

The Daily Herald.

VOL. 117

FREDERICTON, N. B. TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1909.

NO. 68

Down Came The Banner

On Saturday night we pulled down the Banner on one of the greatest sales we ever held.

We could have continued the sale many days longer as Saturday was the biggest day yet, but many of the lines were sold out and we thought better to call it off than disappoint people and we have some alterations to make. In the meantime all the odds and ends of the old stock will be cleared out at the sale price and in many cases less. We want to start in with a complete new stock of Men's and Boys' Wearables. The most up-to-date in style, constructed by reliable makers and modest in price.

Thanking all for the magnificent business accorded us during the sale and promising to make our stock and prices worthy of a continuance. We are yours for business.

LUCY & CO. Ltd

MILLINERY OPENING

Miss Morgan will hold her SPRING MILLINERY OPENING on THURSDAY MARCH 25th. at 3 O'clock P. M.

MISS MORGAN York St.

FATHER MORRISSEY'S REMEDIES

No. 7 For Rheumatism and Kidney Troubles

No. 10 Lung Tonic

No. 26 Catarrh Cure

Liniment

GEO. Y. DIBBLEE

PEOPLES' DRUGGIST.

OPP. CITY HAL

Chestnut says,

"There is no disinfectant better than our Chlorides Solution. Use it regularly in the bath room, kitchen, cellar and stable. Kills germs, safeguards health, removes unpalsent odors. 25 cents"

"THE QUALITY STORE."

572 QUEEN STREET

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

to get an eight day, half hour strike

Kitchen Clock For \$3.

The clock is similar to cut, is well finished and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

F. E. Blackmer Jeweler

SOME NICE NEW PERFUMES IN BULK

Fougere, Le Trefle Blanc, Peau des Pang Carnation White Rose, Violet, Heliotrope and other popular odors. at

Wiley's YORK ST.

TERRIBLE HOLAGAUST. DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

Three People Cremated and Many Injured in Hotel Fire at Cornwall, Ont.

Cornwall, Ont., March 23.—The Windsor Hotel, Water street, Cornwall, owned by Alex. Laplante, was destroyed by fire this morning, with its entire contents. Three of the guests were burned to death in their rooms and two more are in the hotel Dieu, severely injured. One of them will die.

The dead are: George Hagley of Philadelphia; John Gallen of Philadelphia; and Raymond Duquette of Winchester.

The injured are: Mr. St. Clair, a man employed on the rebuilding of the O. and N. Y. swing bridge across the Cornwall Canal, badly burned about the face and arms and hands. He may die. George Besse, a tailor of Cornwall, leg broken, back badly hurt, and hands and feet cut and burned.

The house had guests and boarders and those who escaped came out in their night clothes. Not one saved any of their wearing apparel.

The fire started somewhere on the by James Grundy, pianist, at the Wonderland theatre, formerly of Montreal, who with Mrs. Grundy were guests at the hotel. Mr. Grundy was troubled with a tooth ache, and Mrs. Grundy noticed their little dog was barking. She said that she smelled smoke, and when her husband opened the door he found the corridor full of smoke. He at once seized his wife and pushed her down stairs through the smoke to the ground floor which the fire had not reached. The fire started somewhere on the

first floor up, and as the corridors were full of smoke most of the guests were obliged to jump from the windows.

Besse jumped from a third story window, and it is a wonder he was not killed outright.

Mr. Laplante, the owner, escaped in his night clothes. He and his family were lucky enough to reach the rear stairs, escape by the main stairway being cut off.

It was not until the fire was practically extinguished about daylight, that it was known for certain that many lives had been lost.

The body of Raymond Duquette, burned beyond recognition, was found in his room on the first floor at the rear of the new building. Several other persons were reported missing for a time, but at seven o'clock all were accounted for but two young men, George Hagley and John Gallen, coopers at the Cornwall brewery, the trunks and bones of the two bodies being found in their room. They were probably suffocated.

Duquette was about 40 years old, and leaves a widow and family at Winchester.

Others injured are: A. K. McMillan, back injured; W. Rice, internally injured; J. Mooney, hands and feet cut by glass; W. Hollister, hands cut; J. H. Smith, hands cut; Mrs. King, mother of Mrs. Laplante, suffering from shock.

The loss to the building and contents is about \$25,000, insurance \$10,000. Besides this the guests lost all their personal property.

DEATH AT MONGTON.

Mrs. George C. Allen Called Away After Brief Illness.

MONCTON, March 23.—(Special)—Mrs. Allen, wife of Mr. George C. Allen, general baggage agent of the I. C. R., died at her home here at noon today, after an illness of three weeks. She was formerly Miss Robb, daughter of the late Mr. George J. Robb, at one time city treasurer of Moncton.

