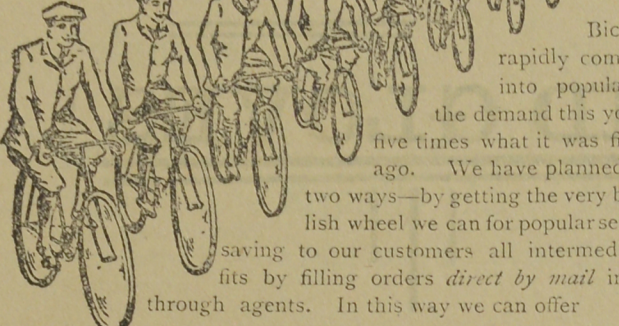


# HYSLOP BICYCLES



Bicycles are rapidly coming back into popular favor, the demand this year being five times what it was five years ago. We have planned for it in two ways—by getting the very best English wheel we can for popular selling, and saving to our customers all intermediate profits by filling orders direct by mail instead of through agents. In this way we can offer

**\$50 Wheels for \$25**

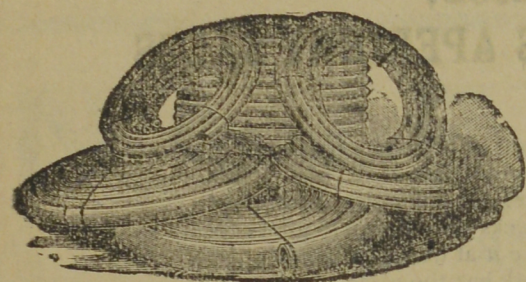
and give better satisfaction all round. The quality of the wheels is all right—only the best materials used and only skilled mechanics employed in construction. The equipment is right up-to-date and the machines throughout are such as we can thoroughly recommend. We sell automobiles as well as bicycles and our plan is to make wheels serve as a good advertisement to the entire business. Send for illustrated folder.

**HYSLOP BROS., Limited**  
High-Class Automobiles and Bicycles  
TORONTO, ONT.

## MILL SUPPLIES

Arriving every day and in stock, one of the most complete stocks of Mill Supplies carried by any jobbing and retail house in the Maritime Provinces.

I am in a position to quote Prices on same, as low for both Wholesale and Retail as any house in Canada. Inquiries Solicited.



Circular, Can and Band Saws, Babbit Metal, Hoes, & Diss-ton's Saw Teeth, Jenkins' and other makes of Valves, Steam Pipe, Hose, Pulleys, Mill Oil



and Grease, Scotch Fire Brick and Clay, Cement, Lime and Red Brick.

**James S. Neill**

Fredericton's Big Hardware Store

## CORN AND OATS

Now in Stock. A large quantity of American Corn and Manitoba Oats for sale at lowest prices. Also Ontario Middlings, Bran, Corn and Oats, Etc.

Old Mines Sydney Coal, Scotch Anthracite.

**F. H. Everett,**

P. O. Box 88 CAMPBELL STREET 'PHONE 116

## LET THIS FACT IMPRESS

**Itself Upon You** If you contemplate installing a system of Plumbing or Heating or both, in your house or store; if you want absolute satisfaction guaranteed you cannot do better than come to us. We make a specialty of these branches. Best of Workmanship; Best of Material; Best of Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

**D. J. SHEA,**

[Plumber and Heater]

CARLETON ST. TEL. 323

## Hewson Tweeds

Make a fine business suit and are sure to give every satisfaction. I have a fine line of these Tweeds in stock and am always pleased to show goods. Prices are as right.

**J. R. HOWIE** 150 Queen St

## MARYSVILLE NEWS.

April 7.—The parish of St. Mary's Sunday School convention came to a close last evening, after having had two very successful sessions at Olivet United Baptist church. The afternoon work yesterday consisted of the reports of the different Sunday schools in the parish, an address by the president of the association, remarks by the field secretary, Rev. J. B. Ganong, and devotional exercises.

The session in the evening opened at 7.30 in Olivet United Baptist church, which edifice held a large crowd. Miss Carrie Smith presided at the organ. The meeting opened with devotional exercises by Rev. Thomas Stebbings of Gibson. Next was the election of officers for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows:

President—J. W. Smith.

Secretary—Bert E. Goodspeed.

There were addresses by Rev. Thomas Stebbings, Rev. C. G. Wilson, and by the field secretary, Rev. J. B. Ganong. All the addresses were very interesting and instructive. The convention was the means of doing a lot of good and drawing together a number of earnest Sunday school workers. The next meeting will be held in July, the place to be announced later.

## ASTHMA CURED.

Mrs. Faradel, of Clementsport, N. S., suffered all her life from asthma, but was permanently cured by Catarrh-ozone after all other means failed.

