

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?



Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU, all our Readers may have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Pain of dull ache in the back is evidence of kidney trouble. It is nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

Danger Signals. If these danger signals are unheeded more serious results follow: Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable cures in the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine, you should have the best.

Lame Back. Lame back is only one of many symptoms of kidney trouble. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times during the night.

Catarrh of the Bladder. Inability to hold urine, smarting in passing, uric acid, headache, dizziness, indigestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, sometimes the heart acts badly, rheumatism, bloating, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

Prevalence of Kidney Disease. Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalence of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patient and physician, who content themselves with doctoring the effects, while the original disease undermines the system.

A Trial Will Convince Anyone. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that has yet been discovered.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular 75c. and \$1.25 size bottles at all the drug stores in Canada. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE—To prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands of letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in the St. John Evening Times. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

ADDRESS ON THE CANADIAN WEST

H. B. Ames M.P. Guest of the Canadian Club at Luncheon

The members of the Canadian Club enjoyed a treat last evening, when H. B. Ames, M.P. of Montreal, lectured on the Canadian west. His address was illustrated by about 100 lantern views showing scenes in the west, and depicting the agricultural and industrial life. The speaker urged the danger of disposing of lands too freely, pointing out that in three years the free lands in the great fertile belt would be all taken up.

The luncheon began at 6.15 o'clock, and an exceptionally large number were present. The service was excellent. Dr. T. D. Walker, the president, in introducing the speaker, said Mr. Ames was bringing a message from the west. He should be so treated while in St. John that his would take back a message of progress from the east. The president called upon Sydney Beckley to sing a song composed especially for Canadian clubs by a member of the Victoria club. Mr. Beckley was heartily applauded. D. Arnold Fox acted as accompanist.

Mr. Ames' Address. Mr. Ames was enthusiastically received. The first picture shown by him was a map of the Canadian west. In beginning, the speaker said his subject was one that should interest every member of a Canadian club. People often thought of the western country as merely a great plain for growing wheat, but it was a great deal more than that. There was a magnificent belt of coal, great opportunities for general agriculture were there, and farther north a fish producing region.

Mr. Ames then gave a brief sketch of the west from the purchase of Manitoba in 1870. Many millions of money had been expended, but it had been paid cheerfully, as the people realized that the land gave a great opportunity for the young men and for a business outlet. The speaker then drew attention to the map, on which the fertile agricultural belt was marked in large squares. This extended from Winnipeg in Manitoba west to Edmonton. Farther north was marked as wood land, and farther south the land was admirably adapted for grazing. Underlying both of the latter districts was a belt of productive coal. Nature had well endowed the country to be the home of a well-to-do and self-respecting people. (Applause.)

Mr. Ames then took up each belt in detail, and the pictures illustrated first the timber belt. One view which attracted attention showed a field of stacked wheat adjacent to a grove of spruce. This was in the picturesque country on the boundary between the woodland country and the prairie. Pictures of piles of lumber ready for shipment were also shown.

The views of the great agricultural belt aroused enthusiasm. A number of scenes from the streets of Winnipeg were first displayed, and were followed by views taken in typical western towns. A school house was shown and Mr. Ames gave a resume of school conditions in the west. One-eighth of the lands had been set apart and would in time be worth \$60,000,000. This was why the school teachers of the East could be offered larger salaries to go west and take charge of a small school.

Caution in Granting Lands. The pictures of the waving wheat fields and plowing and threshing operations were then displayed, and the methods explained by Mr. Ames. He went into the system of disposing of the lands. The system of survey, divided the land into townships of thirty-six sections each. Two sections were reserved by the Hudson Bay Company, two were set aside as school lands, and the C. P. R. were given odd sections. This left but sixteen sections in a township in which sixty-four people could settle. In the great fertile belt there were now 30,000,000 acres of arable land. Of the even sections all but 5,000,000 acres had been taken up, and only 10,000,000 of the odd sections remained. It was little wonder that many were urging upon the government caution and almost niggardliness in disposing of the remaining sections.