The husband of the deceased lady belongs to Fredericton. She is survived by her mother, two children, and three brothers.

ST. JOHN MAN DEAD.

Mr. William Nase, of P. Nase & Son, Passes Away.

ST. JOHN, March 23.—(Special)—Mr. William Nase, of P. Nase & Son, died this morning at the age of forty-two, after a short illness.

He is survived by a widow, three sons, seven brothers and two sisters.

Mr. Nase was connected all his life with the firm, and was prominent in the river trade at Indian town. He was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

FIVE WERE KILLED.

MONTREAL, March 23.—(Special)—Details of the explosion near La Tuque on Friday, are beginning to come in.

The dynamite explosion occurred at Grosse Bonnet Hill trench, which is sixty feet deep and six hundred feet long.

Six Swedes were buried, and one taken out alive. Five are dead. Only one body has been recovered. The other four cannot be got at for a week. Grosse Bonnet Hill is over a hundred miles from La Tuque.

BRUTAL CRIME.

On Tuesday evening of last week a man whose name is unknown effected an entrance to the stable of Mr. Bamford Brown, at Upper Mangerville and treated in a most shameful and brutal manner two young heifers, which he found tied up in their stalls. The details of the affair are too shocking for publication, but the evidence goes to show that a fiendish crime was committed. The animals were left in a serious condition which may result in their death. Unfortunately there is no clue to the perpetrator of the outrage, but the law will be put in motion and if he can be found he will probably receive the punishment he richly deserves.

GIBSON COTTON MILL.

Will be Shut Down Early in April to Allow Improvements to be Made.

Factory Inspector McMullin yesterday made his annual inspection of the Maysville cotton mill, and was glad to note that many improvements have been made since last year. Arrangements have recently been made to install modern sanitary arrangements such as are in vogue at the York and Cornwall cotton mill at St. John. It is likely that the plumbing work will be attended to by Mr. A. H. Farrell of this city.

The mill will be shut down early in April to allow extensive improvements to be made. It is the intention of the company to use coal for fuel in the future instead of wood. In carrying out this change five large boilers for the consumption of coal will be installed next month, and five more will be added at a later date. The boilers now in use, which are only adapted for wood, will be done away with.

THE STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, March 23.—(Special)—Many stocks opened at higher prices than last night without effect from the declines in the early London market. Other stocks were depressed a fraction. The changes were small in all cases, and dealings were only on a moderate scale.

Noon quotations were:
Amalgamated Copper, 70.
Atchison, 103.
Canadian Pacific, 168.
Erie, 25.
Great Northern, pd., 143.
Soo, 145.
Missouri Pacific, 69.
New York Central, 127.
Reading, 130.
Pennsylvania, 131.
Northern Pacific, 111.
Southern Pacific, 120.
Union Pacific, 180.
United States Steel, 142.

LUMBERMEN MEET.

A meeting of the Lumbermen and Limit Holders Association of New Brunswick is being held at the Parliament building this afternoon. A number of leading provincial lumbermen present are Messrs. Henry Hillyard, J. Fraser Gregory, St. John, T. M. Burns, Arthur McKendry, Bathurst, F. M. Anderson, Chatham, R. Connelly, Salmon River, and others.

Chief Commissioner Morrissy will have a chance to attend to departmental matters this evening, while his colleagues are spouting at the reception to be tendered them by the Conservative Club.

Opposition Speakers Making Uncomfortable for Hazen Government.

The interest in the House proceedings increases with the passing days. Although there has been but three sittings, enough has been brought out by the opposition speakers to show that the Hazen government has gone back on its own legislation, has used its power to exalt its political friends, and attempted to bring confusion and disaster to those who opposed it. A more contemptible management of public affairs has never before been charged against a government of New Brunswick than was laid at the door of Mr. Hazen by the opposition speakers. Mr. McKeown was able to expose one of the meanest attempts to deceive the legislature that has ever come to light.

On Friday in the course of his remarks on the government's purchase of school books, Mr. McKeown stated that a quarter of a million school scribbles had been purchased from W. J. Gage & Co., of Toronto, in addition to the school books. This Mr. Flemming, with a great show of indignation, denied, stating that the scribbles were purchased from the Kinleith Paper company, and not from Gage & Company. Of course Mr. Flemming's statement had to be accepted as correct at the time.

Yesterday Mr. McKeown produced evidence to show that Gage & Co., and the Kinleith Paper company were the same concern—one branch dealing in school books and the other in paper. Although Mr. McKeown applied the lash with vigor, the provincial secretary remained silent, and the other members of the government exhibited astonishment at the exposure of their colleague's duplicity.

