

COMMON SENSE.

Correspondent Takes Some Exception to Article Published in Herald.

Editor Fredrickson Herald:

Dear Sir: In your issue of June 22nd you publish an article headed "Common Sense Man" that must prove abortive with common sense people when it is unscriptural and hence untrue. Moderation is not a good kind of religion in the race for the Golden crown. We should strive to enter in at the straight gate; "for many, I say unto you, will seek to enter in, and shall not be able." Luke 13, 24. "And if the righteous scarcely be saved where shall the ungodly and the sinner appear," 1 Peter 4, 18.

The true Christian does not always command respect. "When He came to seek and to save that which was lost," they said He hath a devil, and is mad; why hear ye Him," St. John 10, 20. To call any one mad is social murder in the first degree, because all that He says falls abortive on the ears of those who believe him mad. He said to the ones He sent to preach the gospel to every creature: "Blessed are ye when men shall revile you, and persecute you, and shall say all manner of evil against you falsely, for My sake. Rejoice, and be exceedingly glad, for great is your reward in Heaven; for so persecuted they the prophets which were before you," Matt. 5th, 11 and 12. This looks as if it had been quite a long while since religious people commanded respect wherever they went, and when Paul said to Timothy, "Yea, and all that will live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution," 2nd Tim. 3, 12. It looks as if it would be a long while before they will command respect. All of the people who are out of the straight and narrow path must return to said path before they can discern between the righteous and the wicked, "between him that serveth God and him that serveth him not Malachi 3, 18. Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain,

Yours truly,

ANDREW CALHOUN.

Parker's Ridge, July 11th, 1909.

The article to which our correspondent takes exception is as follows:

COMMON SENSE MEN.

Moderation is a pretty good religion!

Extremes are the stock-in-trade of cranks.

Courage has the quality of moderation. The fanatic may be foolhardy, but he is rarely if ever courageous.

Men do not seek the counsel of men who are biased, prejudiced and partial.

The man who examines carefully, gives both sides a hearing, weighs all the evidence and bases his conclusions on a careful and impartial view of all the facts, is the man whose opinions have weight.

The man of moderation makes the best judicial timber.

It was his moderation, his cool-headed, fair-minded decisions that made John Marshall a great chief justice.

The man who is extreme in his condemnation of the undesirable habits of other men will generally be found to be extreme in his own indulgence.

A religious man in the truest sense of the term, is one who always commands respect; a religious fanatic is the most offensive of all cranks.

In the business life of today, the valuable men are the men of moderation. They rule best and they serve best. The crank has a very low market value.

Macaulay pictures Savile (Halifax) as a model of moderation, who abided by the theory that "everything good trims between extremes."

As long ago as 450 B. C., Euripides remarked, "Moderation is the noblest gift of heaven."

Five hundred years later Epictetus cautioned us:

"Be not transported with too great a set-off of any outward object's excellence."

Montreal Live Stock.

MONTREAL, July 19.—(Special.)—At the Montreal Stock Yards West End Market the receipts of live stock for the week ending July 17 were 2300 cattle, 600 sheep and lambs, 1600 hogs and 1000 calves, while the supply for local consumption this morning amounted to 1000 cattle, 400 sheep and lambs, 1000 hogs and 300 calves.

The condition of the market for cattle was unchanged from a week ago, owing to the fact that supplies were smaller, and this, coupled with much cooler weather and a good demand from local buyers, maintained prices well for all grades. The export demand was quiet on account of the fact that cables from Liverpool on Saturday were again weaker, and noted a further decline in prices of 1/4c to 3/4c per pound, as compared with a week ago, which was due to warmer weather and a continued slow trade. One of the principal factors to which are attributed the high prices ruling for cattle this season here and in the west is the fact that United States exporters, operating freely in the Canadian market, on account of values being so much lower than in the Chicago market; consequently large quantities of beef are being made weekly from Toronto to Boston and other ports for export account, which curtails supplies from coming this way, and tends to keep prices up. In this market to-day choice steers sold at 12c to 13c; good at 11c to 12c; fair at 10c to 11c; medium at 9c to 10c; common at 8c to 9c; and inferior at 7c to 8c per pound.

