THE PAPER The Times THE PEOPLE READ

# The Evening Times.

THE WEATHER.
Light variable winds, fair and cool. Sunday, moderate south west, fair and milder.

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## MUST DIG THROUGH TONS OF DEBRIS TO GET BODIES OF VICTIMS OF EXPLOSION

### Now Known That More Than a Score of Workmen Perished in Explosion of Brooklyn Gas Main Yesterday—Rescue Parties at Work Seeking to Recover Bodies.

New York, Nov. 21.—When dawn broke today the big force of workmen who had been struggling almost since yesterday forenoon to reach the bodies of the score or more of persons who were entombed by the explosion and cave-in of the great sewer trench in Gold street, Brooklyn, saw many hours of labor ahead of them. It would be hours before even the emergency shoring which would make it safe for the workers to begin digging at the hundreds of tons of debris in the trench could be completed and many more hours would be necessary to cut through the tangled mass of wreckage which fills the trench. While it will be possible that some of the bodies might be found before nightfall, the men in charge of the work estimated that at least two days would pass before all the bodies are recovered. Until that time there will be no way of definitely knowing the exact number of lives lost in the catastrophe. The most conservative estimates today place the number of dead at about 25. This number of persons was reported missing late last night, and not one of the missing ones had been found today.

The great trench which had been sunk more than fifty feet below the surface is filled with all sorts of material, which will hamper the workmen. When the sidewalks and curbstones fell into the opening they carried with them water pipes and gas mains, wire conduits, tool boxes and many tons of material which was to have been used in the construction of the sewer upon which the men at the bottom of the trench were at work. Several donkey engines which had been used in the work, electric light wires and a large amount of heavy timber which had been used in shoring the deep cut also were missing among the debris. All of these things were thrown together in an inextricable mass, and it will be necessary to literally cut through them to reach the bottom of the trench.

The same strong police guard which held back the crowds yesterday were on duty today and even during the early morning hours they had about all they could do in holding back the crowds of curious ones who sought to get a view of the scent of the tragedy.

## POLICE COURT

### Several Prisoners Quickly Disposed of by the Magistrate This Morning.

Three prisoners were liberated by Judge Ritchie this morning under suspended fines of $8 or two months in jail each.

Harry Graham the seventeen year old youth, taken into custody on Tuesday promised faithfully to abstain from intoxicants until he is thirty years of age. He was instructed to sever connections with his former companions and reform. In future he will be kept under surveillance.

James Paterson a Scotchman arrested on Tuesday night for wandering aimlessly on Prince William street said if he had understood the laws of the city as well on Tuesday as he does at present he would not have hibernated since behind bars. Since his arrest he has been entertaining the inmates of the jail with skilled imitations of a cornet solo using his hands for the instrument and blowing through them and it is difficult to detect the music from the original.

William Swanton claimed that his services were indispensable to discharge coal from a steamer.

Three men and a woman constituted the docket at the police court this morning. Charles Cain pleaded not guilty to intoxication on Richmond street and Policeman Steeves was called upon to testify concerning the arrest.

The officer stated that while he was partaking of his lunch in the Brussels street lock-up shortly prior to midnight last night he was summoned to Richmond street by Cain's brother who declared that the prisoner was creating havoc in his mother's home. On reaching the house the brother attempted to persuade Cain to retire to bed but the latter refused all overtures of peace and continued to quarrel and provoked a fracas between himself and brother. Both men clinched and rolled over the floor of a room. A sister of the men asked Steeves and Officer Bowes to intervene and they acceded terminating hostilities abruptly by summarily ejecting the disturber from the premises and as he persisted in berating the policemen and his brother he was locked up for intoxication.

Cain denied that he was inebriated. He claimed the policemen jostled him making it appear in that light. "I'm wise to that game" said he.

Judge Ritchie censured him severely for abusing his mother and sister and designated him as disgrace to his relatives and the city.

"You don't look like a human being," said his honor, "With your eyes like two balls of fire."

"There's me brother down there who should be in jail instead of me," interrupted Cain.

"I never saw an old rummy yet who could stand it," remarked his honor. "You'll be among those found dead if you continue at the rate you are going" he concluded.

