THE EVENING TIMES.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 13, 1907.

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JOHN RUSSELL, JR., President. A. M. BELDING, Editor.

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THE GROWTH OF THE C. P. R.

The gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific railway for the ten months ended April 30th, were $58,379,118, or within a little over three millions of the total for the whole of the fiscal year 1906. Assuming that the increase for May and June will be as great as that for March and April, the Montreal Witness figures that the total increase in gross earnings for the whole of the fiscal year 1907 will be $10,000,000. Commenting on this phenomenal record the Witness says:—

"Gross traffic receipts of $71,646,000 would give a weekly average of $1,380,000, a total that was almost beyond the dreams of the most optimistic of Canadians, only two or three years ago. Where and when will it stop? is perhaps a natural question, because a ten million dollar increase annually would place earnings on a $100,000,000 basis in only three years from the present. What that means can be best described by the fact that only two of the great American railways have exceeded that figure; the Pennsylvania Railroad System, with gross earnings in 1906 of $295,896,000, and the Southern Pacific with $105,632,000, but these roads are long established and have not nearly the same possibilities as has the Canadian Pacific."

In 1903 the gross earnings of the C. P. R. were $43,957,373, and they have steadily increased. It would not be surprising if in 1908 they should be double what they were in 1903. This is a remarkable record, and bears eloquent testimony to the growth of trade in Canada, as well as to the wonderful ability displayed by the heads of this great railway system.

THE PUBLIC SUFFERS

The strike of 'longshoremen at New York has had a serious effect on shipping business of the port. But this is not all. As one journal points out:—

"The consequences do not fall solely upon the employers of the labor or the transportation companies whose traffic is directly affected. Loss and injury are entailed upon those who have no responsibility for the employment or payment of the 'longshoremen, and the business of the entire community is harmed. If protracted, such a strike might do irreparable damage to the port of New York by diverting some part of its commerce to other ports."

Taking note of the possibilities involved, including acts of violence caused by collisions between strikers and strike breakers, the Journal of Commerce makes a statement the force of which has been impressed upon the public mind in many quarters during the past few years. It says:—

"But there should be some way of bringing labor disputes affecting the great transportation interests of the country to a settlement without interrupting traffic, injuring business and industry generally and harmfully affecting the commerce of the whole country. Employes on railroads and steamships and at railway stations and the docks of seaports should not be able to hold up or seriously injure all business as a means of coercing compliance with their demands whether they are just or not. Individually they cannot be compelled to work for less than they choose to ask or on any terms whatever, but they may be prevented from conspiring to force their terms by interrupting all business dependent upon their labor without any adjudication of rights."

The new Canadian labor disputes law is an attempt to solve this very problem, and has already demonstrated its value under certain conditions. As experience may suggest, it will of course be amended, and strengthened in points where now it is weak. The great need, in connection with strikes, is something that will give protection of the innocent consumer whose interests are jeopardised while he has no voice whatever in the dispute.

CONCERNING MANNERS

A writer in the Toronto News, describing his experiences among newly arrived immigrants from England, tells in a very entertaining way of conversations held with many families and groups met at the immigration headquarters in that city. Here is one striking sentence:

"As for the manners of these English children, if they can only manage to retain the ones they have, and persuade Canadian children to copy them, they will have conferred a great favor on the country at large."

The force of this remark is apparent. Whether it is that we are young yet as a country, or that the new world atmosphere makes us more aggressive, or we have less time to devote to the simple courtesies of family and social life, it is a fact that too many Canadian children lack the old-fashioned virtue of respectful and courteous manners to their elders. The evidence is on every hand, but especially on the street and in places of public resort. The absence of good manners among children is a distinct loss and cannot but be regarded with sincere regret.