Mrs. Farned's recovery affords overwhelming proof of what Catarrh-ozone will do. Nothing except Catarrh-ozone was of the slightest benefit, but when given a fair trial it cured.

Now perhaps you need something for your cold, or bronchitis or Asthma? Why not try Catarrh-ozone? Thousands have been cured by inhaling it a few minutes now and again, and certainly it wouldn't do you any harm to profit by their experience.

Mrs. Farned gives the following statement of her case for the benefit of others who are suffering from asthma, and hopes that many will follow her example and use Catarrh-ozone.

"I am now in my eightieth year, and cannot recall the time when I was free from the asthma. I had always a choking cough, feverishness, spasms, difficulty in breathing, headache and nausea. My druggist advised Catarrh-ozone one day, and I bought a large outfit. It gave relief in five minutes and helped me very much in one day.

"I inhaled Catarrh-ozone ten minutes every hour, and by the time two bottles were used I was completely cured. I am as free now from asthma as if I never had it. My perfect recovery is due entirely to Catarrh-ozone. I prize my Catarrh-ozone inhaler next to life itself.

(Sgd.) Mrs. T. Farned.

This is proof positive that Catarrh-ozone is a sure and speedy cure for the worst kind of asthma. It is guaranteed to give satisfactory results, and your money will be refunded if it fails. All you need is a trial of this grand preparation to be quite satisfied and convinced that it is the best. Your druggist recommends it and sells it. Price \$1.00, small size, 50 cents. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

## RUINED HIS FEET.

Used a ten cent Corn Salve,—for a quarter he could have cured his corns with Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Use the best—"Putnam's."

## "Bronchitis"

Is generally the result of a cold caused by exposure to wet and inclement weather, and is a very dangerous inflammatory affection of the bronchial tubes.

The symptoms are tightness across the chest, sharp pains and a difficulty in breathing, and a secretion of thick phlegm, at first white, but later of a greenish or yellowish color.

Neglected Bronchitis is one of the most general causes of Consumption.

Cure it at once by the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Mrs. D. D. Miller, Allandale, Ont., writes: "My husband got a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup for my little girl who had Bronchitis. She wheezed so badly you could hear her from one room to the other, but it was not long until we could see the effect your medicine had on her. That was last winter when we lived in Toronto."

"She had a bad cold this winter, but instead of getting another bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, I tried a home made receipt which I got from a neighbor but found that her cold lasted about twice as long. My husband highly praises 'Dr. Wood's,' and says he will see that a bottle of it is always kept in the house."

It is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark, the price 25 cts. Be sure and accept none of the many substitutes.

## TAYLOR RAISES ROW

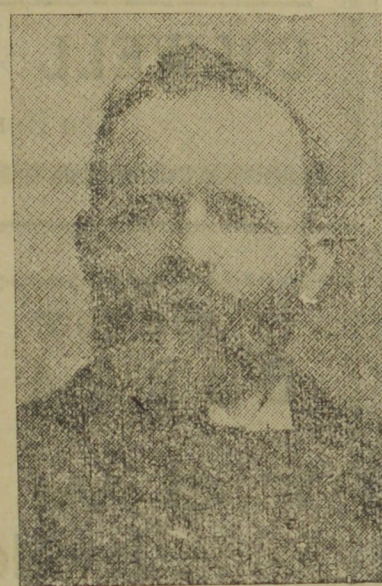
Conservative Whip Adds Word to Quotation From Report.

HE IS SHARPLY PULLED UP

His Declaration on Friday Night That Big Bill For Women's Finery Appears in Auditor-General's Report Is Sharply Answered by Mr. Brodeur—Nearly Started Another Scene in the House.

Ottawa, April 7.—George Taylor, chief Conservative "whip," on Friday night made a speech which yesterday aroused the Minister of Marine and Fisheries to get up and make a reply. Mr. Taylor's reply to the reply came almost to the point of raising another tempest.

The Taylor contribution of Friday night was a selection from the chief whip's favorite volume, the Auditor-General's report. Therein he professed to have found that the country was paying \$25 for one lady's cloak, \$13 a piece for seven ladies' blouses, and \$30 a piece for eight ladies' costumes, amounting in all to \$744.50.



GEORGE TAYLOR, M.P.  
Who Tried Hard to Make Trouble in the House Yesterday.

These items for ladies' finery were concealed in the appropriation for the St. Lawrence ship channel, he declared.

Mr. Taylor asked how much mud this amount would take out, and he proceeded to ask the Prime Minister why he had allowed the Minister of Marine to put his hand in the public chest and take out money for this purpose.

Mr. Brodeur made no reply, and the Liberal members treated the whole matter as a pleasantry.

Rising to a question of privilege Hon. Mr. Brodeur yesterday detailed the Taylor speech and proceeded to say that he had remonstrated with his officers for allowing the public money to be wasted.