"I'd rather be dead than here" said Cain. He was remanded.

Margaret McNamee an emaciated and decrepit middle-aged woman who was taken into custody on the charge of vagrancy and being without visible means of support admitted the truth of the allegation and was fined $8 or two months. Since her release from jail a month ago she has undergone treatment in the hospital which culminated yesterday in her discharge from the institution as an incurable patient.

"You're not the only incurable around here this morning" was the comment from the judicial chair.

Henry Cook an Englishman who was arrested to save him from himself was fined $4 or ten days and a like penalty was imposed on William McCarthy.

## SOME ONE LIABLE TO HANG FOR THIS

### Man Confined in Prince Albert Jail for Vagrancy Admits Complicity in Murder and Gives Names of Other Criminal.

Prince Albert, Sask., Nov. 21 (Special).—A man named Webb of Winnipeg, confined in the police cells here on a charge of vagrancy has turned King's evidence and this morning admitted he was a member of a gang of safe-blowers and bandits who operated in the province during the past few months, and that he was present when M. Sager was murdered in Elkhorn, when the latter interrupted the gang at work Webb gives the name and description of the man who fired the shot and declares he has peached out of a spirit of revenge, because the other members of the gang left for the coast, leaving him in prison for vagrancy. The police are close on the trail of the gang and expect to land them within a few days.

An escort of two arrived from Halifax this morning and took Joseph Yeaman, the deserter from the Royal Canadian Engineers, back to Halifax on the noon train to undergo court martial. Yeaman absented himself from the corps three weeks ago and on Monday he met Patrolman Sullivan on the street, and proclaiming himself a deserter, he was locked up in the Central police station. Since his incarceration he has been bemoaning his fate in committing such an indiscreet act.

## NEW YORK WORLD SPRINGS A WORLD WIDE SENSATION

### It Prints an Alleged Summary of the Suppressed Interview With Emperor William Which, if True, Will Set England Aflame—Savage Attack Upon King Edward and the British People.

New York, Nov. 21.—What purports to be an "Absolutely accurate and authentic synopsis" of the interview obtained from Emperor William of Germany by Dr. William Bayard Hale, and subsequently withdrawn just as it was about to appear in the Century Magazine, is printed in the World to-day. The World declares that the article as originally written was submitted to Mr. Hale and that it appears to-day as changed by Dr. Hale.

The interview is said to have taken place on the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, off Bergen, Norway, while Dr. Hale was the Emperor's guest. The World summarizes the main points of the Emperor's interview as follows:

"That King Edward of Great Britain had been humiliating him for more than two years and that he was exasperated, that Germany was the paramount power in all Europe and that England was trying to neutralize that power; that he held France in the hollow of his hand, and that Russia was of no account since the disastrous war she had waged with Japan;

"That if the Pan-European war which had been so much talked about was inevitable the sooner it came the better it would be:

"That Great Britain had been a decadent nation ever since her victory over the Transvaal, and the Orange Free State, because hers was an unrighteous, ungodly cause and divine judgment was bound eventually to overtake the powerful nation that waged such a war:

"That the Anglo-Japanes alliance was an iniquitous alliance against all the white races. England proving absolutely her faithlessness as a Christian nation, that Japan was honeycombing India with sedition and flooding it with spies while professing openly to be England's friend and ally;

### Suggests Alliance With United States

"That the only way to counteract this alliance was for Germany and America to act together at an early date or America would have to fight the Japanese in ten months.

"That in the event of a great war England would lose many of her large colonies, especially those in the pacific and that all he would take for Germany would be Egypt though he would liberate the Holy Land from the Yoke of the Infidel, presumably meaning the Sultan;

"That the perfecting of the Zeppelin dirigible balloon would give Germany a powerful advantage in war, and she was ready to make use of it to the fullest extent."

The World declares that Emperor William knew when he made these statements that Dr. Hale was an American newspaperman and magazine writer, but that nevertheless the statements were made without reservation and that no secrecy had been imposed. The interview had been formally arranged through the Germany foreign office, it is said, and that at the conclusion of the interview Mr. Hale returned to Berlin and told high officials of the foreign office of the success he had met with.

