

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, October 11th, 1908, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted), as follows:

TRAINS WILL LEAVE FREDERICTON, N.B.

No. 803 Mixed for Campbellton, Moncton, St. John and Halifax	5.45
No. 817 Suburban for Marysville	6.15
No. 821 Suburban for Marysville	11.15
No. 801 Express for Montreal, Chatham, Loggieville	18.30
No. 827 Suburban for Marysville	18.40
No. 829 Suburban for Marysville	21.20

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE FREDERICTON, N.B.

No. 815 Suburban from Marysville	8.15
No. 802 Express from Montreal, Quebec, Chatham and Loggieville	13.05
No. 822 Suburban from Marysville	12.45
No. 826 Suburban from Marysville	18.30
No. 804 Mixed from Chatham Junction, Chatham and Loggieville	18.50
No. 828 Suburban from Marysville	19.15
No. 830 Suburban from Marysville	21.55

All trains are run by Atlantic Standard time. Twenty-four hour service. 24.00 o'clock is midnight Moncton, N. B., Oct. 7th, 1908.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Passenger Train Service from Fredericton, Effective Oct. 11, 1908, Atlantic Time—Daily, except Sunday.

DEPARTURES.

6.25 a.m.—For St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and North to Presque Isle and Edmundston; also for Bangor, Portland and Boston.
8.00 a.m.—Via Gibson Branch for Woodstock, and North to Presque Isle and Edmundston. Leaves St. Mary's 8.30 a.m.
9.50 a.m.—For Fredericton Junction, connecting with Atlantic Express for St. John and points East.
5.50 p.m.—For Fredericton Junction, connecting with Express for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, and with Imperial Limited and Pacific Express from Montreal for the West, Northwest and Pacific Coast; also connects for Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston, etc., St. Stephen and Woodstock.
9.00 p.m.—For St. John and points East.

ARRIVALS.

9.20 a.m.—From St. John and East
11.45 a.m.—From Boston, Montreal, St. Stephen, Woodstock, Houlton.
8.10 p.m.—From St. John and East.
9.10 p.m.—From Woodstock and points North, via Gibson Branch. Arrives at St. Mary's at 8.38 p.m.
10.40 p.m.—From Boston, Portland, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Woodstock and Houlton.

W. B. HOWARD,
District Passenger Agent,
St. John, N.B.

A. T. McMURRAY
(M. D. D.)

OFFICE HOURS 9 to 5.

Dentistry in all its modern branches. Special attention given to the care of children's teeth.

Patients living outside the city can make appointments by mail and thus do away with unnecessary delay.

Lady in Attendance

W. J. IRVINE, D.D.S.

Special Practitioner's Certificate from Chicago College of Dental Surgery

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted in Gold, Aluminium and Ordinary Rubber Plates

CROWN BRIDGE WORK

Executed in Gold and Porcelain after latest and best methods

ANESTHETICS

Local and General applied and administered for Painless Dentistry.

OFFICE.

CHESTNUTS BUILDING

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Prescribed by
Dr. J. C. Fitch
Dr. J. C. Fitch
Dr. J. C. Fitch
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Facsimile Signature of
Chas. H. Fitch
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

Chas. H. Fitch

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

JOHN G. ADAMS

THE LEADING UNDERTAKER.

Prompt and careful attention to all orders. The only complete line of Funeral Furnishings in the City and the best Equipment.

Down Town. Next above Queen Hotel. Phone 26

Coal

P. Farrell

That
Hacking
Cough

Should not be neglected, otherwise it may develop into something of a more serious nature.

Try a bottle of Staples' Cough Cure.

We carry a full line of apothecary's supplies and our prices are the lowest.

