

THE DAILY HERALD.

VOL. 1.—NO. 27.

FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1882.

PRICE 2 CTS

The "Herald,"

A LIBERAL NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED BY

CHAS. H. LUGRIN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

At his Office, on the north side of QUEEN STREET, Fredericton, 3rd and 4th doors below Regent Street.

"THE HERALD"

WILL BE ISSUED

Every Day.

THE WEEKLY EDITION ON THURSDAY.

The Thursday edition of WEEKLY HERALD will be in quarto form, and will be equal in size of any newspaper in the Maritime Provinces, and will surpass them all by giving

Home and Foreign News

Up to the hour of going to press.

Remember no other weekly paper in New Brunswick does this

THE "HERALD"

Has the largest circulation of any paper in Fredericton.

thus affording a better advertising medium than any other paper published outside of St. John.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

To the Daily.....\$5.00 per an.

To the Weekly.....1.00

To both Daily and Weekly.....5.50

Postage prepaid if sent by mail, or addressed free to subscribers in the City, Gibson and Saint Mary's Ferry.

INvariably IN ADVANCE.

Rates of advertising made known on application.

CHAS. H. LUGRIN,
Editor and Proprietor.

"QUEEN HOTEL,"
Queen Street, Fredericton, N.B.
NEWLY REFITTED AND
REFURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
LIMITED NUMBER OF
PERMANENT BOARDERS
CAN BE ACCOMMODATED.
Terms moderate.
J. A. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

Brayley House
Queen Street, Fredericton.
PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS
ACCOMMODATED.
GOOD STABLING.
TERMS MODERATE.
JOSEPH PHILLIPS, - - - Proprietor.

WAVERLEY HOUSE.
REGENT STREET, - - - FREDERICTON.
JOHN B. GRIEVES, Proprietor.
Permanent and Transient Boarders
accommodated on reasonable terms.

JOHN BABBITT,
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
DEALER IN
SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, &c.
OPP. NEW POST OFFICE,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Particular attention given to Watch
Repairing.
dec5

A. F. Randolph,
IMPORTER & WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FLOUR, CORNMEAL, PORK,
Sugar, Molasses, Tea, &c.
CORNER QUEEN STREET & PHENIX SQUARE
FREDERICTON, N. B.
dec5

HENRY RUTTER,
MANUFACTURER OF
HARNESS,
AND DEALER IN
Horse Blankets, Lap Robes,
WHIPS, BRUSHES,
CURRY COMBS, ETC.
Opposite County Court House.

SOVEREIGN
Fire Insurance Company.
Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, M. P., President.

Capital.....\$500,000
Deposited with Dominion Government.....124,000
INSURANCES EFFECTED
AT REASONABLE RATES.
RICHARD H. PHILLIPS, Agent.
RESIDENCE—Charlotte Street, near the corner of
Carleton Street.

WILLIAM WILSON,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CONVEYANCER, ETC.
QUEEN STREET, - FREDERICTON.
CORNER QUEEN AND CARLETON.
Accounts Collected, Loans Negotiated.

Chas. H. Lugin
Barrister-at-Law,
Office - - "Herald" Building,
QUEEN ST., BELOW REGENT,
FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK

GREGORY & MATHESON,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS, Etc
WOODSTOCK, N. B.
Geo. F. GREGORY. H. MATHESON.

R. K. Jones,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW—CONVEYANCER
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

FREDERICTON
LIVERY & SALE STABLE
Westmoreland Street, near Queen.
First Class Stock.
GUNTER & ATHERTON,
Proprietors.

GIBSON LEATHER CO.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
Patent & Enamelled Leathers
FOR SHOE & CARRIAGE PURPOSES.
—ALSO—
WAXED SPLITS
HARNESS AND UPHOLSTERING LEATHER.
GIBSON, N. B., (Opposite Fredericton.)

FRED. YAESHÉ,
MANUFACTURER OF
Galvanized Iron, Copper Tin,
Sheet Iron Work
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
CORNER WESTMORELAND AND
QUEEN STREETS,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Repairing promptly attended to.

