

The Daily Herald.

VOL. VII.

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1902.

NO. 108

PRINCE HENRY.

German Royalty now Visiting the United States

IS A GRANDSON AND HIS WIFE A GRANDDAUGHTER OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

Some Incidents of His Career.

Prince Henry of Prussia, now visiting the United States, is of interest to Canadians as well as to Americans, because of English ancestry and connections. He is the son of Queen Victoria's daughter, the late Empress Frederick, and his wife is the daughter of Queen Victoria's other daughter, Princess Alice of Hesse. He is far more British in his sympathies than his brother the Emperor, and is very popular in England, which he has frequently visited.

The Prince is a man of simple tastes. His education has been both academic and practical. He can speak readily in six languages besides his own—English, French, Spanish, Italian, Russian and Swedish. As an all-round musician he has few equals among amateurs, and he is passionately fond of a stirring march. As has always been the custom among the Hohenzollerns, he learned a trade in his youth. His brother, the Emperor, chose to be a glove-maker, and the Prince apprenticed himself to a watchmaker. When at school he was not a quick scholar. His restless energy made him feel more at home in the playground than at the desk. His mind is practical, but not brilliant. Books are not so attractive to him as men and ships.

HIS POLITICAL OPINIONS.

In politics he is a Liberal, and consequently in opposition to the Emperor. His views upon the question of government are much more British than German. Again and again his courage and love of risk have led him into trouble. Several times he has been practically banished from court because of his outspoken expressions of opinion. His first banishment was in 1893, when he was sent abroad for a year because of his opposition to the Emperor's army bill. The Emperor ordered his brother never to meddle again with political questions.

As a boy on board ship he was noted for his frolics and practical jokes. When prohibited at one time from bathing in icy water he sprang overboard with his uniform on, swam to the stern and clambered upon deck again. At another time he put a thaler between his teeth and dashed up the rigging of the ship, crying out: "He who catches me shall have the thaler. A number of the crew sprang after him and chased him from spar to spar, but the daring young Prince dodged all his pursuers and slid down a loose rope to the deck again. Tossing the thaler to the nearest sailor, he said laughingly: "If you are as thirsty as I am you must want it; so here's your money."

NARROW ESCAPE.

In 1893 he was nearly killed by an explosion on the war ship Baden, and received the Cross of Distinguished Service, for his presence of mind on that occasion. He sprang at once regardless of risk, to the assistance of the injured sailors and did not rest until every sufferer had been suitably cared for. Two years ago he was struck on the head by a heavy plank while standing close to a ship that was being launched. A month or two later, while travelling in Siam, he was held up by bandits, and robbed of \$1,000 in gold. At one time, when on a visit to London, an anarchist exploded a dynamite bomb in the room underneath that occupied by the Prince, but in some miraculous manner he escaped unhurt.

A BAD SHOT.

The Prince is a notoriously bad shot. When a young man he shot a gamekeeper and wounded him so severely that the poor fellow has been a pensioner ever since. When on a shooting expedition in Greece he fell and accidentally discharged his gun full into the back of a Grecian dignitary. A month afterward he did serious damage to a Turkish courtier, who had been appointed to attend him on a hunting trip. Queen Victoria once asked him at dinner what sport he had enjoyed in the hunting preserves during the day. "Well," said the Prince

"I didn't kill any birds but I wounded quite a few." Perhaps his most notable adventure was in July, 1900, when he obtained an interview with the Chinese Empress. This was the first interview ever given by the Empress to any foreign prince. The bluff, straightforward Prince Henry brushed aside all obstructive Chinese etiquette, insisted upon an interview, and obtained it.

Prince Henry not only has a charming wife and family, but can boast the distinction, rare indeed among princes, of an absolutely flawless domestic life.

Berlin court gossip, which is as active as all court gossip is, has never had the slightest foundation to work upon in the case of the Kaiser's impeccable brother, and his name is still, as it has always been, free from the slightest reproach. So far as is known, the Prince was never in love until he became very much enamoured of the amiable woman who is now his wife and is also his cousin—and who was formerly Princess Irene of Hesse.

BISMARCK'S OPPOSITION.

