

THE DAILY HERALD.

CHARLES H. LUGRIN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FREDERICTON, N. B., JUNE 14, 1882.

The Liberal Candidate

FOR HOUSE OF COMMONS:

John Pickard.

LIBERAL HEADQUARTERS.

The Headquarters of the LIBERAL COMMITTEE is at **Mr. Myhrall's Office, next to the Queen Hotel.** The Room will be open all day and every evening, and friends of Mr. Pickard either from the town or country INVITED TO CALL.

OUR CATECHISM.

Is the customs tariff properly an issue in the Dominion election?

It is; but it is to a limited extent only. Do the Liberals favor free trade?

Most of them favor free trade in principle; but many who will vote for Mr. Blake and his supporters believe in an equitable system of protection.

Is the question of free trade involved in the election?

It cannot be; because free trade is an impossibility in Canada.

Why is it impossible?

Because the Tories have made it necessary that the people should be taxed at the rate of seven dollars for each man, woman and child to maintain the public service, and the greater part of this tax is paid in duties on imported goods.

What are the principal imports of Canada?

Manufactured goods.

Then the manufacturers of Canada must always have the protection of a high duty?

Yes; for many years at least.

How then is the tariff involved in the election?

In two ways. First, the Tory tariff is taking about \$5,000,000 a year more from the people than is required to meet the expense of government; and secondly, certain lines of manufactures are unduly protected at the expense of the others.

But is not a surplus of revenue desirable?

No. Every dollar paid in taxes is a dollar diverted from the legitimate business of the country, or taken from the income of some man who has all he can do to feed and clothe his family.

What is the duty of a Government when the revenue produces a surplus?

To reduce taxation.

Will the Tories reduce taxation?

No; they have promised the manufacturers to increase it.

What is the policy of the Liberals in respect to taxation?

To require the people to pay no more than is necessary and to make every man pay his just proportion, according to his means.

As there must be protection to manufactures, in order that enough revenue may be raised, what is the Liberal policy in respect to it?

To give fair play to all industries.

Are the farmers protected by the Tory tariff?

No. The Finance Minister said he could not protect them, so he taxed them instead.

Is lumbering protected by the Tory system?

No; and the Finance Minister excused himself for taxing it heavily by representing itself as "a waning industry."

Then the chief industries of the country are not protected by the so called National Policy?

They are not, but are crippled by it.

How can a policy be national which cripples the chief industries of the country?

It cannot be and is not. The so called National Policy is simply a device for laying tribute upon the poor for the benefit of the rich.

But is not Canada more prosperous now than it was in 1878?

Yes; business is better all over the world, and there has been a great demand abroad for lumber and farm produce.

Then the prosperity of Canada is due to the export of unprotected articles?

Yes. It is all due to the two industries which were selected by the Finance Minister to be taxed.

What effect has the tariff had upon this enhanced prosperity?

It has diverted a portion of the profits, which the foreign trade realized, into the public treasury, where it was not needed, and a still larger portion into the coffers of the monopolists who are sustained by the unjust Tory tariff.

THE LOCAL ELECTIONS.

Do the electors wish to know what the financial condition of the Province is? Then let them vote for men whose interest it will be to shew to the public the actual state of affairs. Do they desire to have the business of the Province conducted on a scale in proportion to the revenue? Then they will sustain the men who have come forward as the champions of reform. Do they want pure government? Then they will return the men who came out in square opposition to clique rule.

More is involved in the local elections than a mere question of men. Personal sympathy and friendship ought not to be the ruling principles in the choice of a candidate to vote for. The supporters of the local Government are making a strong canvass on personal grounds. They say, "Colter and Wetmore are both good fellows. Give them a vote." But they do not say, "Blair and Thompson are good fellows; vote for them." This is not the way they run an election on personal grounds. If they secure their own men they are content. The "good fellow" argument is only good on their side. Now, Colter and Wetmore are no doubt good fellows; but so are all the nine candidates—real decent fellows, every man of them, against whose public or private record not a word of anything disgraceful can truly be said. This being the case the "good fellow" argument falls to the ground, and the electors have a right to ask, and they are asking, what principles these candidates represent. We have at the beginning of this article indicated a few of the principles which are involved in the candidature of those who are opposed to the present Government, and we ask the electors, not only of York, but of the other counties as well, to say by their votes whether they are or are not in favor of these principles. Remember, every vote cast for a supporter of the local Government is a vote to perpetuate misrule and gross abuse of the public patronage.

A CONTRAST.

The policy of the Liberals is to reduce the taxes of the people.

The policy of the Tories is to increase it.

The policy of the Liberals is to equalize taxation, making each man pay according to his means.

The policy of the Tories is to make the poor man pay more taxes in proportion than the rich.

The policy of the Liberals is to give all industries an equal chance.

The policy of the Tories is to pamper a few select manufacturers.

The motto of the Liberals is Canada for the Canadians. The motto of the Tories is Canada for foreign monopolists.