THE TROUBLE IN INDIA

The Associated Press despatch gives the following statement of the immediate cause of the recent outbreak in India:

"The origin of the unrest is to be found in the agitation for self-government, conducted by The Punjabi, a native journal. Some time ago the proprietor and editor of The Punjabi were sentenced to two years and six months respectively in prison for inventing statements to show that in murder cases the British government refused justice to natives as against Europeans. On an appeal to the revising court the two years' sentence was reduced to six months. When the prisoners were being taken to jail the military escort was pelted by a mob, and isolated Europeans were assaulted on the Mall. The serious feature of the whole affair is that the Punjab is full of first-rate fighting men. The Sikhs are the most warlike race in India, and while they have not in great numbers taken part in the rioting they have ranged themselves on the side of the government or spoken out against the lawless acts of the Hindus of other races."

Discussing the threatened plumbers' strike in Toronto the Globe of that city says:— "The members of the plumbers' union admit that men are charged $50 to join that body. They endeavor to palliate the imposition by saying the men are allowed time to pay it. The defence is absurd. The only condition of work in this country should be knowledge and willing hands. The Globe believes in unionism, but when unionism degenerates into tyranny it should be destroyed, and those unions which abuse their power will be destroyed, as all tyrannies eventually are. They contain the seeds of decay in them."

The engineering difficulties having been solved, the construction of the Georgian Bay canal may be regarded as merely a question of time. It would shorten the distance between Montreal and Fort William four hundred miles, and make it possible for vessels of 21-foot draught to pass between these points. The value of such a waterway in the future, as the trade of Canada develops, makes the hundred millions or so required to construct the canal seem a comparatively small sum, but of course other great public works are also called for, in other parts of Canada, and therefore some time may elapse before this project is seriously taken up.

Mr. Tennyson Smith has opened fire in Halifax. Incidentally we may quote from the New Glasgow Chronicle these remarks about Halifax: — "Correspondents of the Herald state that Halifax is one of the unhealthiest cities in North America. The death rate among children is dreadfully high. Crowded tenements are blamed, as well as other things. In the opinion of a visitor to the city too much intoxicating liquor saps the vitality of parents and blunts their parental instincts; hence the offspring are weak and neglected."

A London cable to the Canadian Associater Press makes this significant statement:—"Not only the conference itself, but the public speeches of Mr. Deakin, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and other premiers, have given an immense impetus to the movement towards reciprocity here. Three months ago the movement, according to the Liberal press, was not only 'dead, but damned.' Today it is admitted that colonial preference is the main issue of party politics."

An Ontario judge holds that not only should railroad authorities be held criminally responsible when they work men over-time and wrecks result, but that the men who consent to work over-time day after day should be punished. Make this ruling general, and enforce it, and there would doubtless be fewer casualties, There might also be smaller dividends and bank accounts, but human lives are of more value than these.

These observations by the Montreal Witness, on the western crop situation, are wiser than some we hear:—"The news of the week from the wheat areas of western or central Canada has been of a disquieting character. Nature, however, has many means of compensation, and before the season of cutting arrives, may have given a series of healthy and seasonable periods of growth which will help to offset present adverse conditions."

Still another was added on Saturday to the list of awful railroad wrecks. St. John people were deeply anxious when the news came from California yesterday, but happily the St. John Shriners were not among the victims.

TRIBUTE TO CANADIAN SKILL

London Financial News Deals With Development at Niagara

Declares Success of Scheme Marks New Era in Our Industrial History.

In a leading article in a recent number of the Financial News, of London, England, the project of supplying electrical energy from Victoria Falls, on the Zambesi River, to the whole of Rhodesia and to the Rand is said to have as its prototype the power development of Niagara. Speaking of the feat before the engineers of South Africa, this journal says: "They will undoubtedly derive much assistance in studying the experiments carried out, and recently crowned with success, in harnessing Niagara Falls. The arrival of electrical energy in Toronto from the Niagara Falls marked a new era in the industrial hisory of the province of Ontario, and Canadians are justly proud of the fact that this vast undertaking has been entirely carried out by Canadian enterprise. The electrical plant at the power houses of the Electrical Development Company which distributes power to Toronto has been constructed by the Canadian General Electric Company and the Canada Foundry Company. It is claimed that in bringing its installation plans to a successful issue the Canadian General Electric Company has performed a feat unequalled in the history of electrical undertakings in Canada, and that is has executed the biggest contract in electro-hydaulic machinery that has ever been given out. In the work of converting the tremendous force of water into electric current, the company has had to contend with unprecedented conditions, which have necessitated not only the manufacture of plant such as had not been used before, but the invention of new types of machinery.

