

THE DAILY HERALD.

CHARLES H. LUGGIN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FREDERICTON, N. B., MAY 22, 1882.

WHAT HE WILL ASK.

Mr. John James Fraser will ask the people of York to choose him as their representative at Ottawa. If this were all he was about to request at their hands, we are by no means sure that his career in the Local House and his ability as a legislator are such as would entitle him to a favorable answer; but he will ask more than this. No man who aspired to a seat in a Legislature is requiring more of the electors than Mr. Fraser is, when he comes before them as a Tory candidate. He tells his friends that he regrets the position in which he finds himself placed. The only wonder is that, if he ever looks back over his record, he is not paralyzed at the contrast between it and his present position. We are sure that it is only by never looking back, but by keeping his gaze fixed upon the mine, which a wire-pulling ministry holds before his eyes, that he is able to preserve the semblance of courage with which he essays the task of defeating the man whom he has always supported, and who has always supported him. But we have said he asks more than that the people should elect him. He asks that the independent electors of York County will lay aside their manhood and bow, as he has done, to the domination of the titled gentry who constitute the Ottawa ministry. What does this signify? Let us examine the matter and see. The Tories find their grasp upon the helm of state slipping from them, and they are determined to make one powerful effort to retain it. They cannot do this by the votes of the English provinces; but they hope to do so by the French vote in Quebec, if they can manage in some way to weaken the Liberals elsewhere. For this purpose Ontario has been gerrymandered expressly for the purpose of strengthening certain Tory localities and impairing others where the Liberals have had a majority. It is well known that before this was done Ontario alone would have swept them from power. They hope—but we believe without good reason—that they have effectually silenced public opinion in that province, and that they can overmatch the other provinces by their phalanx of French adherents. In order, however, to strengthen themselves as much as possible it has become necessary to force their strongest men into the field everywhere. Therefore Mr. Fraser has been summoned, and though he at first declined, he has found himself compelled to come. His candidature therefore represents the worst feature of Toryism—centralization and the ruling of the whole Dominion by a solid body of Quebec Tories.

What else does he ask? He asks that the people of the County of York will desert a representative who has faithfully discharged every duty in order that he, Mr. Fraser, may earn a judgeship. Will the people of York sanction by their votes this shameless bartering of the highest offices, the appointments to which have always been supposed to depend upon merit alone, and which rarely, if ever, have been degraded into political uses? We know in advance what this answer will be, a firm and determined refusal to lend their votes to any such unworthy purpose.

Mr. Fraser will ask the electors of York to sanction the course which the Tory Government have pursued, including among other things the great Pacific Scandal and the greater Pacific fraud. He will ask for an endorsement of a policy which has burdened the country with debt, heaped up taxation, multiplied offices, increased the expense of administration; a policy under which the most shameless system of contract brokerage has flourished, hundreds of thousands of dollars squandered, and the treasury of the country given over to a ring of contractors to be plundered at will—a policy which has increased the cost of the necessities of life, has practically mortgaged every farm in Canada to make a few rich men richer and built up monopolies which bid fair to crush the country in their relentless grasp.

Other questions which we have not space to discuss to-day, are involved in Mr. Fraser's candidature; and not the least of all is the enquiry, a fair and legitimate one, how comes it that Mr. Fraser's views upon these matters now are so diametrically opposite to what they were four years ago? Great indeed was his condemnation of Sir Leonard Tilley, Sir John Macdonald and the frauds and mismanagement which have flourished under their rule; that was when he was not an applicant for office at their hands; but now that he can only gain his coveted haven of rest by a sacrifice of principle

and by completely denying all for which he has contended for in the past he is fully prepared to obey the orders which have come from Ottawa, though by so doing he does violence to every principle of political integrity.

THE RECONSTRUCTION.