The strength which developed in the market for hogs a week ago still continues to be the main feature of the situation on account of the scarcity of supplies, and prices in consequence have advanced further advance of 10c to 15c per 100 pounds, and the indications are that they will go still higher in the near future unless supplies increase materially. The demand from packers to-day was keen, and sales of selected hogs were made at \$8.50 to \$9 per 100 pounds, weight off cars, and contracts were made for delivery later in the week at \$9.10, which is a new high record price for the season. The only important change in the market for small meats was the stronger feeling in sheep on account of the improved demand from local buyers, and prices advanced 1/4c per pound, with sales at 12c to 13c; good at 11c to 12c; fair at 10c to 11c; medium at 9c to 10c; and inferior at 8c to 9c per pound.

East Buffalo Cattle Market.

EAST BUFFALO, July 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 3700 head; 1200 steers and females fairly active and 10c higher; others slow and barely steady; prime steers, \$6.50 to \$8.50; shipping, \$5.75 to \$6.40; butchers, \$5 to \$6.25; calves, \$4.25 to \$5; cows, \$3.25 to \$5.25; butts, \$3 to \$5; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.50; stock heifers, \$3.25 to \$3.75; fresh cows and springers, choice, active to higher; common steady; \$2.25 to \$3.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,100 head; slow and 5c to 10c lower; heavy, \$8.50 to \$8.80; mixed, \$8.40 to \$8.50; yorkers, \$8.20 to \$8.40; pigs, \$8.15 to \$8.20; roughs, \$7.10 to \$7.15; stags, \$6.80 to \$6.85; lambs—Receipts, 500 head; shipment active and steady; lambs slow and 5c lower; lambs, \$4.50 to \$4.75; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$7; weathers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; ewes, \$4.50 to \$5; sheep, mixed, \$2 to \$5.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 24,000; market steady; 10c lower; heaves, \$4.50 to \$7.15; Texas steers, \$4.50 to \$5; western steers, \$4.75 to \$6.15; stockers and feeders, \$3.10 to \$5.10; cows and heifers, \$2.40 to \$6.25; calves, \$5 to \$8.75.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 30,000; market 5c to 10c higher, light, \$7.50 to \$8.05; mixed, \$7.55 to \$8.25; heavy, \$7.65 to \$8.20; rough, \$7.65 to \$7.80; good to choice, heavy, \$7.80 to \$8.20; pigs, \$6.50 to \$7.55; bulk of sales, \$7.30 to \$8.10.

ARRESTED FOR STANDING

Man Who Wouldn't Kneel in Church Goes to Jail.

MONTREAL, July 20.—J. A. Lalonde, a traveler for the Redmond Co. Ltd., and a French Catholic, who attended the Lachine Catholic Church Sunday, refused to kneel when the host was elevated, as he had no seat, and had to stand the whole service. Police-man Aubin ordered him to kneel, and when he refused arrested him. When the chief of police heard it he released him. He had spent an hour in the jail. He entered three actions yesterday, \$10,000 against Aubin, \$5,000 against the parish church, \$5,000 against the town.

The arrest in Lachine Church arose from misunderstanding. Lalonde was a good Catholic but at his church the rule is to kneel when the benediction bell rings. The constable is also porter of the church and it was as porter that he ordered him to kneel. He refused to do so until the bell rang and was ejected. Then the constable got angry and arrested him for making a disturbance.

India In Ferment.

NEW YORK, July 20.—After spending several years living in a tent and drifting around in a bullock cart preaching the gospel in India, Miss Emily Minor of this city returned on the Caledonia, to remain two or three months with her relatives. Miss Minor went to India 18 years ago, when she was quite a young girl.

