THE EVENING TIMES.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 11, 1906.

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JOHN RUSSELL, JR., President. A. M. BELDING, Editor.

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Week Ending June 9, 1906.

MONDAY	6,873
TUESDAY	6,656
WEDNESDAY	6,633
THURSDAY	6,643
FRIDAY	6,806
SATURDAY	7,079
TOTAL	40,690
Daily Average	6,781
Average Daily Sworn Circulation First Three Months, 1906,	6,741

FOR THE CHILDREN

The womanhood of St. John, voiced by the Woman's Council, appeals to the citizens to aid in providing the children of the city with proper playgrounds.

The Council has had this needed work in mind for years, but until the present time has not been in a position to take it up in a practical way. With sufficient funds to make a fair beginning, the ladies have now thrown themselves into the work with a determination to prove its value. By a standing vote at Saturday's largely attended meeting of the Council, it was decided to accept the administration of the fund, interview the board of school trustees, secure teachers, appeal for donations of equipment for grounds, purchase whatever could not otherwise be secured, and give a personal oversight as far as possible to the work in its earlier stages.

Not only this, but the members present contributed handsomely to the fund, and announced other contributions received at their solicitation. Of the total amount acknowledged on another page of today's Times a large share has been contributed by members of the Council or through their influence. It cannot be doubted that other contributions will pour in, as a result of their action on Saturday.

For it is not alone the appeal of the ladies of the Council. It is never that alone in any case where they appeal to the people for aid and sympathy. In this case, behind their plea is the cry of the children, and there are few hearts so callous as even to affect indifference. Especially to parents is the need made clear, and however small the contribution it should be given promptly, with a word of encouragement, to ensure a wider distribution of the benefits that are conferred by supervised playgrounds.

The work done this year will be experimental so far as St. John is concerned, and will involve a considerable tax upon the time and energy of those who do the actual work. But this fact may be borne in mind: The work now begun will not be considered complete until there are supervised playgrounds wherever they can be properly provided for the smaller children, and a great free playground near the entrance to the park for the larger children. This is not the work of one year, nor is it a work that the Women's Council can be expected to carry out alone. But it will have their sympathy and support, and the funds contributed will be devoted to the best use in forwarding the general plan, the value of which will be abundantly evident, to every citizen who cares to enquire, before the present summer ends.

To the sympathy and support of its readers throughout the city the Times commends this work for the children, who in street and alley are subjected to so many temptations, when children more happily circumstanced are taken to the country, or well cared for in other ways.

Let the people of St. John, now that this work has been begun by the Women's Council, under such favorable auspices, determine that the whole programme shall be carried out, until the children's right to healthful play under good influences has been as fully recognized as their right to a place in the public schools. Too often what is done in the schools is undone amid the associations of street and alley and barn, until the unhappy victims of social conditions for which they are in no sense responsible have entered upon a career of crime.

The problem is presented to every man and woman in the city of St. John. What will they do about it?

BRYAN AND ROOSEVELT

The Wall Street Journal declares that so far as it is possible to forecast the political future, the nomination of William J. Bryan for president by the democratic party in 1908 may safely be predicted." The Journal adds:—

"There can be no doubt that Mr. Bryan is a much stronger and broader man than he was in 1896. Moreover there can be no doubt that save on the question of free silver, an issue which is now apparently as dead as that of slavery, the country has come around in most things to Mr. Bryan's way of thinking. In other words, the country has grown more radical, as Mr. Bryan has grown more conservative."

Discussing possible republican candidates, it is pointed out that Elihu Root is great in intellect, but doubt is expressed if he could stand up against Mr. Bryan in the present state of the public mind on financial and corporation questions. Mr. Taft, it is said, will go on the bench. Mr. Fairbanks and Mr. Shaw are said to be seeking a nomination and each with a considerable following in the republican party. But there is a feeling that these men would represent the financial interests, the corporations and a high tariff, and that therefore neither of them would be an ideal candidate as matters now stand. The Journal sets forth in a clear manner the lines of cleavage in public sentiment in the United States today.

"There are," it says, "three distinct lines of division in the public opinion of today. One line represents the ultra conservatives, the stand-patters, the men who are opposed to any interference by the government in the regulation of the corporations. Another line represents the ultra radicals, which includes the socialists, who are bent upon destroying the present order, in order to substitute their scheme of common ownership of the processes of trade and transportation. Between these two extremes there is a third line of public opinion which holds fast to the present political and economic order, and believes in preserving the corporation and defending the right of property, but is strongly in favor of exposing and reforming every wrong and injustice in the conduct of business and putting the corporations under adequate government control, as necessary for the preservation of a 'square deal.' Of these three lines, the third is now the one which makes the broadest mark upon the open page of American history. Those holding to this middle course include both republicans and democrats. On the republican side, speaking broadly, Theodore Roosevelt is the representative of this line of policy, and, on the democratic side, Mr. Bryan. Both the ultra conservative and the radical socialist are equally antagonistic to Roosevelt and Bryan. Of the two, of course Bryan is the more radical, as being on the outside; what he would do in office is another thing."