"They forbade him to publish it," the World story continues. "Then they explained to him at some length that even a hint at possibilities so serious, coming from one who had been Emperor's guest, might throw the whole world into the most disastrous war of all time. The attitude of these officials is said to have been that the Emperor was irresponsible when he gave way to such fits of temper."

It is said that Dr. Hale obeyed the instructions of the foreign office in the preparation of his interview, but later when the manuscript was submitted to the high German officials "they are said to have so butchered it that little that was worth while was left."

It was in their final form, according to the World, that the article was accepted by the Century.

It was practically ready for publication when the request came from Berlin that even the interview in its revised form be suppressed. Then the electrotypes and all copies of the interviews were destroyed before the public announcement that the interview had been withdrawn was made.

### New York American Had The Yarn First

(Special Cable to New York American.)

London, Nov. 18.—Here is exactly what Emperor William said on world politics to Dr. William Bayard Hale, the distinguished clergyman, traveler and writer on board the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, at Bergen, Norway, on July 19. Dr. Hale was seeking an article for the Century Magazine, which article, in view of the earthquake created throughout Germany by an interview subsequently given by the Emepror William to a diplomatist for the London Daily Telegraph, has been suppressed at the request of the German government:

The Emperor talked to Dr. Hale for several hours. He was bitter against England and full of "the yellow peril." He declared England a traitor to the White Man's Cause. He predicted that she would ultimately lose some of her colonies through her treaty with Japan.

The invitation to the American fleet of battleships to visit New Zealand and Australia was intended to serve notice on England that those colonies were with the white man and not with the renegade Mother country. The British colonies would show by the ardor of their reception that they understood the situation.

The Emperor declared that Japan is even now formenting insurrection in India. This insurrection might break out within six months. Germany and the United States will, however, find a solution of the Eastern question.

There is a complete understanding between Emperor William and President Roosevelt on this point. They intend to divide the East against itself by becoming the recognized friends of China. Negotiations have been progressing favorably for months. A very high Chinese official, the Emperor said, would soon visit America and Germany. Terms will then be made known, guaranteeing the protection and integrity of China and the open door.

Every statesman now realizes, fully that the Emperor declared clearly, that Japan was really fighting the White Man's Cause—fighting it miserably. The Emperor expressed sympathy with Russia, remarking how different the result would have been if the burden of carrying the White Man's standard had been placed by Providence upon his invincible battalions. If Japan be suffered now to get control of China, Europe will suffer attack. The Emperor is keeping friends with the Mohammedan world. He is even supplying them with rifles because they are devils in fight, and stand there between the East and the West where they can break the first force of attack.

Emperor William said he believed that America would be forced to fight Japan within ten years. He seemed eager to talk, and poured a steady stream of criticism upon England for two hours.

Dr. Hale was received by the Emperor as a distinguished traveler, scholar and writer. He was informed that it was the Kaiser's inviolable rule never to communicate with newspaper men.

### Sir Charles Dilke Gives His Opinion

(Special Cable to New York American)

London, Nov. 18:—The American correspondent has received a most important synopsis of what the Kaiser said to Dr. William Bayard Hale during his famous interview on the Hohenzollern. The synopsis contains names and facts apart from the political opinions of the Kaiser which seem to remove all doubt of the accuracy of the synopsis already cabled.

The American correspondent submitted the data to-night to Sir Charles Dilke, perhaps the highest authority in England on international politics.

He examined it with greatest interest, but acted like a man already familiar with the contents. After reading it he said:

Thanks, but I must decline to discuss the Kaiser, his words or his works. On the general subject matter of the interview I can only say that England's alliance with Japan was a policy arranged after considerable thought and consideration. England is in a better position to judge of its efficacy and value than any one else. The observation that by the Anglo-Jap treaty Eng. may lose her colonies is a matter of prophecy, of which time will demonstrate either the truth or the falsity. As to the 'yellow peril,' the idea is, to my thinking, extremely crude. The 'yellow peril' in order to become menacing presupposes a division of the world into two parts, with all Asiatic nations forgetting all separating differences and grouping themselves together against a similar group of white nations. The idea of a 'yellow peril' is, as I say, extremely crude. As a man of some experiences in national affairs, I will say that the talk of national crises and of war seem to me to have less basis at present than for many years past. There are always some difficulties on the horizon of international politics, but these at present seem less than usually troublesome."

