BANNERMAN'S MAJORITY CONTINUES TO INCREASE

Out of 384 Elections Held the Liberals Have 202 Seats While the Combined Forces of Other Parties Are 182---Ten of Balfour's Cabinet Already Defeated.

London, Jan. 18.—The following is a summary of the political situation at midnight:--

Total seats in the Commons,	670
Elections held,	384
Liberals elected,	202
Unionists,	87
Laborites,	35
Nationalists,	60

London, Jan. 18—Rural England is now being polled and is returning Liberals to parliament with the same enthusiasm as that already displayed by the towns. Few additional returns are available as the county pollings are only known the day following balloting, but those announced show persistent Liberal and Labor gains.

Glasgow has gone strongly Liberal and seven contests there being marked by four Liberal and one Labor gain, while the only two Unionists left in the representation are free traders.

Among the well known members of parliament unseated are A. Bonar Law (Unionist), representing the Black Friars district, who was parliamentary secretary to the board of trade in 1902 and Sir J. Stirring-Maxwell (Conservative) representing Glasgow University.

John Morley, secretary of state for India, was returned by a good majority for Montrose.

Cambridge University returned two Unionists tariff reformers—S. H. Butcher and Mr. Rawlinson.

Lancashire county appears to be going as strongly Liberal as did Manchester, the three results announced recording two Liberals and one Labor gain. Among those unseated in Lancashire are Lord Stanley, former postmaster general, by the Laborite, W. T. Wilson, with a majority of 3,128, and C. A. Cripps, by H. Nuttall (Liberal and free trader), with a majority of 2,834.

Taken altogether the returns, although less sensational than those previously reported, are most disastrous from the Unionist standpoint. No less than five members of the Balfour ministry have been unseated, namely, Wm. St. John Brodrick, secretary of state for India; A. Bonar Law, Ernest George Pretyman, secretary to the admiralty; Lord Stanley, postmaster general, and Ailwyn E. Fellowes, president of the board of agriculture. Henry Chaplin, who was president of the local government board in the Salisbury ministry, is also among the defeated, which now include ten members of the late cabinet.

The defeat of A. Bonar Law will be a serious loss to the tariff reformers, as he has been looked upon as one of the ablest advocates of Mr. Chamberlain's policy.

Since the election opened the Unionists have gained only three seats while the Ministerialists have gained 132 seats. The seats up to the present are distributed as follows:

Liberals	202
Unionists	87
Laborites	35
Nationalists	60

The continued Liberal triumphs make the results at Birmingham yesterday seem all the more remarkable and lend color to the contention of the Liberals that they were due exclusively to the force of Mr. Chamberlain's personality and to local influences and that they had no connection whatever with the fiscal problem.

Mr. Chamberlain himself is evidently undaunted. Speaking at Smethwick near Birmingham tonight, he asseverated that there had been a fair fight at Birmingham on the question of fiscal reform. He added that there were two remedies for the existing social problems—Socialism and tariff reform. For the moment, he said, the country preferred Socialism, but when the quack remedies of the present government had failed there would be opportunity for his scheme and "no obstruction could prevent its taking root."

London, Jan. 18—Thomas Gibson Bowles, the Unionist free trader, who was defeated at King's Lynn, in Norfolk, by a tariff reformer, provides the sensation of the campaign by the publication of correspondence with Sir Alexander Fuller Acland-Hood, the chief Conservative whip. In this correspondence, which is published tonight, Mr. Bowles accuses the Unionist party of sacrificing his seat on the dictum of Joseph Chamberlain simply because he is a Unionist free trader.

In it are scathing letters to Sir Alexander containing numerous thinly veiled personal insults, accusing him of deliberate breach of faith and politically dishonorable conduct.

Continuing, Mr. Bowles attacks the source from which the Conservative party fund was derived and gives chapters and verse regarding the incident of some years ago when Ernest Tereh Hooley, of "unhappy memory" contributed $50,000 to the party fund, "in circumstances most discreditable." This contribution, Mr. Bowles says, was refused and was returned by Lord Salisbury at his instance.

Mr. Bowles, insinuating that his successful opponent received support from the party fund, says:

"From such a fund I should deem it shameful to receive assistance."

Sir Alexander in replying says that Mr. Bowles was discredited by the organization because of his attack on Mr. Balfour and Mr. Cahmberlain, but he briefly denies that A. P. Burgoyne, the successful candidate at King's Lynn received any support from the fund.

