Our Special Spring Clothing Sale

IS NOW ON

Your Easter Clothes

Are to be had here at very little cost

Men's Trousers, Sale Price 89c. up
Men's Suits, $8.00, $10.00 and $12.00 Suits, Sale Price $4.50
Boys' 2 Piece Suits, now $1.98
Special $1.50 Easter Kid Gloves, now 99c. a pair

Great Reductions on all Furnishings

Union Clothing Co'y

26-28 Charlotte Street, Opposite City Market
ALEX. CORBET, Manager

THE LONELY GUARD,

—BY—

NORMAN INNES,

Author of "The Surge of War" (London Magazine, Eveleigh Nash, 1906); "Parson Croft" (Eveleigh Nash, 1907.)

Continued.

There was no time, as I knew, to stand on ceremony, and bluntly I told her that her guess was far wide of the mark.

"But, Your Excellency," I aded, "I would bind you by no rule. All that I ask is that you pledge me your word that in the event of your countrymen making an assault upon the castle, you will hold no communication with them nor give them assistance, you, your sister or your dependents."

"And should I refuse thee the pledge?" said she, with a pretty defiance, though lips and eyes were smiling.

I shrugged my shoulders, truth to tell I was at a loss how to answer this witching lady.

"In that case," said I, doubtfully, "it will be my duty to take such measures as lie in my power to see that no intelligence passes between my enemies within Rohn and——"

"Himmel, sir," cried she with a toss of her head. "Enemies within, sayest thou?"

"As such as I must regard them to my sorrow," I replied. "unless——"

"Unless we pledge our word?"

"Nay," said I, "your word; Your Excellency's shall stand for the Lady Elsa's."

"And for Father Juan and for the Herr de Portugas, thy friend?"

I smiled as I answered:

"Nay, the good father will pay no heed to friend or foe so long as his books are unhurt, as thou knowest he cares more for the puppet kings of chess than for my Queen or your Elector, for Prussian Frederick or Louis of France. As for my friend the Spaniard, I will answer for him."

The lady had been smiling, but her face grew grave for an instant to break into smiles again.

"Well since thou makest honourable exception in the case of thy friend and the priest, I will pledge thee my word, touching myself, my sister and our retainers. Little harm and as little good can two women do friend or foe."

I was about to thank her, overjoyed at gaining my point with such ease, when the Countess rising from the couch, cut me short.

"Now, thou must go, Captain Lesly," said she hastily as footsteps sounded in the corridor, "no soldier may stay listening to a woman's chatter when the enemy is without."

"'Tis but the Herr de Portugas," said I at the sight of the Spaniard in the doorway, and not a little amused at her sudden anxiety that I should be gone.

Now if the Countess' air of constraint had caught my attention, the embarrassment of the new-comer was even more noticeable. Never had I seen, no matter the circumstances, the slightest alteration in those strong impassive features till that hour, but as he stood beside the door, I was struck by a certain lack of his wonted calm. His brows were ravelled in a frown, his lips were twitching, his right hand played nervously with the hilt of his sword. A quick glance at me and his eyes were turned questioningly upon my companion. For a moment it flashed across me that it might be jealousy that had caused this strange transformation; of his regard for the Countess Inez, I was all but assured, and he came of a race that is ill to cross in matters of the heart.

I had to own to some surprise at his blindness; blind indeed must he have been to be in doubt as to which of the sisters it was whose goodwill I sought.

Laughing, I faced him as he still stood hesitating in the entrance as if half inclined to withdraw.

"But a moment since, I had the honor of asking the Countess von Rohn a favour," said I, "and had the pleasure of having that favour granted."

"Indeed," replied the Spaniard gravely, and with an air of preoccupation.

I nodded with affected carelessness though fearful of having, by some mischance, offended one whose friendship I valued.

"She has saved me much embarrasment and no little trouble. She has given me her word that in the event of any rising of the peasantry, which I must confess is more than probable, she will abstain from doing aught to render my position more difficult than it is likely to be."

I raised my brows slightly as the man stood silent yet, his dark eyes fixed upon the Countess inquiringly, reproachfully I thought, and to my astonishment the woman's cheeks had crimsoned, her face had grown drawn with anxiety. Did this man of a southern race doubt my word? Had he a suspicion that I was playing him false? That I was acting a part, that I had hit on this tale on the spur of the moment?

Suddenly he spoke with his hand still resting on his sword hilt.

"So the Countess von Rohn has pledged her honor, for herself and her retainers, for her guests, for the priest, for me?"

