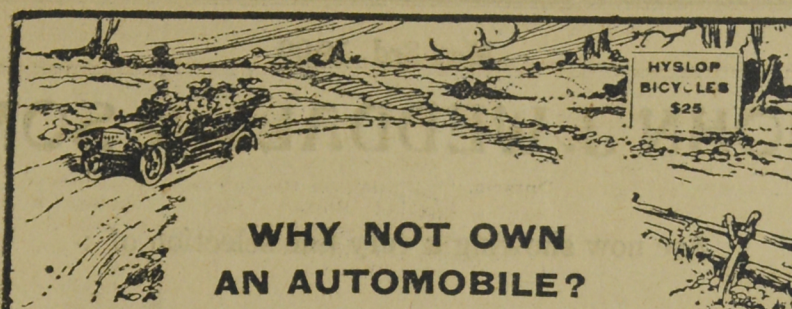




WHY NOT OWN AN AUTOMOBILE?

If automobiles are needed anywhere at all they are in the country. One of the speakers of the Women's Institute, at Guelph, recently predicted that the time was near at hand when farmer's wives would run their own automobiles. Nor is the prediction a visionary one. Like the telephone and the trolley, the automobile seems destined to add to the comfort of country life, and the cost will not interfere with your buying. We can sell.

Good Second-Hand Machines

at a mere fraction of original cost. These cars are taken by us as part payment for the newest and latest models, and are such as we can thoroughly recommend. Any machine we send out is guaranteed to be in first-class condition, and beyond the fact that second-hand cars are not this year's style, there is nothing wrong with them in any way. We use them as a means of introduction to the country trade, and make the values extra special to encourage quick buying. If interested, send your name and address for fuller particulars.

HYSLOP BROS., Limited

High-Class Automobiles and Bicycles

TORONTO, ONT.

TIPS FOR POLICE.

Montreal Hotelman Tells How He Fixed the "Boys."

Montreal, April 30.—Yesterday's session of the civic investigation was devoted to further investigation of the dismissal of charges made against saloon men of violating the law on payment of the costs incurred, the dismissal being ordered by Chief of Police Campeau, by whom the charges were laid.

The star witness was P. J. Cavanagh. He told of having made presents of money to Ald. Proulx, chairman of the police committee, and to Capt. Murphy and officers and men of number 12 police station. Chairman Proulx, he testified, received \$25 after he had had the charge of violating the law brought against Cavanagh dismissed on payment of costs. Capt. Murphy got \$25 and the officers of his station \$5 each, and the men pipes at Christmas.

Another witness testified that Ald. Lapointe, who until he was unseated by the court the other day, was the chairman of the finance committee, and the leader of the council, had on three occasions interceded successfully with Chief Campeau and secured the dismissal of charges against him.

Exploiting the Antique.
A gang of swindlers arrested by the Toulouse police had for stock in trade a beautiful antique cabinet and a considerable stock of audacity. With these they took, for a short lease, a historic chateau near Toulouse, installing a venerable old lady to play the part of owner. Then they found a collector of antiques, persuaded him to visit the chateau and sold him the really valuable cabinet at a good round price. After the bargain was concluded they invited the victim to lunch, and while he was eating the meal the real cabinet was replaced by a perfect imitation, which the victim carried off with him. The swindlers, before their arrest, succeeded in selling their cabinet thirty-three times, at prices varying from \$500 to \$3,000.

Skin Diseases.

A diseased or disfigured skin will always leave its stamp on the mind of the individual. Many people suffering from disfiguring skin diseases avoid society and lose all pride in their personal appearance. When the skin breaks out in eruptions and sores it is due entirely to an impure condition of the blood.

In all such cases Burdock Blood Bitters will quickly purify the blood and drive all the impurities out of the system.

Mrs. J. J. Magee, Jr., Kilmount, Ont., writes: "In the spring of 1906 I was troubled with a Rash that broke out all over me. It was the worst on my face and head, had a dry, scaly top, and when I would get warm it would become very itchy. I tried the doctor's medicine but it did me no good, so I then got one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and before it was all used the Rash was entirely gone."