A number of views of scenes in the grazing belt were also shown, and irrigation plans illustrated. At the conclusion of the lecture some views of the Rockies and scenes in British Columbia were thrown upon the curtain.

NASTY. Mr. Naggett—I don't feel like myself tonight. Mrs. Naggett—Then we ought to have a pleasant evening.

Sehr. J. V. Wellington Damaged. Hyannis, Mass., April 21.—Schooner J. V. Wellington, South Amboy, for Eastport, sailed this morning, but returned, having been considerably damaged in a heavy gale off Bishop's and Clerk's Ledge. Her traveler, davits and wheel box were carried away and her stern was badly damaged. The schooner will be towed to Boston for repairs.

Epidemic of Dysentery. It affects many people more in winter than in summer—in the one case it is due to improper eating—in the other to congestion excited by cold. A very small dose of Nervine repeated every hour or two removes the trouble thoroughly. If there is pain, relief is immediate—if merely relaxation, the result is just as certain. You can't find a treatment for bowel trouble, indigestion and stomach disorders half so good as Polson's Nervine, thousands say so.

DR. PUGSLEY TURNED DOWN BY CABINET COLLEAGUES

Famous Order Permitting Dredging to Proceed Without Tenders Being Called For is Revoked by the Government

Ottawa, April 21.—Although it was a slim attendance of members that assembled in the Commons this afternoon a variety of interesting topics was introduced as the accumulation of the week's Easter recess. There was, too, a recrudescence of the autonomy bill debates of three years ago.

It transpired that since the debate of last week on W. H. Bennett's motion, the government has withdrawn from the position taken by Dr. Pugsley and rescinded the order-in-council awarding contracts for dredging without calling for tenders. Replying to Mr. Bennett, who called for production of the order-in-council awarding contracts for dredging at Midland, Tiffin and Victoria harbor without calling for tenders, Dr. Pugsley informed the House that it had been decided not to extend the time for the completion of the work, but to call for new tenders. The order in council awarding contracts had been rescinded.

Mr. Bennett asked what works were included in the order-in-council, but the minister thought it was immaterial since the order had been rescinded. "I don't agree," put in the Conservative leader, "that it is immaterial; there was a distinct promise that the order-in-council would be brought down."

The matter then dropped.

Another Scandal. R. L. Borden read a despatch stating that Major Hodgins, former engineer of the eastern division of the National Transcontinental railway, had charged the government with improper classification of material taken from cuttings.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that on reading the despatch of Mr. Hodgins he had endeavored to get in touch with the chairman of commission, but Mr. Parent was out of the city.

Mr. Borden again asked concerning the delay in bringing down the treaties recently signed between Great Britain and the United States with regard to the boundary and fisheries. The Prime Minister replied that the treaties had not been received by the government, and he had telegraphed the British embassy at Washington to enquire the reason.

Mr. Borden next asked the minister of railways if any intimation had been given by the employees of the Intercolonial railway at Halifax as to how they shall vote in the coming municipal election. He understood that certain officers of the railway were giving directions to voters. Was it not the policy of the government to exercise their full rights as citizens without interference?

Mr. Graham asserted that this was the first intimation he had received of the matter. It was certainly the policy of the government to permit employees to exercise their full rights as citizens without interference.

The Marine Inquiry. Mr. Borden interrogated the minister of marine concerning counsel appointed to act in connection with the investigation before Judge Cassels. Whom did they represent? Had counsel been appointed to represent Messrs Courtney, Fyche and Bazin, whose report was, to a certain extent, under review by a new commissioner?

Mr. Brodeur stated that George Watson, K. C., and J. L. Perron, K. C., had been appointed to assist Judge Cassels. It had been intimated to him that Judge Cassels desired counsel to assist him. Further questions elicited the information that appointments were made at the request of the judge. "These particular gentlemen," said Mr. Brodeur, "were not suggested. I don't know, I think Mr. Watson was mentioned by Judge Cassels."

Brodeur on the Gridiron. Mr. Courtney and his colleagues would not be represented at the inquiry, the minister said. "Is Mr. Watson," asked Mr. Northrup, "the same man who was appointed by the late Ontario government to investigate the west Elgin election?"