Naturally, such a summing up points to Roosevelt as the most effective republican opponent of Bryan. But Mr. Roosevelt has openly and emphatically pledged himself not to be a candidate again. Can he be induced to change his mind, and if he does what effect will it have on the minds of those who accepted his pledge as final?

It really seems at this stage that the problem of getting a desirable candidate presents greater difficulties to the republicans than to the democrats.

THE LATE PREMIER SEDDON

The death of Premier Seddon of New Zealand removes the most pronounced Socialist who ever rose to a position of such power to enforce his views regarding Socialism. His death was wholly unexpected, as he had seemed in excellent health and was only 61 years of age.

It was only a few days ago that Mr. Seddon, referring to the increasing cost of living, expressed the hope that the government would adopt further measures tending in the direction of Socialism. He was thus quoted:-

"We will shortly fix the price of coal to the consumer by means of state mines. We are about to fix the rent payable by means of the Workers' Dwelling Act, and we have fixed the fire and accident insurance premiums by means of state insurance officers. The success of previous experiments impels me to the conclusion that the simplest, most economical and surest way of dealing with the rings is to open fish markets and meat markets, and fix the maximum rates payable by the consumers."

New Zealand has gone farther than any other country in the direction of government ownership of public utilities; and, as Mr. Seddon intimated in the statement just quoted, it is now proposed to go much farther and fix the price of certain vital commodities in the public market.

Richard J. Seddon was born in Lancashire in 1845 and went to Melbourne, Australia, in 1863, going thence to New Zealand. He was by trade a mechanical engineer. In 1879 he entered the New Zealand parliament, and rose rapidly to a position of power. He has been premier, minister of labor, of defence, and of immigration. He was a notable figure at the Colonial Conferences of 1897 and 1902. As he has grown older he has leaned more and more toward Socialism and has been able to put some of his theories into practice. He was a thorough-going imperialist, and perhaps not unwilling at times to admonish the home government. A strong and picturesque figure, the world will miss the man who was known to his friends as plain "Dick Seddon."

Regarding crops and the stock market a New York journal observes:—"As the present bull movement is based on the expectation of good crops, more reports of damage from reliable sources will not be so easily overlooked. The government crop report which is due in a few days will be an important document."

The city has three ferry steamers. Two of them are partially dismantled, and undergoing repairs. If anything happens to the third one the patrons of the ferry will be back again to primitive conditions. Who is responsible?

TOO MUCH FOR HIM

When King Peter was called to the throne of Servia he was anxious to know the world's opinion about him, and instructed an agency to collect all press cuttings. The collection was bound and taken to Belgrade. The King, lacking in humor, gazed with horror and indignation at the collection, wherein English, French, German, and Swiss caricaturists had displayed their wit at his expense, and declared, says the "Bystander," that nothing would induce him to pay a cent for the volumes. When the agency threatened to exhibit them, the King shouted: "I don't care, as long as they are not exhibited before me!" And now these 30,000 cuttings will be sold by auction in Paris.—(St. James's Gazette.

Lynn, Mass., carpet mills workers are striking.

Stores open till 8 o'clock. St. John, N. B., June 11th, 1906

New Cloths Just Arrived for Our Tailoring.

We received on Saturday last another fine lot of imported Cloths for our Men's Tailoring. They are the swellest things on the Market, the newest patterns and colorings; yet we are making them up at our usual low prices. They are mostly suit or pant lengths, so as to be exclusive.

MEN'S SUITS TO MEASURE .. .. $12 to $35
MEN'S OVERCOATS TO MEASURE .. .. 15 to 25
MEN'S PANTS TO MEASURE .. .. 3.50 to 7.50

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing, 199 to 207 Union Street.

Men's $3.50 Shoes,

Made of genuine Velour Calf just received in several new styles. When you get a GENUINE velour shoe, you don't have to WAIT a few weeks for it to take a shine. It already has a magnificent lustre which it retains by occasional polishing. Oak-tanned soles, Goodyear Welted. Every pair built for wear.

Balmorals and Bluchers.