Princess Irene returned the Sailor Prince's love and they were married after a short wooing. The union was strongly opposed by Prince Bismarck on the ground that the royal lovers were first cousins. Although otherwise the Princess left nothing to be desired as a royal bride, Prince Bismarck's objection carried heavy weight. The Man of Iron was in this instance, however, over-ruled by the Prince's father and grand-father, who, like all royalty, had become pretty much inured to the idea of cousinly marriages, and on the old Kaiser's ninetieth birthday, in 1887, the engagement of the young pair was announced by His Majesty.

By the time of the marriage the old Emperor was dead and the new Emperor, Frederick, was dying. Yet, suffering as he was in his struggle with a relentless disease, the dying Emperor tried his best to promote gayety about him. And it was by his express command that the wedding of the Sailor Prince and Princess Irene was fixed for the 24th of May, Queen Victoria's birthday.

The ceremony was performed in the chapel of the suburban palace of Charlottenburg, which was serving the Emperor as a hospital. It was but a sad attempt to make merry, for the shadow of the Emperor's last illness hung heavy over it all.

The princely couple had not, indeed, completed their honeymoon in Silesia when they were summoned back to Potsdam to receive the deathbed blessing of Frederick the Noble.

THEIR HOME LIFE.

Prince Henry and his bride went shortly to live at the Schloss at Kiel, which is still their home and where the Prince in his capacity as Admiral of the German Navy is permanently stationed, and whence, indeed, he may depart only by the Kaiser's express permission.

At Kiel the life of the princely family has been one of almost bourgeois simplicity and quiet. The household is conducted on principles quite as much English as German, the children are brought up under an English system and English is spoken a good share of the time, for from their English mothers both the Prince and Princess derived pronounced British tastes which their Imperial brother, the Kaiser, distinctly does not share.

Prince Henry's family at present consists of three sons. The eldest of these, Prince Waldemar, is a handsome and lovable child who is understood to be deaf and dumb, although this has never been officially announced. The latest baby boy is but two years old, and was seen for the first time by his royal father on the Prince's return from his commission in the Far East. In the public speech welcoming his brother home the Kaiser said, in reference to this new little son:

"Returning home you find a thriving baby boy in the arms of your wife. May you, as sponsor of the new growth of our young fleet, see him grow into full strength under God's protection."

PASSED 15 WORMS. I gave Dr. Low's Worm Syrup to my little girl two and one-half years old; the result was that she passed fifteen round worms in five days. Mrs. B. Roy, Kilmanagh, Ont.

Dr. Seward Webb, the American palace car magnate, has purchased from Lord Minto the four horses used to draw the Prince of Wales' carriage while in Canada.

If you take a Laxa-Liver Pill at night before retiring, it will work while you sleep without a gripe or pain, curing biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia and sick headache.

"UNPARALLELED PROGRESS."

British Navy Will Have Under Construction, This Spring, 13 Battleships and 22 Armored Cruisers.

London, Feb. 22.—The secretary of the admiralty, H. O. Arnold-Forster, introduced in the House of Commons today the naval estimates for 1902-03.

They show a total of £31,255,000 (\$51,899,000) compared with £30,875,000, (\$50,000,000) last year. In the course of an accompanying statement, Mr. Arnold-Forster remarked that no thinking man could have anticipated any reduction from the estimates of last year, in view of the fact that the army was engaged in a difficult conflict 7000 miles away.

In regard to the naval reserve, the secretary of the admiralty said the government had discovered that there were legal objections to the engagement of men in Newfoundland. The movement would therefore be temporarily arrested, but legislation would be introduced legalizing the engagement of men in every part of the empire.

The secretary further announced that promotion in the engineering department would be accelerated by the creation of 10 new posts. He also said that the progress of naval construction in the past year had been unparalleled.

There will be under construction for the British navy, on April 1 of this year, 13 new battleships, 22 armored cruisers, two second-class cruisers, two third-class cruisers, 10 torpedo boat destroyers, five torpedo boats and eight minor craft.

The present estimates' said the secretary, gave the government \$75,000,000 for new ships, and it was intended to spend the money. No fewer than 49 ships would be put on the water during the present year, and next year there would be under construction 60 ships, in addition to 27 others that would be laid down.

