

THE DAILY HERALD.

HARLES H. LORIN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
FREDERICTON, N. B., JUNE 26, 1882.

MR. PICKARD'S ELECTION

The Reporter attributes the success of Mr. Pickard in York to the "Grit papers which have been flooding the country for the past four years." Surely our contemporary is in error as to time. During the last four years, excepting during the time the Herald was published, York was given up almost entirely to the Tory press. Our little friend the *Gleaner* kept up some hard hitting, but surely our great Tory weeklies do not admit that it was more than a match for them. There is no doubt, however, that the wonderful victory of Mr. Pickard was largely due to the fact that the people had been made to understand that the policy of the administration was injurious to them. The Tories endeavor to excuse their rout by saying that the Liberal had a number of gentlemen of great influence on their side. We have no hesitation in acknowledging that one of the chief causes of the success of our party last Tuesday was that among the Liberals are to be numbered most of the strongest men, in point of business or political influence, to be found in the Province. That is to say, the Liberals won because they were the stronger party. We shall always be content to have this reason for success.

TROUBLE AHEAD.

A great deal of public interest in Manitoba centres in the railway facilities of that Province. The present arrangements are wretchedly inadequate, the Canada Pacific being altogether unable to carry the enormous quantity of freight which is being forwarded to Winnipeg. The criminal folly of granting a monopoly of construction to the Syndicate is becoming more apparent every day, and as yet the development of the trade of the West has only fairly begun. The South-eastern Company, whose charter was recently disallowed by Sir John Macdonald, have again come before the Manitoba Legislature, asking for an Act of incorporation. Very much depends upon the manner in which this application is treated. If it is again refused a very bitter feeling will be aroused. The men who are settling the western prairies are not of a class which will submit to the iron rule of any monopoly and lively times may be anticipated if they do not get fair play in the matter of railway accommodation. The completion of the road from Winnipeg to Lake Superior will relieve the strain upon the railway to St. Paul, but it will by no means meet the necessities of a region like the North-West.

AN OUTSIDE OPINION.

The following extract from the New York Herald, although incorrect as to the increase of the majority of the Government, is worth perusal as showing the opinion of the leading journal in the leading protectionist nation:

In the election which has just taken place in Canada Sir John Macdonald and his party now in power have won a notable victory. They have increased their majorities, and among the list of the vanquished are some of the most distinguished leaders of the Opposition. The chief issues in the canvass were, first, the protection, or, as it is called, the National Policy, and second, the railroad subsidy business. In erecting the wall of a high tariff the Canadians are endeavoring to build up what older and more experienced peoples are striving to tear down. In giving many millions of acres to corporations our northern neighbors are treading in a course the blunder of which we are in our case endeavoring to undo. In the case of nations, as of individuals, history and experience teaches their lessons in vain. Canada is fastening around her the great corporation fetters which nearly every other country is endeavoring to shake off.

PROF. FOSTER'S ELECTION.—A correspondent of the *Transcript* says that money and rum were freely used to secure the election of Prof. Foster in King's County, and it has been stated in other journals that his election is to be protested for illegal practices. We hope that the story will prove unfounded, for we would scarcely like to see a great Temperance Champion unseated for using rum at an election.

WANTS TO GET BACK.—We are informed that a certain ex-M. L. C., who resigned his seat in order that he might be a candidate for higher Legislative honors, has written to the Dictator, asking if he can't get back again, and the Dictator says he thinks he can manage it. We fancy, however, that this little game won't work exactly, and that the defeated candidate will be left to enjoy the virtues of resignation.

Extensive new finds of silver ore are reported from Thunder Bay.

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

—The Upper Province papers put the Government majority in Parliament at fifty, with prospects of a reduction.

—The Toronto *World* says that the Tory party is not long lived. "It hangs to-day on one old man's life," says our contemporary. The *World* is the paper which our Tory friends love to quote.

—The notorious Boutbee was defeated at the late Parliamentary election. He was the leading agitator against the Canada Temperance Act, and is altogether a disreputable person. The House of Commons is well rid of him.

—A Yankee lawyer made \$2,000,000 out of one law suit. He discovered that the word "wool" was omitted from one of the clauses of the United States tariff. He made a bargain with some hosiers who had paid duties to get their money back on being paid one-fifth of what he recovered. He brought his suit and got judgment for \$10,000,000.