FOOT FITTERS — Mc Robbie — 94 KING STREET

MEN'S PATENT LEATHERS,

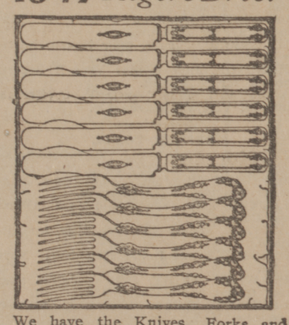
Blucher cut, dull finish top, nice medium toe, stylish, well made shoe, very dressy. . . . $4.00

J. W. SMITH, - 37 Waterloo Street.

"Silver Plate that Wears."

You Know These Goods

They are the same brand as your grandparents bought, 50 years ago, and are stamped *"1847 Rogers Bros."*



We have the Knives, Forks and Spoons as well as many Berry Spoons, Cold Meat Forks, Ladles, etc

OUR PRICES

for these goods very low--- so low that it will pay you to investigate and compare, also ask to see

STERLING SILVER
—AND—
CUT GLASS.

EMERSON & FISHER,
LIMITED,
25 GERMAIN STREET.

MAKE YOUR FURNITURE LOOK LIKE NEW
BY USING
MIRROR PIANO POLISH, "The HouseKeeper's Friend."
MERCANTILE SPECIALTY CO.,
35 Dock Street, - - - - - - Saint John, N. B.

A BANK ACCOUNT

The start in life is the first dollar saved. Have you made your start? If not, deposit One Dollar in the

UNION BANK
OF HALIFAX.

The Savings Department receives all deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and allows interest at three per cent. per annum. Open an account NOW.



ALL STYLES OF
Rubber Tired Carriages
IN STOCK AND MADE TO ORDER.
A. G. EDGECOMBE, 115 to 129 City Road

LINEN HATS

For Warm Weather
ALL COLOURS, LATEST SHAPES,
Only 75c.
C. B. PIDGEON, Cor. Main and Bridge Streets, North End.

The Sale of Window Curtains and Floor Oilcloths Have Kept us busy lately. Just received another lot of

Curtain Lace at 12c. and 15c. Yard.
Curtain Scrim, only 10c. Yard.

A. B. WETMORE, 59 GARDEN STREET

THE THING UNDONE

It isn't the thing you do, dear,
It's the thing you leave undone,
That gives you a bit of a heart ache
At the setting of the sun.
The tender word forgotten;
The letter you did not write;
The flower you did not send, dear,
Are your haunting ghosts at night.

The stone you might have lifted
Out of a brother's way;
The bit of heartsome counsel
You were hurried too much to say;
The loving touch of the hand, dear,
And the gentle, winning tone,
That you had no time or thought for
With troubles enough of your own.

Those little acts of kindness
So easily out of mind.
Those chances to be angels
Which we poor mortals find,
They come in night and silence,
Each sad, reproachful wraith,
When hope is faint and flagging
And a chill has fallen on faith.

For life is all too short, dear,
And sorrow is all too great,
To suffer our slow compassion
That tarries until too late;
And it isn't the thing you do, dear,
It's the thing you leave undone
That gives you a bit of a heartache
At the setting of the sun.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

Mrs. Wise—Tom, I've written mother. Here's the letter; read it. Mr. Wise—You've dated it the 20th, and this is only the 10th. Mrs. Wise—Yes, I know; but I'm going to give it to you to mail.—Boston Transcript.

* * *

A WAY OF ESCAPE.

"There are two men to see you, sir," said the office boy to the editor. "One of 'em's tearing mad and has a shot gun with him. The other one has a spring poem."

The editor sighed, but did not hesitate. "Show in the one with the gun first," he said.—Cleveland Leader.

* * *

WORK OF A KNOCKER.

Yeast—Where's your friend Spratts?
Grimsonbeak—Gone away for a rest.
"What's the matter with him?"
"Oh, he's knocked out."
"What knocked him out?"
"His wife, I guess. She's a great knocker, you know."—Yonkers Statesman.

* * *

AS OTHERS SEE US.

The Parson—What do you suppose was Brothers Skinner's idea in offering a memorial window for our new church?

The Deacon — Oh, he probably wants something to look at when the contribution plate goes around.—Chicago News.

* * *

A TIME HONORED CUSTOM.

Isaacs—Did you tell der reporters dot you expegt to pay der greditors vun hundred cendts on der dollar?

Cohen—Yes. I believe everybody vot fails says somedings like dot. It's a sort of boetical license.—Brooklyn Life.

* * *

WHY NOT?

"That widow that Dumley married has six children of assorted ages. They're just like steps when they're lined up."

"Of course; they're his stepchildren."—Philadelphia Ledger.

* * *

STATEROOMS ASHORE.

"Oh, what lovely big shelves those are!" cried the lady who was looking through the new flat. "I could just lay my dresses out full length on those, couldn't I?"