I forced a laugh, lost in wonder at his sudden heat.

"Nay, not for Father Juan, nor for thee, I made exception in his case and in thine."

For a moment there was silence, in that moment my glance had wandered from the man to be rivetted upon the woman whose face was now grey as ashes, whose hands were trembling.

Then the Spaniard spake, slowly in English, though a woman's cry would have drowned his voice.

"Then, Captain Lesly, I must have the honor of presenting thee with my sword. I can give no pledge of parole."

"Oh, Leon, Leon," the Countess was protesting in dismay, "the folly of it, oh, the folly of it. Hold thy peace for the love of the saints."

And then she spoke fast in Spanish, with hands outstretched as if in explanation, whilst her pale cheeks flushed again.

Leon de Portugas stood silent beneath the storm of her words, but his forehead puckered and his mouth set very hard.

"Folly, Inez?" said he in her father's tongue, and he shook his head. "I had looked to hear thee call it by another name;" and turning abruptly to me with his back to that rueful lady of the scarlet blushes, he said curtly:

"My sword, Captain Lesly."

In blind amazement I took it.

"But wherefore?" I stammered, utterly at a loss to read the meaning of his conduct.

"Wherefore?" he rejoined, repeating my words, and in an instant his eyes grew bright, the stern mouth relaxed, "wherefore, sayest thou ? Let me ask thee a question, Why hast thou demanded the countess' parole?"

I glanced at Inez von Rohn in the hope that she would help me, but I looked in vain.

"Because," stammered I, "I fear an attack from her countrymen. Her sympathies are with Bavaria."

"And mine?" asked the Spaniard lightly.

I could not answer him. To tell the truth, I was ignorant of his politics and opinions on current events, nor was it till that moment that I realized the fact. Little enough I knew of the man, of his story, of his calling, save that he was a Spaniard, and on his own confession, a robber, that he had been acquainted with the ladies of Rohn: that was the extent of my knowledge. He had come suddenly into my life, I had done him a service, in return, in the crisis of my fortune he had aided me, and on the strength of an acquaintance of no more than three days and three nights, I regarded him as a friend and was prepared to place unbounded confidence in his loyalty to Austria.

When she had entered the room but a few moments before, I had looked on him as a comrade whose faith I had proved, whom I had known for years, and his sudden question hinting at so much that I had never dreamed of, staggered me.

To him, to the Countess of Rohn, my folly must have been plain, I had deceived myself or rather had permitted myself to be deceived. In a moment my eyes had been opened and I found myself wondering how I could have failed to have discovered my folly sooner.

The smile on the man's face broadened as my cheeks grew red.

"The fact that I have yielded thee my sword," said he, "proclaims where my sympathy, nay, my duty, lies."

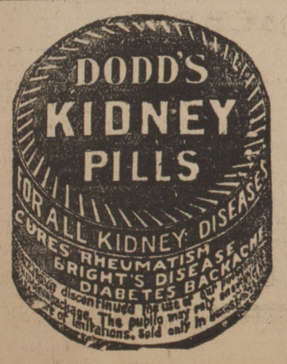
"Then, sir," I replied, "my duty is plain. Thou must leave Rohn at once or——"

I hesitated. I had received nothing but good at the man's hands. Did duty bid me requite that good with evil? It did, and I knew it, but still I hesitated.

"Or be put under arrest?" said he gravely.

"Can I do aught else?" I stammered. "If thou hadst only held thy peace."

(Too be continued.)



MADE A DIFFERENCE.

(Winnipeg Telegram.)

A girl who used to make all sorts of fun of those who were poor spellers is now receiving three fat letters a week from a man who can't spell correctly more than forty words altogether. But he has a big, nice house and money in the bank—and that spells something to her.

WHAT QUEBEC BATTLEFIELDS ASSOCIATION PROPOSES TO DO

Official Appeal Contains Much Useful Information About the Project as Well as the Tercentenary Celebration

The official appeal has been issued by the headquarters of the Quebec Battlefields association, and will be distributed broadcast through Canada, Great Britain and elsewhere, the appeal being in both French and English.

The pamphlet is a comprehensive one, and contains much valuable information, some of which has already been published, a write-up of the association, a synopsis of the act, a chronology of events, the appeal to history and many facts of interest.