"The whole of India," said Miss Minor, "is in a state of ferment. The Brahmins, the high caste, are divided in opposing the present rule. Many of them, while not satisfied, know that the present time is not one in which to attempt the overthrow of English rule. Others want to drive the British out of India and rule the country themselves. From what I've seen, however, English rule is the best in the world; excepting, of course, our own."

"The lower classes are progressing under the work of the English school and the mission schools. Some of them are so well advanced that they are taking up official positions."

Fortune Telling

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health.

The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dross.

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BETTER THAN 1908

Crop Bulletins Predict Harvesting by August 20.

OLD WHEAT IS EXHAUSTED

Many Mills Have Closed Down For Want of Grain and Little Remaining Wheat Commands \$1.35 to \$1.45—Canadian Northern Reports Say Grain Has Escaped Damage Almost Altogether.

Winnipeg, July 20.—"Harvest should commence about Aug. 20," says the Canadian Northern Railway weekly crop report in the message from Warman and it is practically the same from all over the west.

Each of the agents tell the story of magnificent prospects, with a great big crop in view. Wheat is now 40 to 46 inches high at Humboldt, and most other places it has attained a height of 30 inches.

The grain is all said to be much ahead of last year and is looking very well. No damage is reported. In some districts dealers report large sales of harvesting machinery in anticipation of bumper crop.

Concerning flax, the report says that there will be a heavy crop.

Bulls and Bears Both Satisfied.

New York, July 20.—The Herald's survey of the grain situation says:

Recent evidences of a very small surplus of old wheat have created a strong bullish feeling in the minds of traders generally, who believe that the new crop will be wanted and that buyers will be willing to pay a good price.

The world is waiting for the movement of the new American crop. In the first place shorts are waiting for wheat to fill contracts. Mills, many of which have been forced to close down, on account of the lack of supplies are anxiously waiting for new wheat to grind, and Europe is looking to America for a good supply of wheat to fill deficiencies in the foreign stocks and make up for rather poor crops abroad. The fact that old crop wheat for months has been selling around \$1.35 to \$1.45 from Kansas City to the seaboard speaks well for the strength of the situation, and while many authorities agree that it would be difficult to hold values at this figure, when the new crop begins to move in volume, it is the general belief that the new crop wheat will command a very good price.

Conditions point to a liberal crop of wheat this year in America and in Canada, but unless indications are very deceptive a good crop will be needed and readily absorbed. The outlook at present is for a total yield in the United States of around 700,000,000 bushels, and the price at which the crop will be marketed will depend largely on the volume of the demand from abroad. The Canadian crop will be our chief competitor, and so far indications point to a very large Canadian crop this year. Wheat is still moving from the Argentine in considerable volume, and reports from India and Russia are favorable, although on the continent and in the United Kingdom it is believed that this year's yield will be somewhat deficient.

Demolished Buildings.

Every year New York city throws into the junk heap enough buildings to accommodate a small city, or a population of 50,000. In the last ten years there have been torn down enough buildings to house 500,000 persons.

Oyster Growth.

The oyster grows from the inside by its throwing out every year rings or circles of a calcareous substance, and experts can tell you where the growth begins and ends for the year.

Vinegar.

A gallon of vinegar weighs more in winter than in summer, as the cold causes the fluid to contract.

The Compass In Russia.

Over a large area of central Russia the magnetic needle does not point north or south. It is in one part deflected to the west and at another part to the east, and at one place it points due east and west.

Trivial.

"Trivial" is derived from the Latin for three ways and means the petty gossip of the crossroads.

Waterspouts.

A waterspout is constantly spinning. The moment it ceases it collapses. At the distance of about a quarter of a mile above the sea level its spinning speed has been estimated at six miles a minute.

LOSS OF THE "STORK."

She Was Famous Among Mariners as a Quaint Old Craft.

The news of the total loss of the Hudson Bay Company's famous sailing ship, "Stork," a few weeks ago, on Lisbon Shoals, Hudson Bay, has caused no little grief among the shareholders and the factors and other officers of the company in the Northwest, whose salaries depend very much on the value of the cargo of furs she was carrying to London, England.

