

The Daily Herald.

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STANDS BY HIS FIGURES.

Census Commissioner Joins Issue on Free Baptist Statistics.

AS PUT FORWARD BY REV. DR. McLEOD.

Ottawa, Nov. 1.—Some days ago the Montreal Gazette published a statement purporting to be a report from the corresponding secretary of the Free Baptist conference of New Brunswick, Dr. J. McLeod. In the statement Dr. McLeod claimed that the census enumerators had made a gross error in the enumeration of the Free Baptists in New Brunswick. He said that whereas the reports of the churches would on a moderate estimate give the Free Baptists fully 25,000 people in the province, the census enumerators had shown only 15,000. Dr. McLeod likewise stated that he had asked the census commissioner to make an explanation of this apparent falling off, but had not been furnished with any satisfactory information. In his calculation of the Free Baptists in New Brunswick Dr. McLeod stated that from the report of 130 churches, they had found 9,601 members. Leaving out the members of 26 unreported churches, he estimated that in all the Province they should have fully 25,000 members of the Baptist church.

In connection with this matter Commissioner Blue says that when his attention was first drawn to it by Dr. McLeod he procured a revision of the old religious population of all the districts in New Brunswick, and the result was a discovery of 166 persons described as "F. C." Baptists, who had been added by the compilers to the Calvinistic Baptists, whereas they should have been counted as Free Baptists. The result of the revision is to give the Free Baptists of New Brunswick 15,668. Commissioner Blue also had correspondence with the enumerators and from information he has every reason to believe that the work of enumerating the various religious sects was carefully and methodically carried out.

There are, however, numerous branches of Baptists in New Brunswick, all of which excepting Free Baptists, were enumerated under the general head of Baptists. And, although it is possible that names were confused by the enumerators, the correspondence shows that in each case they were familiar with the names of the people and the districts in which they as enumerators were employed, that they were aware of the distinction between Free Baptists and Baptists of other names or sects, and that they aimed to make an accurate record according to the several religious denominations.

Dr. McLeod corresponded with Commissioner Blue in connection with the matter last June, and at the time was given all possible information. It was also pointed out to him that in many cases where the head of a family was enumerated as being of one religious denomination, other members of the family were found to belong to various other churches. In this connection Mr. Blue in his correspondence with Dr. McLeod gave several instances which had come under his notice. It is quite possible, therefore, that Dr. McLeod in making his report to the conference in New Brunswick, has based his calculation of the membership of the Free Baptists on the ground that each family of which the head was a member of his church would show at least two or three who were also members of the Free Baptist Church. There is little doubt that the census report of 15,668 Free Baptists in New Brunswick, formed as it was, after a careful and thorough investigation, is correct notwithstanding what has been said by Dr. McLeod. The general census of Baptists in the lower Provinces shows that there has been little growth during the past decade, and undoubtedly the Free Baptists suffered as well as the others.

NEWS OF OROMOCTO.

Interesting Budget from an Important Centre.

(Special correspondence to the Herald.)

Nov. 1.

Mr. Steeves, our popular teacher, continues to preside over the village school. The scholars appear to make good progress under his tuition.

The Mitchell boom closed operations on Thursday evening and a number of the boys are home again.

Quite a number of the young men from this vicinity have gone to the woods for the winter. The wages this year is higher than for some years.

One of our friends, a young man residing down the road, was given an unexpected run the other evening. He spent the evening with his best girl and when he started to return home discovered that his bicycle, which he left in front of the door, had been removed. While he was looking for the wheel the lady of the house noticed him prowling around the premises and thinking he was at burglar set the dog on him. The young man made a hasty run down the road and spent a couple of hours watching the men before his courage would allow him to return for the wheel.

Rev. Father Ryan of St. Mary's was in the village yesterday.

The residents of Oromocto appreciate the prompt action of the government regarding the Oromocto bridge.

Some Tory campaign literature in the shape of the St. John Sun is being received by persons here.

Howard Robinson of Marysville was in the village this week delivering enlarged pictures.

Business is rushing in the village and Messrs. R. B. Brannen and Coun. F. J. McElroy, our leading merchants, are making business boom. The popular book-keeper and junior member of the latter firm still continues to greet the public and all he wants is to secure a wife. Hurry up, F. T. D.

They Father Consumption

Bad coughs, colds and catarrh are responsible for more consumption than is traceable even to heredity. Catarrh cures more quickly than ordinary remedies because it is the only antiseptic yet discovered that is volatile enough to reach the root of the trouble in remote parts of the lungs and bronchial tubes, and impregnate every particle of the air breathed with its healing, germ-killing vapor. Colds can't last ten minutes, or coughs more than thirty minutes when Catarrh is inhaled. It clears nose, throat and air passages at once, stops drooping, headache and eradicates catarrh from any part of the system. Two months treatment, \$1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are Mild.

IMMIGRANTS FOR CANADA.

London, Nov. 1. 31.—The High Commissioner is receiving practical support from colonels of various British regimental districts, where South African reservists have been discharged, in his efforts to induce those who have been unable to obtain employment here to settle in Canada on the land. There is every indication that large numbers will proceed to Canada in the spring. The Elder-Dempster Line has promised reduced passages.