The past week has been a troubled one in Government circles. Shortly after the Executive assembled on Wednesday overtures were made by one of that body to Mr. Blair, who was offered the office of Attorney General if he would accept it. This was firmly refused by Mr. Blair, and for a time it seemed as though nothing could be accomplished. Saturday came, and nothing had been done, when, as a last resort, Mr. E. McLeod was summoned from St. John and made Attorney General, and Mr. George Colter was given the portfolio of Public Works. The reconstruction is essentially temporary. There is no element of stability or permanence in it. Mr. McLeod is not a strong man in St. John, and will probably be defeated at the elections, while Mr. Colter, if he is returned, will have no following. Both gentlemen are highly respectable, and personally we congratulate them upon their new positions. There is no reason why the keenness of political conflict should in any way interfere with personal friendship, and although we shall feel bound to oppose the Government as reconstructed, we do not feel called upon on that ground to withhold our congratulations. The arrangement which has been made for the purpose of keeping the Government together until after the elections is perhaps the weakest political combination which could be effected. Mr. Hanington can never be a successful leader, and he cannot hope to attract to his support the strong men in the Assembly.

THE NEW LEGISLATIVE COUNCILLORS.

The appointment of Mr. Randolph to a seat in the Legislative Council is one of the very few good things which the local Government has done. We are glad that a gentleman, standing so high in public esteem and possessed of so much intelligence and business capacity, has seen his way clear to accepting a seat in the Council.

Mr. G. F. Hill is a gentleman for whom we entertain every respect and he will make a very good Councillor. The same may be said of Mr. Beveridge, who takes his father's position. Of Mr. Richard personally we know nothing; but we think that if the French population was to be given a representative, and they are entitled to more than one, Mr. Theriault or Mr. Johnson would have been chosen. Mr. Richard may be in every way fitted for the position, but the fact that he has had no political experience, and has never been considered a representative man, detracts from the merit of his appointment.

NOT TORIES, IF YOU PLEASE.

The Moncton Times denies that Mr. Josiah Wood has been nominated. "Mr. Wood was nominated by the Liberal-Conservatives," says our contemporary. We are told that "a rose by any other name would smell as sweet," and by a purity of reasoning, we may conclude that a Tory by any other name would be a Tory. So if our Moncton contemporary would rather be called a Liberal-Conservative, we suppose that the least we can do is to please him. But is he not rather going back on his friends? Sir John, the head front and brains of the party, is not simply a Tory, but a Tory of Tories, by his own admission. In York County Mr. C. H. B. Fisher was grievously "sat upon" by the men the Times delights to honor, because he insisted upon being a Liberal-Conservative and not a Tory. The Quebec friends of our contemporary are Tories and glory in being Tories. Therefore we ought to be excused for having applied the name to the members of the same party in Westmorland. The name Liberal-Conservative is not a bad one for the party; for they have been extremely liberal with the people's money, and being conservative in the matter of pap and patronage.

KING'S COUNTY.

Prof. Foster will contest King's County for the Commons. Although he is prepared to support the N. P., he is not an extreme party man; nevertheless he has been promised the Government support in the election. Mr. Domville is to be thrown over. This is to punish him for having displayed a little independence during the last few months. We never admired Mr. Domville politically; but we cannot help saying that he is being used very shabbily by the Government. His case, however, is only one of many which shows that Toryism never changes. It is always the same. Perfect, complete, and abject subjection alone will secure the approval of a Tory administration.

If Prof. Foster is elected and the Tory Government should last out another House—a very improbable thing—he will probably find himself either where Mr. Domville is now or else he will have to sink his manliness out of sight. We do not imagine for one moment that he will take the latter course.

The Moncton Tory, we beg pardon, Liberal Conservative daily, objects to our statement that whatever increase has taken place in manufacturing since 1878 is not greater than would have occurred if there had been no attempt to establish a system of protection, and it cites the new Moncton industries in support of its objection. A portion of Canada lies outside the town of Moncton, and we would remind our contemporary that the gross aggregate of the products of the manufacturers of Canada is something between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars; compared to which the total value of the whole output of the Moncton protected factories is but as a drop in the bucket. Our Liberal Conservative friend disingenuously omits to say that we expressly exempted the cotton and sugar industries from the application of the observation with which it finds fault.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CITY HALL.

MONDAY, MAY 22ND.

THE EMINENT COMEDIAN,

MR. F. S. CHANFRAU,

In Messrs. Spencer and Tayleur's Famous Play.