In the preface to the pamphlet the committee says in part:

"The committee can reassure the public on an important point. The additions to the political and military sources of original information on the Seven Years' war, and the introduction of complete naval documents for the first time, have naturally invalidated every account of Wolfe's siege of Quebec written before the present century. But, most fortunately, the effect of all this original research is to heighten the glory of the four military chiefs—Montcalm, Levis, Wolfe, and Murray—even though the overwhelming influence of sea power on the issue of the war in general is now brought home to the Quebec campaigns in particular. And, as the collection of all the original evidence is now practically complete, it is safe to say that the good name of the soldiers and sailors engaged, and of the different peoples they represented to such advantage, is secure for ever, and that, no matter what probing question may be raised, the answer of history will always be—there is nothing to fear from the truth."

Much of the space is devoted to the covering of questions, misunderstandings and suggestions which came to light since the first appeal was issued and several points are made very clear.

EXPENSES OF FETE.

Though section 16 of the act authorizes expenditure of whatever portion of $300,000 voted by the dominion government, may be necessary to celebrate the tercentenary of the foundation of Quebec by Champlain, and 300th birthday of Canada, in a fitting manner, yet this does not imply that the city and province of Quebec are not doing the extra share that their special position requires of them. The city of Quebec has voted $50,000, independently, for the tercentennial fete alone; and the province will take part in the fete and subscribe $100,000 in concurrence with the act. The act sanctions no expenditure on the tercentennial fete except such portion of $300,000 as may be required. All other money under the act goes straight into the permanent work of the Quebec battlefields park.

No subscriptions given to the Quebec Battlefields association will be applied to the expenses of the tercentenary. Every cent of every subscription given to the Quebec Battlefields association will go straight into the permanent work of the Quebec Battlefields park.

The National Battlefields commission will not cease to exist in the near future, but will continue in perpetuity. Suscribers, therefore, can rest assured that the work will go on progressively to completion, and that, when the whole scheme shall have been carried out, the ground will be kept up as carefully as it was restored.

COST OF PARK.

The total cost of buying the necessary ground, removing incongruous buildings, making the requisite avenues, erecting a suitable museum, and marking the historic spots with monuments or tablets, will amount to about $2,000,000, or £400,000, or 10,000,000 francs. The need for strenuous voluntary effort is therefore very evident.

The whole of the heights and plains of Abraham cannot be recovered, for the obvious reason that hundreds of acres are built upon. But Battlefield park will include excellent typical portions, showing Wolfe's right and Montcalm's left to perfection, as well as both extreme flanks of both armies at the second Battle of the Plains, when Levis beat Murray. From the citadel to Wolfe's cove, all along the St. Lawrence cliffs, is a magnificent stretch of ground, a mile and a half long, and about a quarter of a mile wide, which is all historic, all recoverable, mostly open, and mostly public property already. The first half-mile is the Cove fields (the old Heights of Abraham) and is entirely military ground, belonging to the Dominion. Then comes a farm belonging to the seminary, the grounds of the government observatory, and those of the jail belonging to the province. Next comes the open ground to which the name of The Plains is now popularly, but falsely, restricted, as they originally covered many times the area. This piece is nearly square, and about three-eighths of a mile each way. It belongs to the city of Quebec, which will transfer it to the National Battlefields commission. Lastly, comes Marchmont, which belongs to the Ursulines, and is about three-eighths by a quarter of a mile. On the opposite side of the tableland of Quebec, overlooking the valley of the St. Charles, is a small piece of ground, with only a few houses, which is very desirable as the scene of a critical part of the second Battle of the Plains. These lots comprise all the ground necessary to the scheme for making the available parts of the heights and plains of Abraham into the chief feature of a Quebec battlefield park. Other bits of ground which are desirable to complete the illustration of the scene of action are an acre or two on the Quebec side of Montmorency falls, where Montcalm repulsed Wolfe's assault; another acre at Point Levis, where Wolfe's batteries were situated, etc. The farm house where Wolfe made his headquarters is still standing and in good order, and belongs to a descendant of the habitant who owned it when Wolfe occupied it. This might be bought; and so might a corner of ground at Pointe-aux-Trembles, where Vauquelin fired his last shot, from the gallant Atalante, enough at all events, to put a tablet on. Outside of the plains, however, all that is necessary are a few small typical bits of land, or, where these cannot be obtained, enough space for a monument or even a commemorative tablet. The plains, the scattered bits of ground elsewhere, and the tablets and monuments, wherever placed, would all form part of the Quebec Battlefield Park and all be under the perpetual care of the National commission.

BUILDINGS TO REMOVE.

