

FARMERS' PARLIAMENT

Staff Capt. Jennings Talks on Immigration
and Dr. Standish on Horse Raising—
Committee on Social and Moral
Reform

About seventy-five delegates were in attendance at the meeting of the Farmers' and Dairymen's association on Wednesday afternoon. After President Smith had finished his address, Mayor McLeod was called upon, and spoke a few words of welcome to the delegates.

He dealt with the importance of the farming industry, and of the need of knowledge of the work in order to make farming a success. He said it was necessary to meet and exchange ideas and experiences which would be of value to the agricultural interests.

His Worship spoke of the labor question and of the value the immigration policy of the Salvation Army and of the good class of men they are bringing to this country. He would bespeak for this gathering the kindness and friendship always extended by Fredericton to the stranger within her gates.

In reply Mr. Smith said the Farmers' and Dairymen's association always looked forward with pleasure to their visit to Fredericton.

HON. L. P. FARRIS,

Commissioner for Agriculture, was next called upon and delivered an excellent address, as already reported in the Herald, and was warmly received. He added that his department had made arrangements to pay transportation of all persons going from the province to Truro or St. Anne de Bellevue Agriculture College, so that it would only be necessary for students to pay their board. Arrangements had also been made for free tuition at the college.

The commissioner said that he was present to receive suggestions and wanted to meet views of farmers and wanted farmers to give the government a chance to better things if they were not satisfied.

STAFF CAPTAIN JENNINGS

of the Salvation Army Immigration department, was the next speaker. He outlined the system employed by the Salvation Army Immigration department. Their policy was to get the men to stay on the farm instead of over-crowding the labor market in the cities.

Since the Army took up immigration work others were following their example. From the time men expressed a desire to immigrate till the time they got to work here it is the army's aim to give them advice and place them in situations. This is no easy task, as the speaker on one vessel had to give information to fourteen hundred passengers. There is a free advice bureau on each vessel. They tell each immigrant what is suited to his particular condition in life. Immigrants brought here were not the scum of the old country, not the criminal or a re-do-well but the best class of people which could be got. Last year only seven thousand and fifty thousand applicants were drawn. No matter what creed a person belonged to, he was taken up if the proper person. The Salvation Army were there to help all classes. Any complaints made against the Salvation Army Immigration department were as far as he knew through jealousy.

The newspapers in the old country complain that Britain's best are being taken out of the old country and brought here. The immigrant department does a great deal for the farmer by selecting farm help, and placing it at his door. Last year about fifteen hundred farm helpers were placed in the Maritime Provinces, and reports from all sides were satisfactory, except in one or two cases where the men were slow to pick up farm work.

The captain read testimonials from farmers who had received help. The system has been tested in the larger cities and proved satisfactory.

Farmers, he said, were not under any financial obligation to the Salvation Army in applying for immigrants. The Salvation Army assists and loans money to immigrants coming here, but do not ask the farmers to assist the immigrant in paying the money back. They look to the immigrant's honesty to pay it back, and very few break faith with the army in paying it back, where circumstances permit. Only a small percentage of the men coming are practical farmers, but there are many sober, industrious men who would be pleased to learn, and many farmers prefer to have these rather than the farm hands with experience on the English farms.

The financial department was conducted for the sole purpose of helping the immigrant to help those who were anxious to come to this country. This sum was for men who were working and industrious, and wanted to come to this country, but had no money to bring them. The Army was not making one cent out of this scheme.

At the request of Mr. Peters Mr. Jennings read the form of application which contained some fifteen questions to express ideas of the kind of immigrant a farmer wanted. The kind of men supplied depended largely on the amount of wages a farmer wanted to give. For the inexperienced man \$10 was the average; one with some experience got \$12 to \$15, and the more experienced got \$20 and upwards.

Mr. A. Bowdler said that the av-

erage wages in England in agricultural districts was fifteen shillings, and many would come to this country if they had assistance. Many who now came went west as that section was boomed.

Captain Jennings claimed the advantages offered by the Maritime provinces were at least equal to those of the west, and better than Ontario.