KIT,

THE ARKANSAS TRAVELLER,

14th Year of this Phenomenal Success.

KIT REDDING, - - MR. F. S. CHANFRAU, As performed by him at the Grand Opera House, Toronto, the Boston and Wallack's Theatres.

ADMISSION.

Reserved Seats, (all lower floor,) 50 cts., to be had at Hall's Book Store. Gallery 25 cts.

A Phenomenal Price for a Phenomenal Play. May 16—5ins

New Stock.

MESSRS. J. & J. O'BRIEN,

Tinsmiths, Gasfitters and Plumbers,

COR. QUEEN & CARLETON STREETS.

would respectfully draw the attention of their patrons and the public generally to the new stock they have just put in.

PRESSED, SEAMED and JAPANNED

TINWARE,

ENAMELLED IRONWARE,

And other Articles for Household Furnishing.

In Gasfitting, Plumbing and Steamfitting we show a complete stock of

GLOBE, ANGLE & CHECK VALVES, of all sizes.

BENDS, T'S, Y'S AND TRAPS, To suit Iron and Brass Pipe.

GAS CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS and GLOBES,

In the latest Styles and Designs and Best Makes.

IRON PIPE.

A full stock of Gas, Steam & Water Pipe. Also, Galvanized and Plain Sheet Iron, Sheet Zinc, Lead & Copper.

Special attention is given to orders for Tin Roofing, and all work in the above branches is undertaken with especial care. A feature is made of putting Steam, Gas and Water Fitting in dwellings, and Furnaces as well, in a thorough and workmanlike manner.

Well Drilling is promptly attended to, and Pumps fitted up and repaired.

J. & J. O'BRIEN.

Fredricton, May 17—4t

HORSE NAILS.

JUST received and in stock, 35 boxes Horse Nails. For sale at St. John prices. Z. R. EVERETT.

STEW PANS.

JUST received 1 cask Stew Pans. For sale low. Z. R. EVERETT.

Change of Business.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE subscriber would beg leave to inform the public that they have this day associated with them in the

GASFITTING, PLUMBING

AND

Tinsmithing Business,

Mr. William Reid, who has been in their employ for the past nine years, and that they will be hereafter known under the name and firm of

LIMERICK, REID & CO.

They feel confident that with the above addition they will be more competent to fulfil any work entrusted to their care.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

Cheapest Shop in Town to buy

TINWARE.

We are now prepared to fill any orders in the Tinsmithing, Gasfitting and Plumbing Business.

WROUGHT IRON FURNACES

on hand, and fitted up in the latest and most improved manner.

PUMPS, PIPES and FITTINGS of all kinds.

Well Drilling done to order.

A full stock of Tinware always on hand. Stoves and Stove Pipe.

Gas Fixtures on hand, or imported to order.

Jobbing in any of the above branches promptly attended to.

All work guaranteed.

LIMERICK, REID & CO.

Fredricton, May 4, 1882.

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CARPETS!

ENGLISH

BRUSSELS

and

Tapestry

CARPETS

The largest and best Stock

in the City to choose

from,

ALL SELECT PATTERNS

VERY HANDSOME.

DEVER BROTHERS.

Fredricton, May 12

Just Received.

1 case Horn & Rubber Dressing Combes;

5 gross Tooth Brushes (English manufacture);

5 gross Davidson's Rubber Nipples;

5 gross Alcock's and Seabury & Johnson's Porous Plasters;

18 dozen Wade & Butcher's Razors;

1 gross Packer's Tar Soap;

1 barrel Peppermint Lozenges;

For sale low, Wholesale and Retail at

Geo. H. Davis'

Drug Store,

Cor. Queen and Regent Streets.

FREDERICTON.

Cow Bells.

I HAVE just received my Spring stock of Cow Bells. For sale low. Z. R. EVERETT.

CARPETS

IN

Brussels, Tapestries, Wool, Union,

Dutch and Hemp.

MATTINGS--COCOA and NAPIER.

OILCLOTHS-- English and Canadian.