When he saw Mr. Taylor reading from the Auditor-General's report he took his word for it, but the explanation he got from his officers was that there was nothing in the accounts for ladies' wearing apparel. The "blouses" and "costumes" were for the sailors of the Government fleet.

Then Taylor rose to reply, but he did not have the expected apology ready at hand. He had said nothing personal against the Minister, he maintained.

"Be a man," cried several Government supporters, and Taylor came back with the retort, "If the right hon. gentleman wants this debate to continue, he'd better call off his bull dogs."

Mr. Speaker was prompt to take the floor with the demand for order. "Then I withdraw the word," said Taylor, "but they are acting like them. If they want to get up a row like Friday night, we can go on."

Hon. Sydney Fisher claimed that the last sentence was a threat, and Mr. Speaker so held it.

"No member is allowed to use threatening words," he declared, and Mr. Taylor withdrew, adding that he would obey the ruling of the chair. It was true that the word "ladies" did not appear in the accounts, but the Auditor-General condenses," he said.

"Too thin," put in Mr. Fisher.

"The Minister of Agriculture knows nothing about ladies' blouses," replied Taylor, who went on to say that if one would go into any store and ask for a blouse he would be shown to the ladies' department. He promised to move at the next meeting of the public accounts committee to have the accounts produced, and he would show that the Auditor-General had bought any amount of stuff for ladies.

"Fancy," he went on, "blouses at \$15 a piece for men to work on the dredging barges." The incident then closed.

The Conservatives yesterday challenged the vote of a million dollars for the Trent Canal.

The House was in concurrence, which is usually a dull proceeding, the clerk reading the items of estimates already passed in committee of the whole and Mr. Speaker declaring them carried. When the Trent Canal item was reached Major Carnegie moved, seconded by Mr. Middleboro, that the amount be reduced by whatever expenditure is required for the Newmarket Canal.

The division resulted as follows: Yeas, 52; nays, 80.

M. Crothers (West Elgin) called the attention of the Minister of Public Works yesterday to a communication he had received from Port Stanley that the wages of the laborers on the Government pier were in arrears three months.

It was a great hardship that these men should be kept out of their money for such a length of time, especially at this time of the year.

Mr. Pugsley replied that he had no complaint, but he would look into the matter.

## NEEDS OF THE FARMER.

Report of the Agricultural Commission Containing Some Good Suggestions.

The report of the Agricultural Commission which has been awaited with general interest, was laid on the table of the House Tuesday afternoon and explained by Hon. Dr. Landry, Commissioner of Agriculture. An informal discussion followed in which Mr. LaBillette, Mr. Burchill, Mr. Robinson and Mr. Hazen took part. Mr. LaBillette, who is an ex-Commissioner of Agriculture, made several suggestions, the most notable of which was that automobiles be prohibited from using the roads on market days—say three days a week. He also expressed the hope that the wheat policy inaugurated by the late government would be continued.

This, Dr. Landry said in reply, was the intention of the government.

Mr. Burchill thought this connection, that wheat mills receiving a bonus from the government, should be compelled to separate for a fixed period. Mr. Hazen said he thought the closing of wheat mills in some sections was because there was not enough wheat grown to operate them profitably. He suggested that some time before the close of the House an afternoon or evening should be set over for the discussion of the agricultural conditions of the province. He thought good must follow a free discussion of this important question.

Mr. Robinson concurred in this and made allusion to a very useful booklet on agriculture which had been written by Mr. Howard Trueman, of Westmorland County, which he thought should be in every agricultural library of the province.

The report of the Agricultural Commission which was tabled in the legislature Tuesday, is made up of a short report to which appendices, more or less voluminous, dealing with the different parts of the inquiry are attached.

The report, after describing the work done, the places visited, etc., takes up a few matters of general importance, such as agricultural education, which, it urges, should be introduced in a practical manner to the rural schools of the country, with technical agricultural teaching in advanced schools as soon as possible, and when the province is ready for it, an agricultural college. Short courses for the practical study of live stock, dairying, horticulture, etc. are urged. The importance of good roads is referred to, the necessity of the extension of railway accommodation, in some sections, of rural mail delivery and parcel post. The importance of a general rural telephone service is pointed out, the great benefits that have been derived from the organization of the women of the country in Women's Institutes, etc., as in Ontario, Maine and other places is mentioned. The question of Agricultural Societies and technical information throughout the country is dealt with.

Appendix "A" gives a summary of all the replies to inquiries sent out to the school districts, 355 out of some 1,420 possible replies have been received. The information thus received, is compiled under various heads.

