

THE LORD'S DAY ACT.

Full Text of the Measure for Sabbath Observance to Come in Force Throughout Canada on Friday, March 1st.

On Friday next, March 1st, the new act respecting the Lord's Day, goes into force throughout Canada. It affects so many classes of people that it is given here in full:

AN ACT RESPECTING THE LORD'S DAY.

His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. In this act, unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) "The Lord's Day" means the period of time which begins at twelve o'clock on Saturday afternoon and ends at twelve o'clock on the following afternoon;

(b) "Person" has the meaning which it has in the Criminal Code, 1892;

(c) "Vessel" includes any kind of vessel or boat used for conveying passengers or freight by water;

(d) "Railway" includes steam railway, electric railway, street railway and tramway;

(e) "Performance" includes any game, match, sport, contest, exhibition or entertainment;

(f) "Employee" includes every person to whose orders or directions any other person is by his employment bound to conform.

(g) "Provincial Act" means the charter of any municipality or other public act of any province, whether passed before or since Confederation.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person on the Lord's Day, except as provided herein or in any provincial act or law now or hereafter in force to sell or offer for sale or purchase any goods, chattels, or other personal property, or any real estate, or to carry on or transact any business of his ordinary calling, or in connection with such calling, or for gain to do, or employ any other person to do, on that day any work, business or labor.

CERTAIN WORKS PERMITTED.

3. Notwithstanding anything herein contained, any person may on the Lord's Day do any work of necessity or mercy, and for greater certainty, but not so as to restrict the ordinary meaning of the expression "work of necessity or mercy," it is hereby declared that it shall be deemed to include the following classes of work:

(a) Any necessary or customary work in connection with divine worship;

(b) Work for the relief of sickness and suffering, including the sale of drugs, medicines and surgical appliances;

(c) Receiving, transmitting or delivering telegraph or telephone messages;

(d) Starting or maintaining fires, making repairs to furnaces and repairs in cases of emergency and doing any other work when such fires, repairs or work are essential to any industry or industrial process of such a continuous nature that it cannot be stopped without serious injury to such industry or its product, or to the plant or property used in such process;

(e) Starting or maintaining fires, and ventilating, pumping out, and inspecting mines, when such work is essential to the protection of property, life or health;

(f) Any work without the doing of which on the Lord's Day, electric current, light, heat, cold air, water or gas cannot be continually supplied for lawful purposes;

(g) The conveying of travellers and work incidental thereto;

(h) The continuance of their destination of trains and vessels in transit when the Lord's Day begins, and work incidental thereto;

(i) Loading and unloading merchandise at intermediate points, on or from passenger boats or passenger trains;

(j) Keeping railway trains clear of snow or ice, making repairs in cases of emergency, or doing any other work of a like incidental character necessary to keep the lines and tracks open on the Lord's Day;

(k) Work before six o'clock in the forenoon and after eight o'clock in the afternoon of yard crews in handling cars in railway yards;

(l) Loading, unloading and operating any ocean-going vessels which otherwise would be unduly delayed after her scheduled date of sailing, or any vessel which otherwise would be in imminent danger of being stopped by the closing of navigation, or loading or unloading before seven o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the afternoon any grain, coal or ore carrying vessel after the 15th of September;

(m) The caring for milk, cheese and live animals, and the unloading of and caring for perishable products and live animals, arriving at any point during the Lord's Day;

(n) The operating of any toll or drawbridge, or any ferry or boat, authorized by competent authority to carry passengers on the Lord's Day;

(o) The hiring of horses and carriages or small boats for the personal use of the hirer or his family for any purpose not prohibited by this act;

(p) Any unavoidable work after six o'clock in the afternoon of the Lord's Day, in the preparation of the regular Monday morning edition of a daily newspaper;

(q) The conveying of His Majesty's mails and work incidental thereto;

(r) The delivery of milk for domestic use, and the work of domestic servants and of watchmen;

(s) The operation of any Canadian

electric street railway company, whose al, of its cars, for passenger traffic on the Lord's Day, on any line or line is interprovincial or international, now regularly so operating.