### Oh What a Change From Former Days.

Berlin, Nov. 21—Emperor William made a public speech in this city this morning on the occasion of the centennial celebration of the formation of the city council of Berlin. Instead of speaking extemporaneously as is his usual custom, he read his address from a printed form that was handed to him by Chancellor Von Buelow. His Majesty said:

"The municipality of Berlin was created in the midst of the fires of the wars of liberation, but since that time it has been developed by the devotion of the citizenship of the capital. This gives me the hope that the municipality of the future also will retain the spirit of true citizenship, and that nothing will force itself by the prince and the people."

## FUNERALS

The funeral of Mrs. Johanna Gallivan took place from her late home, Duke street, this afternoon at 2.30 to the cathedral, where service was conducted by Rev. Father O'Brien. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Master Freddie A. Rieckher took place from his father's home, City Road, this afternoon at 2.30. Service was conducted by Rev. Gideon Swim and interment was in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Rev. Alexander McArthur took place from his late home, 122 Prince street, West Side, this afternoon at 3.30. Service was conducted by Rev. M. E. Fletcher and interment was in Cedar Hill.

Germain Street Baptist Church.—The special evangelistic meetings in connection with the Germain street Baptist church are progressing favorably. The addresses each evening by the Rev. S. W. Cummings have been very helpful to the large number present. Tomorrow, Sunday, Mr. Cummings will preach at both services, his subject for the morning being "The Leper's Resolve," and the evening, "The Prodigal's Father." At the close of the evening service, a special evangelistic meeting will be held in the vestry. The meetings will be continued all next week, and a cordial invitation is extended to the public to any or all services.

Rev. Wellington Camp will be the speaker at the Thorne Lodge temperance meeting to-morrow at 4 p. m. in Tabernacle Hall. The chair will be taken by M. A. Thorne and St. Mary's orchestra will assist at the services.

Rev. E. W. Matthews will speak tomorrow evening at the Seaman's Institute. All sailors and the public are cordially invited.

## LIVING WALLS OF TROOPS GUARDED CZAR OF RUSSIA AT GRAND DUKE'S FUNERAL

### The Body of Grand Duke Alexis Now Lies in the Mausoleum of the Romanoffs—Czar Followed the Coffin on Foot Through the Streets of St. Petersburg.

Board of Works 3rdec08

St. Petersburg, Nov. 21.—The body of Grand Duke Alexis, an uncle of the Emperor of Russia, who died recently in Paris, was interred to-day in the new mausoleum of the Romanoffs, within the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, and Nicholas, the Russian Emperor, followed the coffin on foot through the crowded and silent streets of the capital. His Majesty walked thus from the railroad station to the fortress, a distance of three miles. In spite of the apprehensions for the safety of the Emperor, there was no untoward incident.

His Majesty was accompanied by a suite of thirteen grand dukes and one hundred generals and admirals. The Metropolitans of St. Petersburg and Moscow and the most prominent bishops of the Orthodox church participated in the services. The empresses and a number of grand duchesses met the body at the railroad station where it arrived from Paris and followed it in carriages behind the other mourners. The police and military authorities had taken extreme precautions to prevent any terrorist event. The route of march was lined for the entire distance on either side by living walls of troops, which made any attempt on the life of His Majesty practically impossible.

## IN THE Y. M. C. A.

### Boys Were Welcomed in the New Building This Morning.

Boys from 13 to 18 years of age had the run of the new Y. M. C. A. building this morning from 10 to 12 o'clock and again this afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock. A large number of youths availed themselves of the opportunity to inspect the building, the gymnasium and the swimming tank being objects of particular interest. A number of additional applications for membership were received. At 6.30 p.m., a luncheon will be given to the contractors and men employed in the construction of the building. From 7.30 to 10, there will be open house to the industrial workers and their families.

On Sunday afternoon at 3.30, a mass meeting for men will be held in the Opera House, when Dr. George J. Fisher, of New York, will speak on the "Bible and Health." The music will be under the leadership of D. Arnold Fox. An orchestra will play.