Alonzo Staples

YORK STREET

Dr. F. W. BARBOUR
DENTAL SURGEON

President and Prizeman Boston Dental College, Class 1891 Registered by the Mass. State Board of Dental Examiners. Facilities and Experience for all requisite branches of profession. Special attention to saving aching or abscessed teeth. Young lady in attendance.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to the provisions of the Fredericton Assessment Act 1907, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the arrears of City Tax for the year nineteen hundred and six, nineteen hundred and seven and nineteen hundred and eight, made an assessor against the Estate of the late George E. Fenety, deceased, an amount of one hundred and eighty-six dollars and twenty-eight cents (\$86.28) the said sum together with the cost of this Notice is sooner paid he sold at public auction in front of the City Hall, Fredericton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of Tuesday the eighteenth day of May, A.D. 1909, All the right, title and interest of the Estate of the late said George E. Fenety, deceased, in and to the lands and premises following:

"All that lot, piece, or parcel of land, conveyed to the said George E. Fenety in his life time, by Deed from Thomas G. Loggie and wife, dated the 23rd day of October, 1886, registered in Book D 4, of the York County Records, pages 31 and 32 and i said deed described as:

"All that lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Fredericton, aforesaid, conveyed to the said Thomas G. Loggie, by William Little Stewart and Eliza Saunders Stewart, his wife, by Deed dated the 26th day of February, A.D. 1885, recorded in Book V-3, of York County Records, page 607 and 608 and therein described as follows: Beginning on the South westerly side of Brunswick street, at the easterly corner of the Collegiate School Grounds, thence running along Brunswick Street sixty-six feet in Southeasterly direction or to a lot land lately sold to one Richard Pennefather, thence on a line at right angles to Brunswick street in a Southwest direction one hundred and twenty-five feet to land at present owned by James Steadman, Esquire, thence at right angles in a northwesterly direction sixty-six feet, or to the Collegiate School grounds, thence at right angles along the line of the said Collegiate School grounds northeasterly to place of beginning, being the northeasterly part of Lot number one hundred and seventy three (173) in block number eleven i Town Plat of Fredericton, together with all houses, outhouses &c. thereon standing and being."

Dated at Fredericton this tenth day of March A.D., 1909.

ISRAEL R. GOLDING,
City Treasurer.

Mar. 10, Wed and Fri dtf.

Wood's Phosphorine
The Great English Remedy
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Depression, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co., formerly Windsor, Toronto, Ont.

A CROSS ON HIS BACK.

It Was Made With Chalk, but Was Too Heavy to Carry.

There is a story of an envious tailor current with the French peasantry. He fancied that his neighbor, who received a pension for the loss of an arm incurred while fighting for his country, was better off than himself. Both men went to pay their rent on the same day.

"That's a lucky man," said the tailor to the landlord. "He gets well paid for his arm."

"But who would be willing to part with an arm, even if he were paid for it?" said the landlord.

"I would," declared the tailor.

"You!" cried the landlord. "Why, man, you wouldn't be willing to bear anything of the sort, no matter how much you were paid for it."

"I wish some one would try me."

"Now, see here," said the landlord, who had studied human nature. "I'll tell you what—if you'll wear even so much as a chalk mark on your back I'll remit your rent as long as you wear it on your coat so it can be seen, the condition being that you tell no one why it is there."

"Agreed," said the tailor eagerly.

"That's an easy way to pay rent." So the chalk mark in the form of a cross was made on the back of his coat, and the delighted tailor sallied forth upon the street.

Strangers and acquaintances hailed him to tell him of the mark on his back. Jokes were made at his expense, children laughed and pointed at him, and his wife annoyed him with questions and with conjugal familiarity told him he was a fool. The usually amiable man grew surly and morose; he shunned men, women and children and frequented back streets. Before the week was up the tailor found himself embroiled in a quarrel with his best friend, his wife had threatened to leave his house, and he considered himself miserable and ill used.

Finally one night he took off his coat and rubbed out the chalk mark and said: "There! I would not wear that cross on my back another week, no, not if I could have all the money there is in Paris!"

ROBIN HOOD NOT A MYTH.

Hero of Sherwood Forest Had a Court Place Under King Edward II.

Many famous men have their names linked with Sherwood—King John, the three Edwards, Richard III., Cardinal Wolsey and Charles I.—but the hero of the place, the "genius loci," is Robin Hood.