(t) Work done by any person in the public service of His Majesty, while acting therein under any regulation or direction of any department of the government;

(u) Any unavoidable work by fishermen after six o'clock in the afternoon of the Lord's Day in the taking of fish;

(v) All operations connected with the making of maple sugar and maple syrup in the maple grove;

(w) Any unavoidable work on the Lord's Day to save property in cases of emergency, or where such property is in imminent danger of destruction or serious injury;

(x) Any work in which the board of railway commissioners for Canada having regard to the object of this act and with the object of preventing undue delay deem necessary to permit in connection with the freight traffic of any railway. The costs of all persons of applications to the board under this paragraph shall be borne by the applicant, and if more than one, in such proportions as the board determines. Notice of application shall be fully set out, shall be given to the department of railways and canals. In all other respects the procedure under the railway act, 1903, shall, so far as applicable, apply.

4. Except in cases of emergency, it shall not be lawful for any person to permit any employee engaged in any work described in paragraph (c) of section three of this Act or in the work of any industrial process or in connection with transportation to do on the Lord's Day the usual work of his ordinary calling, unless such employee is allowed during the next six days of such week twenty-four consecutive hours without labor.

5. This section shall not apply to any employee engaged in the work of any industrial process in which the usual day's labor of such employee is not more than eight hours' duration.

GAMES AND PERFORMANCES.

5. It shall not be lawful for any person on the Lord's Day, except as provided in any provincial act or law now or hereafter enforced, to engage in any public contest for gain, or for any prize or reward, or to be present thereat or to provide, engage in, or be present at any performance or public meeting elsewhere than at a church, at which any fee is charged, directly or indirectly, either for admission to such performance or meeting or to any place wherein for which the same is provided, or for any service or privilege thereat.

6. When any performance at which an admission fee or any other fee is so charged is provided in any building or place to which persons are conveyed for hire by the proprietors or managers of such performance or by any other person, the charge for such conveyance shall be deemed an indirect payment of such fee within the meaning of this section.

It shall not be lawful for any person on the Lord's Day except as provided in any provincial act or law now or hereafter enforced, to conduct or convey by any mode of conveyance for hire, and having for its principal or only object the carriage on that day of such passengers for amusement or pleasure, and passengers so conveyed shall not be deemed to be travellers within the meaning of this Act.

7. It shall not be lawful for any person to advertise in any manner whatever any performance or other thing prohibited by this Act.

8. It shall not be lawful for any person to advertise in Canada in any manner whatsoever any performance or other thing which if given or done in Canada would be a violation of his Act.

9. It shall not be lawful for any person on the Lord's Day to shoot with or use any gun, rifle or other similar engine, either for gain or in such places as to disturb other persons in attendance at public worship or in the observance of that day.

10. It shall not be lawful for any person to bring into Canada for sale or distribution or to sell or distribute, within Canada on the Lord's Day, any foreign newspaper or publication classified as a newspaper.

PENALTIES.

10. Every person who violates any of the provisions of this Act shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine, not less than one dollar and not exceeding forty dollars, together with the cost of the proceedings, or to imprisonment, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Every employer who authorizes or directs anything to be done in violation of any provision of this Act, shall for each offence be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding twenty dollars, and not less than ten dollars, in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law for the same offence.

12. Every corporation which authorizes, directs, or permits its employees to carry on any part of the business of such corporation in violation of any of the provisions of this Act, shall be liable, on summary conviction before two justices of the peace, to a fine, not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, and not less than fifty dollars, and for each subsequent offence to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars and not less than one hundred dollars in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law for the same offence.

13. Nothing herein shall prevent the operation on the Lord's Day for passenger traffic by any railway company incorporated by or subject to the legislative authority of the parliament of Canada of its railways when such operation is not otherwise prohibited.

14. Nothing herein shall be construed to repeal or in any way affect any provisions of any Act or law relating in any way to the observance of the Lord's Day in force in any province of Canada when this Act comes into force; and where any persons violates any of the provisions of this Act, any such offence is also a violation of any other Act, the offender may be proceeded against either under the provisions of this Act or under the provisions of any other Act or law applicable to the offence charged.

15. No action or prosecution for a violation of this Act shall be commenced without the leave of the attorney general for the province in which the offence is alleged to have been committed nor after the expiration of sixty days from the date of the commission of the alleged offence.

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A PLEASING FROCK IN TAF. FETAS.

