

\$500.00 CASH

in prizes for
St. George's Baking Powder
LIMERICK

\$200.00 will be given to the person sending in the best last line.
50.00 to the person sending in the 2nd. best.
25.00 " " " 3rd. "
15.00 each to the next twenty-five best.
1.00 " " " one hundred best.

And a Special Weekly Prize of \$5. for the Best Last Line Sent in Each Week

A GAIN. We give you a chance to share in the \$500 offered as prizes for the best last lines submitted for St. George's Baking Powder Limerick. This second Limerick contest continues until May 31st.

Nearly all cheap Baking Powders are made from alum. It is against the law to use alum in England. St. George's Baking Powder is made from 100% pure Cream Tartar. Use St. George's and avoid alum poisoning, indigestion and other stomach troubles. Get a can of St. George's and compete in the Limerick contest, but by all means use the Baking Powder and see for yourself how good it is.

CONDITIONS:

- Each week, a special prize of \$5.00 will be awarded for the best last line sent in that week. The Limericks, winning the weekly prizes of \$5, will also compete for the \$500.00 prizes.
- Carefully remove the trademark from the tin of St. George's Baking Powder by wetting the label with a cloth dampened in hot water (be careful not to get the baking powder damp). Paste or pin the trademark to the corner of the coupon in the space provided.
- Competitors may send in as many lines as they like, provided each is accompanied by a trademark cut from a tin of St. George's Baking Powder.
- The Editor of The Montreal "Star" has kindly consented to act as judge, and all answers must be addressed to The Editor, St. George's Baking Powder Limerick, Star Office, Montreal.
- All answers must be posted not later than May 31st, 1908. The names of the prize winners will be published in this paper as soon after that date as possible.
- No trademark, cut from our sample package, will be accepted.
- No personal explanations will be made, nor the receipt of limericks acknowledged.

CUT HERE

LIMERICK

A young lady near Napanee
Said "Thank you, no Alum for me;
My cake must be pure
And St. George's, I'm sure

Paste or pin the trademark from the label of a tin of St. George's Baking Powder here.

I agree to abide by the decision of the Editor of The Montreal "Star" as final, and enter the competition with that understanding.

Name _____
Address _____
City _____

Dealer's name from whom you bought St. George's Baking Powder _____
Dealer's address _____

Address this coupon, with St. George's trademark attached, and your line and name plainly written, to The Editor, St. George's Baking Powder Limerick, Star Office, Montreal, before May 31st. If your dealer does not have St. George's Baking Powder, send us his name and we will tell you where it may be obtained. 58

\$5.00 Weekly Prize Winners

Week ending April 11th, 1908. Mrs. H. Eccles, 95 d'Auteuil St., Quebec, P. Q.
Week ending April 18th, 1908. Annie F. Scroggie, 86a Shuter St., Montreal.
Week ending April 25th, 1908. Mrs. F. H. Wall, 296 Gwendoline St., Winnipeg.
Week ending May 2nd, 1908. Mrs. John White, 234 Great George St., Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Week ending May 9th, 1908. Miss Christine Davis, 71 Marlboro Street, Brantford, Ont.
Week ending May 16th, 1908. Miss H. McNeill, 62 Inglis St., Halifax, N. S.
Week ending May 23rd, 1908. Mrs. H. M. Dewar, 31 Beaconsfield Ave., Toronto, Ont.

MCGILL PRINCIPAL SPEAKS ON TRUE IMPERIALISM

Voluntary and United Effort to Bring Empire Together and Preserve Its Ancient Traditions--Opponents Dealt With-- Recent Public Utterances Came in for Criticism.

Though the attendance was not large, the Canadian Club luncheon last evening at which Principal Peterson, of McGill University, Montreal, was the speaker, proved one of the most enjoyable yet held. True Imperialism was the subject of the distinguished visitor and he handled his subject well. Referring to a speaker here who took a view opposite to his, Dr. Peterson called him a blatant lawyer from Ottawa.

In his address he first defined true imperialism as a voluntary and united effort to bring the empire tighter, and preserve its ancient traditions. He then sketched the growth and possibilities of Canada and pointed out some of the dangers to it in his opinion, with suggestions as to the convincing of skeptics and opponents of the idea.

