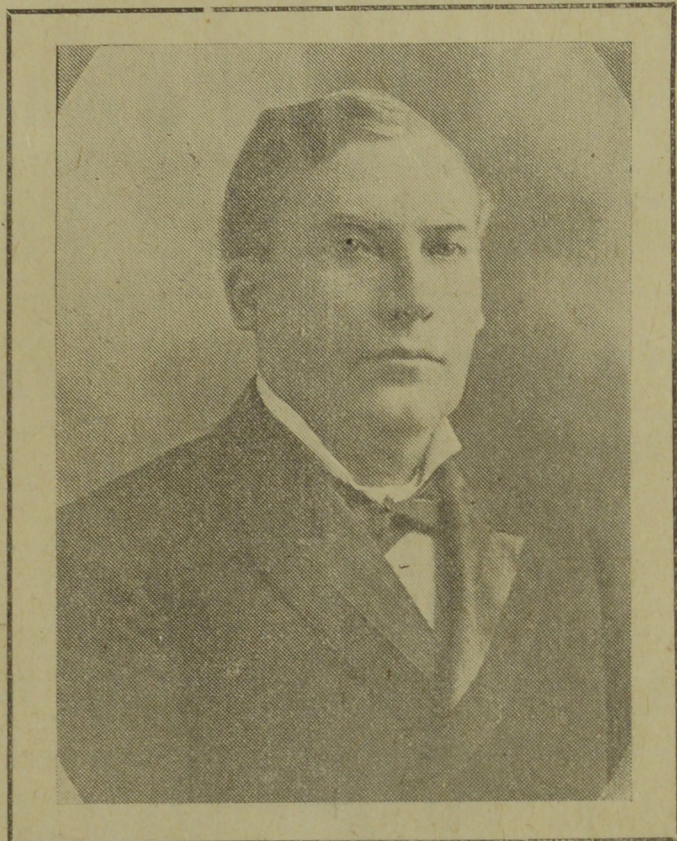


Premier's Eloquent Speech.

A Full and Convincing Reply to the Opposition Leader's Criticisms.



HON. L. J. TWEEDIE,

Premier and Provincial Secretary of New Brunswick.

Hon. L. J. Tweedie premier and provincial secretary resumed the debate on the address in the legislature Monday afternoon:

He said that both sides of the House would agree with him that the mover and seconder of the address should be congratulated for the able manner in which they had performed that duty. The country might also be congratulated on two such able members being returned to the Legislature. While glad to see Dr. Ruddick in his place he regretted greatly the death of Mr. McLeod, his predecessor, who had always been looked upon as one of the reliable men of the House, always ready to give his attention to the business before it. He desired in the name of the House to extend its sympathy to his family. It was also a subject of congratulation that no matter what vicissitudes may befall the opposition leader he still presents the same solid front and his party still remains intact. He gave him much credit for not inflicting his two price bridge speech on the House which had served its time at several sessions. He had made a speech however at Kingston the other day on the finances of the province which was full of inaccuracies and to which he would refer more particularly on a future occasion. He also congratulated the leader of the opposition and also the Government and the House that he had carefully avoided some of the most material parts of the speech. His first criticism was that no reference had been made in it to the retirement of Lieutenant Governor McClellan, but if he will refer to the journals he will find that it has not been customary to refer to the retirement of an outgoing Governor. If a Governor died it was different and references were made to the death of Governor Fraser and of Governor Boyd in the speeches from the throne. He agreed with every word that had been said in praise of Governor McClellan. He had been brought into contact with him more than any one else during the last two or three years and he would say that as a constitutional Governor no man exceeded him. He had the esteem and respect not only of the members of the cabinet but of the people of the entire province. The next reference was to the visit of their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York. It would not have been like the leader of the opposition or the policy of his predecessor if he had not something to say derogatory to New Brunswick. It was singular that out of all the incidents of the visit, the one he thought the most worthy of notice was the little disturbance that occurred on the barracks square at St. John. The recep-