The buildings to be removed comprise a few houses, etc., none very large or expensive, the provincial jail and the Ross rifle factory. The jail is most incongruous, but not unsightly, and there is reason to hope that it can be removed, or possibly converted to better use. The Ross rifle factory is ugly, incongruous and quite misplaced, even from the commercial point of view. But it makes small-arms for the Canadian army, and employs a great many useful hands; and so the problem is how and when to remove it to a more suitable place, without injury to the city, the public service, or the many good citizens who find work and wages in it. Removal should take place only when these conditions can be fulfilled.

SYSTEM OF AVENUES.

Avenues must be made to let the history of the ground be studied. They will not destroy the contours, or obliterate any sacred spot; and no "parkish" incongruities whatever will spoil the essential character of the fields of battle. One avenue will turn in from St. Louis gate (through which Montcalm rode back from the battle, mortally wounded), and follow the most suitable high ground, overlooking the St. Lawrence, out to Wolfe's cove. An inner avenue, roughly parallel with this, will define the northern or town-side limit of the park. The avenue overlooking the St. Lawrence will turn at the top of Wolfe's cove to cross the tableland of Quebec, straight through the second battlefield of the plains, and run on to the cliffs overlooking the valley of the St. Charles, where it will turn townwards again. Thus, ultimately, there will be a continuous tour of at least five miles, starting from the point of Quebec overlooking the junction of the two rivers, running out as near as possible along the edge of the cliffs over the St. Lawrence and St. Charles, and completed by the cross road, two miles out, from cliff to cliff. This tour alone will reveal the scenes of more than half the war-history of Canada.

A museum for suitable relics may be erected at some point in the park where it will best serve its purpose without interfering with any historical or scenic feature. Suitable monuments may also be erected in suitable positions.

Tablets will ultimately be set up on the plains and on any other piece of historic ground included in the park, so that the whole of the battlefields can be read like an open book. These tablets, even when on a private house standing in a public street or private grounds, will be an integral part of the Quebec Batlefield park. They will be put up with great care, so as not to deface the open ground or other spots whose historic souvenirs they are intended to recall.

WELL KNOWN PEOPLE SAIL ON THE EMPRESS

Big C. P. R. Liner Left on Last Trip of the Season Yesterday With Distinguished Company

Hon. A. Mahaffy, Colonial Secretary for Fiji Islands, Returning Home--Miss McNicol, on Visit to Art Centres of Europe; Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, Hon. D. Green, of Newfoundland, Among the Passengers.

The C.P.R. steamer, Empress of Britain, sailed from St. John yesterday for the last time this season. The Empress left at 1 p.m., getting away earlier in the day than usual. She carried a number of distinguished passengers, among them, Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, of the C.P.R.; Hon. A. Mahaffy, Colonial secretary for the Fiji Islands; Hon. D. Green, of Newfoundland; Commander W. B. Grant, of the Royal Navy; Mrs. Piers, wife of Arthur Piers, head of the C.P.R. in England; and Miss McNicol, daughter of the vice-president of the road.

A Telegraph reporter had a few minutes' conversation with Mr. Mahaffy, who said that Fiji was now a quiet civilized country and that affairs were progressing "jolly" well. He mentioned that before going to Fiji, he served as commissioner in other Pacific islands and he was returning to England after a long absence. Mr. Mahaffy appeared to resent the inspection of his luggage by United States officials while passing through Maine. It was a stupid proceeding, he said, "to allow customs officers to enter a special through train. Why" he added with much indignation, "the brute woke me up out of my sleep."

Miss McNicol is bound to Europe on her annual trip to study art through France and Germany. This year she divided the honors at the Philips Art Academy, the prize of the year in Montreal, with a male artist, and her friends predict a great future for her.

There were about 100 saloon passengers on the Empress and 80 second saloon. Among those sailing were James Gray, H. M. Kendall, and Mrs. Marley, of St. John. The last boat train with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy on board, arrived about 12.30 and the steamer got away half an hour later.

The officers and crew of the steamer were occupied yesterday in saying farewell to many friends whom they have met during the winter, and who will be sorry to lose the pleasant companionship offered by the genial Englishmen.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

"How did you lose your hair?"
"Worry?"
"What did you worry about?"
"About losing my hair."—Harper's Weekly.

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

EPPS'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in ½-lb. and ¼-lb Tins.