—The London *World* says, "If the physicians will permit, Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, it is understood, is anxious once more to try and brave the rigors of a Canadian winter." We thought that we had heard the last of this kind of stuff. It is absurd to saddle the climate of Canada with the fact that the Princess prefers England. Our climate is five hundred per cent better than that of the old country.

THE NEW HOUSE.—A careful examination of the new House of Assembly shows that of the forty-one members, 15 may be classed as Government supporters, 20 Opposition and 6 doubtful. We have every reason to believe that when the views of all the members are known, the Government will be in a minority of three to five.

News of the World.

Achmet Arabi Bey is undoubtedly the strongest man in Egypt. By birth he is a fellah, or peasant. He entered the army as a private and worked his way to the front against jealousies and all the unprincipled schemes of envious persons could throw in his course. He was dismissed from the army on a dubious charge of corruption by a jealous War Minister. Subsequently he was reinstated, and still later, on account of his boldness in thought and utterance and great popularity, he was made Sub-Minister of War in the hope of silencing him. It proved a failure, however, and he has been constantly growing in power. As soon as he entered the War Office he ousted the Christian, Jewish, and Coptic clerks. He is ambitious, restless, contentious, and will permit his ill-balanced zeal to blind his judgement, and remain so until his country is invaded and occupied by England and France. The Egyptian people are all with Arabi Bey in whatever he undertakes. His unfaltering constancy to Mohammedanism has gained the priests as his firm supporters, and has gained him perfect control over the people, being capable of influencing them in any way Arabi Bey might suggest. Arabi is looked upon by the Egyptians as the saviour of his country. As to the condition of the army in Egypt, the artillery is supplied with Krupp breach-loading guns, the infantry with the finest Remington rifles, and the cavalry with carbines and sabres. Throughout the army is well equipped, disciplined, and in good condition. This is entirely attributable to General Stone. For some time past Arabi Bey has been recruiting the army, and the number will probably reach fifty thousand. The Bedouin Arabs are fast friends and admirers of Arabi Bey. In a brief period he can have in the field from seventy-five thousand to one hundred and twenty-five thousand men. Of these Arabs, the Bedouins are not subject to military service or compulsory labor. They are allowed many privileges under the Government which are not accorded to the Egyptians themselves.

The main feature of the excellence in the Bedouins is their remarkably rapid movements. They can make an attack, get away in great haste, fly to the hot deserts, and live there for many days. A European and many Egyptians cannot stand the heat of the desert at all, and cannot follow the flying Arabs over the hot sand. The Bedouins could sweep down on Cairo or Alexandria, sack them, and be away before many persons could realize what had taken place. The harbor of Alexandria is admirably covered with at least twenty forts and batteries, having about two hundred heavy guns. The city is walled. On the land side the wall is forty feet in height, with a dry ditch along the outside. There are four or five forts outside the wall also. Not only these, but the great wall likewise is mounted with powerful guns, capable of doing terrible work if properly manned.

There are in Alexandria fifty thousand foreigners. The people are of the most cosmopolitan character imaginable. There are among the residents of Alexandria representatives of almost every locality in Europe, and a greater part of Asia as well. There are not more than fifty Americans in all Egypt. It is almost impossible for harmony to prevail on any issue in Egypt. There is such a mixed population and various peoples, some of whom are little better than savages, and have different, and in some instances radically different, views on particular subjects. A few years ago in the Egyptian army there were ten Americans. But the feeling against foreigners became such that all have been dismissed except Gen. Stone, and it has been made so unpleasant for him that he has tendered his resignation.

A remarkable tidal wave swept the lake front at Cleveland, Ohio, on Friday morning. The wave was about two miles wide and eleven feet higher than the surface of the lake. It came in the wake of a dense black cloud, which moved northward over the city. There were no rain nor wind at the lake shore, but a dash of rain fell in some parts of the city and the wind blew fiercely in parts of the town. Vessels parted their lines at the mouth of the river, and piers and docks were submerged to the depth of four feet. In some places hundreds of fish were cast ashore. The wave lasted but one minute. Several parties fishing in skiffs report that there was a sudden rise in the water and a violent commotion and whirlpool. The skiffs weathered this singular storm. The damage to property on the shore is estimated at \$3,000.