At the same hour a mass meeting for boys of thirteen and upwards will be held in the Association building. Rev. W. M. Birks, of Montreal, will deliver an address. Special sermons will be given in the city churches morning and evening.

## ABRUZZI'S TROUBLES

(Brooklyn Eagle.)

Senator Elkins' positive announcement that no engagement exists between his daughter and the Duke of Abruzzi will hardly serve to still the tongues of the gossip-mongers. They will argue that the denial of an engagement now may be strictly within the limits of the truth, without declaring impossible tha indefinite something called an "understanding" which may eventuate in an engagement and a wedding later on. The interest of people in this young couple may be impertinent, but it is natural and nothing short of an unequivocal assurance that no marriage will occur will effect a cessation ot it. "All the world loves a lover," as a matter of course, and when he happens to be a scion of an illustrious royal house and suspected of a romantic affection for a beautiful American the interest of the public in his fortunes amounts at times almost to hysteria.

Yet these young people and their relatives are entitled to certain courtesies of reserve on the part of those whose business it is to write for newspapers about them. They should not be made the victims of deliberate invention, which has for months too frequently taken the form of wantonly "faked" interviews attributed to people who denied their authenticity as soon as they were printed. It is possible for newspapers which are duped in this way by correspondents to punish the offenders by publicly pillorying them as the purveyors of falsehood, but we have not yet observed that any of the numerous opportunities to make an example has been notably improved. Or can it be possible that the newspapers most given to the printing of spurious interviews on this subject are themselves utterly indifferent to the truth of what they publish?

## VLISSINGEN'S FORGERIES AMOUNTED TO $1,539,423

Chicago, Nov. 21.—After an examination of the various documents in the office of Peter Van Vlissingen, convicted for forgery of mortgages, notes and deeds, William C. Nicklao, vice-president of the Chicago Title and Trust Company, receiver for the Van Vlissingen property, to-day declared that the forgeries amounted to $1,539,423.

The evangelistic meeting at the Tabernacle church last night was so successful that a meeting will be held tonight. Interest has been very keen.

## ROGERS IS FREE

### He was Allowed His Liberty This Morning Under Suspended Sentence and Will Leave Town.

Frank Rogers alias George Parker who was remanded to jail for three days yesterday morning was again brought before Judge Ritchie at seven o'clock the same evening and liberated under a suspended fine of $100 or six months in jail, on condition that he depart from the city within twenty-four hours.

### David Bradley

The death occurred at his residence, Summer street, this morning of David Bradley, the well-known blockmaker. Mr. Bradley has been ill off and on for about a year. About six months ago he went to Montreal for treatment, but did not get much encouragement, though he seemed to improve during the summer. On Friday of last week he took suddenly ill and gradually failed until this morning, when he passed away about 5 o'clock. Death is attributed to Bright's disease. Mr. Bradley was 45 years of age and was twice married. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Morrisey, and one son, Walter, by his first wife.

Mr. Bradley was quite active in fraternal societies. He was a member of New Brunswick Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias and of Victoria Company No. 1 of the Uniform Rank. He was also a member of Court Anaongondy, I. O. F., and of No. 2 Salvage Corps and F. P.

For some nights past members of the K. of P. and I. O. F. have been at the bedside.

He was a son of the late David Bradley, and succeeded to the block-making business on Smythe street on the death of his father about a year ago. Mrs. J. Stewart, of Moncton, is a sister.

The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon.

## MONTREAL STOCKS

Montreal, Nov. 21—(Special).—The volume of trade fell off in today's market again, though the tone continued strong. Crown reserve was active at 250 to 251 and Dom. Textile figured prominently at 53 1-4 to 54. Other features were: Dom. Steel 19 1-4, Bonds 79 1-2, Scotia 55, Power 197 1-8, Soo 133.

## NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, N. Y.,) Nov. 21.—Renewed depression in the American department of the London market to-day caused an irregular opening in New York; the most prominent speculative stocks were lower, but this was offset by some gains amongst the specialties.

## NEW YORK COTTON

New York, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Cotton futures opened steady: December, 9.30; January, 9.17; March, 9.10; May, 9.06; July, 8.98; August, 8.88.