Feb 13—3 mos

New Brunswick
RAILWAY COMPANY.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
COMMENCING TUESDAY, January 3rd, 1882.
Trains carrying passengers will run as follows:

LEAVE GIBSON, 7.45 A. M.,
for Woodstock, Grand Falls, Edmundston, Presque
Isle and intermediate stations.
LEAVE WOODSTOCK, 11.00 A. M.,
for Grand Falls, Edmundston, Presque Isle and
intermediate stations.
LEAVE WOODSTOCK, 1.10 P. M.,
for Gibson and intermediate stations.
LEAVE PRESQUE ISLE, 6.30 A. M.,
for Gibson, Woodstock and intermediate stations.
LEAVE EDMUNDSTON, 10.30 A. M.,
for Grand Falls, Presque Isle, Woodstock, Gibson
and intermediate stations.

Passengers for St. Leonard and Edmundston
arrive at Grand Falls 5.00 p. m., where they will
remain until 6.30 a. m., next day, at which time
train leaves for these points.
Passengers from St. Leonard, Edmundston and
Grand Falls for points south of Aroostook, will
remain at Aroostook until 9.15 a. m., next day, or
will be taken, free of charge, to Fort Fairfield,
where good hotel accommodation can be procured.
Train leaves Fort Fairfield at 8.45 a. m.
Passengers for Bangor, Portland, Boston and
points West, connect at Woodstock with the N. B.
& C. Railway trains, which leave Woodstock at 2
p. m., making connection at Vanceboro with night
train for the West.
Passengers from the West by night train can also
make connection with the 11.00 a. m. train from
Woodstock to Presque Isle, Grand Falls, etc.
Freight Trains daily between all stations.
ALFRED SEELY,
Assist. Superintendent.
Gibson, Jan. 4, 1882.

JUST OPENED
AT
S. F. SHUTE'S,
2 cases containing the following:

GERMAN WORK AND LUNCH BASKETS,
Japanese Bamboo Baskets,
PHILADONE'S RAZORS,
Scissors, Pocket Knives,
Nickle Paper Weights,

Ash Pans, Nut Picks
Fruit Knives, Cigar Lighters and Ventilated Armlets,
A Nice Lot of

WALKING STICKS.
Long Handled JAPANESE FANS for
Covering.

Also, a splendid line of
BRIAR PIPES.
REMEMBER THE PLACE

S. F. SHUTE'S,
Sharkey's Block, Queen Street,
Fredericton, March 29.

SAP POTS.
JUST received per steamer from Glasgow via
Boston, 50 Iron Pots, assorted, from 15 to 30
gallons, for Sugar Makers. For sale by
JAMES S. NEILL.

CITY DIRECTORY.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.
FREDERICTON RAILWAY.—Trains for St. John
leave the Station, on York street, daily at
7 A. M., and 2.15 P. M.; and arrive from St.
John at 11.45 A. M. and 7.45 P. M., daily,
Sundays excepted.

Trains for Fredericton Junction, Saint Ste-
phen, Bangor, and all points West, leave
Fredericton at 9.15 A. M., and arrive from the
same points at 4.40 P. M. daily, Sundays
excepted.

NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY.—Trains leave
Gibson daily (Sundays excepted) at 7.45
A. M. for Woodstock, Aroostook, Caribou,
Grand Falls, and Edmundston; and arrive
from those points at 4.30 P. M. Passengers
for St. Leonard and Edmundston remain
over night at Grand Falls.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.—The Halifax ex-
press leaves St. John at 8 A. M. daily (Sun-
day excepted); and arrives at St. John at
8.25 P. M.

The Halifax and Quebec express leaves St.
John at 7.30 P. M.; and arrives at 7.35 A. M.
daily, Sundays excepted.