Mr. Bowles under today's date replies to Sir Alexander who, he says, evades every point raised, but he accepts the statement that Mr. Burgoyne's candidacy was not supported by the Conservative fund. He says he understands from a rumor which it would be worth Sir Alexander's time to rectify, that the fund was recently contributed to in immense sums by the recipients of dignities and favors which could have been bestowed by Premier Balfour.

In conclusion Mr. Bowles says: "You have sacrificed my seat. Now look to your own."

This correspondence which is distinctly sensational at this stage of the campaign will be used with tremendous force by the Liberal press.

The Unionists, however, regard it as being merely a vitriolic blaze of anger on the part of a defeated candidate who failed to merit the support of the organization and who at heart was leagued with the opposition.

All the nominees of the Labor party's representation committee who are elected will be paid a salary of $1,000 yearly and have all signed written pledges to vote in accordance with the decision of the majority.

FRANCE RETALIATES AND EXPELS CASTRO'S CONSUL

Paris, Jan. 18, 5.30 p. m.—M. Maubourguet, the charge d'affaires of Venezuela here, this afternoon received the official announcement of his expulsion from French territory. The notification was conveyed to him by M. Gouvt, the chief secretary of Premier Rouvier, and a special commissary of police. The charge d'affaires showed considerable emotion but accepted the government's decision. He will leave Paris tonight for Liege, Belgium, accompanied by the special commissary of police, who is responsible for his security to the frontier.

Official confirmation of Venezuela's acrimonious treatment of M. Taigny, the retiring French charge d'affaires at Caracas, has reached the foreign office. The government immediately decided to adopt the most energetic measures to obtain satisfaction. It is understood that a naval demonstration is under preparation, the division of French warships recently assembled in the vicinity of Venezuelan waters being utilized for that purpose.

A diplomat said today that President Castro's action amounted to an act of hostility. Such an act could not remain unchastised and France, the diplomat added, will have the support of the whole world in demanding and obtaining proper satisfaction, even should armed intervention prove necessary.

The cable company's officials received confirmation today of the reports that the managers at Caracas and Laguaira have been expelled from Venezuela. The company has about ten other managers in charge of different offices in Venezuela and momentarily expects to hear that they have been expelled. The officials of the company have brought the matter before the government.

Caracas, Venezuela, Jan. 17, Wednesday, via Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Jan. 18—The Constitutional, in publishing the correspondence preceding the diplomatic rupture between Venezuela and France, claims to prove the complicity of the French government in the Matos revolution. The paper says:

"We do not accuse the cable company, whose responsibilities we consider to be eliminated. We accuse the French government of disloyalty to Venezuela because while our representatives and ministers were honorably seeking legal solution of the difficulties in the line of international reciprocity, France co-operated with Matos, the leader of the revolution, to stain our valleys and cities with blood and privately ordered the managers of the cable company to transmit information to the revolutionists, assisted in bankrupting the credit of the government abroad and endangered the integrity of the national territory."

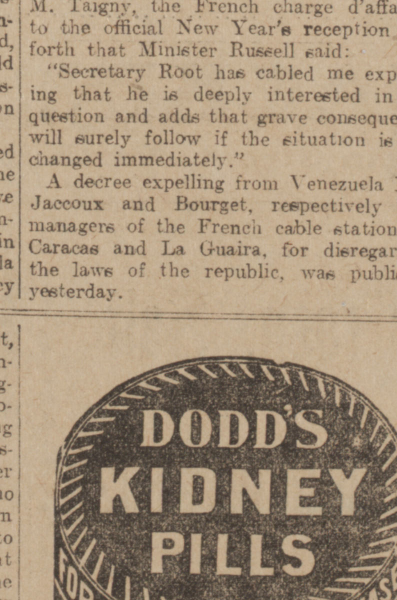
Of the memorandum of the conference between the American minister, Russel, and Foreign Secretary Ybarra on the subject of the government's failure to invite M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires, to the official New Year's reception sets forth that Minister Russell said:

"Secretary Root has cabled me expressing that he is deeply interested in the question and adds that grave consequences will surely follow if the situation is not changed immediately."

A decree expelling from Venezuela Mm. Jaccoux and Bourget, respectively the managers of the French cable stations at Caracas and La Guaira, for disregarding the laws of the republic, was published yesterday.