The High Commissioner has also organized a series of Canadian lectures up and down Great Britain this winter, illustrated by picture slides. A surprisingly large number of applications have been received from schools, institutes and clubs eager to know more about Canada.

RUSIAGORNISH

(Special Correspondence to the Herald.)

Nov. 1.—The weather has been quite disagreeable and wet of late, in consequence of which the roads are very muddy.

Miss Moore of Beaver Dam, is spending a few days with friends here.

Miss Eliza Owens is visiting at Three Tree Creek.

A political meeting in the interests of the local opposition was held in the school house on Saturday evening last. J. D. Hazen and Parker Glazier, M.P.P., addressed the audience. The majority of those present were Liberals.

Mr. Drummond of Victoria Settlement is at present putting a stone wall under the tenement house of P. Owens.

Ladlow Hudson, shot a fine deer one day last week.

Mr. Boone of Geary, is to spend the winter with Mrs. R. Noble.

Mr. Porter optician of St. John, has taken his departure for the lumber woods.

Tramps are causing our inhabitants

considerable trouble at present by making midnight calls at their doors.

A RECIPROCITY SPEECH.

Chelsea, Mass., Oct. 31.—The Republicans had a big rally in the Academy of Music to-night, at which the principal speech was made by Hon. Wm. Moody, Secretary of the Navy. Secretary Moody devoted his attention largely to the discussion of a reciprocity treaty with Canada, which, he said he strongly advocated, provided it could be made in the interests of the United States. He quoted from a speech made by Mr. Charlton, a member of the Canadian Parliament, in which that gentleman showed that since 1836, when the Elgin treaty came to an end, Canada had suffered from the change, while this country profited greatly, inasmuch as in Canada under existing tariffs the United States had found a vastly increased market for manufactured products. "The balance of trade," he said, "is constantly in our favor, and it would seem as if we had no reasonable ground of complaint. If, however," he added, "there is any way in which we can justly increase our trade with Canada it is the part of statesmanship to do it."

"A just and well-considered reciprocal treaty," he concluded, "will find men and statesmanship to do it."

The Critical Time of Life

Is between the years of fifty-seven and sixty-two. Nature's power slows down, vitality becomes less and the progress of decay sets in. A means of extending old age and renewing decreasing vigor is to take Ferrozone after meals. Ferrozone keeps up the appetite, and in the formation of red, vitalizing blood, imparts clearness to the tiring brain, force, energy and spirits just when they are needed most. To take Ferrozone regularly means adding from ten to twenty years to life. Large boxes 50c., or 6 boxes for \$2.50, at Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are Certain.

Reciprocity for Newfoundland.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 1.—Premier Bond has returned here from Washington. In an interview today the premier said he had succeeded in negotiating a convention with the Washington authorities; that on Oct. 18 the British foreign office instructed Ambassador Herbert to sign this convention and that he then started for home, his work in Washington being completed.

Continuing, the premier said that he submitted the terms of this treaty to his colleagues in the cabinet here yesterday and that they regard it as eminently satisfactory. Premier Bond added that the terms of the treaty would be published as soon as possible.

The girl is the mother of the woman just as "the boy is the father of the man." The period when the womanly functions begin is one to be carefully watched and considered. Irregularity or derangement at this time may be promptly met and cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. But neglected at this critical period may entail years of future suffering. "Favorite Prescription" acts directly upon the womanly organs giving them perfect vigor and abundant vitality. It removes the obstructions to health and happiness, and delivers womanhood from the cruel bondage of "female weakness."

You pay the postage. Dr. Pierce gives you the book. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, 700 illustrations is sent free on receipt of stamps to defray cost of mailing and customs. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the paper bound book, or 50 stamps for cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Anxious Mother—"I don't know what to do with Johnny. He is always getting his playmates into trouble, and then running away, leaving them to fight it out." Bachelor Brother—"Just let him alone, sister. That boy will doubtless become a great statesman some day."

"I think," said the business man, "I'll go home to lunch to-day. A new cook arrived at our house just after breakfast and she has the reputation of being a good one." "Why not wait for your usual 5 o'clock dinner?" "She may be gone by that time."

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

MEMORIES OF PAUL KRUGER.

The London Times Publishes Some Extracts.

COLONIAL SECRETARY CHAMBERLAIN IS DECLARED

To Have Been an Accomplice of Cecil Rhodes.

London, Oct. 30.—It is understood that the "Kruger Memoirs," of which a first instalment of extracts has already been published in the Times, give a narrative of the ex-President's career, but do not go deeply into political aspects, or advise the Boers as to the best policy to be pursued after Mr. Kruger's death. A striking feature of the memoirs is a revelation of the jealousies which existed before the war between inhabitants of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State and Cape Colony Boers, who prevented anything like a satisfactory mutual undertaking. Mr. Kruger takes pains to prove that he did his utmost to smooth matters over and prevent the war, but the Boers' inborn antipathy to foreign interference proved to be too strong for him.