tion of the Royal party in New Brunswick was not exceeded by any province in the Dominion of Canada and the government was prepared to take the responsibility for the expenditure of every dollar that it cost. It was said that the reception in New Brunswick cost more than that of Nova Scotia, but there the conditions were entirely different. At Halifax they had the whole of the British North American squadron to assist in the reception and they had plenty of suitable buildings. In St. John they had nothing, not even a building. They could not at that late season run the risk of a stormy day so they had to fit up the exhibition building for the purposes of the reception. The government went into the whole matter carefully as business men and they did not spend a dollar foolishly. We had a meeting at which we selected Mr. George Robertson to act as secretary. Will any one say he is a reckless or extravagant man? It is well known that he is a man of extraordinary capacity who has been three or four times mayor of St. John. He took charge of the details of the visit. We asked for tenders for everything and kept down the expense. The leader of the opposition says we spent too much but he does not know how much we spent or what it was for. Will he say that we should not have fitted up the exhibition building? Will he say that we should not have prepared the house in St. John for the residence of the Prince and his suite. We were notified by the Governor General and indeed commanded to prepare house accommodation for the Royal party and he was happy to say that both the Prince and Princess congratulated the province through him on this manner in which they were entertained. As to the little confusion on the barracks square this was caused by the delay of the train which made the people who had been waiting for hours impatient. The arrangements there where wholly under the control of the military and the government was in no way responsible for the confusion that ensued. He told the Prince at the time that this confusion was caused by the loyalty of the people who were determined to see him and the Princess. There were similar episodes in other parts of the Dominion, in Toronto and elsewhere but they had not been made the subjects of attacks on the government as was the case here. The reception given to the Royal party in New Brunswick was in the highest degree creditable and he was glad to see that it received a tribute of praise from the newspaper correspondents who were with the Royal party. In this connection he would refer to the cost of the reception to the Prince of Wales when

visited the province in 1860. The province was then not nearly as populous as it is at present and the Prince travelled as a bachelor and with a much smaller suite than that of the Royal party last year. Yet the cost to the province on that occasion was \$7,905, 8s. 7d. or almost \$40,000. If the Province of New Brunswick has not to pay for the militia, an expense which we think, ought to fall on the Dominion, the total expenditure of New Brunswick for the Royal visit will not amount to \$20,000. The accounts will be produced and we invite your fullest criticism. He regretted to find that the leader of the opposition had referred to a small matter that occurred in St. John. He was driven to deal in small matters by reason of his failure to have any charges of weight against the government. He (Tweedie) would explain this affair and leave it to the House whether he had acted in an arrogant manner or not.

At a meeting of a committee appointed by the executive and a committee of the Mayor and common council of St. John, it was agreed that the Lieutenant-Governor and council would receive the Royal party at the railway station. There was no other arrangement made that he was aware of, and he did not know that Messrs. Robertson, Ritchie and Armstrong had been appointed a committee to go to the station until they presented themselves in front of the Royal Hotel where the Governor was seated in his carriage. The Governor said to him (Tweedie) that this committee wanted to know what place had been assigned to them in the procession. He replied there was no place that he knew of, and informed the committee that the arrangement was for the city reception to take place at the exhibition building and for the governor to receive their Royal Highnesses at the station and that this arrangement could not be altered. The committee then appealed to the Governor, who said he must be guided by the Premier. Mr. Robertson refused to accept this statement and said the committee would go to the station, whereupon he (Tweedie) remarked that he could not prevent the committee going to the station, but that the arrangement entered into would have to be carried out. In view of this fact he felt compelled to say that the committee went to the station for the purpose of being insulted, but they were not insulted, they were simply ignored. While he regretted the action of the committee he felt it was in the interest of the whole province that the arrangement, whether wise or not, should be carried out. The delegates from all parts of the province had been sent to the exhibition building, and it would have been unfair to them had the arrangement been broken and the St. John committee allowed to take part in the reception at the railway station.