The humiliation of the provincial secretary was quickly followed by an exposure of the methods pursued in York county in the dispensing of patronage. Mr. McKeown pointed out that a vendor of school books at Burt's Corner, appointed by Hon. Mr. McLeod, had been three times convicted of illegal liquor selling. Mr. McLeod attempted to explain that there was another vendor in the

same locality, but made no explanation as to why the sale of school books should be in such undesirable hands.

The utter uselessness of the Audit Act as a protection to the treasury of the province was shown up. Mr. Lallois gave some startling illustrations of the manner in which the government had abused their patronage power in Westmorland and Mr. Byrne made an excellent point in reply to Mr. Hatheway who claimed the government had effected a saving of \$5,000 in the handling of supplies alone, by pointing out that under the Highway Act the government took \$60,000 annually from the people more than the old government. The school book saving was a very small affair when compared with the increase taxation levied for roads.

The oratory of Mr. Sproul and the denunciation of Mr. Hatheway both fell flat and failed to convince anyone that the new government had done anything to improve conditions or to carry out their pre-election pledges or to be governed by the provisions of their own laws.

The House had its first evening session yesterday, lasting until eleven o'clock. Mr. Byrne, of Gloucester, had the floor when the debate was adjourned.

Mr. Byrne continued the debate on the address this afternoon, and will be followed by Mr. Wilson of St. John.

The committee to appoint standing committees met this morning and made changes in the committees, made necessary by the recent changes in the legislature. The changes made are: Mr. Munro, who succeeds Mr. Clarke as chairman of municipalities, to which Messrs. Copp and Taylor have been added, and Messrs. Burchill and Upham have been added to the corporations committee. Mr. Upham has been placed on the agriculture committee, and Mr. Jones takes Mr. Smith's place on the accounts committee. Mr. Burchill goes in place of Mr. Tweeddale, and Mr. Maxwell takes Mr. Clarke's place on the privileges committee.

THE FACTORY ACT.

Inspector McMullin Finds That it is Well Observed.

The report of the factory inspector which was presented by the provincial secretary in the legislature on Monday afternoon, reports that many factories have been enlarged during the year and many more have added improvements. Among the new factories mentioned are three large saw mills and the N. B. P. & P. Co., at Millerton. The majority of the factories are reported in good condition but a number will admit of improvements. In some cases a lack of cleanliness is referred to and in many of the smaller saw mills the machinery is not yet properly guarded.

The inspector has found but few cases where child labor is employed in New Brunswick factories. Where a child under the legal age was found to be at work the case was investigated. In one case it was found that the child employed was assisting a widowed mother to support six younger children. The inspector recommended an amendment to the act requiring all young persons to produce certificates of age and that they have passed the fourth or fifth standards of education before they can be given employment. He reports that there is better sanitation and a general improvement along those lines.

There have been no boiler explosions and no elevator accidents during the year. He reports thirty accidents during the year, only one of which proved fatal. In this section he says: "A very serious accident occurred not long ago, was caused by the hair of a female employe being caught in moving machinery. It is at all times very dangerous in factories for the hair to be worn loosely and I am of the opinion that a section should be added to the factory act providing that employes shall see that the hair of female employes shall be securely fastened up during working hours as a precautionary measure against accidents."

Regarding bakeshop and biscuit and candy factories the inspector says: "I am pleased to state that most of these are in excellent condition, some few are very slow to adopt anything aside from what they have always been used to, but I have fair promises for improvements the coming year."

Regarding clothing factories he says: "Many of these establishments have not enough room, and I find it also difficult to enforce the law regarding sanitary arrangements. I have hopes that there will be a marked improvement on these industries in the near future."

In conclusion he says: "I would state that although the factory act has been in force but a short time in this province I have reason to believe that the laboring classes have received much benefit thereby and as employes become more acquainted with the act the common good which must result would now appear almost unlimited."

The report of the Evangeline Home at St. John, which is under the management of the Salvation Army, was presented. The total income for the year was \$3,881, all of which was expended. The unpaid liabilities at the close of the year were \$165.60. The government grant is \$250. At the beginning of the year the home had nineteen girls and there were admitted during the year fifty-nine, of these twenty-seven obtained situations, twenty-eight went to friends, two to hospital, five were unsatisfactory, and sixteen were in the institution at the end of the year. The institution also cares for children in the home, thirteen were admitted and thirty-nine born in the institution during the year. Of these eight went to friends, one to hospital, twenty-one with the mothers, nineteen died, and nineteen were in the home at the end of the year.