THE POST OFFICE.
The Post Office is situated in the Square on
the corner of Queen and Carleton streets.
The General Delivery, Stamp, and Registry
Offices are open from 7 A. M. until 8.30 P. M.
daily (Sundays excepted). Boxholders have
access to their boxes until 9.30 P. M. The
Money Order Office is open from 10 A. M. until
4 P. M. Letter Boxes are located as follows:—
Near the corner of Waterloo Row and Sun-
bury streets, at the Auditor General's Office,
the Queen Hotel, the Barker House, the W. U.
Telegraph Office, the Brayley House, and
Long's Hotel. These boxes are served as fol-
lows: At 6.30 A. M., and in the afternoon,
the Waterloo Row box at 12.20; the Auditor's
office box at 12.30; Queen Hotel 12.35; Barker
House 12.40; Brayley House 12.50; Long's
Hotel 12.55; W. U. Telegraph Office 1.00.

The mail for England, via New York, is
made up on Tuesday of each week at 8.20
A. M., and via Halifax on every Friday at
1.40 P. M.

THE CITY OFFICES
are on the ground floor of the City Hall.
They are open daily (Sunday excepted) from
10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

SOCIETIES.
Church of England Temperance Society.—
Patron, His Lordship the Metropolitan;
President, Rev. G. G. Roberts; Secretary,
G. Douglas Hazen.

St. Ann's Lodge, U. T. A., No. 166.—Geo.
J. Bliss, President; J. T. Horseman, Secre-
tary.
Meets every second Thursday in the Re-
form Club Rooms, Queen Street.

Women's Christian Temperance Union.—
Mrs. Steadman, President; Mrs. Sampson,
Secretary.
Meets every Wednesday at 4 p. m., at its
rooms in Reform Club building.

St. Dunstan's Total Abstinence Society.—
President, James E. Barry; Secretary, F.
McGoldrick.
Meetings are held weekly in their Hall on
Regent Street, on Tuesday evening at 8
o'clock.

York Division S. of T.—W. P. R. H.
Mackey; R. S. A. G. Jarvis.
Meetings are held weekly in the Temper-
ance Hall, on York Street, on Friday even-
ing at 8 o'clock.

Reform Club.—President, George J. Bliss;
Secretary, Richard H. Phillips.
Meetings are held in their rooms on Queen
Street, on the second and fourth Tuesday of
each month.

Young Men's Christian Association.—
President, G. F. Atherton; Cor. Secretary,
G. E. Coulthard, M. D.
Meets every Tuesday evening at 7.30, and
on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

Royal Arcanum, Fredericton Council, No.
165.—W. J. Crewdson, Regent; G. E. Coul-
thard, Secretary.
Meets at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms the second
and last Tuesday in each month, at 8 p. m.
Limit of insurance, \$3,000.

Royal Arcanum, Lorne Council, No. 480—
Regent, G. S. Peters; Secretary, E. S. Way-
cott.

American Legion of Honor.—Fredericton
Council, No. 274.—Herbert C. Creed, Com-
mander; C. A. Sampson, Secretary. Meets
in Fisher's Building, on the first and third
Wednesdays of each month, at 8 p. m. In-
sures from \$500 to \$5,000.

Home Circle, Maple Leaf Council, No. 26.
—John J. Weddall, Leader; G. E. Coulthard,
Secretary.
Meets on the first and third Thursday in
every month, in Y. M. C. A. Rooms. Insures
from \$500 to \$5,000.

Fredericton Historical Society.—George E.
Fenety, President; A. Archer, Secretary.
Regular meetings on the second Thursday
in January, April, July and October in each
year.

Hiram Lodge, No. 6, F. & A. M.—Harry
Beckwith, W. M.; T. G. Loggie, Secretary.
Meets in Masonic Hall, Carleton Street,
first Thursday in every month.

Fredericton Royal Arch Chapter, No. 77.
Reg. G. R. A. Chapter of Scotland.—G. D.
Lugin, P. M.; R. M. Pinder, H.; N. Camp-
bell, J.; A. F. Street, P. P., Scribe E.
Regular Convocation third Wednesday in
every month in Mason Hall, Carleton Street.

Alexandria Lodge, F. and A. M.—Alfred
Seely, W. M.; Edgar Hanson, Secretary.
Meets first Tuesday in each month in
Haines' Hall, St. Mary's Ferry.