"This isn't a clothes press," explained the agent, "this is the family sleeping room; those shelves as you call them are bunks."—Detroit Free Press.

ATHLETE WILL BE DEPORTED

Apparently strong and healthy Franklin Murphy, 28 years old, formerly a well-known athlete and gymnastic instructor of Belfast, Ireland, and now seeking to become a citizen of the United States, is detained at Ellis Island.

The United States Marine Hospital surgeons say that because of his strenuous athletic career Murphy is suffering from heart trouble, and from a general breaking down of the tissues, which may incapacitate him from work. The Immigration Board has decided that he must be deported, but he has appealed to Washington, and expects the verdict today or tomorrow.

Murphy arrived on the Anchor liner Caledonia from Glasgow, May 26, and intended to become the American representative of the Belfast lace making firm of James A. Thompson.

THE BIBLE IN FOREIGN LANDS

The British and Foreign Bible Society now distributes the Scriptures in no fewer than 400 languages.

This was one of the many interesting facts presented recently at the society's meeting in London.

Copies of the Bible are purchased from the British and Foreign Bible Society for cheese, eggs, arrowroot and many other commodities. In the New Hebrides—Aneityum—so generous have the native Christians become that during the last 11 years they have grown and given arrowroot to the value of $5,000 for the good of the Christian cause and for starting other churches. Nothing else is used in these islands for the purchase of the Scriptures, but arrowroot, 15 pounds of which will buy a Bible.

In Saa, one of the British Solomon Islands, Bibles are bought with dead dogs' teeth. Other things used to purchase Bibles in different parts of the world are barley, eggs, pigs, goats, fowl and beads.

A ghost which "operates" in the daytime is said to be troubling the quiet village of Great Baddow, near Cheimsford. It made its appearance in a cottge occupied by Mr. and Mrs. John Wallace. Mrs. Wallace had just made the bed, when it strewed the clothes on the floor. Then it descended from the bedroom and and cleared the kitchen mantelpiece of all its ornaments, which it placed uninjured on the hearthrug. At this the village constable, and, after him, the village blacksmith and a parish councillor, were called in. But even they could do nothing, and a few minutes later the frolicsome spirit set ceveral flower-pots dancing on the window-sill before the frightened eyes of Mrs. Wallace.—(London Express.

John Guy sails for England on the S. S. Lake Manitoba from Montreal on Thursday, June 14th.

Window Screens,
20c., 22c., 25c., 28c. Each.

Green Screen Cloth, 6c. yard.
Wire Screen Cloth, 15c., 17c., 20c. yard.
Straw Matting, regular 15c. quality, for 10c. yard.
Curtain Muslins, 6c. to 22c. yard.
Curtain Rods, 5c. and 10c. each.
Lace Curtains, 25c. pair up.
Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear. All kinds of Brushes in Stock.

ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE
83 and 85 Charlotte St.,
Near King St. Tel. 1657

NEW REFRIGERATORS

We have received a new lot of Refrigerators in the very latest improvements. No home is complete without one of them. Now is the time to buy when the assortment is complete. See our show windows.

AMLAND BROS., Ltd.
Furniture and Carpet Dealers,
19 WATERLOO STREET.

Suits!

Permit us to show the newest patterns and tell why our Suits possess novel style features and retain shapeliness until the end.

A. R. Campbell & Son,
High Class Tailoring,
26 Germain St.

A Patent Colt, Blucher Cut, Low Shoe For Men, at $4.

Made with large eyelets, Derby last and all patent cut quarters. One of the best fitting and most satisfactory Oxford ties designed this season.

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN,
19 King Street.

WEIGHING MACHINERY.

We make a specialty of repairing load, platform and counter scales, also weigh beams, to conform with inspectors' requirements.

E. S. STEPHENSON & CO.,
17, 19 Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

Wall Paper.

—ALL THAT'S NEWEST AT—
E. O. PARSONS, West End.

—FOR—

Wedding Presents.

A look through our stock, ought to quickly overcome your perplexity. And enable you to pick out "just the right thing."

The variety and extent of our goods for this purpose, will readily assist you in making your selection.

FERGUSON & PAGE.
41 KING STREET.

China and Leather Novelties
Suitable for Wedding Gifts
JAMES A. TUFTS & SON,
Corner Germain and Church Streets.

FIDDLE HEADS AND SPINACH

New Carrots, Beets, Squash, Cabbage, Asparagus, Tomatoes Cucumbers, Sweet Potatoes, Native Celery, Lettuce and Radishes. Fresh Strawberries tonight.

J. E. QUINN, City Market. Telephone 636

A Timely Tip

Have you changed your ad. in the street cars lately ?

If not,
The Telegraph
designs and prints them