(Continued on third page.)

Ninety-eight Per. Cent.

There is a fascination about big profits to a business man. But the conservative and cautious trader prefers to have the lesser per cent. of interest and the larger per cent. of safety in his investments. There is no business man who would not consider a sound proposition to invest in an enterprise in which absolute loss was impossible and which offered ninety-eight chances in a hundred of a rich profit. The statistics of cures effected by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery show that ninety-eight per cent. of cases of "weak lungs" can be absolutely cured. Almost if not all forms of physical weakness can be traced to starvation. Starvation saps the strength. The body is just as much starved when the stomach cannot extract nutrition from the food it receives as when there is no food. "Weak lungs," bronchial affections, obstinate coughs, calls for nourishment. "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies that nourishment in its most condensed and assimilable form. It makes "weak lungs" strong, by strengthening the stomach and organs of digestion which digest and distribute the food, and by increasing the supply of pure blood.

Hon. Alfred Lyttleton is likely to succeed Lord Pauncefoot as British Ambassador at Washington.

If King Edward had heard of the approaching Ontario referendum he would never have risked his popularity by brewing beer during his visit to Lord Barton.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure Anaemia, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Palpitation, Throbbing, Faint Spells, Dizziness, or any condition arising from Impoverished Blood, Disordered Nerves or Weak Heart.

SPRINGTIME AND ITS ENJOYMENT DEPEND UPON YOUR CONDITION OF HEALTH.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Will Remove Your Burden of Disease and Suffering and Make Life Worth Living.

In springtime thousands resort to some remedy to purify the blood and to arouse its circulation with the view of banishing diseases common at this season.

Those whose intelligence directs them to make use of Paine's Celery Compound, know just what to expect in results when the great medicine is used. They are aware of the fact that their relatives, friends and neighbors have used Paine's Celery Compound in the past, and that it has, in every case, proved the ideal invigorator for the rundown, weak and suffering; it has cleansed the blood and caused the life stream to course with vigor and health to every part of the body; it has braced the nerves; it has banished the agonies of rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia, and has triumphed over deadly kidney disease and liver troubles.

In the past, Paine's Celery Compound as a spring medicine has saved thousands of precious lives; today, its work is greater, more widespread and more commanding than ever before, because people know it better and use it more freely. Headaches, sideaches, backaches, heart troubles, sleeplessness, cold chills, night sweats and fevers are quickly banished when Paine's Celery Compound is faithfully used. No other spring medicine keeps the confidence of so many earnest men and women. Paine's Celery Compound has compelled the admiration of the medical world, and will hold its high position as the surest, best and most effective health-giver. One of two bottles used at this time will work wonders for all who are weak, rundown, nervous and out-of sorts.

There is quite a mild sensation in St. John county municipal circles over disclosures of the county auditor. He has unearthed the fact that in Lancaster, one of the parishes of the county, many persons are years in arrears and that the assessors have been favoring them. Some of those who were allowed to escape payment of their taxes were persons receiving considerable sums year by year from the municipality. Others are wealthy and well able to pay their annual contributions. It is whispered that prominent officials of the asylum, which is situated in this parish, escaped because of road work done by some of the lunatics. The disclosures have resulted in a vigorous demand for payment of the back taxes and already more than \$8,000 has been gathered in, and the amount grows daily. The auditor is still at his work and further revelations are expected.

MALT BREAKFAST FOOD

Is Invaluable for Invalids and Convalescents.

Not only is Malt Breakfast Food of great value as a food for invalids and convalescents, when prepared as a porridge, but it makes the most nutritious and appetizing gruel and drinks.

MALT BREAKFAST FOOD GRUEL.

Take one cup of Malt Breakfast Food and stir into four cups of boiling water. Cook for one half hour, then strain. Add salt to taste. Milk or cream can be added when desired. This gruel makes a very valuable food for invalids, convalescents and young children. The weakest stomach will tolerate it and it is very nutritious.

A DRINK FOR INVALIDS.