Mr. Brodeur said he did not know as to the leader of the opposition asked if three officers of the marine department mentioned as having been suspended, were still under suspension, and was their fate depending on the Cassels investigation or on the investigation being conducted by the minister himself?

Mr. Brodeur said as to one—A. W. Owen—that he had been relieved from suspension. The two others were still under suspension. There had been no decision as to their future status. Mr. Owen applied for leave of absence and asked for superannuation. It would be for the judge to decide whether enquiry was to be behind closed doors.

Mr. Lake drew attention to a despatch that the deputy minister of justice had wired the police magistrate at Fort William asking him to "Please report pardon for nineteen Doukhobors who had been sentenced to Central Prison for a crime against decency." He asked if it was true the minister had pardoned them or contemplated doing so. If the Doukhobors were to be sent back to Saskatchewan and at whose expense? On what grounds was the pardon to be granted? And further, would the government undertake to be responsible for their good behaviour in the future?

Wouldn't Guarantee Douks. Sir Wilfrid replied that this question was rather involved. He said Mr. Lake should give notice. It was a large proposition for the government to give bonds for the future behavior of the Doukhobors.

"Under what authority," asked Mr. Lake, "does the government propose to exercise the pardoning power?"

No answer. Mr. Talbot referred to the disaster in Bellechasse county, where nine men were killed on the National Transcontinental Railway. The commission should take immediate steps to prevent further disasters.

Mr. Graham replied that he had been informed that for the number of yards of rock taken out the accidents were less numerous than on any other railway construction in America. He had learned that the accident was due to a premature explosion. The matter was serious and would have to be looked into.

Ralph Smith (Nanaimo) introduced a bill to amend the railway act. This is a bill to make the work day for the dispatchers and telegraphers eight hours, but it was not expected that it would be put through this session.

Manitoba Schools Up Again.

Armand Lavergne complained that in answer to a question of his last week the minister of justice replied that the government was not aware whether or not the new educational laws of the province of Manitoba were contrary to the provisions of the educational clauses of the autonomy act of 1905. He said the minority were complaining.

Mr. Aylesworth's answer was that the act had been given careful consideration and was decided to be ultra vires. Mr. Bergeron wanted to know if the prime minister was aware that under these acts Roman Catholics were compelled to support schools to which they could not send their children. He held that Roman Catholic Liberals in Winnipeg were the worst enemies of their own convictions and wanted his Quebec friends that they could not go on forever relying on the sense of fair play and justice of Protestant and Orange members to protect the minority's rights as they had done in 1880-8.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier deprecated the cry of race and religion. No complaints, he declared, had come from the minority in Saskatchewan. The power of disallowance, he said, should be used sparingly, and the Quebec members should be the last to clamor for its exercise.

The remainder of the sitting was occupied in a discussion of the bills by Mr. Fisher respecting the inspection and sale of canned goods and meats.

A return tabled today shows that the government has received since 1896 from the sale of land in Manitoba \$1,075,451 in cash; in Saskatchewan \$1,455,715 in cash and \$237,086 in scrip; in Saskatchewan \$1,743,753 in cash and \$108,303 in scrip.

The estimated length of the Transcontinental Railway, as given in a return moved for by Mr. Borden and tabled today, from Winnipeg to the Quebec bridge is 1,345 miles, and from the Quebec bridge to Moncton 460 miles. The estimated average cost per mile is \$83,425. This does not include the cost of the Quebec bridge.

AGONIZING PILES CURED BY ZAM-BUK

Mr. F. Astridge, of 3 St. Paul street, St. Catherine's, Ont., says: "For five years I suffered untold agony with protruding piles. No one knows the suffering one has to endure only those who are so unfortunate as to have them. The pain was so great at times I would almost scream. I went down in weight and had no appetite. I tried everything I heard of for piles, but got no relief. I went to several doctors, but they would give me little hope of ever getting rid of them and I finally gave up in despair. One day a friend gave me a sample of Zam-Buk salve and told me of someone who had been cured. I decided to try it, and the relief I got was encouraging. I bought a box, and the piles kept on diminishing and the pain was getting less. I used three boxes and am now completely cured. I wish I could have got Zam-Buk years ago. It would have saved me a great deal of misery. One thousand dollars would be none too small an amount to give for such a cure as mine. I wish I could convince every sufferer of the value of Zam-Buk."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, chapped hands, cold sores, itch, ulcers, eczema, running sores, catarrh, piles, bad legs, abscesses, face sores, spring eruptions, and all skin diseases. It is good also for rheumatism, sciatica, etc., when well rubbed in. Of all druggists and stores, 50c. or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

At the Opera House.