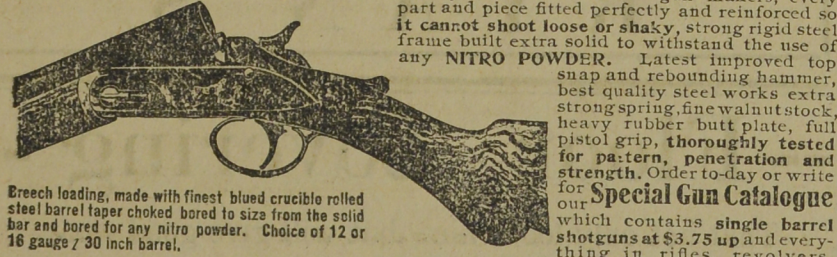
Mrs. Harvey Barkhouse, Gold River, N.S., writes: "I was greatly troubled with Sores on my face and finally became so bad I had to go to the doctor about it, but he could do nothing to help me. 'I thought about Burdock Blood Bitters and decided to try a bottle. I cannot recommend B.B.B. enough, as I had not taken all the bottle before my face was cured.'"

SORES ON FACE.

For sale by all druggists and dealers.

LONG DISTANCE SINGLE BARREL SHOTGUN \$5.00

Send us \$1.00 deposit, state gauge desired, and we will send this Guaranteed Long Distance Single Barrel Shotgun C.O.D. by express, subject to examination. This Fine Gun is made by expert gun makers, every part and piece fitted perfectly and reinforced so it cannot shoot loose or shaky, strong rigid steel frame built extra solid to withstand the use of any NITRO POWDER. Latest improved top snap and rebounding hammer, best quality steel works extra strong spring, fine walnut stock, heavy rubber butt plate, full pistol grip, thoroughly tested for pattern, penetration and strength. Order today or write for Special Gun Catalogue which contains single barrel shotguns at \$3.75 up and everything in rifles, revolvers, ammunition and sportsmen's goods at factory prices.



T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST, MONTREAL.

CORN AND OATS

Now in Stock. A large quantity of American Corn and Manitoba Oats for sale at lowest prices. Also Ontario Middlings, Bran, Corn and Oats, Etc.

Old Mines Sydney Coal, Scotch Anthracite.

F. H. Everett,
P. O. Box 83 CAMPBELL STREET PHONE 116

LET THIS FACT IMPRESS

Itself Upon You If you contemplate installing a system of Plumbing or Heating, or both, in your house or store; If you want absolute satisfaction guaranteed you cannot do better than come to us. We make a specialty of these branches, Best of Workmanship; Best of Material; Best of Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

D. J. SHEA,

Plumber and Heater

CARLETON ST. TEL. 323

G.T.P. LOAN AGAIN

Opposition Displays Colossal Ignorance of Facts.

MR. BORDEN IS PESSIMISTIC

Conservative Leader Does Not Think Grand Trunk Pacific Will Live Up to Contract Regarding Eastern Section of Road—W. F. Maclean Pleads For Government Ownership of the Railway.

Ottawa, May 1.—The Grand Trunk Pacific ten-million-dollar loan was again under fire in the House of Commons yesterday, and amid a great deal of criticism, which suggested that the voluminous information supplied to the Opposition on the subject had been imperfectly assimilated, two things stood out prominently. One was a straightforward plea by Mr. W. F. Maclean, applauded by a considerable section of the Opposition, for Government ownership of the Transcontinental, and the other the doleful assumption by the leader of the Opposition that the G.T.P. Co. do not intend to live up to their contract, particularly in respect to the eastern division of the road.

Mr. Maclean ventured to predict that within the next ten years the energies and resources of the Canadian people would be devoted to securing control of the great national highways of the country.

R. L. Borden alluded to the contract which contains an emphatic declaration that the object of granting aid to the G.T.P. was the development of Canadian ports. The Opposition at that time pointed out that the obligation should have been made binding on the Grand Trunk Co. as well as the Government, and declined those proposals. Mr. Borden pointed out that the condition which had arisen through the collapse of the Quebec bridge was exactly what the Grand Trunk Co. desired. The G.T.P. might accept the road from Winnipeg to Port Arthur and refuse to accept the line east to Moncton, which will not be completed till the bridge link is reconstructed. In the meantime traffic originating in the west might find an outlet through United States ports.

Could not that condition of affairs be remedied? It might be remedied at the present time by the Government insisting that the Grand Trunk, coming here under the guise of the G.T.P., shall agree on an amendment of their contract, which would absolutely prevent such a contingency as the diversion of the traffic to U. S. ports.

Mr. Borden also reverted to the question of grades, pointing out that the I.C.R. has only three grades exceeding one per cent., namely, two between Moncton and Halifax and one between Moncton and Quebec. The latter is but three or four miles long, and is a grade of 1.22 per cent., compared with the ten-mile one and one-tenth per cent. pusher grade on the National Transcontinental.