It is understood the Judicature Act, which the provincial government will introduce at the coming session of the legislature, is now being drafted. It is proposed to provide a court of appeal, sitting at Fredericton, to consist of the chief justice and two other judges, while the other judges would go on circuit. Thus no judge would sit on appeal from his own court. It is said the proposition is to have four judges on circuit. In case that is agreed to it will be necessary for the dominion government to appoint another judge, as there are only six now. It is also proposed to abolish magistrates' courts, to increase the jurisdiction of the county courts, and to appoint three more county court judges.

G. M. Hoegg, of Sussex, was registered at the Royal yesterday.



A TOUGH SPOT FOR EDITORS

Men Who Make The Papers Have Their Own Troubles in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—Undismayed by the arrests of their successive elective committees a group of Socialistic workmen today elected a new workmen's council, whose president issued an address threatening with death all who do not obey the commands to abstain from work Jan. 22, the anniversary of "Red Sunday." Though disclaiming the idea of collision between the workmen and the troops on the anniversary, the president says:

"The blood of our brothers cries aloud for justice but the armed proletariat bides its time to mingle the blood of its oppressors with that of the victims of January 22."

Trouble is not expected. The troops, however, are taking up stations in the suburbs and industrial quarters so as to deal with any disorders in their incipiency. Orders have been issued to quell rioting and militant demonstrations without the slightest mercy, employing machine guns if necessary.

Acting under the provisions of the military code the commanders throughout the empire are proceeding unsparingly against the revolutionists, courtmartialing and shooting leaders wherever martial law has been declared.

M. Notovitch, editor of the Novosti, and one of the most prominent Jews in public life here, has been sentenced to a fortnight in the penitentiary for printing a proclamation of the union of post office employes during the recent strike. This will disfranchise him and prevent his election to the National Assembly for which he was a candidate. The editor of the Svoboda ("Liberty"), has received the same sentence in addition to being deprived of the right for five years of editing a newspaper. A similar penalty is impending for the editors of the Russ, Nasha Shisn, and other papers which printed the manifesto of the workmen's council Dec. 15. Their cases will soon come to trial.

WHAT DO YOU CARE? YOU'VE GOT YOUR HEALTH.

Great Natures Do Not Despair at Disappointment--They Look for Something Else To Do.

The broad-gauged man of today does not get blue because things don't always come his way unless there is something the matter with him. If he "falls down" on one proposition he immediately starts to look up another. He always looks forward and keeps on hustling. A man with his health and faculties has plenty of opportunities and the man who gives up or even feels like it has either a small nature or some physical weakness.

Dyspepsia certainly puts the best of men out of condition for work of any kind. You cannot blame the dyspeptic for getting blue. The very nature of his disease is most depressing and calculated to deprive him of ambition, energy and hope. There is hope for him, however, certain and sure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recognized throughout the length and breadth of the land as the one cure that's safe and sure. Their unbounded popularity — resulting from the thousands and thousands of cures they have effected, prove beyond the shadow of a doubt their greatness as a cure. Wherein lies their greatness? In the very fact that they are Nature's own simple remedy. They do the exact work in exactly the same way that the digestive fluids of the stomach do because they are composed of exactly the same elements and possess the same properties. They relieve the weak and worn out stomach of its burden of digestion and permit it without let or hindrance to rest and grow sound and well. The stomach will get well quick enough in its own natural way if it is let alone. That is what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do. They not only let it alone themselves but make the food taken into the stomach do the same.

You can satisfy yourself of the truth of this statement by putting the food you would eat into a glass jar with sufficient water and one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. The process of digestion will be taken up and carried out just as the gastric juice and other digestive fluids would do it. Their action is natural and they cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. In fact you forget you have a stomach when they begin to do their work, so mild and natural is the operation. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c. a box.

MIDNIGHT RUNAWAY

Zigzagging from side to side a coach drawn by a pair of frightened horses and having two ladies inside went tearing down Germain street last night and was stopped in its mad career only by the horses dashing into the fence at Quinn's blocks, Brittain street. Mrs. H. A. Austin and Miss Jessie Reed were the ladies who underwent the thrilling experience. and both were somewhat injured.

The coach, driven by Arthur Hamm, called at the Opera House after Dr. Parkers' lecture and took four ladies—Miss M. Stephenson, Mrs. W. E. Vroom, Mrs. Austin and Miss Reed. The first call was made in Pitt street and Mrs. Vroom was left at her home. The coach was then driven to 9 Wellington row and Miss Stephenson alighted.