Besides this, a large program of reconstruction would be undertaken, thereby adding greatly to the fighting power of the fleet. Guns of more formidable character would be mounted on many vessels, and six-inch guns of the latest and most improved type would replace the 4.7-inch guns.

Referring to the smaller craft, the secretary said that unexpectedly rapid progress was being made with the submarine fleet, and that more vessels would be added to this fleet.

A new type of torpedo boat destroyer had been designed, and it was hoped to attain better results than in the case of the existing vessels.

After giving further details of the admiralty's program, the secretary concluded with remarking that what the admiralty was determined on was to prepare the fleet for war, a preparation for that day of trial which it was hoped would never come, but against which the admiralty was in duty bound to provide.

Woman is often referred to by man as "doubting his joys and halving his sorrows." That may be complimentary but it would seem to be rather hard on the woman. For in plain terms it means that where things are going well with the man his wife makes them go better. But when things are going ill with him, he expects the wife to share half his burden. And there's more truth than poetry in this presentation of masculine selfishness. Men don't appreciate the fact that the strain of motherhood alone is a burden bigger than all the loads that rest upon male shoulders. They see the wife grow thin, pale, nervous and worn without a thought that she is over-burdened. Among the pleasant letters received by Dr. Pierce are those from husbands who have waked up before it was too late to the crushing burdens laid upon the wife, and in the search for help have found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription a restorative which has given back to the mother the health of the maiden and the maiden's happiness. "Favorite Prescription" always helps, and almost always cures. It has perfectly cured ninety-eight out of every hundred women who have used it when afflicted with diseases peculiar to women.

The capacity of the new Canadian Pacific shops at Montreal will be one hundred and twenty locomotives per year and from twenty to twenty-five thousand cars per year.

Twenty Years of Bronchitis.

Captain Dunlop, of Kingston, commander of the steamer "Bohemian," of the R. & O. fleet, suffered unceasingly for twenty years, and although he took treatment all that time permanent relief was not obtained until he used "Ca-

tarrhazone" which cured him quickly and permanently. The Captain says "Catarrhazone is the best cure for Bronchitis on the face of the globe, pleasant to use, quick to relieve and sure to cure." Catarrhazone is a wonderful treatment for all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchial Tubes. Two months' treatment, price \$100, small size 25 cts. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Slayter of Halifax, has received a letter from his brother, Commander W. F. Slayter, stating that the question of the next flagship had been settled, and that H. M. S. Blake would be the ship. The writer will be navigating commander of the flagship, which will arrive at Halifax early in June.

Weary Brain Workers

Fagged out ideas come as slowly as molasses. You think of things just a minute or two too late. Snap's gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure—that's gone too. The doctor would tell you that you are run down, not eating enough nor digesting enough. Your stomach needs aid, your digestion needs a bracer too. Your blood requires Phosphorus and Iron that it may be formed readily. Now Ferrozone is a wonderful nerve bracer and blood maker. It's blood for the blood and nerves, it will make you strong quickly and permanently. Sold by C. A. Burchill, price 50c.

Illesthorpe Seigl, a brother at the Carmelite monastery at Falls View, Ont., went into a stall where a Jersey bull was kept to feed it. The bull attacked him, knocking him down and trampling him to death. Brother Seigl has been connected with the monastery for 15 years and was 50 years old.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains.

They arise from the formation of gas owing to improper digestion. A very prompt and efficient remedy is Polson's Nerviline. It relieves the distention instantly, and by its stimulating action on the stomach, aids digestion. Nerviline cures dyspeptic pains by removing the cause. Nerviline is also highly recommended for cramps, colic, summer complaint and inflammation. Sold in large 25c bottles everywhere.

An ex I. C. R. switchman, named Elzear Siroit, was arrested at River du Loup by Inspector Skeffington on Friday on the charge of having turned the I. C. R. switch at River du Loup on the night of December 30th last, when the Maritime Express was derailed and the driver had his leg broken.

During the hot summer season the blood gets over heated, the drain on the system is severe and the appetite is often lost. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies and invigorates the blood, tones up the system, and restores lost appetite.

Sewed in compartments in a belt of red flannel, nearly \$40,000 worth of unset diamonds were, it is alleged, smuggled into the United States by a passenger who came on Saturday on the Kron Prince Wilhelm. The passenger, who gave his name as Michael Leinkran, said he was 21 years old and lived in New York. He was arrested.

