

The Daily Herald.

VOL. VII.

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1902.

NO. 13132

Attorney General Concludes

His Eloquent and Effective Defence of the Government,

WHICH HAS EXERCISED JUDICIOUS ECONOMY IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

In the legislature Tuesday evening Hon. Dr. Pugsley resumed his address on the budget.

The Hon. Attorney General said: When I was closing my speech last evening I charged the leader of the opposition with having in his speech in Kings stopped at the year 1900 when giving out his statement of the expenditures of the Government. I am unable to acquit him of having done so deliberately, for he had then in his possession the statement contained in the Royal Gazette of the 25th. December showing a most material reduction in the legislative expenses for 1901 as compared with 1900, which were swelled by the great length of the session owing to the bridge charges. If there is any one thing for which an opposition leader ought to be condemned it is for giving false information, because it is the nature of people to believe what a public man states. He must have been aware that a statement such as he made showing an increase of about \$90,000 in the legislative expenses in a few years was calculated to startle the people. He has not the excuse of having made this speech in the heat of political discussion, for it was carefully prepared beforehand, so that it appeared in the Sun in full on Monday, having been delivered on Saturday. Why did he refrain from telling the electors the truth that this increased expenditure was due to the bridge investigation. He was also guilty at least of negligence in the manifesto when he sought to make a comparison of the revenue of the province from 1867 to 1883 under the old Government with the revenue from 1883 to 1901 under the new government. He stated that this government had on an average \$158,000 a year more revenue than the governments prior in 1883. But he left out of account \$63,000 a year for the first ten years after confederation, making in all \$630,000, an allowance which ceased in 1877. I am glad to see that he has since admitted that he was mistaken, and I am sure he must feel that he owes an apology to the electors of Kings for misleading them. In addition to that I am told by the permanent official who has charge of the revenue that by reason of his comparing 15 years with 18 years his figures were about \$400,000 out of the way, making about \$1,000,000 in all. But what is the use of going back as he is doing, and as other members of the opposition have done, for 20 or 30 years. Surely the people have passed on governments since that time. We have had elections and the people at the polls have endorsed the policy of the government. There is no use for us to spend our time over dead issues; we should rather see what the government is doing now. Let us take up the year 1896, the last year of Mr. Blair's government, and show how much larger the appropriations of today are in some lines than they were then. I do not reflect on Mr. Blair for he was doing as much as he could with the means at his disposal, just as we are doing now with the means at our disposal. Take the item for agriculture. The expenditure for that in 1896 was \$21,889, while last year it was \$35,691 an increase of about \$14,000. Surely that speaks well for the government's attention to the agricultural interests. This increase of course includes the salaries of the officials who are now doing the work of the agricultural department. Then take the item of education, in 1896 the expenditure was \$191,648 last year it was \$200,681. The expenditure on lunatic asylum an institution of which we are all proud was \$41,872, in 1896 and last year \$61,543. In these three items alone there is an increase of \$45,000 in our expenditures over 1896. Now when an opposition leader is seeking to oust a government I think that these are facts and figures that ought to be brought to the attention of the people. I would next direct your attention to some figures with regard to

contingencies. Here again he has compared 1895 a year of small expenditures with last year. In 1895 there were only 41 members in the House but that year five more were added, increasing the indemnity by \$1,500 besides mileage. Still I am willing to compare 1895 with last year. Taking all the expenses of the executive council, travelling expenses, salaries of clerks, I find that while there is an increase of \$6,823, in certain lines there is a decrease of \$3,700 in certain other lines, making the net increase about \$3,000. In that increase there are additional salaries to certain clerks besides three or four additional clerks. Will any man say that the clerks in our public department are overpaid. Our Deputy Receiver General who has been in the service for more than 30 years and has performed his duties with the greatest satisfaction, last year received \$1783. That is but a small salary for a man holding his responsible position to receive, less than that paid to a first class clerk at Ottawa. The same remark is true with regard to the deputy provincial secretary and the secretary of the public works department. The latter who is a very hard worked official only gets \$1,600 a year, a beggarly salary considering his duties and responsibilities. The engineer of the public works department has had his salary increased from \$1,500 to \$2,000, which is certainly not too much for an officer who is charged with such responsibilities. These increases account for the increases of expenditure. The reductions are in travelling expenses, stenographers, the salaries of the solicitor general, the accountant of the surveyor general's department and the assistant engineer of the public works department, making a saving of \$8,743. With regard to the expenses of legislation the total for last year was \$21,206, but this includes a sum of \$1,326, which properly belongs to the year 1900, being the balance of the cost of the steel bridge investigation. The net legislative expenses last year were less than \$20,000, while in 1895 they were \$20,741. Yet in the meantime five new members had been added to the legislature. Again the increased cost of executive government between 1895 and 1901 has been referred to. This increase has been almost entirely made up of the increased cost of the department of agriculture. No doubt when the leader of the opposition made this statement many persons thought that we had been guilty of great extravagance, but we were spending this money for the benefit of the farmer. Then he has sought to create an alarm in regard to the increase of the bonded debt. Yet neither he nor the member for Carleton has been able to place their finger on one item of the total which they will say should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt \$150,000 was for the Woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended? Another large sum is for steel bridges in various parts of the country. Are there any of these bridges which we should not have built? Will he say that these bridges were unnecessary? People will take no stock in these charges, unless the opposition can point out that the money was improperly spent. Then let us look at the items which made up the bonded indebtedness of the Province. A great part of this is due to the railway subsidy act of 1882, which was passed under the old government and before Mr. Blair came into power. The railway subsidies under this act were 12 in number and the subsidies paid were as follows:

New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island railway.....	\$105,000
Harvey Branch.....	9,000
Caracquet railway.....	180,000
Canada Eastern.....	324,000
St. Louis, Richibucto and Buctouche.....	21,000

Elgin, Petitcodiac and Havelock	37,000
Moncton and Buctouche.....	95,000
Albert Southern.....	48,500
Central.....	147,000
Temiscouata.....	60,000
St. John Bridge railway.....	5,500
St. Stephen and Milltown.....	12,000

Prior to that the old government had created bonded indebtedness for the following objects:

Carleton branch railway.....	\$15,000
Chatham branch.....	56,000
Petitcodiac and Elgin.....	70,000
Andover branch.....	51,000
Meduxnikik bridge.....	10,000
Grand southern railway.....	413,000
Kent northern.....	135,200
St. John suspension bridge.....	65,000
Woodstock bridge.....	25,000

[CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.]

When a horse picks up a nail in his foot what does the driver do? Does he whip the limping, lagging animal and force him along? Not unless he wants to ruin the horse. At the first sign of lameness he jumps down, examines the foot and carefully removes the cause of the lameness. What is called "weak stomach" is like the lameness of the horse, only to be cured by removing the cause of the trouble. If you stimulate the stomach with "whisky medicines" you keep it going, but every day the condition is growing worse. A few doses sometimes of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will put the disordered stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition in perfect condition. Ninety-eight times in every hundred "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure the worst ailments originating in diseases of the stomach. It always helps. It almost always cures. To cure constipation use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're sure.

Mr Marconi has selected the site at Table Head, Glace Bay, for his new wireless telegraph station. Work on the building began Monday.

PASSED 15 WORMS. I gave Dr. Low's Worm Syrup to my little girl two and one-half years old; the result was that she passed fifteen round worms in five days. Mrs. B. Roy, Kilmanagh, Ont.

The Allan Liner Parisian, at Halifax from Liverpool, brought over 400 English and Irish farm laborers to settle in the west.

If you take a Laxa-Liver Pill at night before retiring, it will work while you sleep without a gripe or pain, curing biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia and sick headache.

His Majesty's Theatre at Sydney, N. S. W., was damaged by fire. The properties and scenery of "Ben Hur," valued at \$14,000, were destroyed.

During the hot summer season the blood gets over heated, the drain on the system is severe and the appetite is often lost. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies and invigorates the blood, tones up the system, and restores lost appetite.

C. R. Hosmer and F. W. Thompson have purchased the business of the W. W. Ogilvie Milling Company, the price being between three and four million dollars.

THE SIGNS CHANGE

Pale face, disordered digestion, these are the signs of thin blood. School girls are the most frequent sufferers from thin blood.

Scott's Emulsion is just what they need. It is blood food.

You can easily tell whether Scott's Emulsion is doing the girl good. The signs begin to change. Pale face gets some good color; appetite improves; mind brightens; temper becomes happy; digestion strong; habits regular.

Scott's Emulsion can do all these things for your pale-faced girl if you will give it a fair chance. The disease sometimes takes weeks to cure. But regular doses of Scott's Emulsion give steady improvement.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS

An Interesting Budget of News

FROM DIFFERENT LOCALITIES.

THREE TREE CREEK.

(Special Correspondence to the Herald.)
March 22.—The weather has been very stormy and in consequence the daily stage is laid up until the first of April. S. McLean passed through this place a few days since en-route for Fredericton Junction.

Alex Bagley of St. Stephen who has been spending a few days with friends and relatives in this place, has returned home.

John Boone returned home from the Maine lumber woods on Thursday last.

Mrs Duncan Parsons of Hoyt Station is spending a few days with her mother Mrs Bell.

John Mott, Charles Mott, James McKellips, James McQuestion, of Three Tree Creek, and Sir John Simpson, of Diamond Square and Samuel Mercereau of Fredericton Junction, are establishing a bank for business purposes at Fredericton Junction.

Patrick Boone, son of John Boone, had the misfortune to cut his foot very badly, while engaged in the occupation of making a boat.

Albert and Frederick Mercereau made a visit to Fredericton on Saturday, the 22nd.

Oliver Turner also made a visit to the Celestial last week.

John Turner has purchased the Isaac Dewitt farm.

Mrs Wm. McQuestion entertained the aged ladies to a quilting on Thursday the 13th.

Sam Alexander of Fredericton Junction made a flying trip to this place on Saturday.