Dr. T. Dyson Walker, president of the club, was in the chair, and at his left had Dr. C. C. Jones, chancellor of the university of New Brunswick, who also gave a short address. The catering was done by the King's Daughters in efficient manner.

Dr. Peterson's Address.

Principal Peterson was greeted with an outburst of applause. His speech had its hearers from the cordiality of his reception. He had been so warmly entertained that he had hardly noticed the sun was not shining. He was beginning to think that he had made a record in the matter of Canadian Clubs. In Winnipeg in one day, he had visited the men's club, then went to another room and gave the ladies' club another talk.

Coming to his subject, True Imperialism, he said that his apology for choosing such a hackneyed theme was that reports came to Montreal of some blatant lawyer, wandering from Ottawa, addressing Canadian Clubs, who saw Canada a free and independent nation, separate from the empire. Dr. Peterson also referred to a distinguished Nova Scotian, prophesying Canada a separate nation in alliance with the motherland and said if Canada was separate, and her example was followed by Australia, then India and South Africa, where would be the empire?

The great objections some people had to imperialism was that they were unduly apprehensive that it would interfere with the development of a democratic nationality. True imperialism did not mean the democratic ideals as it meant not militarism or jingoism, but a united and voluntary effort towards progress and advancement of the empire.

Nationalities Need Not Lose Distinctiveness.

There was little danger that the distinctive nationalities would be lost sight of in the great federation. Scotchmen were cosmopolitan in character and could adapt themselves to new conditions yet for centuries they had lived in union with a larger and richer country and had lost none of their distinctive characteristics.

Though the speaker was born a Scotchman he felt proud that he could be a Canadian first, and glad that he had been privileged to become a citizen of the country that is to play an important part in the evolution of the history that is to come. At the corner of the International Club in Boston he had given the members such an array of statistics and facts about the greater Canada that they, no doubt, felt sorry they had ever left the land of promise.

Canada was being rediscovered by the United States. The growth and development of Canada was one of the greatest phenomena of modern times. Canada had illustrated the capabilities of her constitution to bind together a number of weak, disjointed and unprotected colonies into a strong and compelling nation.

The age was one long to be remembered. It was the age when man had the inventiveness and capabilities to conceive and execute great undertakings. Canada had such men. Not only in commercial life, but in science, politics, letters, history and arts, the elements of the great country were present and should be developed to the fullest extent.

The Defects

The defects had also to be considered. One great difficulty was that the large country had so many sides, and the conditions were so varied. It would be hard to realize the indispensable character of unity. Every agency which tended to create and foster trend of national life should be encouraged. Local interests required attention but they should not engross it.

One great difficulty was that little men were likely to be placed in big places. Faith in democratic institutions should be justified by the producing of men worthy of the confidence of the nation. True unity was needed. In conditions of modern life, prevent a show of religion, let its place be taken by what the late Archbishop of Canterbury had called a quiet sense of duty.

Relations With Britain.

Passing on to the relations with the mother country, the speaker said this subject was often approached with a mixture of trepidation. He had seen Englishmen in almost every part of Canada, who failed to adapt themselves to the conditions of the country. The man who said "That about the dollars; I will stick to pounds, shillings and pence," was hardly a good immigrant.

Though we looked askance at these specimens, there were by exceptions and all felt proud of that imperial connection and wished for the strength and prosperity of the Empire which was the strong guarantee of peace, liberty and honor among the nations of the world. These words came gladly enough but they were made true only by the centuries of struggle and travail by the motherland. The Empire was a unique one, it was the only system which ever made good the ancient motto, "Empire and Liberty."

If anyone were interested in this question "how can we keep the Empire together?" then he was an imperialist. The argument was used that the security of the present position was that not being agreed no wrong move was likely to be made, but the danger was that no move at all would be made, intruded itself on this line of reasoning. Those who said "Let well enough alone," and "We are happy as we are," had had the floor long enough.

