

MR. TWEEDDALE.

Government's Financial Policy Vigorously Condemned
by Eloquent Member from Victoria.

Mr. J. F. Tweeddale, M. P. P., who followed Hon. Mr. McLeod in the budget debate in the legislature on Monday, was emphatic in his denunciation of the election road expenditure. He spoke with great vigor and easily sustained his reputation as one of the best informed laymen in this house. An interruption by Hon. Mr. Morrissey led Mr. Tweeddale to make a complete explanation of the appointment of game wardens in 1908 under an arrangement made in Fredericton with the surveyor general and through him communicated to the county warden. The men had done their work. They were not election appointments and they should get their pay. The chief commissioner got more information than he wanted about the Victoria game wardens before Mr. Tweeddale finished. The neglect of the settlers in the back districts was proven against the government, who out of a grant of \$1,500 to aid in the construction of roads for these settlers, had spent only \$240. The estimates for agriculture were severely consumed as was the Immigration policy of the government. "The new settlers brought from Great Britain were to be cuddled and looked after," said Mr. Tweeddale, "but no helping hand was to be extended to the young men of the province who wished to settle our lands, though one of them was as good as a dozen English immigrants."

The lumber policy of the government in reducing the size of logs, was severely commented on as a death blow to our forests. It meant the destruction of our capital. The forests would be depleted under and the capital of the province impaired.

"Way," he asked, "do the government not put the Public Domain Act in operation. They could then deal intelligently with the crown lands, for they would have definite knowledge of every mile of crown lands. It would cost money to make the surveys but the money would be well spent."

Mr. Tweeddale's speech was moderate in its tone. His defence of Mr. Pugsley, the one man who had succeeded in getting justice for the province at Ottawa and his interest in the fishery case which Mr. Hazen has apparently dropped, were fully brought out.

Mr. Tweeddale, in opening said that with regard to the increasing bonded indebtedness the provincial secretary had been making all sorts of excuses and trying to throw the blame on the old government. Notwithstanding the pledges and promises of these gentlemen when in opposition the debt is growing under their management, and they have also increased the amount of supply to be voted by \$110,000. The country had not been served as well under the present government, notwithstanding their larger revenue, as it was under the old administration. Speaking for Victoria county he would state on his responsibility as a member of the House that there had not been as much work done on the roads and bridges last year as in previous years with less money. The other day he made the statement in the House that the appropriation for roads in Victoria county had been cut in half, reduced from about \$4,000 to \$2,000. The provincial secretary had denied this, but he (Tweeddale) got a reply to an inquiry to the commissioner of public

works that the appropriation for Victoria last year was \$2,000, just as he stated.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey—The hon gentleman will remember that the appropriation was \$2,000, and then they got an extra \$2,000, so that the provincial secretary was correct in stating that the county received \$4,000 last year.

Mr. Tweeddale, continuing, said that that was just what the old government did, and yet these gentlemen said that the money had been misappropriated and even stolen. He could justify the expenditure of every dollar. Some road fills had been made in the winter in Victoria county that would stand as long as the world stands.

He felt that the policy of game protection adopted by the old government should be continued. He had importuned the old government to put on special game wardens early in the season, and he almost had a falling out with the former surveyor general because he had insisted upon that being done. Those game wardens had served for 27 days, and now this government refuses to pay them, and says they were put on for election purposes. This he denied. Those men had much at stake in protecting the game, as it was their livelihood and their profession.

He thought this government had very little consideration for the poor man or they would put a larger amount than \$1500 in the appropriation for free grants. This government professed to be particularly solicitous for the welfare of the farmer, yet they had spent \$10,000 or \$12,000 upon an agricultural commission that would not benefit the farmers directly or indirectly, and only provided jobs for some of their friends. The only possible good the farmers will get from this government more than the previous administration had given was possibly \$2,000 more to be distributed among twenty new societies. This government made a great time about their new Audit act, but they broke it at the first chance and bought a lot of old Carolina horses that were to be sold cheap. He saw one of those horses and he would not take it as a gift and pay the freight on it to his home. This government had an increased revenue of \$130,000 due to the efforts of a gentleman who had done more for the province than any other man, and whose efforts to settle some of the big claims of the province on the Dominion, these gentlemen would do well to follow up. As for the grant for immigration he believed it was for the purpose of providing money for their friends rather than to secure immigrants. He agreed with the member for St. John county that colonization was the correct policy of the government. One of our own young men was worth two dozen Englishmen. To bring in more people only means more demands for expenditure on roads, schools and other public services and no increase in revenue. He was surprised at the apathy of the people over forest conservation. He knew what was wanted and the policy the government ought to pursue. He believed a great mistake had been made in reducing the size of logs allowed to be cut, and it was only drawing on the capital of the province.