In Appendix "B" is submitted the evidence taken at 116 meetings held throughout the province, summarized under the various subjects discussed. In Appendix "C" is given short descriptions of the Ontario College, MacDonald College, the Nova Scotia Agricultural College and the work they are doing.

Appendix "D" contains letters with practical suggestions from leading gentlemen in different parts of

the province.

Appendix "E" deals with the present conditions of agriculture in New Brunswick with comments and suggestions. Some of the results of prevailing methods are noted, statistics bearing upon agriculture in the five eastern provinces are compared. The farm labor problem, vacant farms, survey and mapping of the province, immigration, colonization, agricultural credit, agricultural education, farm sanitation, the work of the agricultural department and state aid to agriculture are all discussed.

Appendix "F" contains the work of two investigators upon agricultural credit in the different countries of Europe.

It is stated in the report that it is the opinion of experts who have been over the ground that the annual fruit crop of New Brunswick could and should be as valuable as that of Nova Scotia. The employment of a provincial horticulturist who would assist in the development of the apple and other fruit growing capacities of the province is urged.

The report concludes with the following summary:

"While our agricultural condition is shown to be anything but satisfactory, there can be no doubt as to the favorable natural conditions of the province for agricultural development. New Brunswick is fortunate in many things; the regularity and sufficiency of her water supply both from moderate rainfall and soil reservoirs, is not excelled in any country; her seasons favor the growth of almost every crop necessary to animal life; her climate is healthful and invigorating; fostering the highest degree of mental and physical effort; her soil, while variable, compares favorably so far as we can ascertain with any known agricultural country, and under intelligent cultivation produces large crops of the highest quality."

"With such natural surroundings her people should be able by intelligent use of their opportunities to live in the largest and noblest sense of the word, and to build up here a country of healthful and happy homes and a people who will have no superior in the world."

"That this result may be achieved, those who are living, and who are growing up to live on the land, must have larger conceptions of the country's capabilities and must place themselves in a position to secure a fair reward for their labors. To this end it would seem necessary that there should be:

1.—A system of education which will enable farmers best to utilize their opportunities and which will be most useful to them for the development of the district in which they live.

2.—Improved means of communication, which will include good highways, sufficient railway accommodation, an adequate rural postal service, a cheaper express service, and rural telephones in every section."

3.—Effective co-operation among the farmers for economical production and to enable them to meet fairly the organized interests with which they are forced to deal.

These, we conceive to be among the most important of the immediate needs of the farmers of New Brunswick and take their proper place in the social, intellectual, business and political life of the nation."

## LINCOLN.

March 30.—The local lumbermen have completed their operations, and are at present getting their saws out.

Mr. Hallie Kimbell, with his gasoline engine, is making a tour through this place and is doing a rushing business.

Miss Vere Nevins, is spending Sunday at her home here. She is a student at the P. N. S.

Miss Martha Steeves of Waasiss, is spending a week with Mrs. Everett Akseleim.

Mr. Herbert True, of Boston, is spending a week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. True.

Mrs. Percy Alexander is moving to McAdam Junction, where her husband has a position with the C. P. R., and will locate there for the future.

Some of our young men, we hear, are a little late in getting around in the evenings, consequently the old barks gain the day, always keeping in mind the old saying, "The early bird catches the worm."

We think we hear wedding bells.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smith of Orancton, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey True.

Mr. and Mrs. George Perley and Miss May Perley, spent Sunday, the guests of Mrs. H. B. Mitchell.

Mr. Allan True chaperoned a large party of young people to Rusagorish on Wednesday evening.

You will find plenty of Men's Soft Front dress shirts, all sizes, at 38c each today and tomorrow at the big Sale of Lucy & Co., Ltd.

## HAVE YOU NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA?

How it shakes one up, invades sleep, destroys strength, adds real misery to life. Not the stomach but nerves cause the whole trouble. You need Ferrozone, because it's a nerve food. It supplies the elements that are needed to make rich, red blood in red cells, the richer you're sure to be in health. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, strengthens the nervous system, invigorates the digestive organs and presto! the nervous disturbances disappear. You'll try Ferrozone, 50c per box at all dealers.

"Quick lunch" is one of the commonest of city signs. The sign does not say "a healthy lunch of good food"—the character of the food apparently is not considered. It's just quick lunch,—eat and get away. Is any wonder that the stomach reaks down? Food is thrown at it, sloppy, indigestible and innutritious food, very often, and the stomach has to do the best it can. Normally there should be no need for medical assistance for the stomach. But the average method of life is abnormal and while this continues there will always be a demand for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the one medicine which can be relied on to cure diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It is not a cure-all. It is a medicine designed for the stomach, and to cure through the stomach remote diseases which have their cause in the weakness and derangement of the stomach and digestive and nutritive systems. It cures when all else fails. Ingredients printed on each bottle wrapper.