Some think that the famous outlaw of the ballads was a myth, a mere poetic conception and a creature of the popular mind, but Mr. Hunter in his research into the person and period of Robin Hood holds that he was born between 1285 and 1295, living through the reign of the second Edward and into the early years of the third. He was of a family of some station seated near Wakefield and supported the Earl of Lancaster in his rebellion against the government. When the earl fell and his followers were proscribed Robin Hood took to the woods and supported himself by slaying the wild animals found in the forest and by levying a species of blackmail on passengers along the great road which united London and Berwick. This continued for about twenty months, from April, 1322, to December, 1323, when he fell into the king's power, who for some unknown reason not only pardoned him, but gave him a place at court. Anyhow, a man of the name of Robyn Hode was a "varlet" of the king in 1324.

Dr. Spencer T. Hall says that Robyn was created Earl of Huntingdon by a London ballad writer hard up for a word to rhyme to Little John. Be this as it may, Robin Hood will always be the hero of romance, and those who love romance will refuse to believe that he never existed.—London Globe.

Mansfield's Lonely Meals.

There were two meals which Mansfield always ate alone—breakfast and the light repast of broth and oysters late in the afternoon. An empty stomach attacked his nerves and set his temper on edge. In the morning he was in no convenient mood until he had the invariable coffee and bacon. After a somewhat rigid abstinence during the balance of the day and evening the fatigue of a performance edged his nerves till his midnight supper, which, with a troop of friends about him, warmed him into the sunniest humor of the day. A book or play was the companion of his solitary meals.—Paul Wiltach in Scribner's.

The Very First One.

The visitors in the historical museum gazed curiously at a small feather pillow which nestled in a glass case. "I don't see anything unusual about that pillow," remarked one of the visitors, turning to the guide. "It's a very valuable pillow," replied the guide. "That is Washington's original headquarters."—Lippincott's.

A Zoological Question.

The director of the zoological gardens was on his vacation. He received a note from his chief assistant, which closed thusly: "The chimpanzee seems to be pining for a companion. What shall we do until you return?"

Two Words.

"There are two words that I feel sorry for."
"And they are?"
"Blithering and egregious. Nobody ever uses 'em except to call some one an idiot or an ass."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Young Folks

THE NAMES OF STATES.

Majority of Them Were Handed Down From the Indians.

Do you know why your state was so named? Do you know that the majority of the states of the Union were named after the Indians? It is so. See the list:

Ohio is Indian and means "beautiful;" Massachusetts, "about great hills;" Utah, "mountain home;" Texas, from the Indian word "teaches," which means "friends;" Kansas gets its name from the Indians, and the word means "smoky waters." The word Wyoming comes from the Indian and means "broad valleys;" Nebraska, "black water;" Missouri, "muddy water;" Iowa, "across;" Wisconsin, "rushing waters;" Illinois, from "Illini," which means "tribe of men;" Kentucky, meaning "at head of river;" Oregon, from Waragan, "beautiful water." Arizona means "uncertain," because of the desert land where the Indians found game scarce; therefore a journey through that portion of the country was uncertain. New Mexico was named after Mexico proper, and the word comes from "Mexiti" of the ancient Aztecs and signifies "god of war."

The Indians call great lakes "seas," and "seas" in Indian is "Michigan." Mississippi is named after the river which is so called by the red man because of its greatness in width and length. The word means "father of waters."

The two Dakotas were so named after the Dakota Indians, which at one time embraced an immense tribe, all the branches of the Sioux.

There are states which do not owe their names to the Indians. California is named after an imaginary island of Spanish romance; Nevada means "snowy;" Colorado is so named because of the red granite and sandstone rocks which are everywhere in the mountain regions. Florida means flowers.

FACTS ABOUT FLAGS.

Significance of Various Colors and the Way They Are Used.

To "strike the flag" is to lower the national colors in token of submission. A "flag of truce" is a white flag displayed to an enemy to indicate a desire for a parley or consultation.

The white flag is also a sign of peace. After a battle parties from both sides often go out to the field to rescue the wounded or bury the dead under the protection of the white flag.

The red flag is a sign of defiance and is often used by revolutionists. In our naval service it is a mark of danger and shows a vessel to be receiving or discharging her powder.

The black flag is a sign of piracy. The yellow flag shows a vessel to be in quarantine or is the sign of a contagious disease on board.

A flag at half mast means mourning. Fishing and other vessels return with a flag at half mast to announce the loss or death of one or more of the crew.