Hon. Mr. Graham assured Mr. Borden that the object of the Government was to develop Canadian ports. It must be borne in mind, however, that the more the rates were increased to the ocean ports the more the price to the producer would be reduced.

Referring to the question of grades, it did not matter what was the percentage of pusher grades as extra engines had to be added to push the trains over. The ruling grade of the G.T.P. was 4.10 per cent., whereas the ruling grade of the I.C.R. was 1 per cent., and trains could not be loaded beyond the capacity of engines to haul over that grade.

George Taylor criticized the Finance Minister for making the term of the loan ten years. Mr. Fielding held that it was wise to limit the loan to that term. As to the criticism of the Government for fixing the rate of interest at four per cent., that was exactly what the Conservative Government did in respect to the C.P.R. in 1884.

"Did you approve of that?" asked Mr. Lalor.

"That didn't matter," said Mr. Fielding. Looking back over the years he was glad that the loan was made and on the terms at which it was made. There had been criticism of the Conservatives at the time, but Mr. Fielding now believed that it was legitimate aid to a great enterprise.

E. Guss Porter asked if the Finance Minister would feel comfortable jingling the money of this poverty-stricken company, which he made out of the loan.

Mr. Fielding replied that he would feel more comfortable than the Conservatives felt when they made a loss on a loan to the C.P.R.

R. L. Borden commented on the fact that some of the rolling stock of the G.T.P. had been in use on the old Grand Trunk for two or three years.

Inasmuch, replied Mr. Fielding, as no part of the Government guarantee or obligation covers the equipment, it was no concern of the Government.

Robbed Summer Cottages.
Brockville, May 1.—Wm. Robbins of Gananoque and Wm. Russell of Phillipsville pleaded guilty yesterday to a wholesale robbery of cottages in the Thousand Islands region, near Gananoque. Four islands were visited and several boatloads of general furnishings appropriated. Robbins is a brother-in-law of one of the victims of the recent Gananoque drowning tragedy.

Using Fences for Fuel.

Winnipeg, May 1.—The paralysis of industry caused by the coal strike is spreading. Fences are being used for fuel at Swift Current and Gull Lake, and Regina and Moose Jaw are complaining of scarcity. Citizens of Calgary have telegraphed Hon. Frank Oliver, drawing his attention to the holding up of industries by the strike.

FREDERICTON IN CONTEST.

High School Boy May Win Free Trip To The Old Country.

The contest between Fredericton and St. John in the Standard of the Empire free trip to the old country competition grows more and more interesting. Cyril MacDonald, the St. John candidate, is now in the lead, but young Carman is not far behind, and with a little more local support has a good chance of winning the contest. If Carman wins he will be one of the party that lunches with Lord Roberts at his private residence on July 29th.

The Standard of Empire is sending twelve High School and Collegiate Institute Students for a three week's trip in the old country. One boy will go from New Brunswick and anyone wishing to help young Carman in his campaign can write to him at his address, Gibson, N. B.

In addition to the free trip to the old country, The Standard of the Empire now announces that it will give to any contestant who secures 10,000 votes, but who fails to win the coveted trip itself, the choice of a \$50.00 camera outfit, a \$50.00 gold watch or a \$50.00 bicycle.

In order to give all boys a better chance to win one of these prizes the time-limit of the competition has been extended from noon on June 1 to noon on June 15, 1909. The winners sail on the "Empress of Britain," on July 16th.

WHICH LINIMENT IS BEST?

For muscular pains and aches a thick oily preparation can't penetrate—that's why Nerviline beats them all—it sinks right in. "I wouldn't live without Nerviline in my house," writes J. B. Cotton, of Mastown, N. S. "If you have rheumatism or soreness in the muscles or in fact any need of an honest liniment, Nerviline fills the bill. I can recommend it highly because I have proved that in one application of Polson's Nerviline there is more virtue than in a whole bottle of ordinary liniment." Try one of the large 25c bottles.

Czar to Tour.

St. Petersburg, May 1.—It is learned upon excellent authority that the Czar, traveling on the imperial yacht Standart and escorted by four warships, will leave on May 20 for a long cruise, in the course of which he will visit Sweden, Germany, England, France, Spain and Italy.

It is rumored that the Premier, M. Stolypin, will accompany His Majesty. This seems to have been decided with the view of disproving rumors current of late with regard to the replacement of M. Stolypin by a more reactionary Minister.