A very excellent and nourishing drink can be made in the same manner as the gruel, but take twice the quantity of water. A few drops of lemon juice will add a refreshing taste that will often be appreciated. Ask your Grocer for Malt Breakfast Food.

A Berlin correspondent of the London Daily Graphic writes: "There have been many falls of snow in Prussia this winter, and sleighing has been very popular. The latest novelty is the automobile sleigh, which is similar in construction to the motor cars in use for passenger transport, save that the wheels have been done

away and the vehicle placed on runners, while the motor is connected with what looks like a paddle-wheel of a steamboat in miniature. The wheel, which is constructed entirely of steel, catches in the frozen snow, and so drives the sleigh forward. These motor sledges travel at twice the speed of a sledge drawn by horses, and so a new and exciting pastime is provided."

All police chiefs along the railroad between Philadelphia and the Canadian border were required (Friday) by Captain of Detectives Miller to recapture Frank A. Magown, the former Mayor of Trenton, N. J., who managed to obtain his release at Trenton Thursday and escaped after he had been arrested and held to await requisition papers from Trenton. Captain Miller believes an injustice was done to Philadelphia and the state when Magown was allowed his liberty. If Magown reaches this side of the border he is safe, as the Dominion authorities have refused to send him back on the charges made against him.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil is good for man or beast. Relieves pain, reduces swelling, allays inflammation, cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, stiff joints, etc.

Two announcements in the same column of the London newspapers Thursday are causing comment. One reads:—"The marriage arranged between Mr. George Charles Montagu, M. P., and Miss Casteance will not occur." The second says:—"Lord Alfred Douglas was married to Miss Olive Casteance on Tuesday at St. George's Church, Hanover Square. The marriage was extremely quiet. Lady Edith Fox-Pitt, daughter of the late Marquis of Queensbury, and sister of the bridegroom, witnessed the ceremony."

There is no form of kidney trouble from a backache down to Bright's disease, that DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS will not relieve or cure.

The exhibition of the sword presented to General Washington by Frederick the Great at the Executive Chamber, Boston, was attended by a peculiar incident. When the will of General Washington was read after his death it was found that he had willed his five swords to his five nephews with the proviso "that they should not be drawn from their scabbards unless in defence of their country." The sword presented to Frederick the Great has been strictly kept in the scabbard, in compliance with the provisions of the will. When it was handed to Prince Henry he drew the blade from the scabbard. Of course he did not know of the provisions of the will, but he had, nevertheless, innocently, violated them. No mention of the occurrence was made to the Prince.

Deafness is Curable.

Sufferers from impaired hearing will be glad to know that their affliction is probably not due to any organic defect in the ear, but results probably from a thickening of the lining of the middle ear caused by catarrhal inflammation. Hundreds of perfect recoveries as a result of the inhalation of Catarrhzone are reported, and on the highest authority we recommend this treatment to our readers. Catarrhzone quickly restores lost hearing, and its efficiency is placed beyond dispute by the case of Mr. Foxall of St. Thomas, who recovered perfect hearing by using Catarrhzone, after years of deafness. Price \$1. At Druggists or by mail, from Poleon & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Nobby Clothing.

Lucy & Co. ordered last fall from the leading manufacturers of Canada a large and well selected stock of clothing comprising suits, spring over coats, pants, vests, &c. These goods have just arrived and take them all in all are one of the best lots of ready made clothing ever received in Fredericton. Nothing but the best material was used and the workmanship is of the very best description. These goods now open for inspection and persons requiring either a business or dress suit would do well to examine them. The stock comprises men's, boys' and children's.—d.

If a grocer wants a first class tea trade, if he wants a brand that is used by hundreds of thousands of first class people from whom he will get first class orders he invariably sells UNION BLEND—it's the best.

It is understood that Hon. Wm. Patterson will be one of the delegates to the colonial conference in London next June.

Monkey Brand Soap is a cleaner and polisher combined, but won't wash clothes.