Victoria Lodge, No. 13, I. O. O. F.—W. A.
Quinn, N. G.; John Withrow, Secretary.
Meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock,
in the Lodge Room, Edgecombe's Block,
York Street.

Grand Lodge, L. O. A.—William Wilson,
Grand Master, Fredericton.

Graham Lodge, L. O. A., No. 20.—W.
Wilson, Master, Joseph Walker, Secretary.
Meets in the Orange Hall, Queen Street,
west end, on the first Friday in every
month.

Walker Lodge, L. O. A., No. 35.—H. S.
Carman, Master; Geo. S. Parker, Secretary.
Meets in the Orange Hall on the first Mon-
day in every month.

A New Carbonari.

THE DUBLIN MURDERS ALLEGED TO BE THEIR
WORK.

The murderers of Lord Cavendish and
Mr. Burke are gentlemen, and they are
now in Dublin. When I say gentlemen I
mean that they do not belong to the
working class of people, nor are they in
any sense ordinary ruffians, notwithstanding
the terrible character of the deed in
Phoenix Park on the 6th of May.

The murders were the work of a secret
association composed partly of Irishmen,
partly of Frenchmen and partly of Italians.
One of the murderers is an Italian; the
other is an Irishman. Both are men of
fine education and in comparatively good
circumstances. I may as well say here
that the American Fenians had nothing
whatever to do with the deed. The
association to which I refer occasionally
uses for some of its purposes the little
cliques of which O'Donovan Ressa and
Mr. Ford are the leaders, but it works
outside and above them, and Ressa and
Ford are perhaps not even aware of the
existence of the association.

The association has for its ultimate ob-
ject the release of the Irish people from
the domination of the Roman Catholic
Church and the destruction of all religious
faith among them. It works in Italy,
Spain and France for the same purpose.
It has special reasons for drawing Ireland
into its net, and it has adroitly used the
land discontent for its purposes. The
only conservative force in Ireland is the
Catholic Church, and it has been the only
thing that has kept the people from
breaking out into open and universal re-
bellion. The association fomented discord
between landlord and tenant in the be-
half that the Church would side with the
landlord to a certain extent, and thus
weaken the bond between itself and the
people. To a great degree this has been
accomplished. There have been more
secessions from the Church in Ireland
during the last year than in a generation
before. But still the hold of the Church
upon the people is very strong, and de-
perate measures were required to break
it.

The association has the very best
sources of information. Some of its mem-
bers or servants are in confidential re-
lations with Cabinet Ministers, who have
no suspicion that the secret councils of
the Government are through these chan-
nels made known to their worst foes. The
policy of the association is to keep Ireland
in a state of discontent, turmoil and out-
rage. The Church seeks to promote
peace and repress outrage. The people
find their priests reproving them and ap-
parently siding with their foes. They
rebel against the injunctions of the bishops
and the clergy, especially those who de-
nounce secret societies. It can all be
summed up in one phrase—if Ireland
were happy and contented she would re-
main Catholic, but as long as discontent
can be kept up and secret associations
for the redress of grievances or for the
accomplishment of other purposes are
apparently necessary, while the Church
denounces them and excommunicates
their members, Ireland drifts more and
more away from the faith and becomes
more and more ready to be the tool of the
"association."

The assassination of Mr. Burke had been
long contemplated. He for some reasons
was a man of service to the association.
He had long been the real ruler of Ire-
land. He stood behind and directed the
Chief Secretary and the Lord Lieutenant.
He practically directed their acts, and he
was in the most intimate relations with
Mr. Gladstone. So far as the sympathies
of the man went, they were all on the
side of the landlords, and it was due to
him that the Coercion bill was so rudely
and extensively enforced. This was just
what the association wanted—they wished
just such a policy; the more tyranny and
oppression in Ireland the better their
game could be played. But Mr. Burke
had come to learn too much. He had
been informed of facts which were of ex-
treme importance to certain members of
the association, and which they believed
he was on the eve of making immediate
use.