According to Hudson Bay Co.'s official reports at the time of the wreck the "Stork" had on board a cargo of furs valued at about \$130,000, the annual catch of the previous year, and which it is feared is totally lost. Lloyd's agent at Moose Factory, H.B., reports the crew all saved, and the captain on his way to London in another ship, while the crew marched leisurely overland from Moose Factory to Montreal on snowshoes. The sailors on the Hudson Bay Co.'s ships are, as a rule, recruited from the Orkneys, and enter when young lads. The captains are chosen for their splendid abilities as seamen.

The "Stork" has probably the most remarkable record of any modern sailing ship. At Lloyd's she was known among the marine insurance speculative brokers and others as the "Spectre Ship." In the course of nearly thirty years' service the stout old ship has been the cause of many exciting incidents at Lloyd's. Perhaps her most notable achievement was last year, when she had an unusually large cargo of valuable furs, and was many months overdue.

According to Lloyd's the reinsurance rates jumped seventy-five guineas per cent., and just after this sudden rise the vessel was reported as passing up the Channel. Insurance speculators were badly hit, as the rates at once went down, but again for several weeks nothing was seen or heard of her at any port along the English or French coast.

The company's officials made enquiries off Land's End, and found that the look-out had sighted, through the blinding drift a vessel answering the description of the mysterious "Stork," having on her bows the letters "S-T-R-K." Still the "spectre" did not reappear in the Channel. The insurance rates jumped up once more and the "sear" gave large holders of Hudson Bay stock a very bad twist, and money was lost on all sides.

except Lloyd's, who seemed to react no great anxiety over the safety of the much-looked-for "Stork." A few days following the sharp, acute pang of the shareholders, the "Stork" calmly sailed into the Channel with a fair wind, and was again reported from Land's End.

Some four or five years ago the "Stork" arrived in dock twelve months behind time, having got jammed in the ice in James' Bay through sailing from Moose Factory too late. All hope of ever seeing her again was abandoned, and the re-insurance rates rose to ninety guineas per cent. On the whole the Hudson Bay Co. have been very lucky in the safe landing of their fur cargoes in their centuries of existence.

Building Up a Speech.

Before making a speech Charles Dickens would decide on his various heads and then in his mind's eye liken the whole subject to the tire of a cart wheel, he being the hub. From the hub to the tire he would run as many spokes as there were subjects to be treated, and during the progress of the speech he would deal with each spoke separately, elaborating them as he went round the wheel, and when all the spokes dropped out one by one and nothing but the tire and space remained he would know that he had accomplished his task and that his speech was at an end.

Doing It.

Old Lady (to grocer's boy)—Don't you know that it is very rude to whistle when dealing with a lady?

Boy—That's what the gov'nor told me to do, mum.

"Told you to whistle?"

"Yes'm. He said if we ever sold you anything we'd have to whistle for the money."—London Fun.

Running Conversation.

Collector (angrily)—You know very well, sir, that this bill has been running several years. Now, I put it up to you, what do you want me to do with it? Debtor—By George, I'd enter it in the next Marathon race if I were you!—Puck.

What Did He Mean?

"Yes; I believe that every intelligent woman should have a vote."

"But, senator, I understand that you were opposed to women's suffrage?"

"I am."—Judge.

IMPERIAL HALL

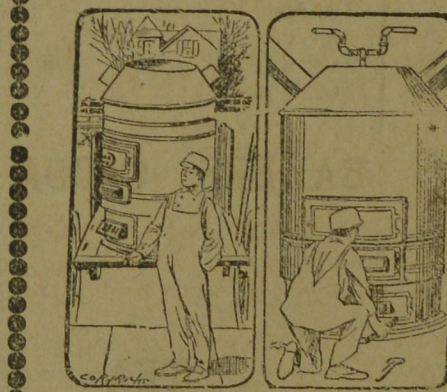
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EVER NOTICE?

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THE OLD RELIABLE

EDDY'S