The Harder-Hall Stock Company drew another large audience to the Opera House last night, when they repeated their success of Monday evening with The Girl and the Gambler. At today's matinee The Belle of Richmond will be played, and tonight the bill will be On the Bridge at Midnight.



PROOF POSITIVE. Mrs. Hardfare—Are you sure he loves you, daughter? Daisy—Yes'm. He said if I'd marry him that you could come and live with us.

A conference of Sunday school superintendents and teachers was held in the parlors of Centenary church last evening. Various features of the work were talked over and the discussions were interesting and instructive. R. M. Currie was in the chair. The field secretary of the New Brunswick and P. E. Island association was present and conducted the conference.

The Home of the New Scale Williams Piano

ONE of the "show places" of Oshawa, Ontario, is the new home of the New Scale Williams Piano. It is one of the most complete establishments of its kind on the continent. With such facilities, is it to be wondered at that the "New Scale Williams" has earned its place among the world's great pianos? Write for beautifully illustrated booklets. Free on request.

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A NEW NATIONAL SONG FOR CANADA

At the Canadian Club luncheon yesterday, a new national song, "Canada's Song of Freedom," was sung by Sydney Beckley, with D. Arnold Fox as accompanist, and was greeted with hearty applause.

The song was composed by Wellington J. Dowler of Victoria (B. C.) and has been dedicated to the Canadian clubs of the Dominion. The Victoria club passed a resolution commending the song to the favorable consideration of the National Battlefields Commission for production in connection with the Quebec tercentenary celebration. The words are:

Lift up thy voice, O nation strong, Pledge of the Motherland, And swell the chorus, loud and long, The chorus full and grand: Till every voice shall hear the song, That rolls from age to age along, Above the din of strife and wrong, The anthem of the free.

Did not old England's brown and brain Give of their best to thee? And Scotia's sons and Erin's, twain, And knights of the fleur-de-lis? From east to west from main to main, They tolled the forest, till the plain, And decked with flowers, fruit and grain Their homes of liberty.

They waved their wand o'er earth, and lo! Fair towns and cities rise, And down the mountain side are buried As by the might of Jove— Down through the azure mist appearing, Their banners white and unfurled, Down from the eastern and the west, Fleet as the wind they fly.

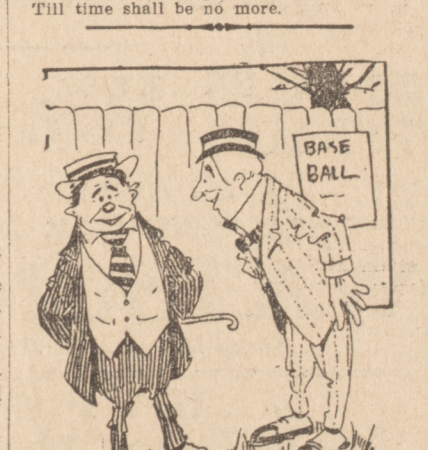
With horn and hoof, on path of steel, With blare of trumpet voice, Coursers and chariots dash and wheel, While rolling streams rejoice, The frenzy of the motion feel, And forward plunge, till o'er them steal The Frost and the storm and congeal The torrent into stone.

Did father landscapes ever spread Before enraptured eye? Serener sunsets ever shed Their glory on the sky? Where is the wand that is not dead? Where is the yoke of bondage freed? Is not the voice of treason dead? In all this favored land?