"The enormous iron castings," continues The News "of the penstock, the flume, the steel gratings, the switchboard gallery, and the steel towers, to say nothing of the steel structural work of the massive buildings, were all built by the Canada Foundry Company. In the whole undertaking this company has supplied about 8,500 tons of metal. As regards the installation plant, five units are already erected, or in course of construction, capable of producing 75,000 horse-power. It is in the construction of these generators that the skill and inventive ingenuity of the Canadian Electric Company have been employed, and all credit is due to the company in the enterprise and success of it great engineering feat."

C. M. B. A. AT HOME

As the date of the at home of the C. M. B. A. draws near, the interest in it increases. The members and their lady friends look forward to a most enjoyable time Tuesday evening in York Theatre assembly rooms.

On Saturday, for the third time this season, the Aberdeen broke down and the passengers had to be brought to the city by the tug Hercules. The accident was occasioned by the breaking of the crank shaft and the loosening of the cylinder head and occurred just before the time for leaving Wickham.

NEWS FROM P. E. ISLAND

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I. May 11—(Special)—Mr. Cowie, the Scotch expert and his assistant, Mr. Smith arrived at Souris to arrange to give a few weeks' instructions in the Scotch method of curing herring. Operations will begin on Monday afternoon. After finishing at Souris, Mr. Cowie goes to Magdalen.

In the Y. M. C. A. sports last night the Abegweits, of Charlottetown, defeated the Giants, of Pictou, at basketball 16 to 12.

Last night Capt. Lister, deputy adjutant general of the signalling corps for Canada completed the inspection of the Charlottetown school of signalling.

Charlottetown today is enevloped in a hick snow storm.

Maid—"How is it, madam, that although you receive a great number of persons, all ugly, you always say that you are glad to see them?"

Madam—"But it is quite true. Do you think I should like to be blind?"

The world does not want to hear of a golden heaven; it waits for the golden heart.
He who has many thoughts to ride never has any that men are glad to circulate.

Stores open till 8 p. m. St. John, May 13th, 1907.

REAL GOOD VALUES IN

Boys' 2 and 3 Piece Suits!

The Boys' Suits we are offering here at the prices quoted below are certainly the best values offered in St. John at the prices. They are good serviceable cloths, well made and lined—the kind that will stand your boy and keep their appearance, too.

BOYS' 2-PIECE SCHOOL SUITS, - - -	$1.50 to $ 4.00
BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS, - - - - -	2.50 to 5.50
BOYS' 3-PIECE SUITS, (with Vest) - -	3.50 to 8.00
YOUTHS' LONG PANT SUITS, - - -	4.50 to 13.50

J. N. HARVEY, TAILORING AND CLOTHING Opera House Block.

We Have Two

of the cutest, most up-to-date and prettiest styles in Children's SHOES that you will find this side of Boston.

——SEE THEM——

Child's Patent Colt Cloth Top Lace Boots, Sizes 4 to 7 1-2, - - - - - $1.75.

Child's Vici Kid Cloth Top Button Boots, Sizes 3 to 7 1-2, - - - - - $1.35.

Cloth top boots look more dressy on children than any other style.

FOOT FITTERS McRobbie 94 KING STREET

"McGregor's Furniture Polish."

This is the season for cleaning and polishing the furniture. If you want yours to look the cleanest and have the brightest polish use our furniture polish, as anybody that has used ours once uses no other.

R. HARRY ROBB, Prescription Druggist, 137 CHARLOTTE ST.
'Phone—Main 1339.

Don't take chances, but have your house wired by competent workmen. Give us a trial.
HIRAM WEBB, Electrical Contractor, 4 Church Street, Room 5. Orders taken at J. H. Noble's, 25 King Square. 'Phone 39.