The small figured taffetas make very fetching toilettes in both simple and elaborate styles. One of the new gowns and one of unusual grace is shown here. The deep pointed yoke and fishy effect is most fetching while the natty short sleeves are quite in keeping with the smartness of the whole. The waist closes in the front and crosses in surplice style. The skirt is fluted a bit about the top and finished with four deep tucks at the lower edge. A gown of this kind might be made up in any of the softer silks or crepe de chine and prove a very attractive piece of dress. For the medium size 103 yards of 36-inch material are needed to develop the dress. Two Patterns—6714—sizes, 32 to 42 inches bust measure; 6715—sizes, 20 to 30 inches waist. The price of these patterns is 20c. but either will be sent upon receipt of 10c.

To the Fredericton Herald:

Please send the above mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name.....

No.....

To.....

Measurement—Waist..... Bust.....

CAUTION.—Be careful to send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent measure you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 23, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When miss' or child's pattern write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postal order or stamps.

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

EPPE'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeeper in 1-lb. and 1-1b. Tins.

A regiment of regulars was making long, dusty march across the rolling prairie land of Montana last summer. It was a hot, blistering day, and the men, longing for water and rest, were impatient to reach the next town.

A rancher rode past. Say, friend, said one of the men, how far is it to the next town? Oh, a matter of two miles or so, I reckon, replied the rancher.

Another long hour dragged by, and another rancher was encountered. How far is it to the next town, the men asked him eagerly.

Oh, a good two miles. A weary half a longer of marching and then a third rancher. Hey, how far's the next town? Not far, was the encouraging reply. Only about two miles.

Well, sighed an optimistic sergeant, thank goodness we're holding our own anyway.

There are some women who seem to be perennially youthful. The grown daughters are companions as well as children, and the color in the mother's cheeks, the brightness in her eyes, the roundness of her form, all speak of abounding health. What is her secret? She is at the middle age of life when so many women are worn, wasted and faded, and yet time has only ripened her charms. The secret of this marvellous health and beauty may be told in the brief phrase, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The general health of woman is so intimately related to the total health of the delicate womanly organs, that where these are diseased, the whole body must suffer. "Favorite Prescription" dries the debilitating, inflaming, and ulcerating inflammation, restores natural vigor and vitality. Women who have lost their health and their beauty have been made "robust and rosy-cheeked" by the use of this marvellous medicine.

A CASE IN WEST ARICHAU.

Mrs. A. P. Ferguson a well known Cape Bretoner, has cured asthma by "Cathartone." Her statement is convincing. "Although I was troubled for years it was only recently I tried Cathartone. When an attack started I got out my inhaler and invariably got quick relief. Feeling satisfied Cathartone would cure, I continued the treatment till one bottle was finished. I didn't use more because I was cured, and the asthma has never returned." Cathartone is sure death to asthma and bronchitis. Try it and be convinced. Two sizes, 15c. and \$1.00 at all dealers.

Dated at the Office of the City Clerk, Fredericton, this 21st day of February A. D., 1907.

J. W. McCREADY, City Clerk.

Feb. 21—dtf.

RIVAL FOR DE BEERS.

New Diamond Field of Extraordinary Promise.

A consignment of extraordinary fine diamonds has reached London from a new mine in the Orange River Colony, says The London Daily Express. Experts are astonished and delighted at the quality and purity of the stones.

The mine in question is called the Robert Victor Mine, and is situated at Boshoff, a few miles across the border from Kimberley.

It is only a comparatively small property, less in extent than any of the known mines comprising the De Beers group. But the stones are not only of quite superlative quality, equaling the best Brazilian diamonds, and far better than anything hitherto found in South Africa, but they are also very plentiful.

The mine average is roughly a quarter of a carat per load. The average of the Premier, in the Transvaal, near Pretoria, is about a third of a carat per load, but the Robert Victor is said to work out at nearly three-quarters of a carat per load—an extraordinary and hitherto unattained result.

AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

Course of Study to be Prescribed for Ontario Schools.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—It is understood that the Ontario government will bring down a measure this session inaugurating the experiment in the teaching of agriculture.

The scheme embodies the co-operation of the trustees of county high schools, department of education and department of agriculture. The plan provides a grant to each high school that will establish a class in agriculture, and will agree to appoint a teacher recommended by the agricultural department as a member of the teaching staff. The trustees will have to provide a plot of ground in the neighborhood of the school which will be used for practical experiments and to provide equipment for the class, whatever that may be. The material for the experiment plots will however, be furnished by the experimental department of the Ontario agricultural college.

46 DAYS WITHOUT FOOD.

Sacco Establishes a World's Record For Fasting.

