic Speech Aroused Great Enthusiasm.

BIG CITY ABANDONED BUSINESS AND DECKED ITS STREETS IN HONOR OF COLONIAL PREMIERS.

Montreal, April 17.—A special London cable says: Killing the colonial premiers by kindness began in earnest yesterday when citizens of ancient London from the Griffin to Mansion House beflagged their streets, abandoned business, and crowded every thoroughfare in vociferous honor of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his conferees.

Royalty itself could not have received a more whole hearted welcome. The scene in the historic Guild Hall, associated with memories of Pitt, Wellington, Nelson, Disraeli, Gladstone, Salisbury and many another empire heroes, was magnificent almost beyond compare. When Sir Wilfrid arose amid tremendous plaudits and waving of scarves to respond to the toast "Our Guests," Lady Laurier stood near him, having been escorted in the procession by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, premier of Great Britain. The cold which caused Sir Wilfrid to retain his overcoat and wrap up his throat, somewhat hampered his voice but he made excellent points with marked effect.

Greatly to the delight of the British premiers and other ministers, he ridiculed the bare thought that the conference could be a failure. The fact that Botha and Jameson sat together in friendly conspiracy to provide for the welfare of the empire was assurance enough of success.

Sir Wilfrid showed his desire not only to not embarrass the government but to help them where he can by praising their immediate gift to the Transvaal of full self government which Frenen Canada waited a century to secure. The eyes of the whole world were upon London at this moment. It went to his heart when Dr. Jameson assured the conference yesterday that he hoped the next conference would see all South Africa ranged with the dominion and the Common wealth and represented by one federal minister. "This," he added in a peroration, "is truly an imperial policy. So long as the empire is maintained upon these lines it rests upon foundations firmer than

the rock and inviolable through the ages." (Loud cheers.)

ROYAL RECEPTION TO LAURIER.

The presentation of the freedom of the city of London to the colonial premiers took place yesterday at Guild Hall. The reception of the premiers could not have been more hearty. Gen. Botha, the first arrival, received an ovation. But when Sir Wilfrid Laurier's historic figure appeared, the applause was more prolonged. It was truly a royal reception. The presentation occupied but a short time. Hon. Mr. Deakin replying for the premiers, concluded his remarks by saying: "There is no loyalty like the loyalty of freemen; no bond like the bond of freemen."

At the luncheon Sir Wilfrid Laurier sat at the right of the lord mayor. Replying to the toast "Our Guests" he claimed that the countries, which were represented, were worthy of their attention. They were young daughters of the nation and in all parts of the earth they maintained British institutions. Sir Wilfrid said as soon as he landed in England he had learned the great importance of this year's gathering, and there were fears lest it should prove a failure. There would be no such word as failure. In conclusion, he predicted that at the next conference there would be represented a huge confederation of South African states.

Among those present at the luncheon were Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Sifton, Hamar Greenwood and Lord Strathcona, the Archbishop of Canterbury Premier Campbell-Bannerman and other cabinet ministers. Field—Marshal Lord Roberts, who cracked jokes with Gen. Botha about their experiences on the veldt; many peers and members of the House of Commons and military and naval men in uniforms sparkling with decorations, while the women present were dressed in most elaborate costumes.

PEACE CONFERENCE.

Distinguished Array of Speakers at Today's Sessions—Two Dinners Tonight.

New York, April 17.—(Special)—The most important meeting of the delegates to the Peace Conference, was held in Carnegie hall, here this morning.

William J. Bryan was one of the speakers.

Wm. Morrow, Senator James R. McCreary and Diego Mendosa spoke at the conference of peace workers at Broadway Tabernacle at 9.30

o'clock. This evening the delegates will wind up the session with two dinners, one at the Hotel Astor, and the other at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mr. Carnegie will preside at the Astor and Seth Low at the Waldorf. The list of speakers includes Hon. James Bryce, British Ambassador, Earl Grey of Canada, Dr. Edward Harvard, Archbishop Ireland, Dr. Lyman Abbott, and Samuel Gom-pers.

WRATHFUL TORIES.

Another Motion of Censure on Insurance Report Voted Down in the House of Commons.

Ottawa, April 17.—(Special)—Houghton Lennox, in the House of Commons today, moved a resolution on motion to go into supply, condemning the insurance commission for improper and reprehensible partisan conduct and having exceeded its scope in the inquiry.

Mr. Fielding said that there was nothing new to reply to and no object in carrying on further discussion. Col. Hughes and G. E. Foster spoke on the same lines as the latter already did in the former debate, and the Lennox amendment was lost on a vote of 51 for to 92 against, a majority of 41 for the government.