It is probable that within twenty-four
hours after the day of assassination he would
have caused arrests to be made in Dublin,
Limerick and London of men who have
thus far escaped even suspicion, on
charges that would have covered them
with infamy and perhaps consigned them
to the gallows. The new and conciliatory
policy which Mr. Gladstone was on the
eve of adopting would not have been at
all interfered with by these arrests and
the disclosures which would have fol-
lowed them. On the contrary, these dis-

closures which would have received an
immediate and a complete reversal,
and the two countries would have been
brought into far more amicable relations
than have ever before been possible.

Mr. Burke's movements have been so
closely watched by the agents of the
association that they knew everything he
did, and they were aware that he carried
with him certain documents that were of
the utmost importance to them, and the
contents of which, they believed, he had
not yet communicated to the Lord Lieu-
tenant or to Mr. Gladstone. It was de-
termined that he should be killed and
that these papers should be taken from
him. He carried them in a small Russian
leather pocketbook, which he wore in his
left breast inner pocket.

And now comes in the romance of the
murder. The woman in the case.

Of course there was a woman. He
would have been killed all the same had
there been no woman; but the existence
of this woman and her wrongs made the
work of the association more easy and
certain than it otherwise would have
been. Mr. Burke had committed a great
crime. He had seduced a lady who was
betrothed to the man who killed him.
The man might have killed him all the
same, for he was a member of the associ-
ation and would have obeyed its orders,
but he begged to be given the opportu-
nity to do the work.

The circumstances were very peculiar.
He had very strong reasons for wishing
to keep the fact of the seduction a pro-
found secret. The lady was his own
cousin; he was negotiating at the time
for a dispensation which would remove
her conscientious scruples about marry-
ing him—scruples which he did not
entertain at all, but which were, or were
pretended to be by her, very strong in
her mind. Mr. Burke had long known
this lady, and her lover was sup-
posed to be an intimate friend of Burke.
An open quarrel between them would
have led to scandal, in which the name
of the lady would have perhaps been in-
volved. The lover learned of the ruin of
his sweetheart about a week before the
murder. It had been known to others—
to me personally—more than two months
ago. The young lady was passionately
in love with Burke. It is probable that
he, in his own fashion, returned her
affection.

Her honest lover—the man who
killed her seducer—one day found upon
the table of the drawing room, where he
was awaiting her, a letter addressed to
her, and recognized the writing of Burke.
When she entered the room and saw the
letter she became agitated, and, on his
asking to know the reason, she for a few
moments refused, and then in a burst
of passion avowed her love for Burke, her
intimacy with him and her determina-
tion to live only for him. He left the
room, and from that moment resolved to
kill Burke. He sent him a note request-
ing him to meet him at Boulogne.
Burke refused. He then went over to
Dublin—for what I have been telling
went on in London—and there was
summoned to a meeting of the council
of the association at which the death of
Burke and Cavendish was determined
upon.

As I have said, the killing of Mr.
Burke was the result of a long considered
purpose. The killing of Cavendish was
the result of a very short and hurried
consultation. The conspirators resolved
to strike a blow that would, in their
opinion, so enrage and terrify England
that she would turn back from all con-
ciliatory measures and force upon Ire-
land again every measure of repression
and coercion that would keep up the
antagonism and by the chafing of the
people against the restraint of the
Church and the restraint of the Govern-
ment help on the work of the association.
The killing of Cavendish with Burke was
an accident, but he would have been
slain all the same had he not been with
him, and within a few hours.

The other assassin was, as I have said,
an Italian. He is a gentleman of very
fine personal appearance. The descrip-
tions given by the Dublin police are
perfectly misleading.

The assassins, after doing their work,
did not drive out into the country.
They took a short turn and came back to
the city. They went quietly and at
leisure. They dined at a club that night
and expressed great horror at the news
of the murders. They are in Dublin
now—or at least I have reason to believe
they are there.—N. Y. Telegram.

The highest range of mountains is the
Himalayas, the mean elevation being es-
timated at from 16,000 to 18,000 feet.