Two Drown in River.

Southampton, May 1.—Sam Cairns, engineer of the Saugeen Electric Light & Power Co. of Southampton, and Andrew Ruxton of Chippewa Hill, were drowned in the Saugeen river, two miles east of here, yesterday afternoon.

The two men were working on Denny's bridge, and slipped off. The recent rains have made the river very high and the current is very rapid.

Cairns leaves a wife and four children, and Ruxton leaves two sisters, Belle in Berlin, and Annie at Chippewa Hill.

30,000 Mariners Strike.

Buffalo, May 1.—One of the greatest marine strikes in the history of labor on the chain of great lakes began this morning when over 30,000 men, members of the Lake Seamen's Union, left the boats controlled by the Lake Carrier's Association.

Kidnapper Collapses.

Mercer, Pa., May 1.—James H. Boyle, whose trial on a charge of kidnapping "Billy" Whitley, was yesterday continued till next Wednesday, collapsed late last night in the Mercer jail, and to-day is said to be in a critical condition.

Relief for Tabriz.

Tabriz, Persia, May 1.—The advance guard of the Russian expedition to relieve this beleaguered city entered the gates yesterday morning. It brought supplies for the starving people. Its progress was contested, but not seriously.

Four Children Burned.

Sydney, N.S., May 1.—A disastrous fire occurred yesterday morning at Glee Bay, when four young children of Stephen McAskill, 6 to 12 years of age, were burned to death.

Suggest Forest Reserve.

Ottawa, May 1.—R. H. Campbell, superintendent of forestry, suggested to the committee on forests and waterways yesterday morning that a belt of land from the Crow's Nest line to the international boundary, and from the British Columbia line fifty miles eastward should be reserved and the cut governed. There seems to be about twelve million acres available, he said.

A Shooting in Court.

Detroit, May 1.—C. K. Boyajish, an Armenian, yesterday shot and fatally wounded his nephew, Harout H. Gasparian, while the latter was being arraigned in the Police Court with his aunt, the physician's wife, on a statutory charge. Gasparian's home is in Lynn, Mass.

Senate Reverse.

Washington, May 1.—The Senate finance committee substitute for the tariff bills maximum and minimum provision was reported to the Senate yesterday by Senator Aldrich, chairman of the committee. It is practically a reversal of the original Payne provision.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF LIFE.

York County Physician Expatiates on the Cussedness of Things.

(Dr. O. E. Moorehouse in Rod and Gun.)

Throughout all our lives there runs a streak of something that makes for trouble, and is for the most part difficult or even impossible of explanation.

An inborn cussedness keeps continually cropping to the surface and making things unpleasant for us and we don't know the reason why; a certain perverseness seems to exist and to meet us at every turn until we get accustomed to have things go wrong and are surprised if they do not, and a life of combating adverse circumstances or conditions tends to make one cynical and doubtful of things in general. Theoretically it would seem just as easy to go right as wrong, but it is not. Why?

To go way back to our boyhood days who does not remember running about the back yard, perhaps ragged and barefooted, with one piece of bread and butter in our hand for lunch, and who does not remember dropping that bread in the dirt and seeing it always fall butter side down and becoming destroyed? Why? We all know it is true and that the bread always did fall that way and that there is a 'cussedness' about it that we can't explain.

Who does not know how impossible it is to light a fire or a pipe when we have only one match in our possession, while if we had a pocket full of matches we would do it? This may be due to over anxiety on our part, or fear we will lose the only match, and we take too great a precaution for its safety, and thereby defeat the end desired; then on the other hand, if we have a supply of matches no matter how careless we are with the first one it will succeed even in a gale of wind and under the most adverse circumstances. Why?

A man will forsake his father and his mother and the pomps and vanities of this wicked world to go fishing and will spend a few days in pursuit of that elusive fish, and with varying success and on coming home was never known to tell the truth

about his catch. Why? That is pure 'Devilishness' on the part of the man and seems to go naturally with fishing the world over. Then again why do all the big fish escape and all the little ones have to be destroyed to get them off our hooks?

What amateur photographer is there who has not at different times got everything ready to take a snap of some fine bit of out-door scenery, and just as everything was ready have the sun dodge behind a cloud and remain there until his patience was exhausted and the chance of the picture gone? Why 'Cussedness' or what?

I had a fine opportunity to shoot a deer once—took correct aim—pulled the trigger—and the only cartridge I ever saw fail to explode was in that gun—and the deer got away. That same cartridge was good and went off easily enough when fired at a mark. Cussedness again, or was that deer fated not to be killed at that time?