DOOR MATS--Cocoa, Lapland, Tapistry & Velvet.

HASSOCKS.

Just Received.

John J. Weddall,

(Successor to the late Thos. Logan.)

OPPOSITE NORMAL SCHOOL

NEW BOOK STORE.

Our Motto--"Best Goods for the Least Money."

McMURRAY & FENETY.

SCHOOL

BOOKS

Very Cheap

MAPS

and

GLOBES

at

Lowest Rates.

NOTE PAPER,

FOOLSCAP,

LEGAL CAP

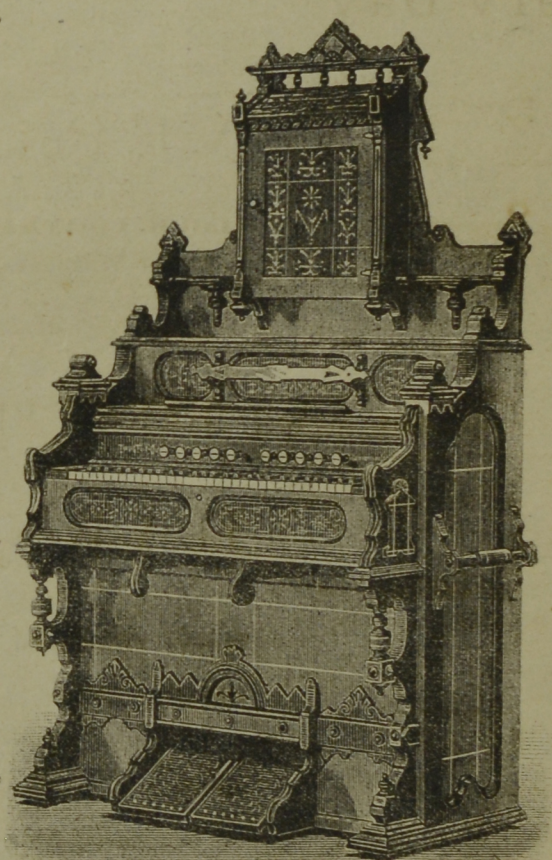
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ENVELOPES

Wholesale

or

Retail.



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ROOM PAIR

Direct

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DESIGNS

Handsome

PATTERNS

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will be sold low

Call and see

THEM.

ORGANS

For Sale or Hire on easy terms. Any one wishing an Organ would do well to call and see our Organs and Prices, Terms, etc., before purchasing.

We have sold a large number of the above pattern,

which have given the best of satisfaction,

as our testimonials will show.

McMURRAY & FENETY.

IRON. OAKUM.

BOILER PLATES.

RECEIVED AND IN STORE, EX. BARQUE "PARAMATTA" AND S. S. "HIBERNIAN" AND "CASPIAN"—17,742 Bars Refined and Spike Iron; 580 Bundles Plating and Hoops, various sizes and gauges; 210 Bundles Navy and Hand-picked OAKUM; 318 Bundles Nos. 20, 22, 23, 24 and 25; 310 Sheets, Nos. 10, 12, 14, 16, and 18 SHEET IRON; 3 Cases GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.

I. & F. BURPEE & CO.

230 BOILER PLATES, Best B. B., B. B. R., and Lowmoor; Boiler Tubes and Rivets: 471 Bds. Steel Sheet; 151 Steel Plow Plates: 47 Bds. Two Calk Steel: 37 Bds. and 15 Bars Mounted Machine Steel, 15-16 to 3 inch.

TO ARRIVE PER "PHENIX," FROM ANTHWERP: 15 Casks SHEET ZINC, Nos. 6 to 10.

Sled Shoe Steel.

Sheet Zinc.

Sheet Iron.

VARNISH.

VARNISH.

Mixed Paints ready for Use.

Just received from the manufacturers:

RUBBING Body Varnish; Gearing Varnish; Wearing Body Varnish; Black Walnut Stain; For sale low. Z. R. EVERETT.

Twenty different Colors, in all sized Tins, from one One Pound to One Gallon.

24 cases of the above just received from Boston and Montreal. For sale wholesale and retail by JAMES S. NEILL.

April 21