Elford Mott intends to visit Hampstead in the near future.

P. Mott visited F'ron Junction on Friday last.

John Turner was the guest of Reuben Bagley on Tuesday last.

PETERSVILLE.

(Special correspondence to the Herald.)
March 21.—The recent rain storm, which has continued since Monday last, cleared the earth of its slight coat of snow, and at the same time raised the brooks and streams to a destructive height. Some of our prominent lumbermen, who had their logs landed along the banks of the Nerepis river, have had them washed away, it is feared to mid-ocean. Many bridges have been swept away and numerous washouts have rendered the roads almost impassable.

Mrs. Joseph Kelly has been ill for some time with inflammation of the lungs but we are happy to say she is now convalescent, under the services of Dr. McDonald and the kind attendance of her niece, Miss Maggie Barry.

A few more of our young men have arrived from the bush. Among recent arrivals are Dan and Terry McGuire, Tom Dawson and Charlie McAloon. More ladies than his mother will be pleased to hear of Charlie's safe return.

Tom Castello, of Enniskillen, is visiting relatives and friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew McCarty are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young son.

Weary Brain Workers.

Fagged out, ideas come as slowly as molasses. You think of things just a minute or two too late. Snap's gone! The buoyancy that makes work a pleasure—that's gone too. The doctor would tell you that you are run down, not eating enough, nor digesting enough. Your stomach needs aid, your digestion needs a bracer too. Your blood requires Phosphorus and Iron that it may be formed readily. Now Ferrozone is a wonderful nerve bracer and blood maker. It's food for the blood and nerves, it will make you strong quickly and permanently. Sold by C. A. Borchill. Price, 50c.

Miss Mary E. Jackson, a Brockville nurse, took poison in mistake for medicine, with fatal results.

Catarrhal Poisons and Their Remedy. The poisonous secretion from Catarrh are dangerous because they affect the stomach and bowels, giving rise to an unhealthy conditions of these organs.

Catarrh is the source of much ill health and was considered practically incurable until it was demonstrated to the satisfaction of the medical profession that all the use of Catarrhzone any case of nasal or throat trouble can be permanently and quickly cured. Catarrhzone by its unusual merit has enlisted the support and endorsement of the most prominent medical authorities, who freely state that any one giving it a trial is sure to receive permanent benefit. Sold for \$1. Small size 25c. At Druggists or Polson and Co., Kingston, Ont.

Charles Jolly, residing on the mountain brow near Hamilton, fired a gun at a party of young men who were annoying him by their noise. Two of the young men were wounded, one in the face.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains.

They arise from the formation of gas owing to improper digestion. A very prompt and efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. It relieves the distension instantly, and by its stimulating action on the stomach, aids digestion. Nerviline cures dyspeptic pains by removing the cause. Nerviline is also highly recommended for cramps, colic, summer complaint and inflammation. Sold in large 25c. bottles everywhere.

The Democratic members of the House at Washington, at a caucus held Thursday night, unanimously adopted resolutions declaring that Congress should express the sympathy of the American people for the struggling Boer republics, and pledging themselves to use their utmost endeavors to "force" the committees to report resolutions expressive of such sympathy in order that Congress might have an opportunity to act.

Ordinary Corn Cures are Dangerous.

Because they contain acids, but Putnam's Corn Extractor is entirely vegetable in composition. It is perfectly painless, safe, and sure to cure.

Nobby Clothing.

Lucy & Co. ordered last fall from the leading manufacturers of Canada a large and well selected stock of clothing comprising suits, spring over coats, pants, vests, &c. These goods have just arrived and take them all in all are one of the best lots of ready made clothing ever received in Fredericton. Nothing but the best material was used and the workmanship is of the very best description. These goods now open for inspection and persons requiring either a business or dress suit would do well to examine them. The stock comprises men's, boys' and children's.—d.

A BOY'S LIFE SAVED!

A Grateful Mother Writes About The Rescue of Her Child.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Triumphed After A Physician's Failure.

Mr. G. Stone, of Eganville, Ont., grateful for the rescue of her little boy from death, writes as follows:

"I think it my duty to inform you of what Paine's Celery Compound has done for my little boy. He became very ill, and had the attendance of our physician, but no good results were apparent. The dangerous turns to which my boy was subject became more frequent and always worse in winter. He would become pale as death, feet and hands icy cold, and vomiting always followed. He seemed to be powerless, and for days could not lift his head from the pillow. After trying various kinds of medicine we decided to get Paine's Celery Compound for him. One bottle made him well, and since that time he has not been ill. I have every reason to believe he is permanently cured."

In face of such testimony, who can deny the fact that Paine's Celery Compound saves life? Hundreds of such letters as Mrs. Stone's are on file for the inspection of doubters.

When your children are nervous, fretful, despondent, sleepless, weak, run-down, have loss of appetite, slow circulation of blood and decreasing in weight, give them Paine's Celery Compound for a week or two, and note well the cheering results in returning health and vigor. We strongly urge the immediate use of the great medicine for all sickly and weak boys and girls.