Before Mr. Hamm could mount again to his seat to drive the other occupants to Mount Pleasant, the horses turned and started off towards Germain street, evidently bent on regaining their stable without delay. Mr. Hamm managed to retain a grasp of the reins, but the horses' speed quickened and he was dragged sliding and running on the icy road after the now flying team.

Frightened evidently by their unaccustomed freedom the horses began to race. Crossing Union street the rattle of the coach attracted people to the street. King street was crossed in less time than it takes to tell and passers by caught glimpses of two terrified women clinging together and a man still grasping the reins being dragged after the coach, which swayed from side to side.

The pace seemed to grow faster and at length opposite the home of George Robertson, M. P. P., the driver fell and the horses released from all restraint, tore madly on. A small crowd meanwhile had started running after the flying team and grew in numbers as it went. The horses kept on, miraculously escaping the sidewalks and telephone poles until at last dashing into the fence which bounds the Quinn's blocks they fell. The police were quickly on the spot and helped the bruised and terrified ladies to alight. As there was no conveyance near they walked with assistance to the residence of Dr. P. R. Inches' in Germain street, where their injuries were attended to.

Mrs. Austin was the more fortunate of the two and beyond a cut on the forehead and a severe shaking was little the worse. Miss Reed's head was cut but her left wrist was broken and she suffered great pain, being at times in a fainting condition. Dr. Inches attended to the injuries and soon after midnight the two ladies were able to leave in one of Watson's coaches for their homes.

The escape from more serious injury must be regarded as little short of marvellous when it is considered that the horses raced the whole length of Germain street on an icy surface and entirely beyond control.

Driver Hamm, despite his wild experience and his heavy fall in the street, was able to make his way to the scene where the horses fell and lead them home. His knee and hand were slightly injured. The horses escaped injury but the coach suffered a little.

MUST PAY IF THEY DUMP

Board of Works Will Charge $1 a Yard on All Ashes Dumped From Steamships at Sand Point.

The board of works yesterday instructed the director to see the steamship companies using the Sand Point berths with reference to the dumping of ashes and with a view to imposing in future a charge of $1 a yard on all ashes dredged from the berths. A representative of the Bithulithic Paving Company was heard with reference to the merits of the pavement manufactured by his company. The matter was left with the director to report. Ald. Bullock occupied the chair in the absence of Ald. Christie, and Ald. Lewis, Hamm, Holder, Tilley, Sproul, Baxter, Vanwart, McGoldrick, Frink and McArthur were present with the director, harbor master, engineer and common clerk.

Ald. Baxter asked the harbor master if he felt he could perform the duties of harbor inspector. It was his opinion that the office involved a certain amount of detective work.

The harbor master replied that he had no intention of being a detective but he could perform the other duties.

Ald. Baxter said he had never thought it a wise move to abolish the office. It was necessary for an inspector to be on the wharves at any hour of the night and it was not to be expected that the harbor master could attend to those details.

Ald. Frink asked how many watchmen were at Sand Point.

The harbor master said at the present time six men were in the service. He had no desire, he added, to keep the billet of inspector and would be glad to get rid of it.

In reply to a question the director said in all twelve scow loads of ashes were taken from numbers 2 and 3 berths when the dredging was done last fall and at a cost of $500 to the city. The men on duty at Sand Point made every effort to detect any dumping of ashes into the harbor but the practice went on in spite of them.

The harbor master said the ashes were blown out of the steamers under the water. It was impossible to detect the operation. Ald. Tilley—"That is so, and they put out just enough ashes on the wharf to cover up what they are doing."

Ald. Baxter asked the director if he had any suggestions to make which would put a stop to the practice.

The director said he would recommend charging the steamship companies $1 for each yard of ashes dredged out. He doubted if the companies were cognizant of the practice and advised that the matter be taken up with them.

On motion of Ald. Baxter the director was instructed to take the matter up with the steamship companies and report back.