Returning to the argument that imperialism meant military force, the speaker said all plans would be made voluntarily and in accord with principles of democracy. Britain herself realized that the empire should be based on a democratic ideal. Self-government was the guarantee of stability. The small unit was assured its independence as well as the largest one. Kipling, had done more than any other man to have the idea accepted that

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"Herpicide is a delightful preparation that fulfills the claims made for it, and no lady's toilet is complete without it. I highly recommend it to my friends."
(Signed) ANNIE OAKLEY.
Newbro's Herpicide is the most remarkable hair preparation in existence. It has produced more actual, visible results than all other hair remedies combined. It contains no grease or dye. Stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

TWO SIZES, 50c. AND \$1.00.

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March 14—The Eldest Sister.
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The above eight issues will be mailed promptly upon receipt of \$1.00. Send remittance to
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READ COLLIER'S CANADIAN EDITION—NEWS-STANDS 12c



PROMINENT YORK COUNTY MAN DIES IN A THEATRE

Wallace McFarlane Dropped Dead Last Night from Heart Disease

Breathed His Last Five Minutes After He Collapsed--Was
Head of Big Manufacturing Concern--Marysville Man
Secures G.T.P. Sub-Contract--Rafting Operations Have
Commenced.

Fredericton, N. B., May 29—Wallace McFarlane, one of the best known men in York county and head of McFarlane, Thompson & Co. Company, dropped dead this evening while attending a picture show in the interest of the rink. He entered the building in his usual good health, and after watching the performance for a short time was seized with a fainting spell and fell from his seat to the floor. Several persons sitting near sprang to his assistance, and were shocked to find him in a state of death. He passed away at the end of five minutes without uttering a word. Dr. McNally was soon on the scene and passed the opinion that death was due to heart disease. In his capacity of coroner he decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

The performance was discontinued and the body was placed in a coach and removed to the late home of deceased, at Nashwaakville.

The late Mr. McFarlane was about 70 years of age, and son of the late Peter McFarlane of Douglas. For a number of years he carried on the manufacture of wagons at Nashwaakville as a member of the firm of Peter McFarlane & Sons, disposing of his interest in the business about twenty years ago. He has been connected with the New Brunswick Foundry since 1871, and for the past twenty years has been in charge of the pattern shop. He was a man of retiring disposition, thoroughly honorable in his dealings and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. In religion he was a Presbyterian and an elder of St. Paul's church of this city. His wife, who was a Miss Bird, of this city, predeceased him by ten years, and there are no children. Wm. McFarlane of Nashwaakville is a brother-in-law of the deceased, and Geo. McFarlane of that place a half brother.

Harry Gibson, of Marysville, has been awarded a contract by the Toronto Construction Company to clear up the right of way on the section of the transcontinental railway between Plaster Rock and Chipman.

Rafting operations at Douglas boom commenced yesterday.

TERRIBLE CRIME OF A FORMER N. B. MAN

J. Gideon Keith Found Dead at Bangor by Side of Woman He Had Murdered—Bullets Ended Both Their Careers— Wanted to Marry Victim, Who Had Had Two Husbands and Eleven Children.

A terrible tragedy is reported from Bangor, Maine, in which a New Brunswick wicker played a leading part. Lying cold in death, each with a bullet through the brain, the bodies of J. Gideon Keith and Mrs. Elizabeth Ready were found early Thursday morning in the kitchen of Mrs. Ready's home at 186 Washington street. To the police officials, Coroner Finnigan and County Attorney Paton, who were immediately summoned in the case, no other explanation of the sudden ending of two lives was apparent than that of murder and suicide and that it undoubtedly was. The bodies were discovered shortly before 8 o'clock Thursday morning by Clara, the 13 year old daughter of Mrs. Ready.

The murdered woman had been courted for some time by Keith, but she refused to marry him, the Bangor Commercial says, because he was a Protestant and she was a Catholic who had been divorced from her second husband. She was 46 years of age and went to Bangor about four years ago from Orono. She lived in Orono about two years and previous to that she lived in Millinocket. Her first husband, William Ready, died at Great Works about six years ago. By him she had ten children, all of whom are now living.

About four years ago Mrs. Ready married Eli Willett and one son, Stanley, now three years old, was born to them. Mrs. Ready's union with Willett was unhappy. Willett attempted to poison Mrs. Ready's smallest child by giving him a teaspoonful of arsenic. The child's life was saved by the prompt work of physicians. At the February criminal term of the supreme court in 1905, Willett was found guilty of attempting to kill, and was sentenced to four years in the state prison, his term expiring next February. Mrs. Ready obtained a bill of divorce from Willett a short time ago.