The nominating committee was selected as follows:

Albert—R. A. Smith.
Carleton—James Good.
Charlotte—Rev. Hunter Boyd.
Gloucester—P. J. Power.
Kent—James Lawrence.
Kings—Major Campbell.
Northumberland—Harvey Doak.
Queen's—Isaac Baird.
St. John—A. T. Johnson.
Sunbury—M. A. Smith.
Victoria—Alex. Phillips.
Westmorland—Walter Bulmer.
York—J. C. Clements.

The financial committee is composed of Rev. Hunter Boyd, F. E. Sharp and A. F. Johnson.

Rev. Hunter Boyd thought the association should affiliate with the New Brunswick branch of the Canadian Social and Moral Reform League shortly to be formed at St. John. Bishop Richardson, he said, was the convener of the meeting, and he thought a committee of ten should be appointed to advise with him.

The matter was referred to a committee.

EVENING SESSION.

Interesting Talk on Horse Raising by Dr. Standish of Ontario.

At the evening meeting the financial statement was presented as follows:

Balance from last year \$166 75
Fees from members 97 00

Total receipts \$263 75
Expended during year 117 73

Balance on hand \$146 02

Rev. Hunter Boyd presented the report of the finance committee, which was adopted. It commended the treasurer for the excellent manner in which the books were kept.

Rev. Mr. Boyd also reported for the committee to whom was referred the resolution on Moral and Social Reform.

The committee thought it desirable that the farmers should be identified with the association about to be formed in St. John. They suggested that ten members be named by the president and submitted to Bishop Richardson, the convener of the association for New Brunswick.

Rev. Mr. Boyd addressed the gathering briefly on the subject of Social and Moral Reform. It was important he thought that the influence of the association should be extended to the well as to the cities. He said that he had been given to understand by Staff Captain Jennings, that one reason why English immigrants did not remain in New Brunswick was that they contracted the western fever from the farmers of the province, whom they came in contact with.

Staff Capt. Jennings endorsed what Rev. Mr. Boyd had said about immigrants contracting the western fever in New Brunswick. It was a mistake for farmers to be constantly talking about the advantages west had over the east from a farming standpoint. He thought the farmers should show greater appreciation of their own province. He believed that the same amount of energy put forth by young men in the west was put forth in New Brunswick, the result would be equally as good if not better.

Rev. Mr. Ross of St. John deplored the feeling of dissatisfaction existing among the farmers of the maritime provinces, as shown by the fact that many of them were willing to sacrifice their farms and go west. He thought it would be a very good move for the Association to take an interest in the movement for social and moral reform, as there were many problems in the rural districts awaiting solution.

The report of the committee was unanimously adopted.

DR. STANDISH'S ADDRESS.

The speaker of the evening was Dr. J. Standish of Walkerton, Ont., who discussed the breeding, care and management of horses. He spoke of the great advance in horse production made in New Brunswick, in the last twenty-five years but thought there was still room for improvement. No province had greater advantages for horse production than New Brunswick.

Many good horses were brought into the province last year by the government and there were many good horses here before the importation was made. Some of the government horses sold at very low prices considering their quality and breeder should take advantage of the opportunity these horses offer. It might surprise people to learn that there are no thoroughbred Percheron or Clyde horses. The term applies only to running horses. If there is a desirable animal in a community he should be retained until he is proved to be a failure. No agricultural product can be raised profitably or pleas-

antly without the horse.

The speaker advocated the breeding of heavy draft horses. One reason was that they could be put to work when quite young and can be sold at a better profit than other horses.