The policy of the Liberals is to make the great west a country for the common people.

The policy of the Tories is to hand it over to an aristocracy.

The policy of the Liberals is to maintain the constitutional rights of the Provinces.

The policy of the Tories is to centre all power at Ottawa.

The policy of the Liberals is to permit the people of the several Provinces to manage their own affairs.

The policy of the Tories is to govern Canada, even down to the smallest local affairs, by the vote of the Quebec Tories.

The record of the Liberals is an honest administration of affairs.

The record of the Tories is one of disgraceful corruption.

Let the electors of New Brunswick compare the two pictures, and vote for the candidates who represent the one which is most in accordance with British justice, fair play to all, and the future welfare of their country.

A HOMEY VIEW OF IT.—Said a well-to-do farmer as he set his name to Mr. Pickard's nomination paper, "I have not taken much interest in politics of late years; but I have learned so much about the manner in which this country is being abused by the Tories, that I felt it was time for all the old Liberals to come to the front and work for the man who represents honest Government." This sentiment is gaining ground all over the country. The Tories boast that they can buy, debauch, or coerce any constituency to do their bidding; but they will find their mistake. The people are aroused, and they will not submit to the tyranny of the titled Tories of Ottawa.

WHAT WE WERE TO HAVE HAD.—Mr. Fraser was to have told all about the judgment, but he has not done so yet.

The Capital was to have annihilated the Herald on the clique question; but it has not done so yet.

And our same contemporary was to rip up the local opposition platform; but it has not done so yet.

Nomination Day.

If the attendance of the people from the country at nomination in this city is any index of the state of public feeling, then Mr. Pickard is to be congratulated upon his prospects of success. Nearly every man in town to attend the nomination, and a great many came in to hear speeches, was a supporter of Mr. Pickard, and each brought excellent reports from the localities in which they lived. The Fraser party were in a very small minority. From every quarter comes the most cheering news. We believe that the Liberals are about to achieve a victory all over Canada. Ontario telegrams announce that the Tories in that Province are demoralized and admit their defeat, but hope still to keep in power by the French vote. From Quebec we hear that there is every prospect of large Liberal gains. Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Manitoba will be redeemed, and New Brunswick will continue the banner Province.

ALL GOES WELL.

Send the glad news all over the constituencies.

ALL GOES WELL.

for freedom from unjust taxation, from the tyranny of monopolists, from corruption in high places.

ALL GOES WELL.

for the cause of the people against their tyrants.

ALL GOES WELL.

for self government and equal rights.

Let the Liberals of New Brunswick rally, that the proud position which the Province holds may be sustained with honor.

MR. FISHER.—If Mr. Fisher had contented himself with retiring, the public generally would have been willing to have let him alone in the political oblivion which he has selected for himself. But since he has gone stumping York County for the man for whom he had no words too hard only a day or two ago, and whose supporters abused him in the most violent fashion, he draws public attention to himself, and invites comments by no means complimentary.

RANK TORYISM.—Mr. Fraser told the people of Keswick Ridge last Monday night that the people of York had no right to expect any expenditure of public money unless they returned a man pledged to support the Government.

Out upon such outrageous doctrine!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CARTRIDGES, CARTRIDGES.

JUST received, 2 cases Cartridges. For sale low. Z. R. EVERETT.

FISH.

JUST RECEIVED A SUPERIOR LOT OF

Fresh Salmon,

SEA SHAD,

Halibut and Lobsters.

A good variety of

FRESH SMOKED, PICKLED, AND DRY FISH ALWAYS ON HAND.

Orders filled promptly and delivered free of charge.

THEODOR P. NOBLE.

Basement City Hall.

F'ton, June 10, 1882.—d.w.

CARPETS,

CARPETS!

ENGLISH

BRUSSELS

and

Tapestry

CARPETS

The largest and best Stock

in the City to choose

from,

ALL SELECT PATTERNS

VERY HANDSOME.

DEVER BROS

Fredericton, May 12

Boy's Carts. Wheelbarrows.

A LARGE assortment of Boy's Carts, Wheelbarrows and Waggonettes at

LEMONT'S Variety Store.

May 8

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

In a few days you will be called upon to elect a person to represent you in the House of Commons. This call has been made one year before the allotted time for the present Parliament to expire. The reasons for it have been kept secret in the breasts of the Government. We will have to judge for ourselves the cause. We will have to deal with the facts just as we find them. I have been solicited again to come forward as a Candidate by a large number of the Electors of the County. Among them I find the rich and the poor. I accept the call of the men of York, and shall appear before you as a Candidate.

I have been honored by your electing me to represent you in Parliament for the last fourteen years, and have endeavored to discharge the duties devolving upon me as your representative in a way that I believed to be for the best interests of the Dominion, and especially of my own County and Province.

During the years I have served you I have been ready at all times to submit my votes in Parliament to the closest examination; but the Tory press of the County has never ventured to attack my votes, but has resorted to violent personal abuse. I know this abuse cannot injure me where the editors and proprietors of these papers are known.