H. J. Page, a representative of the Bithulithic Paving Company gave details as to the construction of the pavement and claimed advantages over other forms of paving. He said the cost was $2.75 a yard against $3.50 for granite and mentioned that his company gave a ten year guarantee and a 25 per cent bond with their work. In Halifax 18,000 yards had been laid The special advantages of the paving were that it was noiseless, waterproof, gave a sure foothold, was very durable and especially easy to repair. He mentioned a large number of contracts which had been entered into, including work for the government department in Ottawa. He referred to the frontage tax imposed on other cities on ratepayers in connection with permanent street work and estimated the cost to ratepayers in Germain street between King and Queen Squares at twenty-five cents a lineal foot payable for ten years. This charge was half the cost of the pavement, which amounted to $18,700. Mr. Page also mentioned that the stone in Rockland quarry was suitable for the work, that the company would purchase it from the city as required and also employ St. John labor as far as possible. They could not undertake a smaller contract than 10,000 yards, owing to the cost of bringing the plant to manufacture the pavement.

Ald. Frink, who visited the works of the company in Boston with the director, spoke strongly in favor of the pavement which he said was the most suitable for the requirements of the city which had come under his notice.

Elegant Cabinet Photos of His Excellency

The Right Honorable Sir Albert Henry George, Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada.

For All Users of the Celebrated "DIAMOND DYES."

We have received so many letters from ladies in Canada asking us to continue the supplying of the beautiful Cabinet Photos which we have been sending out for the last two months, that we have decided to continue the supply until the end of February, 1906. Please note the conditions for securing a Photo.

One photo will be sent free of cost to each lady who sends her full post office address and four of the inner envelopes which contained DIAMOND DYE of any color.

Envelopes of other makes of package dyes will not be accepted.

This offer will be valid until the end of February, 1906.

Send in your address at once with the four empty envelopes, so that you may get this photo without delay.

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MANCHESTER UNITY

The thirteenth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Acadia district, I. O. O. F., Manchester Unity which opened yesterday in Odd Fellows' hall, was concluded today.

The principal subject for discussion was hazardous risks, which was finally turned over to a committee who will report at the next meeting.

Owing to the growth of the order in the maritime provinces a change was made in the annual meeting which heretofore has been held in July and January, but hereafter will be held in August, this being in accordance with the provisions of the new rule.

The financial standing of the grand lodge is as follows:-

Receipts for the last half year,

Funeral fund	$3,932.45
Management	112.39
Extension	194.11
Stock	127.33
Official organ	61.45
Total	$4,427.73

In addition to the above, subordinate lodges have about $35,000.

Tonight's banquet at the Park Hotel promises to be a grand success and is being looked forward to with considerable interest. It is being tendered by J. S. Edwards Lodge, I. O. O. F. Manchester Unity to the Grand Lodge and visiting delegates.

At the afternoon session, on the place of next meeting coming up, it was decided that Moncton be chosen. On business from lodges, appeals from two lodges for assistance were received and granted. The question of the erection of a temple at Halifax was discussed but no decision arrived at. A vote of thanks was extended to J. S. Edwards Lodge for hospitality and also to the lodges of the American order in St. John for the use of room and paraphenalia and many other kindnesses extended. A committee was appointed to procure a suitable testimonial for H. W. Keating, the retiring grand master, and the newly elected officers were then installed by the retiring grand master, which closed the grand lodge meeting. At the close a group photo of the delegates was taken.

Last night the delegates were entertained to a supper at the Park Hotel. Covers were set, in the fine big dining room, for sixty. The chair was taken by Dr. A. F. Emery. At his right sat Robt. Maxwell, M. P. P., and at his left Dr. J. W. Daniel, M. P., and among the guests of the evening were Dr. Daniel, M. P., Robert Maxwell, M. P. P., Ald. A. W. MacRae and Hon. C. N. Skinner.

After full justice had been done to the excellent menu the toast list was in order. The King was received with the usual honors.

The toast of Canada was replied to by Dr. Daniel; The City Corporation, by Ald. MacRae; Sister Societies, Hon. C. N. Skinner; The Press, H. E. Codner, and The Ladies, R. I. McKinnon.

At the close of the evening the past provincial grand master's certificate was presented by J. H. Walker, chaplain of J. S. Edwards lodge, to H. W. Keating. Mr. Keating replied thanking the donors. It was the first time that he had ever received such an honor and he would long treasure it. The evening was brought to a close by the singing of the national anthem.

The gramophone selections which formed a most enjoyable part of the entertainment, were from an instrument kindly loaned by the W. H. Johnson Co.