A serious storm is reported from Iowa. Many buildings were demolished, a circus tent blown down, and thirty men killed.

Late news from Peru disclose a state of anarchy in the interior districts which is most melancholy.

France is increasing its fleet in the Mediterranean with an eye to possible difficulties in Egypt.

A survivor of Trafalgar recently died in England, aged 104 years.

The Hebrew Emigrant Aid Society has sent back a number of Jewish emigrants to Germany.

Negotiations for a commercial treaty between England and Spain have been suspended.

An attempt was made to blow up Vestry Hall, Kennington, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

COAL.

TO ARRIVE TO-DAY:

200 TONS EGG COAL.

FOR SALE LOW.

John Richards & Son.

June 26

Lobsters.

Lobsters.

LION BRAND.

I will receive to-day, ex L. C. Railway, from John Windsor, Petit Rocher, Gloucester Co.,

20 CASES LOBSTERS

LION BRAND.

For sale in lots at Market Prices.

GEORGE E. SNIDER,

83 Prince William Street, - - - St. John
St. John, June 22, 1882.—2w

FREDERICTON RAILWAY.

Summer Time Table.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 26TH. Trains will run as follows:

7.00 A. M.

Train leaves Fredericton for St. John and intermediate points without change of cars. Due in St. John 9.50 a. m.

10.00 A. M.

Train leaves Fredericton for Fredericton Junction, making connection with Express Train for McAdam, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Woodstock, Houlton, Bangor, Portland, Boston and all points West.

11.25 A. M.

Train leaves Fredericton Junction for Fredericton, after connecting with Express Train leaving St. John 9.00 a. m. Due at Fredericton 12.25 p. m.

1.40 P. M.

Train leaves Fredericton for Fredericton Junction and St. John, arriving 4.55 p. m.

3.00 P. M.

Train leaves Fredericton Junction for Fredericton, after connecting with Express Train from all Western points, arriving at Fredericton 4.00 p. m.

4.00 P. M.

Through Express Train leaves St. John for Fredericton, arriving 7.10 p. m.

F. B. EDGECOMBE,

Thos. Temple,

President,
Fredericton, June 24, 1882

BALOON FLY TRAPS

June 24 at JAMES S. NEILL'S.

Change of Business.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE subscriber would beg leave to inform the public that they have this day associated with them in the

GASFITTING, PLUMBING
AND

Tinsmithing Business,

Mr. William Reid, who has been in their employ for the past nine years, and that they will be hereafter known under the name and firm of

LIMERICK, REID & CO.

They feel confident that with the above addition they will be more competent to fulfil any work entrusted to their care.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

Cheapest Shop in Town to buy

TINWARE.

We are now prepared to fill any orders in the Tinsmithing, Gasfitting and Plumbing Business.

WROUGHT IRON FURNACES

on hand, and fitted up in the latest and most improved manner.

PUMPS, PIPES AND FITTINGS of all kinds

Well Driving done to order.
A full stock of Tinware always on hand. Stoves and Stove Pipe.

Gas Fixtures on hand, or imported to order.
Jobbing in any of the above branches promptly attended to.

All work guaranteed.

LIMERICK, REID & CO.

Fredericton, May 4, 1882.

Just Received.

1 case Horn & Rubber Dressing Combs;

5 gross Tooth Brushes (English manufacture);

5 gross Davidson's Rubber Nipples;

5 gross Alcock's and Seabury & Johnson's Porous Plasters;

18 dozen Wade & Butcher's Razors;

½ gross Packer's Tar Soap;

1 barrel Peppermint Lozenges;

For sale low. Wholesale and Retail at

Geo. H. Davis'

Drug Store,

Cor. Queen and Regent Streets.

FREDERICTON.

CARPETS,

CARPETS!

ENGLISH

BRUSSELS

and

Tapestry

CARPETS

The largest and best Stock

in the City to choose

from,

ALL SELECT PATTERNS

VERY HANDSOME.