Mr. Woods moved the adjournment of the debate.

proceeded with. But to this proposal Sir Wilfrid displayed the marble heart. The convenience of the House only was to be considered, he answered in effect. Mr. Foster's bland appeal broke like a summer ripple upon the Prime Minister's stony stare. Evidently there is to be an armed neutrality between them for the balance of the session.

J. D. Teylor (New Westminster) called attention to a report that sixty Russian Moujiks from Siberia had landed in Vancouver to work on the Grand Trunk Pacific as contract laborers, and that other certain employees at Prince Rupert had secured judgment against a sub-contractor for \$2,500, and \$2,000 for overdue wages and \$2,000 for breach of contract. However, before the laborers could realize upon this verdict in their favor, the chief contractors, the Messrs. Foley, obtained a hasty judgment in a county court against the sub-contractor for some \$16,000, due to them from the sub-contractor on account of a contract loss in Manitoba. Thus Mr. Teylor pointed out the men were unable to seize the sub-contractor's plant in satisfaction of their claim. He observed that in the terms of the Grand Trunk Pacific contract the Government was bound to see that all claims for wages were duly paid before bonds of the company should be guaranteed.

On the bill of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway Co., Dr. A. Nelly (Humboldt) strongly opposed the extension of the charter and moved to strike out the section of the bill authorizing the line from Yorkton to Prince Albert.

The amendment was defeated and the bill reported.

Next was taken up Mr. Connors's bill to incorporate the Superior and Western Ontario Railway Co. The bill contains a clause regarding the

SIMPLY MARVELLOUS!

R. C. Tate, Ottawa—"Fruit-a-tives" cured me of Catarrh and Erysipelas."

Miss Mary Wm. Kingston, Ont.—"Fruit-a-tives cured me of Chronic Headaches."

L. A. Brown, Avondale, N.E.—"Fruit-a-tives cured me of Dyspepsia."

Mrs. S. A. Sutherland, Taylorsville, Ont.—"Fruit-a-tives entirely cured me of Severe Heart Pains."

C. J. Placey, Ilverton, Que.—"Fruit-a-tives completely cured me of Kidney Disease."

Mrs. R. S. Small, Ottawa—"Fruit-a-tives absolutely cured me of Rheumatism."

Mrs. M. Drelland, Elk, Man.—"I suffered with severe Womb Trouble for years. Fruit-a-tives cured me."

Mrs. R. Malliot, Ottawa—"I took Fruit-a-tives and they cured me of Eczema."

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial box, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price, by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

acquisition of water powers for electrical purposes, and Mr. Connors contended that no power was given to expropriate.

Claude Macdonnell complained that the bill gave the company without making them subject to provincial control, while Dr. Sproule and Mr. Lancaster pointed out that the Railway Act would give this power to expropriate since the charter gives the company power to acquire water powers for the purposes of the undertaking.

Mr. Pugsley's view was that the power of expropriation was limited to the right of way.

Dr. Sproule declared that the sign manual of the bill was what made him suspicious. In every bill which the member for Port Arthur introduced there was something that aroused suspicion.

Mr. Blain asked for the opinion of the Minister of Railways. He would not be a party to passing any bill which interfered with the powers of the province to control water powers.

Mr. Graham answered that the water power clause was in a great majority of the recent railway bills. The company would have to buy its water powers, but could not expropriate them. The bill was then passed.

Dies Making Speech.

Lincoln, Neb., April 6.—W. A. Pointer, former governor of Nebraska, while making a speech in the office of Governor Sahlinberger at the hearing of the Daylight Saloon Bill, was stricken by apoplexy and died within a few minutes.

Large delegations were here to argue against the bill, which provides for limiting the sale of liquor to between 7 a.m. and 8 p.m.

Advantage of the Treaty.

London, April 6.—The Glasgow Herald, referring to the Franco-Canadian treaty, says the question of interest to Britain is that a mutual agreement has been reached which is of advantage to both France and Canada. Another tariff war would not only have been hurtful to the Dominion, but also disadvantageous to the mother country.

Drowned at Campbellford.

Campbellford, Ont., April 6.—Last night an unmarried man, about 21 years of age, named Mortimer, with another man named Barnett, were gathering driftwood on the river. They were both thrown out of the boat. A rope was thrown to Barnett and he was saved, but Mortimer went over the dam and was drowned.

Aerodrome Experiments End.