He advised his hearers to avoid the mixing up of breeds. A pure bred animal will bring more money than any other kind and will be well adapted for work. In selecting animals the quality and quantity should first be decided upon then the breed should be selected. Once a breed was selected the farmer was strongly advised to cling to that breed. No cross bred horse could be compared with a pure bred one. Before purchasing, the breeding of a horse should be carefully enquired into. No horse can be kept in proper condition without regular exercise every day in the year. The best food for horses in New Brunswick was clover, hay, oats, bran oat straw, some roots, a little flag seed and good water. The stomach should not be clogged or overloaded, otherwise the digestive system is liable to play out. If a good horse is raised good profits would certainly result. A good draft horse two years of age can be produced at a cost of \$85. A large per centage of the food of the growing animal should be clover and if this is used less bran and oats will be required. Horses should be fed twice a day and never given so much that it cannot be cleaned up in an hour. Colts should not have more than two quarts of oats the first winter and the same quantity of bran. Some excellent food such as mangolds or sugar beets or turnips should also be fed. A young colt should never be fattened, but should be kept in good growing condition. A horse will not endure close confinement in the manner in which cattle will. There was nothing about the farm that would such profitable results as horses. One man can take care of a number of young horses and will be well repaid for his labor. After passing the two year mark a horse should earn sufficient to pay for its keep until sold.

Dr. Standish next devoted some attention to the various diseases of horses, and explained their cause in an interesting manner. Sprain, ringbone, side bone were all explained to the audience, and some good advice was given in regard to the manner in which diseases of horses' feet may be treated.

The doctor answered a large number of questions addressed to him by the audience in regard to the feed and care of horses, and gave out much practical information.

The following committee on Social and Moral reform was appointed by the president:

B. M. Fawcett, Westmorland.
J. E. Long, Carleton.
Rev. James Ross, St. John.
Donald Innes, Victoria.
S. S. Ryan, M. P. P. Albert.
W. W. Hubbard, St. John.
T. A. Peters, Fredericton.
T. R. H. Boyd, Charlotte.
J. R. Oastler, Charlotte.
Col. H. M. Campbell, Kings.

A BODY IN A BLANKET.

Found in the River at Salamanca, N. Y.

SALAMANCA, N. Y., Jan. 22.—The body of a man, the use of a blanket was taken from the river at low here yesterday. The face and neck of the dead man were cut and gashed in half a dozen places, the bones of the nose and lower jaw being broken and a large artery in the neck severed. From the general appearance of the wounds it seemed that the victim was first struck with a blunt instrument and the arteries in the neck afterwards opened with a knife.

This afternoon the body was identified as that of Pietro Blandazio, a former employee of the Erie railroad. The police later arrested Silver Barretto, said to be a cousin of the dead man, and Salvatore Randazzo, a fellow-workman. The two were subjected to a searching cross-examination by District Attorney Cole this evening and are said to have confessed. The confession is to the effect that Blandazio was killed to secure \$40.

SPENT 11 HOURS ON NARROW LEDGE.

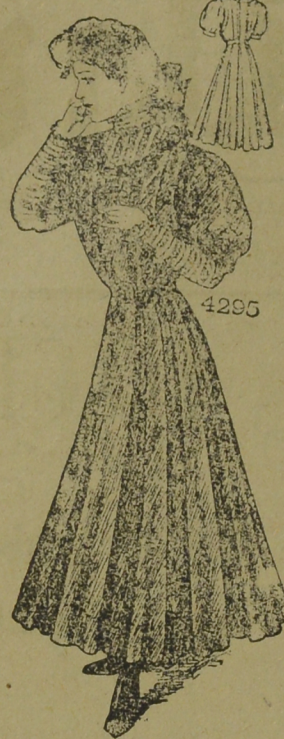
Crew of Wrecked Schooner Had Terrible Experience in Howling Gale.

HALIFAX, N. S., January 22.—Exposed to the fury of a northeast hurricane, soaked to the skin, and with the temperature at zero, the crew of the schooner Ada Mildred, which went ashore on Gammon Ledge at the entrance of Whitehead Harbor, spent eleven long hours on a narrow ledge of rock until taken off by fishermen from the shore this morning. Late last night the schooner drove ashore in the height of a furious gale. Hope was practically abandoned by the crew but three seamen managed to struggle to the edge with a line and with this a dory was landed back and forth until all the crew were landed. It was ten o'clock before they all reached the ledge and then they spent eleven long hours there until taken off this morning by a boat in charge of Alden Munroe.

ALWAYS

SIEN

John, N.B.