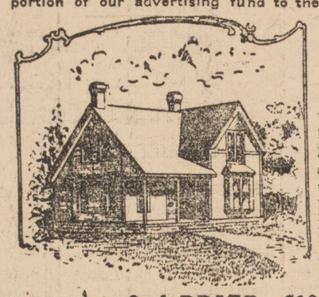
NEWAYGO—CANADIAN NORTHERN QUEBEC RAILWAY

GRAND "NEWAYGO" LIMERICK

$3,650 GIVEN AWAY IN PRIZES

THE GREATEST LIMERICK EVER ATTEMPTED IN CANADA

In a comparatively short period we have spent some thousands of dollars in advertising Newaygo as a summer resort. In other words, we have made a present to the newspapers of this money in return for a certain amount of publicity. Our present scheme is devised with a view of securing still further publicity by sharing out a portion of our advertising fund to the public direct.



1st PRIZE
Value $1,000

A beautiful 6-roomed cottage and lot, an ideal summer home, at "Newaygo," overlooking Lake St. Francis, among the Laurentians Mountains, the most popular resort within short distance of Montreal. A deed conveying this property to the prize-winner will be issued within ten days of completion of this competition.

2nd PRIZE—$100 in Gold
3rd PRIZE—$50 in Gold
and 100 Prizes of Value of $25 Each

To be awarded by independent judges, with impartiality and strict adherence to every rule of fairness and justice for each competitor, every line being read and carefully considered.

Judges—MR. H. CARTIER, Mgr. Quebec Bank.
MR. C. S. MILLS, of The Montreal Daily Star.
MR. C. NEVILLE, Mgr. Laurentian Land Co.

The above prizes will be given to the competitors who, according to the decision of the judges, fill in the last line of the Limerick in the best way. No matter how small the number of entries received, the prizes will be paid in full.

To help competitors as much as possible, we give a list of a few of the words that rhyme.

Assign.	Dine	Interline	Pine	Sign
Brine.	Divine	Leonine	Porcupine	Spine
Combine	Enshrine	Line	Recline	Sunshine
Confine	Entwine	Mine	Repine	Superfine
Decline	Fine	Moonshine	Refine	Twine
Design	Incline	Nine	Shine	Underline
		Outshine	Shrine	Wine

Common sense is all that is required to fill in the line, and the uneducated person is just as likely to succeed as the university scholar, since all stand an equal chance of winning these prizes. Therefore, do not put off till to-morrow what you can do to-day, the first thought being frequently the best, and immediately that you think of a suitable line, send it to the address given below.

ALL YOU HAVE TO DO

is to fill out, cut and forward the coupon, together with 10 cts. in silver or postal note to the Laurentian Land Co., Montreal Street Railway Building, Montreal, Que. The word "Limerick" must be written on the top of the left hand corner of the envelope.

ENTRY COUPON—No. B

Here is the unfinished Limerick to which the last line should be added:

"Summer time at the sea shore for mine,"
But that's not in everyone's line,
If good health you would know,
To "Newaygo" you'll go,

Please find enclosed ten cents for entrance fee to "Newaygo" Limerick. I agree to accept the judges' decision as final and enter the competition on that distinct understanding.

Name .....

Address .....

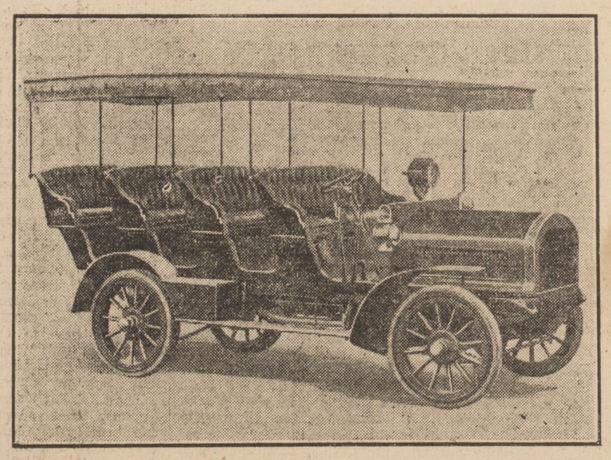
No member of the firm or employe will be allowed to compete. Any number of solutions may be sent, written on plain paper, and accompanied by either separate postal notes or one for the whole amount. It is particularly desired that all solutions be sent in as early as possible, owing to the enormous amount of work entailed.

"COMPETITION CLOSES MAY 1st."

HAVE YOU EVER CONSIDERED

how much money you can make with a

TOURIST CAR?



HERE'S A GREAT CHANCE

FOR SALE A

16-Passenger Tourist Automobile

Leather Upholstered, Electric Horn and all the latest attachments

ONLY RUN PART OF ONE SEASON

GOOD AS NEW

PRICE AND TERMS RIGHT

For particulars address

GARAGE

Care Box 371

ST. JOHN, N. B.