Mr. Kruger closes his memoirs with these words: "I am convinced that God will not forsake His people, even although it often appears so, and I acquiesce in the will of the Lord, knowing He will not allow an afflicted people to perish. The Lord hath all hearts in His hand and He turneth them whithersoever He will." This aspiration is a clue to the contents of the whole book, which is less a source of historical information throwing new or striking light upon the events dealt with than a "human document" of psychological value, revealing the personal traits of the ex-President. The memoirs are but a sketchy summary of past events, with Mr. Kruger's personal comments thereon.

Mr. Kruger describes "the Jesuitical" Cecil Rhodes as the "curse of South Africa." He says: "No matter how base or contemptible, be it lying, bribery, treachery, all and every means were welcome to him."

Lord Milner he describes as a "typical judge, autocratic beyond endurance."

Mr. Kruger declares that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain was undoubtedly the late Cecil Rhodes' accomplice in the Jameson raid, and that Mr. Chamberlain appointed Lord Milner British High Commissioner of South Africa with the direct intention of driving matters to extremes. "This tool of Mr. Chamberlain," says Mr. Kruger, "carried out his mission faithfully and turned South Africa into a wilderness."

British policy in general the former President of the Transvaal sums up in the following sentence: "Lies, treachery, intrigues and secret investigations against the Governments of the republics, these have always been the distinguishing marks of English politics."

He—Darling. I haven't a penny that I can call my own; but father is worth a million, and she—Is your mother living? He—No. She—Oh you dear boy then introduce me to your father.

Valuable Advice to Mothers

If your child comes in from play coughing or showing evidences of an approaching attack of Grippe, Sore Throat, or sickness of any kind, first thing get out your bottle of Nerviline. Rub the chest and neck with Nerviline, and give internal doses of ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water every two hours. This will prevent any serious trouble. No liniment or pain reliever equals Polson's Nerviline, which is a necessity in every household. Large bottles cost only 25c.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

London, Oct. 31.—The British Pacific cable has been completed, and was officially opened today. The event is regarded as of the highest importance, as the completion of the cable brings into being for the first time a British telegraphic girdle around the globe. The cable is 7,900 miles in length, and it has been laid in three sections. The southern section joins Brisbane and Norfolk Island, the northern section extends from Vancouver Island to Fanning Island, and the central

section, which was completed yesterday, united Fanning Island to Norfolk Island. The Vancouver-Fanning portion is the longest cable without a break in the world.

FREDERICTON POST OFFICE

Arrival and Departure of Mails Schedule Now in Force.

Mails close at the Fredericton post office beginning Oct. 13 as follows:

6.00 a. m.—St. John, United States; St. Stephen, and Charlotte, Carleton, Victoria, Madawaska counties, Fredericton Jct., Waas's Station, Rasiagornis Station.
7.00 a. m.—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, Mouth of Keswick, Upper Keswick, Millville, Woodstock, and 8.15 a. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
7.30 a. m.—Down river mails—Oromocto, Sheffield, Gagetown, etc.
9.15 a. m.—St. John and C. P. R. stations east—Nova Scotia, P. E. Island.
3.30 p. m.—C. E. Station—Chatham, Newcastle and I. C. R. points north, Quebec city and province.
5.15 p. m.—St. John, United States, Nova Scotia, P. E. I., Woodstock, St. Stephen, Moncton, etc., Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and N. W. provinces.

Arrivals.

9.15 a. m.—St. John, Nova Scotia, P. E. I., etc.
11.40 a. m.—United States, St. Stephen, etc.; Montreal, Ottawa and N. W. Provinces.
2.20 p. m.—Canada Eastern Mails, North Shore and Quebec.
4.30 p. m.—Down river mails.
8.10 p. m.—St. John, Nova Scotia, P. E. I., etc.
6.10 p. m.—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, Mouth of Keswick, etc., Woodstock; 8.00 p. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
2.00 p. m. and 10.30 p. m.—City boxes served.

He put his arm around her waist, And the colour left her cheek; But upon the shoulder of his coat It showed up for a week.

Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor

Is the only remedy of standing that is guaranteed to cure corns and warts without pain. Insist on having only "Putnam's"; it's the best.

Candidate—"Good morning, Mr. Hayrix. I am a candidate for the Legislature and would like to have your support." Hayrix—"What's the matter? Has your wife got tired of supportin' yew?"

Employment agent—I have a cook that will just suit you. She is a young widow, and is very fond of children. Mrs. Richleigh—But we have no children. Employment agent—Oh, that'll be all right, ma'am. She has six of her own.—Chicago News.

CARRIES THE STRAIN

Quite a strain on a child to grow. You find it about all you can do to live along as you are and keep well. Your child has to do all that and grow besides. Some children can't stand the extra strain. They get weak and sickly as a result of it.

This is where Scott's Emulsion does some of its best work. It is a strong "growing" medicine. It starts up new life in the backward child and strengthens the weak ones.

Scott's Emulsion takes all the extra strain and carries the children along until they are strong enough to stand it alone.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.