Sydney, N.S., April 5.—Alex. Graham Bell's aerial experiment association of Baddeck having dissolved yesterday by expiration of the limit of time organized for Prof. Bell, will continue his scientific tetrahedral kite structure experiments at Baddeck. "Casey" Baldwin, with Douglas McCurdy, former Torontonians, will later enter the commercial field of manufacturing Canadian heavier than air aerodromes and "Giders."

Glen Curtis, the motor expert, is returning to Hammondsport to manufacture American aerodromes and motors. Prof. Bell returns to Washington on Wednesday to address the National Scientific Society, while Mr. McCurdy accompanies him, but going via Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto, seeking suitable Canadian brake-tested powerful motors for "Cygnets" and "Silver Dart." The future of the latter is problematical, though Bell denies a possible sale to the American War Department, as reported.

Charged With Kidnapping.

Windsor, April 5.—Joseph Rivers, a married man and father of two girls, is held in \$2,500 bonds for the grand jury on a charge of kidnapping 16-year-old Daisy Redman of Charlottetown, New Hampshire. The prosecution says that Rivers met the girl at Windsor station on May 3, 1908, and took her to Montreal, that he tramped through Canada with her and that they worked on farms together, passing as father and daughter.

Atlantic Grain Trade.

London, April 3.—(C.A.P. Cable.)—Mr. Lawson devotes a long article to the "prolonged strenuous fight for the Atlantic trade of the far west," which is going to take place between New York and Montreal, and says that hitherto Montreal scored as the natural first stage in such a contest, but points out that New York never has been slow to defend its Atlantic trade, though it seems to find the present attack more difficult than usual.

Killed With Lantern.

Kenora, April 3.—During a drunken altercation on Thursday night, Alex. Miller hit a companion, John Bell, over the head with a lantern. The broken glass cut Bell's jugular vein and he bled to death in the dark. Miller was ejected from the shanty after the row and disappeared before the proprietor knew of the fatal results of the blow.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

The Czar of Russia is planning an extensive foreign tour for the summer, which may include England.

The violent speeches of labor leaders in Paris have stirred up fears that a bloody insurrection is imminent.

Conductor Harvey, who was in charge of the train that ran into the Windsor station, Montreal, has been dismissed.

The final vote on the Payne tariff bill in the House of Representatives at Washington, will take place on Friday.

A new naturalization law promulgated at Pekin makes it impossible for a Chinaman to adopt foreign citizenship.

Capt. Zeppelin's attempts to make a 24-hour endurance flight in his airship ended in failure owing to unfavorable weather conditions.

Jacob Quackenbush, a Strathroy boy of fourteen, has been convicted of two forgeries and sentenced to four years in the reformatory.

The Ottawa City Council wants the agreement with the Grand Trunk, under which the company was granted a hotel site in Major's Hill Park, cancelled.

An Important Case.

Ottawa, April 6.—The board of railway commissioners will hear on Wednesday next one of the most important cases which they have been called upon to adjudicate since the board was formed.

The freight rates on lumber under the tariffs which came into operation May 1, 1908, have been protested by the Canadian Lumbermen's Association on the ground of the increase in rates. The Canadian Manufacturers' Association, represented by J. G. Walsh, and the Montreal Board of Trade, represented by W. S. Tilton, are parties to the complaint.

Pirate Plot Is Foiled.

Baku, Russia, April 6.—A band of Georgian revolutionists failed by the narrowest margin to successfully carry out a carefully-arranged plan to seize \$600,000 on board a steamer trading on the Caspian, and make their escape thence into the Caucasus.

The steamer Czarovitch was about to sail when the police appeared and searched all the passengers. Among them they discovered and arrested the Georgian band, consisting of 20 armed men under the leadership of Lieut. Mashkaridze, an officer of the reserve.

Connors Wins Again.

Ottawa, April 2.—In the railway committee yesterday morning another protest from the Province of Ontario was registered and disregarded. The bill is to incorporate the Superior & Western Ontario Railway Co., and James Connors backed it.

Jury Disagree.

Brampton, April 2.—The jury in the case of J. P. Ruston, a farmer, on trial for arson to collect insurance, disagreed after remaining out until 3 o'clock yesterday morning.

DO YOUR BOOTS PINCH?

If so, look out for a tiny corn. Cut it before it grows big. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is the best. Try "Putnam's."

To Suffer From
Headaches Makes
Life Miserable.

It takes a person that has had or is subject to headaches to describe the suffering which attends them.

The majority of cases are caused by constipation and dyspepsia. The dull throbbings, the intense pain, sometimes in one part, sometimes in another, and then over the whole head, varying in its severity by the cause which brings it on, purely indicates that there is something the matter with the stomach or bowels. To the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters reaches every part of the system is due its success in relieving and permanently curing headache. It has proven a specific for the malady in all its forms.