In travelling through the woods with a gun on our shoulder we suddenly came to where the road divides on a branch leading home or to the camp and the other going to—God knows where;—both look alike as far as we can judge, and it is just as reasonable to take one as the other—then why is it we always take the wrong one and are compelled to walk five or six times as far as we should to get home? Why?

Such things or occurrences might be multiplied without number, but these few are sufficient to set one thinking, but we can think and think and what will it avail? The fact remains that a perversity exists and that we meet it at every turn. It is useless to fight against it, much better to float with the tide and take things as they come and make believe we are satisfied, so that we can say, with James Whitcomb Riley: It ain't no use to grumble nor complain,

'Tis just as cheap and easy to rejoice, And when God sorts out the weather and sends rain, W'y rain's my choice.

HAZENITES' SALARY GRAB.

How Glowing Promises of Economy Have Been Kept.

(Moncton Transcript).

It is a well known fact that the Hazen party declared when in Opposition that one of their first acts would be to lessen the expenses of administration. But they did nothing of the kind, and seizing what they believed to be a favorable opportunity, came forward with a proposition to increase the expenses of running the departmental machinery. Consequently the speeches of the Liberal Opposition members on the "salary grab" bill, arraignment them for their broken pledges, have greatly aroused their ire.

One of the points brought out during the debate has been evidently annoyed the Hazenites particularly was Hon. Mr. Robinson's examination of the amounts drawn by the present premier from the treasury. One of the familiar pleas of the Hazen party has been that the former Attorney General had drawn too much remuneration from the public treasury for his services in the interests of the province. But it appears that

the Hon. Mr. Hazen himself has drawn liberally from the province. Already he has received money from the provincial treasury at the rate of \$5,734 a year—almost six thousand dollars.

Mr. Hazen has been in office only a little over a year. At the rate he is going he will probably not require much effort to develop sufficient speed to scale over the eight thousand dollar mark which was regarded by all zealous Tories as the limit of "extravagance" when Hon. Dr. Pugsley was Attorney General.

Glowing promises about "economy" made when the Hazen party were in the cool shades of Opposition now loom up before them to their discredit. Their mask of hypocrisy is being torn away. The insincerity of their contentions made when they were trying to climb into power is being exposed. They have broken faith with the people. They will be to answer later to an indignant electorate for a long list of broken promises.

WHY COUGH SYRUPS FAIL.

They slip quickly over the sore irritated membranes, drop into the stomach and do little else but harm digestion. It's different with Catarrh—hooze—you inhale it. Every breath sends healing balsams to the inflamed tissues. Tightness, soreness and inflammation are cured by healing pine essences. The cough goes away, throat is strengthened, huskiness is cured. Nothing so simple, so convenient, so certain to cure as Catarrh—hooze. Try it. 25c and \$1.00 sizes. Sold everywhere.

MEDICAL SCIENCE ADVANCING FAST.

Formerly doctors prescribed stomach treatment for Catarrh and Bronchitis. They seldom cured and Catarrh has become a national disease. Today the advanced physician fights Catarrh by medicated air. He fills the lungs, nose and throat with the antiseptic vapor of Catarrh—hooze. Cure then is certain. Easy for Catarrh—hooze to cure. It contains the essence of pure pine balsams, reaches all the germs and destroys the disease. Every case of Catarrh, Bronchitis and Sore Throat can be cured by Catarrh—hooze. 25c. and \$1.00 sizes. Sold everywhere. Get it today.

LINCOLN.

April 29.—Winter still lingers in the lap of spring. The frogs who visited us in April have gone back to their winter quarters to spend the month of May. The weather prophet says a late spring.

Mr. Allan True lost a very valuable mare this week.

Mr. John Berry is the first one in Lincoln to turn the sod for farming. He ploughed quite a large piece this week.

An English family has rented Mr. Duncan Nevers' place on the Waasiss road and moved in this week.

Rev. T. Bell, on account of illness, was unable to keep his appointment Sunday evening.

Mrs. Frank Patterson is spending a few weeks with her son, William Patterson.

Messrs. Arthur and Ernest Hayward of Fredericton, were here to attend the funeral of Henry Nevers last week.

A PAINLESS CORN CURE.
Easily applied—costs but a quarter—that's Putnam's Corn Extractor, fifty years in use. Insist on "Putnam's" only.

A little powdered charcoal put in the sink occasionally will keep it clean and free from odors.