London Daily Mail.—Sacco, the fasting man, has succeeded in creating a world's record. He has absolutely abstained from eating for forty-six days and four hours.

On Saturday at Olympia he emerged from the "Hunger House" and swallowed his first substantial meal. Substantial, no doubt, it was to Sacco, but to any ordinary individual it would appear to have little in it to satisfy such pangs of hunger as must have made themselves felt after such a lengthy abstinence from food. He partook of a cup of cocoa.

Fifty minutes later he had a solid meal, consisting of a slight portion of beefsteak. Sacco has lost 53 lb in weight during the period of his voluntary imprisonment.

He has smoked 140 cigarettes and consumed 350 bottles of mineral water.

"When I was in Arizona last summer I used to read every week a little country paper whose editor's metaphors were an unending joy to me," declares Ernest Lanson.

"Once, I remember, this editor wrote of a contemporary: 'Thus, the back he, issuing from his bare throat, became a boomerang in his hand, and, hoisting him by his own petard, leaves him a marked man for life.'"

"He said on an article on home life: 'The faithful watch dog or the good wife, standing at the door, welcomes the master home with honest bark.'"

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of the Winding up Act and in the matter of the Fredericton Boom Company.

By an order made by the Honorable William Henry Tuck, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Province of New Brunswick in the above matter, dated the twelfth day of February A. D., 1907, on the petition of Jasper A. Winslow and J. J. Fraser Winslow, shareholders in the above named company, it was ordered that the Fredericton Boom Company above named and the business of the said Company be wound up under the provisions of "The Winding Up Act," and by said order Lewis H. Bliss of the Parish of Saint Mary's, was appointed provisionally a liquidator of the estate and effects of the said Fredericton Boom Company, and it was further ordered that the said Lewis H. Bliss do on or before the first day of March, A. D., 1907, give security to be approved of by the said Honorable William Henry Tuck himself, the said Lewis H. Bliss in the sum of two thousand dollars and a security bond in the sum of three thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties, and it was further ordered that all moneys received by the said Lewis H. Bliss as such liquidator provisionally over and above such sums as he may legally pay out and disburse in his capacity as such liquidator provisionally shall within seven days of the receipt thereof be paid into the Bank of Montreal in the City of Fredericton in the County of York, or to the credit of the official liquidator or liquidators of the said Company. And it was further ordered that the costs of the petitioners be taxed by the said Provisional Liquidator or by the official liquidator or liquidators of such official liquidator or liquidators.

WINSLOW & ALLEN, Solicitors for said Petitioners. Feb. 15, dtf.

City Elections.

The Election for Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Fredericton, for the ensuing year, will be held on MONDAY 11th day of March next, at the following places, viz:

DIVISION NO. 1.

For all voters residing or owning property above the centre line of Carleton Street, promulgated, at or near the City Hall in the said City.

DIVISION NO. 2.

For all voters residing or owning property in the remainder of the said City, not included in Division No. 1, at or near the County Court House in the said City.

Polls will be opened at the above named places at nine o'clock a. m. of the said day of Election, and will close at the hour of four p. m. of the same day.

Nominations for the office of Mayor or Aldermen must be filed in the Office of the City Clerk, City Hall, at or before four o'clock on Monday, the 4th day of March next, and must be signed by at least two qualified Electors, and the signatures at tested to under oath.

Forms for Nomination can be procured at the City Clerk's Office. A certificate of the City Treasurer showing that all rates and taxes of the Candidate have been paid within the time required by law, must be attached to each nomination paper.

Dated at the Office of the City Clerk, Fredericton, this 21st day of February A. D., 1907.

J. W. McCREADY, City Clerk.

Feb. 21—dtf.

Grand Clearing Sale

GRAND BARGAINS

NOW OFFERED AT

S. KERNER'S

Bargain Prices for this week.

Don't miss them.

Ladies Underskirts and Drawers worth 35c to 50c Special for 24c only.

Ladies Coats to clear at half their regular price.

Ladies' wool Waists the latest in the market, to clear at half price.

Fancy Neckwear at extra grand bargains.

Men's Suits Overcoats, Pants Underwear, Hose,

Suspenders and Neckwear at Special Grand Values.

We must clear all our Ladies' and Gents' Furs, come and see prices, they must go, prices will do it, come all and save money at

S. KERNER'S

The Store of Satisfaction.

450, QUEEN ST.