***** Mrs. Allison E. Brown, Sumnerfield, N.B., writes:—

"I have been troubled with Constipation and Headaches for a long time. After trying different doctors to no effect, a friend asked me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I find I am completely cured after taking three bottles. I can safely recommend it to all."

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 30th April, 1909, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way, between OROMOCTO and CAN. RAILWAY STATION, from the 1st of July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Oromocto and West Oromocto, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector, St. John.

Post Office Department, Mail Service Branch, Ottawa, 16th March, 1909.

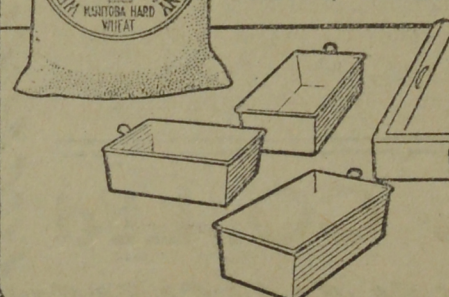
PURITY FLOUR

The baking is almost ready for the oven and, thanks to the Reliable "Purity" Flour, light, snowy-white bread is assured. Packed in 7, 14, 24, 49, 98 pound sacks, and in barrels and half-barrels.

"More Bread and Better Bread."

Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Limited

Mills at Winnipeg, Goderich, Brandon.

Kerner's Slaughter Sale
Continued all this month

Bargains in every corner of our Store. Needing more money we are forced to continue our Big Slaughter Sale for all this month of April so watch Daily and Weekly Papers for further announcements. Seasonable Goods Slaughtered. Smart and Wise People take advantage.

Ladies' Black Sateen Underskirts best make worth \$1.25 for 64c. a better sateen and better made worth \$2.00 for 99c.

Whitewear
Sale

\$1.50 Ladies' Lawn Waists, Long Sleeves for 79c. 50c Ladies' Drawers nicely trimmed for 34c. 50c Ladies' Corset Covers nicely trimmed for 29c. \$1.75 Ladies' White Underskirts for 99c. That 12, 15 and 20c Embroidery still on sale this week for 5c. 12c only. Children's Dresses worth 75c to \$1.50 for 39c and 50c. Hundreds of other Goods in our line almost given away.

Clothing
Sale

\$18.00 Special Suit for \$10.00 These Suits are the best in the province. 75c and \$1.00 Boy's Knee Pants 4 to 14 years for 39c. \$1.00 to \$1.50 Shirts for 49c. Grand Sale of Men's Pants of all kinds at great reductions. Don't forget the Big Sale of Men's Hats this week, \$1.00 to 3.00 Hats sold for 49c, 75c and \$1.15. DON'T MISS IT.

S. KERNER 450 Queen St

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IS JUST WHAT YOU WANT AT THIS SEASON

Come in and let me show you some of the Newest in Fancy Worsteds Tweeds and Serges at prices the lowest in the City.

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Let us put your Wheel in order for the coming season

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We wish to announce to our numerous customers and the public that we are sole agents for the Semi-ready clothing and we have a complete line of these goods in stock.

We also wish to announce that our spring stock has just arrived and we invite you to call and see our New spring Goods. Fit and workmanship, he best.

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IMPORTING TAILORS

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PRIVATE BILLS DAY

Commons Busy With Special Legislation of Companies.

CONSTRUCTION IS DELAYED

Dr. Neely of Humboldt Opposes Any Extension of the Charter of Manitoba and Northwestern Railway—Mr. Connors's Michigan Power Bill Receives Warm Discussion in House Yesterday.

Ottawa, April 6.—There is a story going around to-day that the proceedings of the Liberal caucus last Friday night were far from harmonious and

Ottawa, April 6.—Private members had yesterday entirely to themselves in the Commons, the greater part of the session being spent in committee on private bills. Considerable discussion took place on the Manitoba & Northwestern Railway Co.'s bill, and traces were revealed of some impatience on the part of several western members at the dilatoriness of the railway companies in the west to implement the conditions of their charters.

Yesterday owing to the absence of Mr. Borden, Mr. Foster led the Opposition. He desired to know whether the Government intended to take Mondays immediately after the Easter adjournment. Sir Wilfrid's reply was merely that he would move a resolution to that effect "to-morrow."

Then Mr. Foster suggested that motions for correspondence, etc., might be taken on before private bills were

proceeded with. But to this proposal Sir Wilfrid displayed the marble heart. The convenience of the House only was to be considered, he answered in effect. Mr. Foster's bland appeal broke like a summer ripple upon the Prime Minister's stony stare. Evidently there is to be an armed neutrality between them for the balance of the session.

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