This is the land where Freedom craves No homage grudging given, No backward points to martyr-graves, To fetters hunder-tives, And cries, "This is the song that saves— That Britain never can be slaves— Where'er my royal standard waves, The grand old Union Jack."

O Land of Peace, O land of mine, Land of the heart's desire, The choicest gifts of earth are thine And Freedom's sacred fire. Thy fame shall never know decline, Thy name through all the world shall shine, With Wisdom, Strength, and Truth divine, Till time shall be no more.

O Land of Peace, O land of mine, Land of the heart's desire, The choicest gifts of earth are thine And Freedom's sacred fire. Thy fame shall never know decline, Thy name through all the world shall shine, With Wisdom, Strength, and Truth divine, Till time shall be no more.



NOTHING UNUSUAL. Bronson—Do you think we'll have show-ers the next few days? Woodson—I'm sure we won't. Bronson—Why not? Woodson—I just planted my grass seeds.

THE MAN THAT INQUIRED.

There were 34 passengers on the trolley car as it gaily bounded along, and each and every one seemed happy and contented when a man near the front doors rose up and said: "Ladies and Gentlemen—Easter is at hand again and I want to ask a question. I see Easter eggs of three or four colors in the groceries. What have eggs got to do with Easter? Why hard-boiled eggs instead of fried or scrambled?"

Everybody looked his way and some faces took on a puzzled expression, but nobody answered it. "In the confectionery stores I see toy chickens," continued the man. "What have chickens to do with Easter?"

Pills That Never Gripe

They cure headaches, relieve constipation, help digestion, clear the skin, make you feel better in one night—that's how Dr. Hamilton's Pills act. No family medicine equals Dr. Hamilton's Pills, try them.

STROUD'S TEA

IN LEAD PACKETS.

"Has an Exclusive Flavor."

The one Tea you will never tire of.

FOR SALE AT ALL GROCERS.

W. D. STROUD & SONS, MONTREAL, QUE.

THE BRINSMEAD

Is the Piano of Royalty

Made in England—you know what that means—built to stand much usage, to last long and to give the correct service for which it was built.

It is the standard of Piano Excellence of Great Britain.

It is the Piano of the

King of Great Britain.	King of Italy.
Queen of Great Britain.	King of Sweden and Norway.
King of Bavaria.	The Shah of Persia.

A significant tribute this, surely, and one which illustrates better than columns of explanations how the Brinsmead is regarded in the Old World.

And this Piano of so great a merit is to be heard and is for sale at this music store.

They are built to stand the climate of whatever country they may be sent.

The W. H. Johnson Co., Ltd. 7 Market Square, St. John, N. B. Also, Halifax, Sydney, New Glasgow.

For a Moderate Price

the discriminating woman gets in

THE TRU-FIT SHOE

of fine shoes in Canada go into "Tru-Fits," along with good, honest leather. They are handsome—dresy—comfortable—durable. Plenty of choice in style and leather. Ask your dealer to show you a pair of "Tru-Fits." Then ask him the price and use your own judgment.

Ames-Holden Limited, St. John, N.B.

have chickens to do with Easter more than with Valentine Day? I ask for information.

"In the same stores I see rabbits—toy rabbits," said the man in quest of information. "What have rabbits to do with Easter? Were there rabbits running around when that day first dawned? Should we eat fried, baked or boiled rabbit on that day? I have read all that history has to say of Easter and I can't find that it is connected with hens, eggs and rabbits. Then, why these things?"

Everybody was still staring and nobody trying to explain when the conductor came in and whispered a few words in the man's ear.

"All right," replied the latter with a smile as he passed out and dropped off. "What did you say to him?" asked a fat man in a hoarse whisper. "Why, I told him that they were setting out an Easter free lunch on the corner, and he never stopped to ask what it had to do with the day."

OUT OF THE QUESTION. Mrs. Dobbins—Do you forswear meat during Lent? Mrs. Wobbins—Goodness, no; George has to have good dinners or I wouldn't get money for my Easter gowns.

should assist Nature at those times when the system is upset, the nervous tone low and a feeling of depression or languor exists. An experience of over 50 years warrants the statement that no medicine gives such prompt relief as

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.