FRESH BUTTERMILK

by the glass, gallon or barrel, delivered to your address for ten cents per gallon, in perfectly clean vessels.
CREAM, CREAMERY BUTTER, of the choicest quality, at the
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Call in and see our place and the way we do things. Special attention given to cleanliness in handling our goods.
'PHONE 1432.

Store open till 9 p. m. Monday, May 13, 1907.

YOUTHS' BOOTS, SIZES 11-13.

SPLIT, WHOLE FOX,	$1.10
BUFF, WHOLE FOX, SOLID,	1.45
BUFF, BLUCHER, SCHOOL BOOT,	1.45
BOX CALF, BLUCHER,	1.75
PATENT, BLUCHER,	1.75

PERCY J. STEEL, : Foot Furnisher,
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Grey Cottons, from 5c. yard up.
White Cottons, from 6 1-2c. yard up.
40 inch White Lawns, from 10c. yard up.
Hamburg Trimmings and Torchon Laces.
A. B. WETMORE, Agent Globe Laundry. 59 Garden St.

Telephone Subcsribers

PLEASE ADD TO YOUR DIRECTORIES:

Rothesay 27—Pugsley D. A., Residence, Rothesay, number changed from Rothesay 16-2 to Rothesay 27.
West 159-11—Perry H. A., Residence, Prince St., number changed from West 91-21 to West 159-11.
West 121—Queen J. M., Residence, Lancaster Heights, number changed from Main 1322 to West 121.
Rothesay 19—Sayre F. E., Residence, Rothesay, number changed from Rothesay 21-7 to Rothesay 19.
Main 484—Tennant W. B., Insurance, 14 King, number changed from Main 1684 to Main 484.
Main 1626-21—Vincent T. N., Residence, 5 Garden.
Main 1966—Warrell J. A., Residence, 127 Wright.
Main 1579-11—Barrett Geo. J., Residence, 174 Waterloo.
Main 234—Callahan John, Residence, 110 Pond.
Main 1973—Hastie John, Residence, 100 Mecklenburg.

A. W. McMACKIN, Local Manager.

May 11, 1907.

THE POET

O very, very far from our dull earth,
The land where poets spring to glorious birth.
Thrice blessed land, where brood thrice happy skies,
Where he increaseth joy who groweth wise;
Where truth is not too beautiful to see.
Action is music, life a harmony.
There dwells the poet till some luckless day,
Prisons his spirit in our coarser clay,
And in our dull and dusty commonplace
He loses memory of his name and race—
Till some bird twitters from a wayside thorn,
The language of the land where he was born;
Or west winds, whispering to the tall pine trees,
Waken his soul to wonder; or he sees
In some first fairness when the day is new,
In some dear dimness i'the time o' the dew
A loveliness that steals about his heart,
And lays soft fingers on dumb chords that start,
Then he uprises joyously, and binds
His poet's robes upon him, yea, he finds
This drear existence a most glorious thing,
And sings because he cannot choose but sing.

Sara Jeanette Duncan Cotes

IN LIGHTER VEIN

THE ETERNAL BALANCE.

Mary's ma wears bombazine,
Mary's gown is silk.
While she skims the magazine
Mamma skims the milk.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A DEFINITION.

"Bigget says Brightly is a 'skeptic.' What does he mean?"

"He means that Brightly denies something that Bigget believes is true, that's all."—Philadelphia Press.

HOPELESS CASE.

Sapleigh—I'm learning to play the—aw—harp, doncher know.

Miss Caustique—Indeed! Has your physician given up all hopes?—Chicago Daily News.

* * *

QUITE A DIFFERENCE.

"I thought you told me Miss Screamer couldn't sing."

"So I did."

"But I have heard her at social gatherings myself a number of times."

"I said she can't sing; I never said she doesn't."—Baltimore American.

HOW HE KNEW.

He—I'm going to Marienbad to take the water and thin down a bit.

She—Why, aren't you thin enough?

He—No. I've just had a dozen shirts made, and they all fit me too tightly around the neck.—Caricaturen.