Regarding Keith, the Commercial says: "Keith was born in the Provinces, and besides his three children here has a daughter in Belleville, N. B., Mrs. Jennie Peterson. A sister, Mrs. Lavice Willett, lives on Larkin street, and he has relatives in Fredericton, N. B., two sisters and two brothers, Mrs. Amelia Dunfield and Mrs. Jane Dunfield, and George and John Keith.

Some interesting sidelights on the character of the man were furnished by the neighbors, and those who knew him well. On his body when he was found was a Masonic emblem. According to the neighbors he appeared a quiet man, but he did not pay his bills and they say that the daughters, one of whom works in the shoe factory and the other in the trunk factory supported the household and helped to support him. He owed bills in several places and these back debts which

WILL GO ON WITH CAMP SUSSEX PREPARATIONS

Col. White Has No Official Word That Militia Camp Will Be Abolished.

An Ottawa despatch yesterday stated that all the militia camps have been cancelled for this year and that there will be no training for the rural militia. It was also said in the despatch that it was probable no militia corps would be sent to the tercentenary celebration in Quebec in July.

When asked about Camp Sussex in connection with this last evening, Colonel G. Rolt White, commanding this district, said the first he knew of the matter was when he saw the despatch. No official word of any description had reached him and until it did it was his intention to continue his preparations for Camp Sussex.

**TERRIBLE BREATHING
DIFFICULTY**

"For ten years," states Capt. McDonald, of Kingston, Ont., "I have been a terrible sufferer from bronchitic asthma, and often it was so bad that for nights at a time I couldn't sleep. I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and medicines, but one dollar outfit of Catarrhones cured me." Four months later Capt. McDonald writes: "I am all perfectly well and have no bother from my old trouble."

The reason Catarrhones is so successful is because it's healing balsam and vapors get at the root of the bronchial irritation—right where the disease has its root. Other remedies work through the blood, or the stomach—Catarrhones works directly on the diseased membranes and always does cure Asthma, Bronchitis and Catarrh. At all dealers 25c, 50c and \$1.00 sizes—the latter is guaranteed.

LUCKY WINNERS OF MILES PAINTINGS

Art Distribution Yesterday—C. H. Peters, Arthur McDonald and F. B. Ellis Secure Pictures.

The result of the art distribution which took place yesterday in the studio of J. C. Miles was as follows: 1st prize, Douglas Mountain, Nerepis Valley, won by C. H. Peters, ticket No. 10; 2nd prize, Tokay Grapes, won by Arthur McDonald, ticket No. 11; 3rd prize, View of Ward's Creek, Sussex, won by F. B. Ellis, ticket No. 91. The following are the members of the committee in charge of the distribution: Charles Campbell, secretary, D. Arnold Fox and H. C. Machum. Each holder of a ticket, besides having a chance for one of the prizes, received a water color painting.

FELIX HEBERT DEAD IN EDMUNDSTON

Well Known Hotel Proprietor Passed
Away Friday Night.

A telephone message from Edmundston last night told of the death of Felix Hebert, proprietor of the Hotel Hebert there for many years. He passed away about 10 o'clock. Mr. Hebert was sixty-two years of age, and widely known throughout the province. He leaves a family of three sons and four daughters. The sons are George, of the Royal Bank, Edmundston; Fred and Ernest at home. The daughters are Mrs. G. Fred Dayton, Mrs. Michael, wife of Pius Michael, of Edmundston, Miss Annie at home and a fourth in St. John.

Hard Coughs

If your doctor fully endorses your taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your hard cough, then buy it and use it. If he does not, then do not take a single dose of it. He knows all about this splendid medicine for coughs and colds. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Blue Ribbon Tea

This coupon cut out and mailed to The Blue Ribbon Tea Co., P. O. Box 2254, Montreal, entitles the sender to a free package of our Blue Ribbon Tea. Fill in blank space whether you wish Black, Mixed or Green Tea.

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ST. _____ TOWN _____

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