TERRIBLE PAINS ACROSS BACK

SUFFERED EIGHT MONTHS WITH KIDNEY TROUBLE. WOULD HAVE TO STAY IN BED FOR THREE DAYS AT. A TIME

Doan's Kidney Pills CURED HIM

Mr. Thomas Fitzgerald, Hazeldean, Ont., writes us as follows: "I was a great sufferer from kidney trouble for eight months. I had terrible pains across the small of my back. I would have to stay in bed for three days at a time and could not do any work. I tried several remedies but of no avail, and also plasters but they were of no use.

One day a neighbor of mine advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. I was so much discouraged I told him I was tired of trying remedies, but he urged me to try one box so I purchased one, and before I was through using it, I found a change for the better so I got five boxes more, and I have had no trouble with my kidneys since. I would not be without Doan's Pills in my house."

It is really not difficult to cure kidney trouble in its first stages. All you have to do is to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial. They are a never-failing cure for all forms of kidney trouble. They quickly relieve the conjested, overworked kidneys, and gradually bring them back to health.

Doan's Kidney Pills 50 cents per box or three boxes for $1.25, all dealers or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

MASONIC INSTALLATION

At a meeting of the Carleton Royal Arch Chapter last evening the installation of officers for the following year took place. W. B. Wallace, grand high priest, and the officers of the grand chapter acted as installing officers. The following are the officers for the chapter:

E. J. Fleetwood, high priest.
J. R. McIntosh, king.
L. A. Langstroth, scribe.
L. A. McAlpine, captain of host.
G. A. Henderson, royal arch captain.
C. D. Jones, principal sojourner.
F. E. Smith, M. 3rd veil.
John C. Edwards, M. 2nd veil.
Reverdy Steeves, M. 1st veil.
W. B. Wallace, secretary.
G. A. Dodge, treasurer.
Robt. Clerke, tyler.

The close of the junior basket ball league was celebrated last night by a supper in White's restaurant. A most enjoyable evening was spent. Rev. S. Howard and Rev. Canon Richardson were present. Toasts to the king, the winning team, the other teams, the president of the league, the ladies and the officers of the Y. M. C. A. were proposed and honored. A fine programme of songs, recitations and musical numbers was presented. A note of sympathy with Rolly Smith, of Trinity, and A. Day, of St. Luke's was passed.

Mrs. G. R. Price, Princess street, will leave on Monday for an extended southern trip. After visiting several of the southern states she will spend the remainder of the winter in Los Angeles (Cal.)

"A splendid ironer."

What woman isn't proud of such a compliment? A good house must have a good foundation—the foundation of ironing is starching. If the starch is good—if it's Colman's Starch, the ironing is sure to be all right—the kind a woman is proud of. Don't say you can't iron if you haven't tried

COLMAN'S STARCH

Sold in Cardboard Boxes.

See that Colman's Name are on and the Bull's Head the box.

Large sample free on request from your grocer or from Frank Magor & Co., 403 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

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Fancy Covers, as Pastor's Sermon Cases, Etc.	A	Law Books
Everything in Gilt Stamping	FIRST	Magazines
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1674 Mowry Safety Nut Co., office Prince Wm. St.
1057 McKechnie Jas., residence, High street.
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Champagnes, Clarets, Sauternes, Burgundies, Ports, Sherries, Madeiras, Tarragonas.

Scotch, Irish, Rye and Bourbon Whiskies; Brandies, Rums, Gins, etc., etc.

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Mail and telephone orders attended to promptly. Prices Low.

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It cures RHEUMATISM, GOUT, KIDNEY and Intestinal Disorders.

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CHANGE OF BILL TWICE A WEEK.

Monday Night, Jan. 22,

THE MAN AND THE MAID!

Thursday Night, Jan. 24,

A TTRENUOUS TIME!

MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

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TWO WEEKS, COMMENCING

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The Stoddart Stock Company

In a repertoire of great play successes and high class vaudeville.

Monday Night, Tuesday Matinee,

A Friend in Need

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The Christian

5— BIG FEATURE SPECIALTIES. —5

Including West & Bartram, singers and dancers, Jimmie Fairbanks, The Gold Dust Twin, Ralph Wordley, the long tramp, Miss Edyth LaNora, motion pictures and illustrated songs.

Popular prices. Evenings—15, 25, 35, 50 cts. Matinee—15 and 25 cents. Seats on sale Friday morning.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



The only safe effectual monthly medicine on which women can depend. Sold in two degrees of strength—No. 1, for ordinary cases, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger for Special Cases, $3 per box. Sold by all druggists. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound; take no substitute.

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