DEVER BROS

Fredericton, May 12

LADIES' & CHILDRENS'

RUBBER GOSSAMERS,

From 40 to 60 Inches,

VERY LOW.

White Honeycomb Quilts,

AT \$1.20.

DRESS GOODS--10 cents a Yard, Extra Value.

John J. Weddall,

(Successor to the late Thos. Logan.)

OPPOSITE NORMAL SCHOOL.

NEW BOOK STORE.

Our Motto—"Best Goods for the Least Money."

McMURRAY & FENETY.

SCHOOL

BOOKS

Very Cheap

MAPS

and

GLOBES

at

Lowest Rates.

NOTE PAPER,

FOOLSCAP,

LEGAL CAP

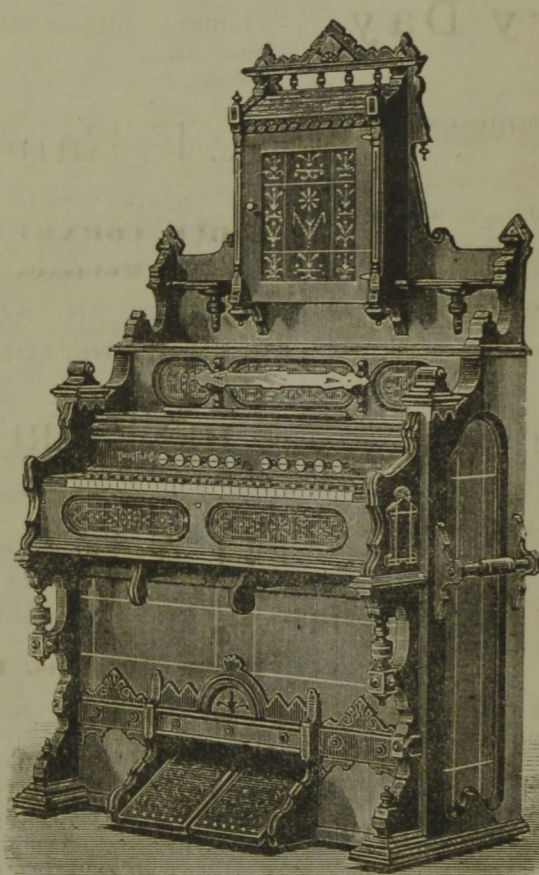
and

ENVELOPES

Wholesale

or

Retail.



ORGANS

For Sale or Hire on easy terms. Any one wishing an Organ would do well to call and see our Organs and Prices, Terms, etc., before purchasing.

We have sold a large number of the above patterns,

which have given the best of satisfaction,

as our testimonials will show.

McMURRAY & FENETY.

IRON.

OAKUM.

BOILER PLATES.

RECEIVED AND IN STORE, EX. BARQUE "PARAMATTA," AND S. S. "HIBERNIAN" AND "CASPIAN"—17, 7 1/2 Bars Refined and Spike Iron; 580 Bundles Plating and Hoops, various sizes and gauges; 210 Bundles Navy and Hand-picked OAKUM; 318 Bundles Nos. 20, 22, 23, 24 and 26; 310 Sheets, Nos. 10, 12, 14, 16, and 18 SHEET IRON; 3 Cases GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.

230 BOILER PLATES, Best B. B., B. B. B., and Lowmoor; Boiler Tubes and Rivets; 471 Bbls. Steel Shoe Steel; 151 Steel Plow Plates; 47 Bbls. Toe Calk Steel; 37 Bbls. and 15 Bars Mounted Machine Steel, 15-16 to 3 inch.

TO ARRIVE PER "PHENIX," FROM ANTIWERP: 15 Cases SHEET ZINC, Nos. 6 to 10.

I. & F. BURPEE & CO.

Sled Shoeteel.

Sheet Zinc.

Sheet Iron.

VARNISH.

VARNISH.

Mixed Paints ready for Use.

Just received from the manufacturers:
RUBBING Body Varnish; Gearing Varnish;
Wearing Body Varnish; Black Walnut Stain.
For sale low
Feb.

Twenty different Colors, in all sized Tins, from one One Pound to One Gallon.
24 cases of the above just received from Boston and Montreal. For sale wholesale and retail by
JAMES S. NEILL.
April 21

Z. R. EVERET.