Dipping the flag is lowering it slightly and then hoisting it again to salute a vessel or fort.

If the president of the United States goes afloat the American flag is carried in the bow of his barge or hoisted at the main of the vessel on board of which he is.

The president also has a flag—a blue ground with the arms of the United States in the center. This was first used in 1853 by President Arthur.

When a flag is displayed "with the union down"—that is, the flag reversed—it is a signal of distress and a call for assistance.

A Mistake Somewhere.



"A Catalogue at a DOG show?"
"Oh, yes. 'How very queer!'"
"Bring me a DOGlogue, if you please."
"There's something wrong, I fear!"
—Washington Star.

Alliteration—A Game.

This game can be played by any number of persons, each of whom is required to write a story in which each word shall begin with a given letter of the alphabet. The stories may be required to be of the same length, as agreed upon beforehand, or a stated time may be allowed for writing. When all have finished the stories are read aloud, and he whose story is the best, as decided by a majority of the players, is declared the winner.

How It Struck Him.

It was 5 o'clock in the afternoon, in a crowded Brooklyn trolley car, and above the noise arose the wails of a leather lunged baby protesting against everything. After two miles of this din the mother left with her child, when a young man in the front end of the car thus expressed his sentiments:

"Gee whiz! I'm glad I'm free! No wedding bells for me."
The result can be more easily imagined than described.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS FOR STATION BUILDING, SECTION AND TOOL HOUSES, BETWEEN LAKE SUPERIOR JUNCTION AND WINNIPEG.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, marked on the envelop "Tender for Stations, etc." will be received at the office of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway at Ottawa, until 12 o'clock noon of the 27th day of April 1909, for the construction and erection complete, in accordance with the plans and specifications of the commissioners, of station buildings, section and tool houses, etc., as follows, viz:

Section No. 1.—From Lake Superior Junction to Mile 1629 (near Wabigoon River).	4 No. 2 Station Buildings.
2 No. 3 " "	5 Section Houses.
Section No. 2.—From Mile 1629 to Mile 1729 (N. E. R. Rennie.)	1 No. 1 Station Building.
2 No. 2 " "	2 No. 3 " "
3 No. 3 " "	6 Section Houses.
Section No. 3.—From Mile 1729 to St. Boniface.	2 No. 1 Station Buildings.
2 No. 2 " "	2 No. 3 " "
4 No. 3 " "	3 Section Houses.

Tool houses will be required at all section houses, and at such other points as may be designated by the Engineer.

Each tender must be for all the buildings on any one section, and separate tenders must be made for each section.

The work on each section must be completed on or before October 1st, 1909.

Plans and specifications may be seen and full information obtained at the office of Mr. Hugh D. Lumsden, Chief Engineer, Ottawa, Ont., and of Mr. S. R. Poulin, District Engineer, Winnipeg, Man.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied by the Commissioners, which may be had on application to the Chief Engineer at Ottawa, or the District Engineer at Winnipeg.

Each tender must be signed and sealed by all the parties to the tender, and witnessed, and be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank of the Dominion of Canada, payable to the order of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway, for a sum equal to ten per cent. (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender.

The cheque deposited by the party whose tender is accepted will be deposited to the credit of the Receiver General of Canada, as security for the due and faithful performance of the contract according to its terms.

Cheques deposited by parties whose tenders are rejected will be returned within ten days after the signing of the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.

By order,
P. E. RYAN,
Secretary.

The Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway.
Dated at Ottawa, 2nd April, 1909.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Commissioners, will not be paid for it.
April 6—d6i.

DENTISTRY

Maritime Dental Parlors

DR. J. B. CROCKER, D. D. S.

All Dental work done by latest and improved methods.

Teeth extracted absolutely without pain.

Special attention given to treating and saving natural teeth.

Work done at reasonable prices.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe effective Monthly Regulation which women can depend on. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1; No. 2, 50 cents; No. 3, 25 cents. For special cases, \$5 per box. Sold by all druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: The Cook Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. (Inquirer 117 index)

SANTAL MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big 4 for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations, ulcerations, of mucous membranes. Painless, and not subject to relapse.
Sold by Druggists, or by express, prepaid, for \$1.00 or 2 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.