THE CRUEL MINX.

Anna—My husband has a beautiful writing style: Come and see me, and I will show you all his fine love letters.

Marie—But what for. I have a whole packet of them at home—Kleine Witzblatt.

AS IT IS IN RUSSIA.

"Shall we adjourn sine die?" suggested the timid member of the Duma.

"We'll be in luck," remarked another, "if we can adjourn sine dying."

With this feeling prevalent, of course, the body did not accomplish much.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

A REMARKABLE RESULT.

First Commercial Traveler—Singular, isn't it, that when a man's arm is amputated he can feel an ache in the place where it used to be?

Second Commercial Traveler—I can tell you something more singular than that. My wife awoke one night while I was away, thinking she heard a burglar in the room, and she says she was so frightened that her teeth chattered in a tumbler on the bureau.

STOCK MARKETS PROFOUNDLY DULL

(Montreal Witness.)

The stock markets are profoundly dull, with quotations varying only fractionally in either direction. The wheat situation is the predominating influence, and, while the present uncertainty continues in regard to the standard of growth of the winter wheat in the United States, there is not likely to be much development excepting in a slightly downward direction. It has been a comparatively easy matter for the bears of the security market to hammer stocks, but they are now operating under conditions adverse to them. There is little to be knocked off the average standard industrial or railway stock, and therein lies the difficulty of suppressing fractional rises in the market. The bears have had their innings ,and even with the expected decline in winter wheat production the existing low level of market prices must prove attractive to the investor. The freeing of transportation, now in progress, will fill the distributing centres with the vast volume of commerce so long withheld from the consumer, and money should become more plentiful, especially in the western states. The reported issue of new stock by the Harriman roads, the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, has been considered a blow to the reviving confidence in the stockmarket, nothwithstanding that an issue of some sort or other was expected at an early date. Mr. Harriman has made an announcement justifying the new issue, which might, if he were not Mr. Harriman, have a reassuring effect on sentiment.

Local stock market conditions are quiet, but there have been indications during this week's sessions of a reviving interest in several of the stocks. The outside purchasing demand seems better than for some time past, but is apparently not assisted by any of the speculative flutters that always accompany the active market. There is no inducement to engineer a flutter even in the most susceptible of stocks just now, because their is no speculative buying either here or in Wall street. The investor, for revenue or early profit-taking, is therefore left with a clear field for his buying. Under normal circumstances the kind of investment buying now the rule would immediately encourage the manipulators to "take a hand" and prices would be much more sensitive to the most insignificant kind of investment demand.

Up to last night, no trace had been found of Robert McGill, of 47 Elliot Row, who has been missing since Thursday last.

WALL PAPER.

We still have a good assortment of Wall Papers at 3c., 4c., 5c., to 20c. Roll, best patterns are going fast.
Lace Curtains, 22c. to $2.10 pair.
Window Shades, 15c. to 60c. each.
Curtain Poles, 25 and 35c.
Brass Sash Rods, 5c., 8c., 10c., 12c.
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Careful hand work, perfect satisfaction. Fine Shirt and Collar work. Will collect and deliver promptly. Try me.


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The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co. (formerly Windsor) Toronto, Ont

Hieatt's Hygienic Milk Bread
is made of the highest quality flour and other absolutely pure and healthful ingredients. Milk is used instead of water. These are combined with my experience and the result is a perfect loaf. Its crust is light and crisp, its texture fine. It is healthful, nourishing, digestible. Children thrive on it. Every loaf labeled Hieatt's Hygienic Milk Bread. Ask your grocer for it.
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AT ALL PRICES

That $1.75, Patent Blucher Tie Shoe, dull kid top, ladies' sizes, 2 1-2 to 7, is a bigger favorite than ever. The same in girls', sizes 11 to 2, spring heel, $1.60.

Patent Chrome Colt Button Oxfords, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, C, D and E widths.

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These shoes are selected from a few of the best American and Canadian factories and we have never heard a complaint of a single pair.

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in relation to the
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