YOUR AD. HERE

Would be read by thousands every evening

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of the City of St. John:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Having been tendered the unsolicited support of a large number of ratepayers, I have decided to accept nomination for the Mayoralty and trust I will receive your endorsation.

If elected, I will endeavor to give you safe, progressive and business-like administration.

During the time I have held the position of Alderman and discharged the duties of chairman of the treasury department, I have given very full attention to the city affairs; and whilst I have no doubt that the progress and development of the city (increasingly manifested during several years) will be continued, I realize fully that the taxation of the citizens must not be materially increased, but that as far as possible the rate of assessment must be reduced.

Soliciting your vote and support on Tuesday the 21st inst. Yours respectfully,

THOS. H. BULLOCK.

To the Electors of Queens Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the solicitation of a large number of the Electors, I have decided to offer as a candidate for Alderman in this ward. If returned, I shall exercise my judgment to the best of my ability to assist in giving the city good government, and I, therefore, most respectfully solicit your support.

Yours truly,

GEO. A. HETHERINGTON.

Alderman At Large

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the solicitation of a large number of the electors of the city I have decided to offer as a candidate for Alderman-at-large in the coming civic election, to be held on the 21st inst. If elected, I will do all in by power to promote the best interests of the city. Yours respectfully,

JOHN SIME.

Alderman at Large.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I will be a candidate at the coming Civic Election, to be held Tuesday, April 21st, for the position of Alderman at Large. If you favor me with your vote and influence, I shall, if elected, endeavor to administer the affairs of the city in a straightforward business manner.

Respectfully yours,

CHARLES A. CLARK.

ALDERMAN-AT-LARGE.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

At the solicitation of a large number of the ratepayers of the city, I have consented to be a candidate for Alderman-at-Large in the coming civic election. If elected, I will do my utmost to have the business of the city conducted as economically as the needs of the city will permit.

Yours respectfully,

W. E. SCULLY.

To the Electors of the City of St. John.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the solicitation of a large number of the ratepayers I will again be a candidate for Alderman-at-Large. If once more returned I will endeavor to work for the best interest of the city.

Respectfully,

H. L. McGOWAN.

To the Electors of Duke's Wark.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I will be a candidate at the coming election for Alderman of Dukes Ward. I cannot see you personally before election day, but will assure you that my circular sent to each voter will be my platform for the coming year, and, while especially interested in Dukes Ward, the general interests of the city will not be overlooked.

Hoping to have your support, I am,

Your obedient servant,

FRANK LESLIE POTTS.

To the Electors of Prince Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the solicitation of a large number of the electors of this ward, I have again decided to offer as a candidate for Alderman; and as in the past, if elected, will do all in my power for the best interests of the city. Respectfully soliciting your support, I remain, Yours truly,

JAMES SPROUL.

To the Electors of Prince Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the solicitation of a largely signed requisition of the Electors I have consented to be a candidate for Alderman in this ward. Should I be elected, I will use my best efforts to see that the business of the city is properly administered.

Trusting to be favored with your support, I am, Yours respectfully,

JOHN F. MORRISON.

To The Electors of King's Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the earnest solicitation of a large number of the ratepayers of this ward I have again decided to offer as candidate for the office of Alderman, and I respectfully solicit your support.

Yours faithfully,

J. B. HAMM.

To the Electors of Kings Ward

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Yielding to the request of many of the electors to offer for the Aldermanship of Kings Ward, I will be a candidate for that office on Tuesday next, April 21st.

If elected, I will endeavor to give close and careful attention to the city's business.

Faithfully yours,

TIMOTHY O'BRIEN.

To the Electors of Queen's Ward:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the earnest solicitatin of a large number of the Electors of Queen's Ward I have consented to be a candidate for Alderman of the ward at the election to be held on the 21st inst. If elected, I will do all in my power for the good and economic government of the city.

Respectfully yours,

AMON A. WILSON.

To the Electors of Landsdowne Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I will be a candidate for alderman of this ward on Tuesday, April 21st. As I cannot see all the electors in the ward, I take this opportunity of soliciting your support on that date, and if elected will endeavor to look after the interests of the city and the many needs of the ward to the best of my ability.

Thanking you in anticipation, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

A. M. ROWAN.

To the Electors of Guys Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the solicitation of a number of the ratepayers of the ward I have again decided to be a candidate for the ward this year, and if elected will do all in my power to further the interests of ward and city.

J. B. TAIT.