CARRIES THE STRAIN

Quite a strain on a child to grow. You find it about all you can do to live along as you are and keep well. Your child has to do all that and grow besides. Some children can't stand the extra strain. They get weak and sickly as a result of it.

This is where Scott's Emulsion does some of its best work. It is a strong "growing" medicine. It starts up new life in the backward child and strengthens the weak ones.

Scott's Emulsion takes all the extra strain and carries the children along until they are strong enough to stand it alone.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

BROCKWAY.

(Special correspondence to the Herald.)

Feb. 24.—The weather has been delightful for the past week. Our new bridge is now completed for the winter.

W. R. Fawcett, who has been very sick, has been skillfully attended by Dr. B. N. Keith of Harvey.

Mr. Nelson Speedy, of Harvey, has been visiting his brother Dan, of this place.

The Vail Bros. cook spent Sunday at home.

Robert Vail paid a short visit home. He is pusher for Robert Anderson who is lumbering at McAdam.

A wrench, weighing fifty pounds, fell about five feet and hit Theodore Nutter on the face, inflicting quite a serious wound. It has caused him to wear a hood.

Our blacksmith, Robert Young, is visiting his daughter at Oak Bay.

Mat hooking is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Wellington Davis are visiting friends at Prince William Station.

Dr. Hampton made a flying trip through this place one day last week. He has a fine driver named Fanny.

John P. McLeod made a business trip to Lawrence Station last Thursday.

The many friends of Theodore Vail are glad to see him around again.

A NEW ANTIDOTE FOR ALCOHOL

(From the "Times and Opinion," London, England.)

A recent remarkable discovery in medicine which has been found to annihilate all appetite for alcoholic drink in a few hours, even in the most hopeless cases, is attracting a good deal of attention among those interested in temperance work. The medicine is purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, and absolutely free from narcotics. Many well known physicians who carefully watched several patients while being treated during a demonstration given by the discoverer, Mr. A. Hutton Dixon, of Toronto, Canada, under the auspices of a number of clergymen, philanthropists and others, are endorsing this new product as being the only physical cure for alcoholism yet discovered which leaves no evil after-effects. The morphine and similar drug craves also yield to this new medicine, and the beneficial results from its use in aggravated cases are extremely satisfactory. A strong argument in favor of this welcome help to unfortunate victims of these troubles is that the medicine can be carried in the pocket and taken in absolute privacy, thus dispensing with the publicity, loss of time and expense of an institute treatment. A report of the results of above mentioned demonstration and full particulars regarding this medicine can be obtained by addressing Mr. Dixon, 81 Willcocks Street, Toronto, Ontario.

Dr. Newman Hall's funeral at Christ Church, Westminster Bridge Road, was attended by over two thousand people, including representative delegates from all the prominent Nonconformist societies. Canon Fleming Michaels was the only conspicuous clergyman of the English Church joining in the simple but impressive service in memory of the Nonconformist champion.

More than 2000 pounds of UNION BLEND Tea are now sold daily in the Maritime Provinces, which shows that it has about 200,000 regular consumers among our people. No other tea ever acquired such a celebrity and no other deserves it.

News has been received at Winnipeg of the tragic death of Martin Miklae, a Galician, of Gimli. Miklae had a wife and two small children. He ran out of supplies, and, having no money, became desperate. Seizing a butcher-knife he buried it deep in his breast. His wife started to prevent him further harming himself, but before she could interfere he had drawn the knife out. He then severed his throat with it from ear to ear and died in a few minutes.

A Rise in Corn

Always follows the use of Putnam's Corn Extractor, which cures all kinds of corns in 24 hours, without pain. Putnam's gives the best results. Use it.

When society tires of "ping-pong," it should take up British Columbia politics. "Joe" Martin calls a convention and has himself declared leader of the Liberal party. Then another Liberal Convention meets, and declares that he isn't. The local Opposition hold a caucus; and the Government send a delegation to them, offering them two portfolios and the Speakership if they will join with the said Government in fighting "Joe" Martin. It seems to be "all in your eye and Joe Martin" out there.

When washing greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder), will remove the grease with the greatest ease.