To the officers and members of Court Quangandy No. 1572 I.O.F.. You are here by requested to assemble at 82 Summer St. on Monday at 2.30 for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, David Bradley Jr. C. D. H. C. R.. By order of H. L. Coates Chief Ranger. J. A. Brooks, Financial Secretary. Members of sister courts invited in attend.

His Honor Mr. Justice McLeod was a passenger to the city on the Montreal train at noon.

## MACKENZIE KING WILL PROBABLY GO TO CHINA

### Interesting Correspondence Between the Young M. P. and Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Ottawa, Nov. 20 (Special).—An interesting interchange of correspondence has taken place between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and W. L. MacKenzie King, M. P. elect for North Waterloo in respect to Mr. King's appointment as one of the British commissioners on the Anti-Opium Commission, which is to meet at Shanghai on January 1. The net result of the correspondence is that Mr. King, who raised some objections to being sent to China, has given way and will sail from Vancouver on December 2. The appointment was made by the British government and received the approval of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues. In a letter addressed to Sir Wilfrid under date of November 19, Mr. King refers to the importance of the conference and adds: "Considerations of such vast importance cannot be too carefully weighed, and I would gladly accept the appointment were it not that circumstances of a somewhat unusual nature seem to make it imperative that I should decline. I have been, as you are aware, recently chosen as the representative of North Waterloo in the house of commons. This riding has for some time past been virtually without representation in parliament. The session which is about to open is the first of a new parliament and it is generally understood that legislation materially affecting the future of the department of labor is to be introduced. Parliament will, no doubt, assemble early in the new year. Attendance at the meetings of the commission in China and the return trip to Canada might necessitate an absence of some weeks, during which time the business of parliament may be considerably advanced. Exceptional, therefore, as are the opportunities of such a mission and distinguished as is the proposed honor, I cannot but feel that my first duty is to those who have elected me to serve as their representative, and to the department with which I was associated as deputy minister from its inception in 1900 until December last."

To the foregoing the premier replied in the following terms: "The points you raise are deserving of consideration, and I am sure your constituents will fully appreciate, as I do, the sense of duty which prompts you in the attitude you have taken. On the other hand, I am no less sure they will share with me the belief that for many reasons, especially those of which you made mention, Canada should be represented at this important conference. You have made a special study of the opium problem in this country and of other questions arising out of our relations with the Far East. These questions will become necessarily important and I cannot but feel that, in your own interest as well as in the interest of the Dominion, you should give the matter further consideration and, if possible, accept the appointment."

## *Horse Sale at Madison Square Garden*

HORSE SALE, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

New York, Nov. 19.—Trotting horses and their followers took possession of Madison Square Garden for the Fasig-Tipton Company's annual "Old Glory" horse auction, which for fourteen years has followed the National Horse Show. About seven hundred and fifty trotting bred horses have been catalogued to be sold before the sale ends on Saturday. Most of those offered were either the kind that should never have been born or the kind that had seen better days. Prices throughout the day were in keeping with the characterer of the horses.

## SITUATION IN NEW YORK STATE IS UNDER CONTROL

### No More Cases of Foot and Mouth Disease Were Discovered Today.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 21.—The outbreak of foot and mouth disease in this state is well in hand, according to commissioner Pearson of the state department of agriculture, who returned to Albany from Buffalo where he has been supervising the efforts to stamp out the disease.

Commissioner Pearson will return to Buffalo to-night.

"No new outbreaks were reported yesterday" said Commissioner Pearson today, "and the situation in this state is well in hand. There are no human cases in this state. The live stock commission, the men in the railroad offices, the sheriff of Erie county, and the national and state veterinarians are all in full agreement and are co-operating with a view of enforcing strict quarantine regulations so that the outbreak may be brought to an end at the earliest possible moment.

"Letters have been sent to the 1500 registered veterinarians throughout the state notifying them to telegraph to the department at once the existence of the disease, or any symptoms that might be indicative of it and that come within their knowledge. We have urged them to give the matter close attention.

"Letters have also been sent to the steam railroads of the state notifying them to disinfect all cars, vessels, premises, buildings, alleys, chutes, pens or other places owned or controlled by the railroads in which cattle, sheep, swine or other animals susceptible to the disease have been shipped or kept since October 15. The railroads will be required to disinfect until further notice."