A NOVEL BOX-PLEATED DRESS FOR A MISS.

Box-pleats have a certain attractiveness in themselves, which both mothers and daughters are quick to recognize, hence it is a foregone conclusion that this pretty gown will meet with instant approval. The modish princess panel effect in front and back, obtained by extending the front and back goes over the waist, is a disarming feature, though the whole dress is charming. For a dressy effect the neck may be cut round and the sleeve made short, as shown in the smaller sketch. The guimpe is simulated by facings, though the frock might be made in overblouse style, to wear over a separate guimpe, by cutting out the neck and omitting the sleeve linings. Any of the pretty, soft woollens is suitable for making by this model. 9 1/2 yards of 24-inch material being needed for the fifteen year size.

4, 2 1/2—5 sizes, 13 to 17 years.

The price of this pattern is 10c.

To The Fredericton Herald:

Please send the above mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name.....

Street..... No.....

To..... Province.....

Measurement, waist..... Bust.....

CAUTION.—Be careful to send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 23, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When miss' or child's pattern write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order.

The price of each pattern is ten cents in cash or postal order or stamps.

MOTHER'S LOVE MOVED JUDGE.

Reserved Decision and Permitted Woman to Have Her Child.

JERSEY CITY, January 22.—When Mrs. Sadie Brown, aged 28, sought to get possession of her two-year-old girl the officers of the Children's Society told her that she would have to satisfy them that she was morally fit to care for the child. When Justice Maddox told Mrs. Brown that she would have to wait until March 2nd for his decision in order that her conduct might be watched, she threw her arms around her little girl, and kissed her and cried over her for several minutes. Then the judge again called her before him and said: "I realize the strength of a mother's love. You shall have your child."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Tel., O Sold by all druggists at 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Our Sale is in full swing now
This King of Sales only lasts until Feb. 4th. so hurry and buy two and three times as much for a dollar as in any other time of the year



Grand

Reductions

on everything we got for sale

Don't wait, it will pay you to hurry just now to our store.

S KERNER

Skate Grinding

We make a specialty of grinding Skates. We also re pair Skates and put them on your Boots.

WM. C. BURTT,

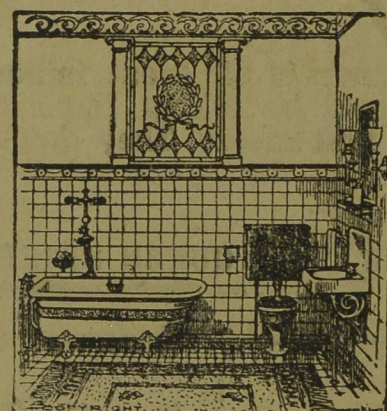
Keys of all kinds

FREDERICTON, N. B.

HOW ARE YOUR CLOTHES.

Are they suitable for the coming season? Come in and let me measure you for a New Fall Suit, I have a nice selection of New Goods to show you. You will find the Fit and Style the Latest.

W. E. SEERY - Merchant Tailor
550 QUEEN STREET.



A SOURCE OF COMFORT

A neat, well equipped lavatory is, without a question, a source of comfort to a household. It's one to us to install such a convenience in your home—an aid to the toilet, you'd never abandon after once experiencing its manifold advantages. Where there's running water you need our services.

D. J. Shea, FREDERICTON.

G. T. WHELPLEY Fresh Cut Flowers

A Large Stock of

Corn Meal, Cracked Corn
Bran, Middlings, White
Middlings, Oats and Barley.
Five Roses, Royal Household and King of Patents.

SUIT PANTS or OVERCOAT

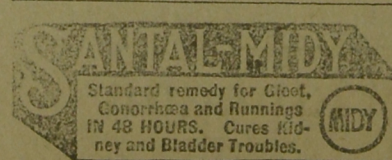
Made to order at a moderate price, call on

WALKER BROS.

The West End Tailors

Always on hand, a choice selection of Cloths to select from.

WALKER BROTHERS
Merchant Tailors.



Standard remedy for Gonorrhea and Running IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.