True, in Sir John's time, I voted against the building of the Pacific Railroad from ocean to ocean, if it had to include Vancouver; but the Tory press of the County has never ventured to attack my votes, but has resorted to violent personal abuse. I know this abuse cannot injure me where the editors and proprietors of these papers are known.

True, I voted against the so-called National Policy, which takes the property of one man and gives it to another, giving no value in return, called Protection: Spoilation would be the proper term.

True I voted against the present Government giving a contract to a Syndicate to build the Pacific Railroad, or rather to finish a portion of said road, after the Government had expended over \$50,000,000 on the same, thus creating a gigantic monopoly, by giving to the Syndicate the whole carrying trade of the Northwest and affecting thereby the whole Eastern portion of the Dominion.

True I voted to have the contract opened to competition, offering the terms given to the Syndicate, minus the monopolies.

True I voted to have the whole scheme submitted to you, the people, before accepting the contract or ratifying the same.

True I voted against the Government giving away \$200,000 of the people's money to A. Onderdonk & Co.

True I voted to have the duties taken off flour, meal and coal.

True I voted to reduce the duties on cotton and woollen goods for the benefit of the working class.

True I voted to reduce the duties on iron.

True I voted against that silly and unbecoming act of the Government, by which they attempted to annihilate seven of the leading Liberals of Canada under the pretence of equalizing the population of the different electoral districts. A baser fraud, I venture to say, never was undertaken in a free Parliament—a deadly blow at Responsible Government.

I invite the fullest criticism of these votes. The Tory press affirms that York does not get its share of public money, and gives as a reason that your representative opposes the Government. If this be true, is there a man so lost to all that is manly or honorable as to excuse a Government, be it Liberal or Tory, for such an act of injustice. I cannot believe that such a man can be found in York County.

The votes given above are a few of my reasons for not supporting the present Government, and I wish before closing to say if my reasons satisfy you as to my course in Parliament, I again ask your support. Thanking you for past favors, if elected I will pursue the course I have heretofore—deal with measures presented to Parliament, and not with the men who compose the Government. The time before the election will be too short to see you all personally at your homes, but some of my friends will call, if possible, at places that I will not be able to visit.

Your obedient servant,

JOHN PICKARD.

Fredericton, May 22, 1882.

Just Received.

1 case Horn & Rubber Dressing Combs;

5 gross Tooth Brushes (English manufacture);

5 gross Davidson's Rubber Nipples;

5 gross Alcock's and Seabury & Johnson's

Porous Plasters;

18 dozen Wade & Butcher's Razors;

4 gross Packer's Tar Soap;

1 barrel Peppermint Lozenges;

For sale low, Wholesale and Retail at

Geo. H. Davis'

Drug Store,

Cor. Queen and Regent Streets.

FREDERICTON.

SEEDS. SEEDS.

CABBAGE, CUCUMBER,

LETTUCE, CARROT,

BETT, RADISH,

SAGE, SWEET MARJORAM,

PUMPKIN, SQUASH,

TURNIP, ONION,

Of all varieties, put up by JARDINE & CO.

TIMOTHY, RED AND ALSIKE CLOVER

SEED.

SUPERPHOSPHATE.

18 Tons Cumberland, Bradley and Neeley's Superphosphates at

G. T. WHEELEY'S,

Under the Barker House.

May 10—Farmer 3 ins.

SALES MAN WANTED.

Very nice at

LEMONT'S Variety Store.

May 8

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CABBAGE, CUCUMBER,

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LADIES' & CHILDRENS' RUBBER GOSSAMERS,

From 40 to 60 Inches,

VERY LOW.

White Honeycomb Quilts,

AT \$1.20.

DRESS GOODS--10 cents a Yard, Extra Value.

John J. Weddall,

(Successor to the late Thos. Logan.)

OPPOSITE NORMAL SCHOOL.

NEW BOOK STORE.

Our Motto—"Best Goods for the Least Money."

McMURRAY & FENETY.

SCHOOL

BOOKS

Very Cheap

MAPS

and

GLOBES

at

Lowest Rates.

NOTE PAPER,

FOOLSCAP,

LEGAL CAP

and

ENVELOPES

Wholesale

or

Retail.

THEM.

ORGANS

For Sale or Hire on easy terms. Any one wishing an Organ would do well

to call and see our Organs and Prices, Terms, etc., before purchasing.

We have sold a large number of the above patterns,

which have given the best of satisfaction,

as our testimonials will show.

McMURRAY & FENETY.

IRON. OAKUM.

BOILER PLATES.

RECEIVED AND IN STORE, EX. BARQUE "PARAMATTA," AND S. S. "HIBERNIAN" AND "CASPIAN"—17,77 Bars Refined and Spike Iron; 580 Bundles Plating and Hoops, various sizes and gauges; 210 Bundles Navy and Hand-picked OAKUM; 318 Bundles Nos. 20, 22, 23, 24 and 26; 310 Sheets, Nos. 10, 1